

Side-effects Management and Custom Hook



What you will learn



Define the role of useEffect and side effects in React



Describe how useEffect and side effects work in React



Describe the various dependencies in useEffect



Describe a custom hook in React



What is useEffect?

A React hook



Allows side effects

```
11 - 0100
11001 — 1
0 — 0 — 0
1100 - 01
```

- Any operation to execute on page upload
- Asynchronous actions
- Affect the application's state





useEffect and side effects example

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
function SideEffect() {
  const [foods, setFoods] = useState([]);
  useEffect(() => {
    fetch('https://api.npoint.io/d542b9ad99f501ab3dbf')
    .then(response => response.json())
    .then(data => {
      console.log(data);
      setFoods(data);
    })
    .catch(error => console.error('Error fetching users:', error));
  },[]); // Empty dependency array means this effect runs only once when the component mounts
  return (
    </div> //return statement completed on next slide
```





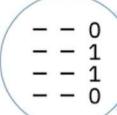
useEffect and side effects example

```
//return statement continued from previous screen
 <h1>Food List</h1>
    <l
      {foods.map((food)=>{
       return (<>
         <h1>{food.name}</h1>
         food.description food.price
         food.category food.ingredients
         <img src={food.image_url} alt="" height='100px' width='100px' />
       </> )
      3)}
    </div>
export default SideEffect;
```





Dependencies in useEffect



Variables or values used to determine when useEffect should run



Specified as an array argument





Dependencies in useEffect

Empty dependency array ([]):

```
useEffect(() => {
  fetch('https://api.npoint.io/d542b9ad99f501ab3dbf')
  .then(response => response.json())
  .then(data => {
    console.log(data);
    setFoods(data);
  })
  .catch(error => console.error
  ('Error fetching users:', error));
},[]); // Empty dependency array means this effect runs
    //only once when the component mounts
```





Dependency array with values

```
const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
useEffect(() => {
   console.log(`Count updated: ${count}`);
}, [count]); // Runs only when count changes
// State update function
const increment = () => setCount(count + 1);
```





Omitting dependency array

Effect runs on each render

```
useEffect(() => {
  fetch('https://api.npoint.io/d542b9ad99f501ab3dbf')
    .then(response => response.json())
    .then(data => {
    console.log(data);
    setFoods(data);
})
.catch(error => console.error('Error fetching users:',
    error));
});
No array: execution before and after
```

No array: execution before and after the component re-renders





Custom hook example

Reuse logic across components





Custom hook: UseToggle

```
function UseToggle(initialValue = false) {
  const [value, setValue] = useState(initialValue);
  const toggle = () => { setValue(!value);
  };
  return [value, toggle];
}
export default UseToggle
```





Custom hook: UseToggle

```
function UseToggle(initialValue = false) {
  const [value, setValue] =
  useState(initialValue);
  const toggle = () => {
    setValue(!value);
  };
  return [value, toggle];
}
export default UseToggle
```

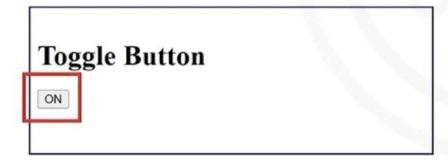


Custom hook

Before clicking on the button:



After clicking on the button:







Recap

In this video, you learned that:

- useEffect is a React hook that allows you to perform side effects in functional components
- Side effects are actions that occur asynchronously
- In React's useEffect hook, dependencies refer to variables or values that determine when useEffect should run
- Custom hooks allow you to abstract complex logic that you can easily reuse across different components in your application



