



Functions

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Functions

A function is a block of code which only runs when it is called. You can pass data, known as parameters, into a function. A function can return data as a result.

Built in function

```
print("Hello World")
```

```
mylist = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]  
x = len(mylist)
```

```
x = max(5, 10)
```

```
print('Enter your name:')  
x = input()  
print('Hello, ' + x)
```

User define function

```
def my_function():  
    print("Hello from a function")  
  
my_function()
```

Parameters/Arguments

```
def my_function(fname): #Parameters  
    print("Good morning!", fname)
```

```
my_function("Emil") #Arguments  
my_function("Tobias")  
my_function("Linus")
```

#This function expects 2 arguments, and gets 2 arguments:

```
def my_function(fname, lname):  
    print(fname, lname)
```

```
my_function("Emil", "Refsnes")
```

Keyword Parameters/Arguments

#You can also send arguments with the key = value syntax.
#This way the order of the arguments does not matter.

```
def my_function(child3, child2, child1):  
    print("The youngest child is", child3)
```

```
my_function(child1 = "Emil", child2 = "Tobias", child3 = "Linus")
```

Default Parameter Value

```
def my_function(country = "Norway"):  
    print("I am from", country)
```

```
my_function("Sweden")  
my_function("India")  
my_function()  
my_function("Brazil")
```

Return Statement

```
def my_function(x):  
    return 5 * x
```

```
print(my_function(3))  
print(my_function(5))  
print(my_function(9))
```

```
def add_and_multiple(n1,n2):  
    sum = n1 + n2  
    mult = n1 * n2  
    return sum, mult
```

```
x, y = add_and_multiple(2,3)  
print(x, y)
```

Docstring

```
def Add(a, b):  
    """  
    This will take two parameter  
    Return value is integer  
    """  
    return a + b  
  
print(Add(10, 20))  
print(Add.__doc__)  
print(help(Add))
```


Lambda Function

Python Lambda Functions are anonymous function means that the function is without a name.

(lambda parameters: expression) (arguments)

```
print((lambda a : a + 10) (5))
```

```
x = lambda a : a + 10  
print(x(5))
```

```
x = lambda a, b, c : a + b + c  
print(x(5, 6, 2))
```

```
def cube(y):  
    return y * y * y
```

```
print(cube(5))
```

```
# using the lambda function  
lambda_cube = lambda y: y * y * y  
print(lambda_cube(5))
```

Map and Filter function

```
def myfunc(a):  
    return len(a)  
  
x = map(myfunc, ('apple', 'banana', 'cherry'))  
print(list(x))
```

```
def myFunc(x):  
    if x < 18:  
        return False  
    else:  
        return True  
  
ages = [5, 12, 17, 18, 24, 32]  
  
adults = list(filter(myFunc, ages))  
  
print(adults)
```

```
def square(x):  
    return x*x  
  
num = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
result = list(map(square, num))  
  
print(result)
```

```
num = [5, 12, 17, 18, 25, 32]  
  
result = list(filter(lambda x: x%2==0, num))  
  
print(result)  
print(num)
```