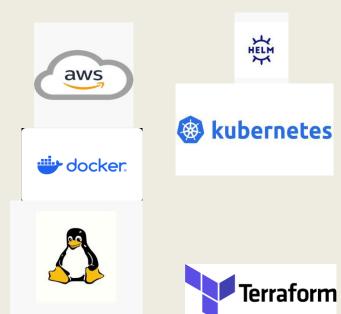
DevOps CheatSheet

- Linux Cheat Sheet
- AWS Cheat Sheet
- Docker Cheat Sheet
- Git Cheat Sheet
- Helm Cheat Sheet
- HTTP Cheat Sheet
- Kubernetes Cheat Sheet
- Terraform Cheat Sheet







AWS Cheat Sheet

Installation

See https://docs.aws.amazon.com/cli/latest/userguide/getting-started-install.html

For autocompletion see https://docs.aws.amazon.com/cli/latest/userguide/cli-configure-completion.html.

Global flags	
Flag	Description
profile <name></name>	Run a command using the specified profile
output <style></td><td>Format output as (json/text/table/yaml)</td></tr><tr><td>help</td><td>Show help</td></tr><tr><td>endpoint-url <url></td><td>Override default API endpoint</td></tr><tr><td>region</td><td>Override default region</td></tr><tr><td>version</td><td>Show version of AWS CLI</td></tr></tbody></table></style>	

Configuration	
Command	Description
aws configure	Configure AWS
aws configure sso	Configure AWS IAM Identity Center credentials
aws configure list	Show current configuration data
aws configure set <key> <value></value></key>	Set a configuration value
aws configure get <key></key>	Show a configuration value

Profiles	
Command	Description
aws configureprofile <name></name>	Create a new profile
aws configure list-profiles	Show available profiles

Account information	
Command	Description
aws sts get-caller-identity	Retrieve account information

Identity and Access Management (IAM)	
Command	Description
aws iam list-users	List users
aws iam list-groups	List groups
aws iam list-roles	List roles
aws iam list-policies	List policies
aws iam create-useruser-name <name></name>	Create a user
<pre>aws iam create-groupgroup-name <name></name></pre>	Create a group
<pre>aws iam create-rolerole-name <name>assume-role-policy-document <policy></policy></name></pre>	Create a role
<pre>aws iam create-policypolicy-name <name>policy-document <policy></policy></name></pre>	Create a policy

Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)	
Command	Description
aws ec2 describe-instances	List instances
<pre>aws ec2 run-instancesimage-id <id>instance-type <type></type></id></pre>	Create an instance
aws ec2 terminate-instances instance-ids <id></id>	Terminate an instance
<pre>aws ec2 start-instancesinstance-ids <id><</id></pre>	Start an instance
aws ec2 stop-instancesinstance-ids <id></id>	Stop an instance

Elastic Rubernetes Service (ERS)	
Command	Description
aws eks list-clusters	List clusters
<pre>aws eks describe-clustername <name></name></pre>	Describe a cluster
aws eks create-clustername <name></name>	Create a cluster
aws eks delete-clustername <name></name>	Delete a cluster

Relational Database Service (RDS)		
Command	Description	
aws rds describe-db-clusters	List clusters	
aws rds describe-db-instances	List instances	
aws rds create-db-cluster-snapshot	Create a snapshot of a cluster	

Simple Storage Service (S3)		
Command	Description	
aws s3 ls	List buckets	
aws s3 ls s3:// <bucket></bucket>	List objects in a bucket	
aws s3 mb s3:// <bucket></bucket>	Create a bucket	
aws s3 rb s3:// <bucket></bucket>	Delete a bucket	
aws s3 cp <src> <dest></dest></src>	Copy a file from/to S3	
aws s3 rm s3:// <bucket>/<object></object></bucket>	Delete an object	
aws s3 sync s3://bucket <dir></dir>	Sync a bucket to a local directory	
aws s3 sync <dir> s3://bucket</dir>	Sync a local directory to an S3 bucket	

Other commands	
Command	Description
awsversion	Show version
aws help	Show help including all available commands
aws <command/> help	Show help for a specific command

Docker Cheat Sheet



Installation

Install Docker Engine (https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/, Linux only) or Docker Desktop (https://docs.docker.com/desktop/, Linux, macOS and Windows).

