# The Definitive Guide to Grails

**Second Edition** 

Graeme Rocher and Jeff Brown

#### The Definitive Guide to Grails, Second Edition

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To Birjinia, the love and support you have given me in the last few years will stay with me forever. Unquestionably yours. Maite zaitut.

—Graeme Rocher

To Betsy, Jake, and Zack, the best team ever.
—Jeff Brown

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# **About the Authors**



**GRAEME KEITH ROCHER** is a software engineer and head of Grails development at SpringSource (http://www.springsource.com), the company behind the Spring Framework that underpins Grails. In his current role, Graeme leads the ongoing development of the Grails framework, driving product strategy and innovation for the Grails framework.

Graeme started his career in the e-learning sector as part of a team developing scalable enterprise learning management systems based on Java EE technology. He later branched into the digital TV arena, where he faced increasingly complex requirements that required an agile approach as the ever-changing and young digital TV platforms

evolved. This is where Graeme was first exposed to Groovy and where he began combining Groovy with Cocoon to deliver dynamic multichannel content management systems targeted at digital TV platforms.

Seeing an increasing trend for web delivery of services and the complexity it brought, Graeme embarked on another project to simplify it and founded Grails. Grails is a framework with the essence of other dynamic language frameworks but is targeted at tight Java integration. Graeme is the current project lead of Grails and is a member of the Groovy JSR-241 executive committee.

Before SpringSource, Graeme cofounded G2One Inc.—The Groovy/Grails Company—along with Guillaume Laforge (Groovy project lead) and Alex Tkachman (former JetBrains COO). G2One provided consulting, training, and support for the Groovy and Grails technologies. In October 2008, SpringSource acquired G2One, and Graeme, along with his colleagues at G2One, joined the number-one provider of enterprise software in the Java space. SpringSource now provides training, support, consulting, and products for Groovy and Grails, as well as the frameworks that underpin them such as Spring and Hibernate.



**JEFF BROWN** is a software engineer at SpringSource and a member of the Groovy and Grails development teams. Jeff has been involved with software engineering since the early 1990s and has designed and built systems for industries including financial, biomedical, aerospace, and others.

Jeff began his software engineering career building business systems in C and C++ targeting the Unix, OS/2, and Windows platforms. As soon as the Java language came along, he realized that it was going to be a very important technology moving forward. At this point, Jeff joined Object Computing Inc. (http://www.ociweb.com/) based in St.

Louis, Missouri, where he spent the next 11 years building systems for the Java platform, coaching and mentoring developers, developing and delivering training, and evangelizing.

While fully appreciating the power and flexibility offered by the Java platform, Jeff was frustrated with the unnecessary complexity often associated with Java applications. In particular, web application development with Java seemed to have a ridiculous amount of complexity that really had nothing at all to do with the real problems solved by the application. Jeff discovered the Grails framework soon after Graeme founded the project. Here were the beginnings of a solution that made so much more sense in so many ways. After digging in to the source code of the project, Jeff began making contributions and eventually became a member of the Grails development team.

Jeff eventually joined the team at G2One Inc.—The Groovy/Grails Company—where he would help drive the professional services side of the business. In late 2008, Jeff joined Spring-Source when G2One and SpringSource came together to leverage synergies between the technologies created and supported by each company.

Through his entire career Jeff has always been a hands-on technologist actively involved in software development, training, and mentoring. He is also an international public speaker, having been featured regularly on the No Fluff Just Stuff Software Symposium tour (http://www.nofluffjuststuff.com/) for a number of years.

# **About the Technical Reviewer**



**GUILLAUME LAFORGE** is the Groovy project manager and the spec lead of JSR-241, the Java specification request standardizing the Groovy dynamic language. He coauthored Manning's best-seller *Groovy in Action*.

Along with Graeme Rocher, he founded G2One Inc., the Groovy/ Grails company dedicated to sustaining and leading the development of both Groovy and Grails and providing professional services (expertise, consulting, support, and training) around those technologies. In November 2008, SpringSource acquired G2One, and now Groovy and Grails bring additional weapons to the SpringSource portfolio to fight

the war on enterprise Java complexity.

You can meet Guillaume at conferences around the world where he evangelizes the Groovy dynamic language, domain-specific languages in Groovy, and the agile Grails web framework.

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Last, but most certainly not least, thanks to Rod Johnson, Adrian Coyler, Peter Cooper-Ellis, and everyone at SpringSource for seeing the potential of Grails and granting me the privilege of working for a fantastic company.

