XNA 2.0 Game Programming Recipes

A Problem-Solution Approach

Riemer Grootjans

XNA 2.0 Game Programming Recipes: A Problem-Solution Approach

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To Elisa, the most lovely woman I know. Without your love and support, this would not have been possible.

To my parents, for giving me each and every opportunity.

To my friends and co-workers, for their support and laughs.

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About the Author



RIEMER GROOTJANS received a degree in electronic engineering with a specialization in informatics at the Vrije Universiteit Brussel in Brussels, Belgium. He is currently working as a member of a research team toward a Ph.D. degree. The goal of the team is to develop a real-time 3D depthsensing camera, and he is responsible for (amongst other things) the visualization of the 3D data.

For a few years, Riemer has been maintaining a web site with tutorials for DirectX. Since the launch of XNA in December 2006, he has ported all his content to XNA and is helping more than 1,000 people on their path to XNA success every day. In July 2007, he received the Microsoft MVP Award for his contributions to the XNA community.

About the Technical Reviewer

FABIO CLAUDIO FERRACCHIATI is a senior consultant and a senior analyst/developer. He works for Brain Force (http://www.brainforce.com) in its Italian branch (http://www.brainforce.it). He is a Microsoft Certified Solution Developer for .NET, a Microsoft Certified Application Developer for .NET, and a Microsoft Certified Professional, and he is a prolific author and technical reviewer. Over the past ten years he has written articles for Italian and international magazines and coauthored more than ten books on a variety of computer topics. You can read his LINQ blog at http://www.ferracchiati.com.

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Introduction

When Microsoft released XNA in December 2006, it immediately became clear that this new technology would have a major impact on the possibilities for game developers. XNA was designed from the ground up with ease of use in mind, while not sacrificing performance or capabilities to achieve this goal. As a bonus, any game you create in XNA for the PC also runs on the Xbox 360 console!

In the span of one year, a large user community has grown around XNA. You can find code examples on a vast number of sites, ask your questions in one of the lively forums, or even meet local people who share the same passion in one of the XNA User Groups.

Whether you want to get up to speed with XNA quickly or you have tried some of the tutorial sites and are looking for the next step, this book is for you. With almost 100 recipes dealing with various challenges you may encounter during your journey with XNA, this book covers each corner of the XNA Framework.

The first recipes of the chapters in this book explain some stand-alone concepts and have been kept as clear as possible. As an example, a recipe explaining how to load a 3D Model from a file and render it to the screen will not render any trees in the background to make the final result look nicer, because this would clutter the code and make it more complex than it should be.

On the other hand, each chapter ends with some recipes that combine all you've learned thus far into something new and powerful. As such, you can step through the recipes, building up your experience in XNA as you move to the next recipe.

This book explains the functionality of the XNA 2.0 Framework. If any updates are made to the XNA Framework in the future, I will update the code for this book and make it available for download from my web site at http://www.riemers.net/.

If you have any questions regarding the text or code examples found in this book, I kindly invite you to post them on the forum on my site so you can get an answer as soon as possible.

The XNA Framework is roughly dividable into three parts. The main part contains your XNA project and its code. Next in line is the content pipeline, a flexible component allowing you to preprocess any art assets you want to load into your XNA project. Last, but definitely not least, are the HLSL effects, which are used mainly to improve the visual quality of the final image you render to the screen. Although each chapter starts with some recipes that cover the XNA functionality related to the chapter, this book can also be used as a detailed guide to the content pipeline and to HLSL effects, as explained in the following sections.

Content Pipeline

If you're interested in getting into the XNA content pipeline, I advise you to read the following recipes in this order:

- 3-9. Extend the Image Content Processor
- 3-10. Extend the Image Content Processor: Grayscale Conversion and Processor Parameters

- 4-13. Gain Direct Access to Vertex Position Data by Extending the Model Processor
- 4-14. Gain Direct Access to Vertex Position Data of Each ModelMesh by Extending the Model Processor
- 4-15. Gain Direct Access to Vertex Position Data by Defining a Custom TypeWriter and TypeReader
- $4\mbox{-}16.$ Store Multiple Objects in the Tag Property by Defining a Custom TypeWriter and TypeReader
- 5-13. Load Data from an XML File
- 5-12. Write a Custom Content Importer: Loading a Terrain from a CSV File
- 5-11. Extend the TextureProcessor to Generate a Terrain Object from an Image: Advanced DOM Objects

HLSL

This book also contains a lot of HLSL samples. You can follow these recipes in this order:

- 6-5. Add HLSL Vertex Shading
- 6-6. Define a Point Light Using HLSL
- 6-7. Add HLSL Per-Pixel Lighting
- 6-8. Define a Spotlight Using HLSL
- 6-9. Add HLSL Specular Highlights
- 6-10. Add Multiple Lights to Your Scene Using Deferred Shading
- 5-14. Create Your Own Vertex Format
- 5-15. Introducing Bump Mapping: Fixed Normal
- 5-16. Adding Per-Pixel Detail by Bump Mapping in Tangent Space
- 3-11. Make Your Scene More Impressive with Billboarding: Render 2D Images in a 3D World So They Always Face the Camera
- 3-12. Create a 3D Explosion Effect/Simple Particle System
- 2-13. Define an Orthogonal Projection Matrix to Generate a Depth Map of the Scene
- 3-13. Create a Mirror: Projective Texturing
- 6-11. Add Shadowing Capability to Your Deferred Shading Engine
- 5-17. Add an Ocean to Your 3D World