Container commands	
Command	Description
docker run <image/>	Create and run a new container
docker run -p 8080:80 <image/>	Publish container port 80 to host port 8080
docker run -d <image/>	Run a container in the background
<pre>docker run -v <host>:<container> <image/></container></host></pre>	Mount a host directory to a container
docker ps	List currently running containers
docker psall	List all containers (running or stopped)
docker logs <container_name></container_name>	Fetch the logs of a container
docker logs -f <container_name></container_name>	Fetch and follow the logs of a container
docker stop <container_name></container_name>	Stop a running container
<pre>docker start <container_name></container_name></pre>	Start a stopped container
docker rm <container_name></container_name>	Remove a container

Executing commands in a container	
Command	Description
docker exec <container_name> <command/></container_name>	Execute a command in a running container
docker exec -it <container_name> bash</container_name>	Open a shell in a running container

Image commands	
Command	Description
docker build -t <image/> .	Build a new image from the Dockerfile in the current directory and tag it
docker images	List local images
docker rmi <image/>	Remove an image

Container registry commands	
Command	Description
docker login	Login to Docker Hub
docker login <server></server>	Login to another container registry
docker logout	Logout of Docker Hub
docker logout <server></server>	Logout of another container registry
docker push <image/>	Upload an image to a registry
docker pull <image/>	Download an image from a registry
docker search <image/>	Search Docker Hub for images

System commands	
Command	Description
docker system df	Show Docker disk usage
docker system prune	Remove unused data
docker system prune -a	Remove all unused data

Docker Compose	
Command	Description
docker compose up	Create and start containers
docker compose up -d	Create and start containers in background
docker compose upbuild	Rebuild images before starting containers
docker compose stop	Stop services
docker compose down	Stop and remove containers and networks
docker compose ps	List running containers
docker compose logs	View the logs of all containers
docker compose logs <service></service>	View the logs of a specific service
docker compose logs -f	View and follow the logs
docker compose pull	Pull the latest images
docker compose build	Build or rebuild services
docker compose buildpull	Pull latest images before building

Dockerfile instructions	
Instruction	Description
FROM <image/>	Set the base image
FROM <image/> AS <name></name>	Set the base image and name the build stage
RUN <command/>	Execute a command as part of the build process
RUN ["exec", "param1", "param2"]	Execute a command as part of the build process
CMD ["exec", "param1", "param2"]	Execute a command when the container starts
<pre>ENTRYPOINT ["exec", "param1"]</pre>	Configure the container to run as an executable
ENV <key>=<value></value></key>	Set an environment variable
EXPOSE <port></port>	Expose a port
COPY <src> <dest></dest></src>	Copy files from source to destination
COPYfrom= <name> <src> <dest></dest></src></name>	Copy files from a build stage to destination
WORKDIR <path></path>	Set the working directory
VOLUME <path></path>	Create a mount point
USER <user></user>	Set the user
ARG <name></name>	Define a build argument
ARG <name>=<default></default></name>	Define a build argument with a default value
LABEL <key>=<value></value></key>	Set a metadata label
HEALTHCHECK <command/>	Set a healthcheck command

See https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/ for the full Dockerfile reference.