Graeme Rocher

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I owe a great debt to Alex Tkachman, Graeme Rocher, and Guillaume Laforge. G2One was absolutely the most exciting, challenging, and rewarding professional experience I have ever been involved with. It truly is an honor and a pleasure to know and work with you guys.

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For more than a decade of professional accomplishments, I have to thank all my friends at OCI. I especially want to thank my friend Dr. Ebrahim Moshiri for the great opportunities and years of support. Thank you, sir. Also, I thank Mario Aquino. There are so many folks at OCI who

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I enjoyed working with and continue to enjoy a friendship with, none of them more than Mario. Thanks for everything, man. The next one is on me.

Thanks to the whole team at Apress. I appreciate all of your hard work and patience. Thanks to Kylie Johnston (project manager) for helping us navigate through the whole thing. I also have to thank Rod Johnson and the whole team at SpringSource. We have a lot of really exciting stuff ahead of us, and I truly look forward to it.

Jeff Brown

# Introduction

In the late '90s I was working on a project developing large-scale enterprise learning management systems using early J2EE technologies such as EJB 1.0 and the Servlet framework. The Java hype machine was in full swing, and references to "EJB that, and Java this" were on the cover of every major IT publication.

Even though what we were doing—and learning as we did it—felt so horribly wrong, the industry kept telling us we were doing the right thing. EJB was going to solve all our problems, and servlets (even without a view technology at the time) were the right thing to use. My, how times have changed.

Nowadays, Java and J2EE are long-forgotten buzzwords, and the hype machine is throwing other complex acronyms at us such as SOA and ESB. In my experience, developers are on a continued mission to write less code. The monolithic J2EE specifications, like those adopted by the development community in the early days, didn't help. If a framework or a specification is overly complex and requires you to write reams of repetitive code, it should be an immediate big red flag. Why did we have to write so much repetitive boilerplate code? Surely there was a better way.

In the end, developers often influence the direction of technology more than they know. Why do so many developers favor REST over SOAP for web services? Or Hibernate over EJB for persistence? Or Spring over JNDI for Inversion of Control? In the end, simplicity often wins the day.

Certainly, working with Spring and Hibernate feels a lot better than traditional J2EE approaches; in fact, I strove to use them whenever possible, usually in combination with Web-Work, and delivered a number of successful projects with this stack. Nevertheless, I still felt I had to deal with the surrounding infrastructural issues and configuration, rather than the problem at hand. After all, the more efficient I could be as a developer when doing "real" work, the more time I would have to do what should be driving every developer: spending time with loved ones and learning new and exciting technologies.

In 2003, Groovy entered the picture. I had always been fond of looser rules governing dynamic languages in certain contexts, having worked extensively with Perl, Visual Basic, and JavaScript in the past, and after quickly hacking the WebWork source code, I was able to write MVC controllers (or *actions* in WebWork lingo) with Groovy in no time.

Groovy was perfect for controllers whose sole responsibility should be to delegate to business logic implemented by a service and then display an appropriate view. I was starting to have even more time for the good things in life. Then came the storm of dynamic language—based frameworks led by Ruby on Rails.

Unfortunately, it was all a little late. Java, the community, the tools, the frameworks, and the mind share are well-embedded. The size that Java has grown to is quite staggering, and having been in the training business for many years, I see it showing no signs of slowing, contrary to popular belief. Still, Java has its problems, and I wanted to write less code. Grails was born with this goal in mind in the summer of 2005 after I, Steven Devijver, and Guillaume Laforge kicked off a discussion about its conception on the Groovy mailing list.

Fundamentally, there is nothing at all wrong with many of the specifications that form part of J2EE. They are, however, at a rather low level of abstraction. Frameworks such as Struts,

WebWork, and more recently JSF have tried to resolve this issue; however, Java and its static typing don't help. Groovy, on the other hand, allows that higher level of abstraction. Having used it for controllers, it was now time to take it to every layer—from controllers to tag libraries and from persistence to the view technology.

The APIs you can create with Groovy's metaprogramming support are amazingly simple and concise. Grails uses every single dynamic trick, at both runtime and compile time, from custom domain-specific languages to compile-time mixins, with two fundamental goals in mind: write less code and be Java friendly.

Are Groovy and Grails a replacement for Java, like other dynamic language frameworks? No, on the contrary, they're designed to work with Java. To embrace it. To have Java at their very core. Grails is Java through and through, and it allows you to pick and choose which features to implement with dynamic typing and which to entrust to the safer hands of static typing.

