Class - VIII

Mathematics

Understanding Quadrilaterals

Worksheet (BASIC) Max. marks - 60

Section -A $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

Choose the correct option:

- 1. A simple closed curve made up of only line segments is called a
 - (a) Circle
- (b) Polygon (c) Line segment (d) None of them
- 2. The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of any polygon is -
 - (a) 180°
- (b) 360° (c) 270° (d) 540°
- 3. Find x in the given figure, if it is a regular pentagon.
 - (a) 110°
- (b) 108°
- (c) 105°
- (d) 100°



- 4. One angle of a quadrilateral is 150° and other three angles are equal. What is the measure of each of these equal angles?
 - (a) 75°
- (b) 85°
- $(c) 95^{\circ}$
- (d) 70°

5. Two adjacent sides AB and BC of a parallelogram ABCD are in the ratio 5:3. If the perimeter is 200 cm, what is the length of AB and BC?
(a) 25 cm & 50 cm (b) 40 cm & 37.5 cm (c) 62.5 cm & 37.5 cm
(d) 60 cm & 62.5 cm
Fill the blanks for the following statements:
6. A parallelogram having all sides equal is called a
7. A quadrilateral having exactly one pair of parallel sides is called a
8. If the consecutive sides of a parallelogram are equal, then it is necessarily a
9. Sum of interior angles of a polygon of 10 sides is
10. The number of sides of a regular polygon whose each exterior angle is 60° is

$\underline{Section - B} \qquad (1 \times 5 = 5)$

- 11. Five angles of a hexagon are 150°, 95°, 80°, 135° & 125°. Find the sixth angle.
- 12. How many diagonals are there in a hexagon?
- 13. Find the measure of each interior angle of a regular pentagon.
- 14. One angle of a parallelogram is 60° . Find its opposite angle and the adjacent angle.
- 15. ABCD is a trapezium with AB || DC. If $\angle A = 50^{\circ}$, then find $\angle D$.