Example compose.yaml

Note: this file used to be called docker-compose.yaml, but now compose.yaml is preferred.

```
services:
    service1:
    image: <image>
    build: .
    volumes:
        - .:/code:ro
    ports:
        - "8000:80"
    environment:
        KEY: value
```

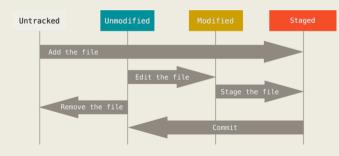
Docker Compose file reference	
Key	Description
name	Set the name of the project
services	A list of services defined in the file
services. <name>.image</name>	Set the image to use or build
services. <name>.build</name>	Build context and options
services. <name>.build.context</name>	Build context (default is the current directory)
services. <name>.build.dockerfile</name>	Dockerfile to use (default is Dockerfile)
services. <name>.build.target</name>	Build stage to use
services. <name>.build.args</name>	Build arguments
services. <name>.command</name>	Override the default command for the container
services. <name>.entrypoint</name>	Override the default entrypoint for the container
services. <name>.volumes</name>	Mount volumes in the container
services. <name>.ports</name>	Publish container ports to the host
services. <name>.environment</name>	Set environment variables in the container
services. <name>.restart</name>	Restart policy (no/always/on-failure/unless-stopped)
services. <name>.scale</name>	Set the number of containers to run
services. <name>.networks</name>	List of networks to connect the container to
services. <name>.depends_on</name>	List of services to start before this service
services. <name>.labels</name>	Set metadata labels for the container
networks	A list of networks defined in the file
networks. <name>.driver</name>	Set the network driver
networks. <name>.external</name>	Don't create the network, use an existing one
volumes	A list of volumes defined in the file
volumes. <name>.name</name>	Set the name of the volume
volumes. <name>.driver</name>	Set the volume driver
configs	A list of configs defined in the file
secrets	A list of secrets defined in the file

See https://docs.docker.com/compose/compose-file/ for the full Docker Compose file reference.



Git Cheat Sheet

Workflow



Start a new repository

Command	Description
git init	Create a new repository in the current directory
git clone <url> [<dir>]</dir></url>	Clone a remote repository

History

Command	Description
git log	Show commit logs
git logoneline	Show commit logs with one line
	per commit
git show	Show the changes of the last commit
git shortlog	Summarize git log output by author
git blame <file></file>	Show who changed which line in a file

Local changes	
Command	Description
git status	List which files are staged, unstaged, and untracked
git add <file></file>	Add a file to the staging area
git add - p	Interactively choose hunks of a file to add to the staging area

Local changes (cont.)

Command	Description
git diff	Show unstaged changes
git diffstaged	Show staged changes
git commit	Commit staged changes using the default editor
git commit -m <message></message>	Commit staged changes with a message provided on the command line
git commitamend	Amend the last commit
git reset HEAD <file></file>	Unstage a file
git checkout <file></file>	Discard local changes in a file

Branches

Command	Description
git branch	List local branches
git branch -r	List remote branches
git branch <branch></branch>	Create a new branch
git checkout <branch></branch>	Switch to a branch
git checkout -b branch>	Create a new branch and switch to it
git merge <branch></branch>	Merge a branch into the active branch
git branch -d <branch></branch>	Delete a branch

Tags

Command	Description
git tag	List tags
git tag <tag></tag>	Create a tag
git tag -a <tag></tag>	Create an annotated tag
git tag -s <tag></tag>	Create a GPG-signed tag
git tag -d <tag></tag>	Delete a tag
git show <tag></tag>	Show the tag data

Collaboration

Command	Description
git remote -v	List remote repositories
<pre>git remote add <name> <url></url></name></pre>	Add a new remote repository
git fetch <remote></remote>	Download all changes from a remote repository but don't integrate them
git pull <remote></remote>	Download changes and directly merge/integrate them
git pull <remote> <branch></branch></remote>	Download changes and directly merge/integrate a remote branch
<pre>git push <remote> <branch></branch></remote></pre>	Upload local changes to a remote repository
git push <remote>delete <branch></branch></remote>	Delete a remote branch
git push <remote>tags</remote>	Push tags to a remote repository

Stashing

Command	Description
git stash	Stash the changes in a dirty working directory away
git stash list	List all stashes
git stash pop	Apply the last stash and delete it
git stash apply	Apply the last stash but don't delete it
git stash drop	Delete the last stash
git stash clear	Delete all stashes

Writing good commit messages

- 1. Separate subject from body with a blank line
- 2. Limit the subject line to 50 characters
- 3. Capitalize the subject line
- 4. Do not end the subject line with a period
- 5. Use the imperative mood in the subject line
- 6. Wrap the body at 72 characters
- 7. Use the body to explain what and why vs. how

Helm Cheat Sheet



Helm

Helm is the package manager for Kubernetes. See https://helm.sh/docs/intro/install/ for installation instructions.