Grails was born from the realization that there is never only just one tool for the job. Grails is about providing an entry point for the trivial tasks, while still allowing the power and flexibility to harness the full Java platform when needed. I hope you enjoy the book as much as I have enjoyed writing it and being part of the Grails community.

-Graeme Rocher

### Who This Book Is For

Grails forms just one framework that is driving the movement toward dynamic language–based frameworks. In this sense, anyone who is interested in dynamic languages, whether Perl, Ruby, or Python, will gain something from reading this book, if just to acquire insight into what the alternatives are.

If platform is not a choice and Java is the way your project is going, Grails can provide features like no other framework. In this circumstance, Grails may have the answers you are looking for. Primarily, however, this book will be of most benefit to those who know and love the Java platform—those who appreciate the Java language for all its strong points but want something better as a web framework.

Grails is providing the answers to the long search for something better in the Java world by presenting a framework that solves the common problems in an unobtrusive, elegant manner. But this does not mean that the subject matter of this book is trivial. We'll be challenging you with advanced usages of the Groovy language and real-world examples.

Furthermore, you'll be pushing the boundaries of what is possible with a dynamic language like Groovy, extending it into every tier of a typical web application from the view layer with Ajax-enabled technology to the persistence tier with rich domain models. For experienced Java developers, it should be an enlightening experience, because we'll explore features not found in Java such as closures, builders, and metaprogramming.

Through all this, however, although the subject matter and examples are advanced, the solutions are simple, and along the way you may learn a new way to approach web application development.

## **How This Book Is Structured**

This book is divided into 17 chapters and one appendix. Unlike the first edition, coverage of Groovy is saved for the appendix. If you have no experience using Groovy, then it is recommended that you read the appendix first as the chapters themselves dive straight into Grails starting with Chapter 1, which covers the basic philosophy behind Grails.

In Chapter 2 we take you through a kick-start, demonstrating how you can quickly get productive with Grails. Then from Chapter 3 onward we delve into detailed coverage of each concept within Grails from domain classes in Chapter 3 to views in Chapter 5. By this point, you should have a good understanding of the basics.

The book will then dive straight into the nitty-gritty details of Grails in Chapter 6 with coverage of URL mappings, followed by the multilingual experience that is internationalization in Chapter 7. If you haven't had enough excitement by this point, then Chapter 8 should solve that with coverage of Grails' support for adaptive Ajax.

In Chapter 9 the book will begin to cover some of the more advanced features of Grails staring with Web Flow. In Chapter 10 you'll get a much better understanding of how GORM works, while in Chapter 11 you'll learn how to leverage declarative transactions with Grails services.

Chapter 12 goes into a lot of detail on how you can integrate Grails into your existing ecosystem; then in Chapter 13 you will get to become a Grails plugin developer as you explore the features offered by Grails' plugin system. Security is the focal point for Chapter 14, while in Chapter 15 we'll cover publishing web services with Grails.

Finally, Chapter 16 and Chapter 17 are dedicated to the more advanced topics of integrating Grails with the underlying Spring and Hibernate frameworks.

## **Conventions**

This book uses a diverse range of languages, including HTML, XML, JavaScript, Groovy, and Java. Nonetheless, each example is introduced appropriately and appears in a fixed-width Courier font. We have also endeavored to be consistent in the use of naming conventions throughout the book, making the examples as clear as possible.

In many cases, the original source code has been reformatted to fit within the available page space, with additional line breaks and modified code indentation being common. To increase the clarity of the code, some examples omit code where it is seen as unnecessary. In cases where the code is omitted between two blocks of code, an ellipsis (...) is used to indicate where the missing code would have been.

## **Prerequisites**

This book shows you how to install Grails; in the examples, we use the 1.1 release. As of this writing, the 1.1 release was not quite final, but by the time of publication, Grails 1.1 should be final (or nearly so). However, Grails itself is dependent on the existence of an installed Java Virtual Machine. As a minimum, you will need to install JDK 1.5 or newer for the examples in this book to work.

Installing an application server, such as Tomcat, and a database server, such as MySQL, is entirely optional, because Grails comes bundled with an embedded server and database. Nevertheless, to use Grails in production, you may at least want to set up a database server.

## **Downloading the Code**

The code for the examples in this book is available in the Source Code section of the Apress web site at http://www.apress.com. Chapter-by-chapter source code is also available in the Codehaus Subversion repository at http://svn.codehaus.org/grails/trunk/samples/dgg.

## **Contacting the Authors**

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