

## SMLP2020\_stream4: Basic dimensions of factors and covariates relevant for MM specification

### Factors / Covariates

- between vs within
- fixed vs random
- experimental vs quasi-experimental

Factors: discrete levels

Covariates: continuous values

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Difference between "between" and "within"

① ... does not matter for means and standard deviations

$$SE = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{N}}$$

② ... does matter for standard errors and confidence intervals if several means are to be compared

(Reason: correlation between scores associated with levels of within-subject factors)

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Difference between "fixed" and "random" ...

① ... does matter "philosophically": generalizability

beyond levels only for "random"

- ② ... not of much use when there is only a small number of levels  $k$  (almost always:  $k \leq 5$ ; possibly also  $k \leq 20$ ); use "fixed" in this case
- ③ ... is relevant for choice of method; when 2 or more random factors (e.g. Subj, Items) in design:
  - 1 random factor: [rm] AOV, [rm] MRA
  - 1, 2, ... random factors: [G] LMM

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Difference between "exp." and "quasi-exp." ...

- ① ... does not matter for specification of statistical model [Exception: AOV  $\rightarrow$  estimate of  $\sigma^2_{\epsilon}$ ]
- ② ... does matter for interpretation of effects
  - exp: causal interpretation (physical v. mental fatigue)
  - quasi-exp: correlation (gender)

Note: interaction of exp. factor and quasi-exp. factor is quasi-experimental interaction

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