Global flags	
Flag	Description
kube-context <name></name>	Name of the Kubernetes context to use
namespace <name></name>	Namespace to use for this operation

Repository management	
Command	Description
helm repo add <name> <url></url></name>	Add a repository
helm repo list	List all added repositories
helm repo update	Update the local cache of available charts
helm repo remove <name></name>	Remove a repository
helm search repo	List all charts in the repositories
helm search repo <keyword></keyword>	Search for a chart in the repositories

Installing Helm charts	
Command	Description
helm install <name> <chart></chart></name>	Install a chart with a name
helm install <chart>generate-name</chart>	Install a chart, auto-generating a name
helm install <name> <chart>namespace <namespace></namespace></chart></name>	Install a chart in a specific namespace
helm install <name> <chart>set</chart></name>	Install a chart with specific values
<key>=<value></value></key>	·
helm install <name> <chart>values <file></file></chart></name>	Install a chart using a values file
helm install <name> <chart>dry-rundebug</chart></name>	Run a test installation to validate the chart
helm install <name> <chart>verify</chart></name>	Verify the package before installing
helm install <name> <chart>dependency-update</chart></name>	Update dependencies before installing
helm uninstall <name></name>	Uninstall a release
helm uninstall <name>keep-history</name>	Uninstall a release, keeping the history

Listing releases	
Command	Description
helm list	List all releases in the current namespace
helm listall-namespaces	List all releases in all namespaces
helm list -1 <label>=<value></value></label>	List releases with a specific label
helm listdate	List releases sorted by date
helm list (pending failed uninstalled)	List releases that are in a pending/failed/uninstalled state
helm status <name></name>	Show the status of a release

Managing releases	
Command	Description
helm upgrade <name> <chart></chart></name>	Upgrade a release
helm upgrade <name> <chart>atomic</chart></name>	Upgrade a release atomically
helm upgrade <name> <chart>dependency-update</chart></name>	Upgrade a release and update dependencies
helm upgrade <name> <chart>version <version></version></chart></name>	Upgrade a release to a specific version
helm upgrade <name> <chart>set <key>=<value></value></key></chart></name>	Upgrade a release with specific values
helm rollback <release> <revision></revision></release>	Rollback a release to a previous revision

Developing charts	
Command	Description
helm create <name></name>	Create a new chart
helm package <chart-path></chart-path>	Package a chart directory into a chart file
helm lint <chart></chart>	Lint a chart
helm show all <chart></chart>	Inspect a chart and list all resources
helm show values <chart></chart>	Inspect a chart and show default values
helm template <name> <chart></chart></name>	Render templates locally
helm template <name> <chart>set <key>=<value></value></key></chart></name>	Render templates locally and override values

Dovoloping charts



HTTP Cheat Sheet

Example Request & Response

GET /hello.txt HTTP/1.1 Host: www.example.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 Accept-Language: en, nl

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: Mon, 27 Jul 2020 12:28:53 GMT

Server: Apache/2.2.22 Content-Length: 12 Content-Type: text/plain

Hello World!

Methods	
Method	Description
GET (safe, idempotent)	Transfer a current representation of the resource
HEAD (safe, idempotent)	Same as GET, but without
	transferring content
POST	Process the content of the request
PUT (idempotent)	Update the resource with the content of the request
DELETE (idempotent)	Remove all current representations of the resource
CONNECT	Establish a tunnel to the server
OPTIONS (safe, idempotent)	Describe the communication options for the target resource
TRACE (safe, idempotent)	Perform a message loop-back test along the path to the resource

"Safe" methods are read-only and should not change the server state. "Idempotent" methods can be called multiple times without different outcomes. See RFC 9110 for detailed information about each method.

Request Headers	
Header	Description
Referer: <url></url>	The referring web page URL
User-Agent: <ua></ua>	Information about the client making the request
Authorization: <scheme> <params></params></scheme>	Authenticate using the specified scheme and credentials
Accept: <media-types></media-types>	The media types that the client can understand
Accept-Encoding: <algorithms></algorithms>	The encoding algorithms the client understands
Accept-Language: <langs></langs>	The languages that the client can understand

Description
The URL of the new resource or redirect target
The methods supported by the
resource
Information about the server software
Time to wait before a new request
The age of the cached response (in sec)
Directives for caching mechanisms
Date/time after which the response expires

See RFC 9111 for detailed information about caching.

Status Codes

A detailed list of status codes can be found in RFC 9110.

Status Codes: Informational	
Code	Description
100 Continue	The server has received the request headers and the client should proceed
101 Switching Protocols	The server will switch protocols to those defined by the response's Upgrade header field

Status Codes: Success		
Code	Description	
200 OK	The request has succeeded	
201 Created	A new resource has been created	
202 Accepted	The request was accepted but processing has not been completed	
203 Non-Authoritative Information	The response content has been modified by a proxy	
204 No Content	The request was fulfilled but no content is returned	
205 Reset Content	Request fulfilled; the user agent should reset the view	
206 Partial Content	The server has fulfilled a partial GET request	

Status Codes: Redirection	
Code	Description
300 Multiple Choices	The requested resource corresponds to any one of a set of representations
301 Moved Permanently	The requested resource has been assigned a new permanent URI
302 Found	The requested resource resides

Status Codes: Redirection (cont.)	
Code	Description
303 See Other	A different resource can provide an indirect reponse
304 Not Modified	The resource has not been modified since the last request
307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirect; client must not change the request method
308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirect; client must not change the request method

Status Codes: Clien	t Error
Code	Description
400 Bad Request	The server cannot / will not process the request due to a client error
401 Unauthorized	The request requires user authentication
403 Forbidden	The server understood but refuses the request
404 Not Found	No resource was found for the request URI
405 Method Not Allowed	The method is not allowed for the resource
406 Not Acceptable	No representation matches the Accept-* headers
407 Proxy Authentication Required	The client must authenticate with the proxy server
408 Request Timeout	The server timed out waiting for the request
409 Conflict	The request conflicts with the current resource state
410 Gone	The requested resource is permanently unavailable
411 Length Required	The server requires a Content-Length header
412 Precondition Failed	One or more conditions evaluated to false
413 Content Too Large	The request content is too large
414 URI Too Long	The target URI was too long

Status Codes: Client Error (cont.)	
Code	Description
415 Unsupported Media Type	The requested media type is not supported
416 Range Not Satisfiable	The request Range header is not satisfiable
417 Expectation Failed	The server cannot meet the Expect header
421 Misdirected Request	The request was directed at a server that is not able to produce a response for this request
422 Unprocessable Content	The server understands the content type but cannot process the content
426 Upgrade Required	The client should switch to a different protocol

Status Codes: Server Error	
Code	Description
500 Internal Server Error	The server encountered an unexpected error
501 Not Implemented	The server does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request
502 Bad Gateway	The upstream server returned an invalid response
503 Service Unavailable	The server is currently unable to handle the request
504 Gateway Timeout	The upstream server did not respond in time
505 HTTP Version Not Supported	The server does not support the HTTP version

Kubernetes Cheat Sheet



Installation

Install the kubectl command line tool to interact with the Kubernetes API: https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/tools/#kubectl

Enable autocompletion in bash:

composer completion bash | sudo tee /etc/bash completion.d/kubectl

Global flags	
Flag	Description
namespace <namespace></namespace>	The name of the namespace to use
context <context></context>	The name of the context to use
help	Show information about a given command

Context and configuration	
Command	Description
kubectl config get-contexts	List all contexts
kubectl config current-context	Display the current context
kubectl config use-context <context></context>	Switch to another context
<pre>kubectl config delete-context <context></context></pre>	Delete the specified context from the kubeconfig

Display resources	
Command	Description
kubectl get <resource></resource>	List all resources of this type in the current namespace
kubectl get <resource> -o wide</resource>	List all resources with more details
kubectl get <resource> -A</resource>	List all resources of this type in all namespaces
kubectl get <resource> <name></name></resource>	List a particular resource
kubectl get <resource> <name> -o yaml</name></resource>	Print a particular resource in YAML format
<pre>kubectl get <resource> <name> -1 <key1>=<value1></value1></key1></name></resource></pre>	List resources where label <key1> contains <value1></value1></key1>
kubectl describe <resource></resource>	Show detailed information about a resource

Apply configuration manifests	
Command	Description
kubectl apply -f <file></file>	Apply a manifest from a file
kubectl apply -f <dir></dir>	Apply all manifests in a directory
kubectl apply -k <dir></dir>	Apply resources from a kustomize directory

Create resources manually	
Command	Description
kubectl run <name>image=<image/></name>	Start a pod
<pre>kubectl create deployment <name>image=<image/></name></pre>	Create a deployment
<pre>kubectl expose pod <pod>port=<port></port></pod></pre>	Create a service for an existing pod
<pre>kubectl expose deployment <name>port=<port></port></name></pre>	Create a service for an existing deployment
<pre>kubectl create ingress <name>rule=<host path="svc:port"></host></name></pre>	Create an ingress that routes traffic to a service
<pre>kubectl create job <name>image=<image/></name></pre>	Create a job
<pre>kubectl create job <name>from=cronjob/<name></name></name></pre>	Create a job from a cronjob
<pre>kubectl create cronjob <name>image=<image/>schedule=<schedule></schedule></name></pre>	Create a cronjob, using a schedule in Cron format
<pre>kubectl create secret generic <name>from-literal=<key>=<value></value></key></name></pre>	Create a secret containing <key> and <value></value></key>
<pre>kubectl create secret docker-registry <name>docker-server=<server>docker-username=<username>docker-password=<password></password></username></server></name></pre>	Create a secret for a Docker registry

Generate YAML configuration manifests	
Command	Description
<pre>kubectl create deployment <name>image=<image/>dry-run=client -o yaml</name></pre>	Generate a deployment manifest
<pre>kubectl expose deployment <name>port=<port>dry-run=client -o yaml</port></name></pre>	Generate a service manifest for a deployment

Edit resources	
Command	Description
kubectl edit <resource> <name></name></resource>	Edit a resource in a text editor
<pre>kubectl set image <resource> <name> <container>=<image/></container></name></resource></pre>	Update the image of a container in a pod

Set labels and annotations	
Command	Description
<pre>kubectl label <resource> <name> <key>=<value></value></key></name></resource></pre>	Add a label to a resource
<pre>kubectl annotate <resource> <name> <key>=<value></value></key></name></resource></pre>	Add an annotation to a resource

Delete resources	
Command	Description
kubectl delete <resource> <name></name></resource>	Delete a particular resource
kubectl delete <resource>all</resource>	Delete all resources of a particular type in the current namespace
kubectl delete -f <file></file>	Delete a resource from a file

Manage deployments	
Command	Description
kubectl rollout status deployment <name></name>	Show the status of a deployment rollout
<pre>kubectl rollout history deployment <name></name></pre>	View the rollout history of a deployment
kubectl rollout undo deployment <name></name>	Undo a previous rollout deployment
<pre>kubectl rollout restart deployment <name></name></pre>	Restart a deployment
<pre>kubectl scale deployment <name>replicas=<n></n></name></pre>	Scale a deployment to <n> replicas</n>
<pre>kubectl autoscale deployment <name>min=<min>max=<max></max></min></name></pre>	Autoscale a deployment between $<$ n $>$ and $<$ n $>$ replicas

Command	Description
kubectl exec <pod> <command/></pod>	Execute a command in a running pod
kubectl exec -it <pod> sh</pod>	Open a shell in a running pod
View logs	
Command	Description
kubectl logs <pod></pod>	Print the logs for a pod
kubectl logs -f <pod></pod>	Print the logs for a pod and keep streaming
Resource usage	
Command	Description
kubectl top node	Show resource (CPU/memory) usage of nodes
kubectl top pod	Show resource (CPU/memory) usage of pods
Other commands	
Command	Description

kubectl version

kubectl api-resources

Show the version of the client and server

Print the supported API resources on the server



Linux Cheat Sheet

File Commands	
Command	Description
cat <file></file>	Print file contents
touch <file></file>	Create file (or update timestamp)
cp <src> <dst></dst></src>	Copy a file
mv <src> <dst></dst></src>	Move / rename a file
rm <file></file>	Remove file
head <file></file>	Print first 10 lines of file
tail <file></file>	Print last 10 lines of file
tail -f <file></file>	Print last 10 lines and any new lines added to file

Directory Command	s
Command	Description
ls	List files in the current directory
ls <dir></dir>	List files in <dir></dir>
ls -1	List files with details
ls -a	List all files (including hidden)
ls -al	List all files with details
pwd	Print the current/working directory
cd <dir></dir>	Change current directory to <dir></dir>
cd	Go up one directory
mkdir <dir></dir>	Create directory
mkdir -p <dir></dir>	Create directory and any missing parent directories
cp -r <src> <dst></dst></src>	Copy a directory and its contents
mv <src> <dst></dst></src>	Move / rename a directory
rmdir <dir></dir>	Remove an empty directory
rm -r <dir></dir>	Remove a directory and its contents

Directory Aliases	
Alias	Directory
	Current directory
	Parent directory
~	Home directory

Link Commands	
Command	Description
ln -s <target> <link/></target>	Create symbolic link
<pre>ln <target> <link/></target></pre>	Create hard link
readlink -f <file></file>	Print absolute path of file

Search Commands		
Command	Description	
<pre>grep <pattern> <file></file></pattern></pre>	Search for pattern in file(s)	
grep -r <pattern> <dir></dir></pattern>	Search for pattern recursively in a directory	
grep -i <pattern> <file></file></pattern>	Search for pattern case- insensitively	
<pre>grep -v <pattern> <file></file></pattern></pre>	Search for lines not matching pattern	
grep -n <pattern> <file></file></pattern>	Search and print line numbers	
find <dir> -name <name>*</name></dir>	Find files in <dir> with name starting with <name></name></dir>	
find <dir> -type <type></type></dir>	Find files in <dir> of type <type></type></dir>	

Superuser Commands	
Command	Description
sudo <cmd></cmd>	Run command as superuser (root)
su	Switch to superuser (root)
su <user></user>	Switch to user <user></user>

File Permission Commands	
Command	Description
chmod <mode> <file></file></mode>	Change file permissions
chmod u+x <file></file>	Add execute permission for the owner
chmod 644 <file></file>	Set file permissions to 644 (read/write for owner, read for group and everyone else)
chmod -R g+w <dir></dir>	Add write permission for the group recursively to a directory
chown <owner> <file></file></owner>	Change file owner
chown -R <owner> <dir></dir></owner>	Change directory owner recursively
chown <owner>:<group> <file></file></group></owner>	Change file owner and group
chgrp <group> <file></file></group>	Change file group

File Permission Bits	
Bit	Description
4	Read (r)
2	Write (w)
1	Execute (x)

First digit represents the owner, the second digit represents the group, and the third digit represents everyone else.

For example, 640 means read/write for owner, read for group, and no permissions for everyone else.

File Permission User Types	
User Type	Description
u	Owner
g	Group
0	Everyone else
a	All

System Information	Commands
Command	Description
df	Show file system disk usage
df -h	Show disk usage in MB/GB/TB
du	Show disk usage per directory
du -h	Show disk usage in MB/GB/TB
free	Show memory usage
free -h	Show memory usage in MB/GB/TB
uptime	Show uptime
whoami	Show current user
uname	Show system information
uname -a	Show all system information

uname -a	Show all system information
Shutdown/Reboot Commands	
Command	Description
shutdown	Power off the system after 1 minute
shutdown now	Power off the system immediately
shutdown 16:30	Power off the system at 16:30
shutdown -c	Cancel a scheduled shutdown
reboot	Reboot system
poweroff	Power off system

Process Commands	
Command	Description
ps	List processes
ps -ef	List all processes
top	Display processes in real time
kill <pid></pid>	Kill process
pkill <name></name>	Kill process with name
killall <name></name>	Kill all processes with name

Secure Shell (SSH) (Commands
Command	Description
ssh-keygen	Generate SSH key pair
ssh-add <key></key>	Add SSH key to SSH agent
ssh-add -l	List SSH keys in SSH agent
ssh-copy-id <user>@<host></host></user>	Copy SSH key to <host> for</host>
	<user></user>
ssh <host></host>	Connect to <host> as current user</host>
ssh <user>@<host></host></user>	<pre>Connect to <host> as <user></user></host></pre>
scp <src> <host>:<dest></dest></host></src>	<pre>Copy local file <src> to <dest> on <host></host></dest></src></pre>
scp <host>:<src> <dest></dest></src></host>	<pre>Copy file <src> from <host> to local <dest></dest></host></src></pre>

APT Commands (Debian/Ubuntu)	
Command	Description
apt install <pkg></pkg>	Install package
apt remove <pkg></pkg>	Remove package
apt purge <pkg></pkg>	Remove package and config files
apt update	Update package list
apt upgrade	Upgrade packages
apt search <term></term>	Search for package

Other Commands	
Command	Description
echo <msg></msg>	Print message to stdout
man <cmd></cmd>	Display manual page for <cmd></cmd>
history	Display history of given commands
which <cmd></cmd>	Find path to executable <cmd></cmd>
whereis <cmd></cmd>	Locate binary, source, and manual page for <cmd></cmd>

IO Redirection	
Command	Description
<cmd> > <file></file></cmd>	Replace contents of file with output
<cmd> >> <file></file></cmd>	Append output to file
<cmd> < <file></file></cmd>	Redirect input from file
<cmd> 2> <file></file></cmd>	Redirect stderr to file
<cmd> &> <file></file></cmd>	Redirect stdout and stderr to file

Pipe Commands	
Command	Description
<cmd1> <cmd2></cmd2></cmd1>	Pipe stdout to next cmd
<cmd1> & <cmd2></cmd2></cmd1>	Pipe stderr to next cmd

Description
Stop current command
Go to beginning of line
Go to end of line
Cut current line
Clear screen

Directory Structure	
Directory	Description
/	Root
/bin	Binary or executable programs
/etc	System configuration files
/home	User home directories
/opt	Optional or third-party software
/tmp	Temporary files
/usr	User programs
/var	Variable data
/var/log	Log files

Terraform Cheat Sheet



Installation

See https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/downloads for installation instructions for your platform. Then run terraform -install-autocomplete to enable shell autocompletion.

Initializing Terraform	
Command	Description
terraform init	Prepare your working directory for other commands
terraform init -upgrade	Upgrade modules/providers to the latest allowed versions
terraform get	Only download and install modules

Making infrastructure changes	
Command	Description
terraform plan	Show changes required by the current configuration
terraform plan -out= <file></file>	Write the plan to a file to apply it later
terraform plan -target <resource></resource>	Create a plan for a specific module or resource
terraform plan -replace <resource></resource>	Force the plan to replace a specific resource
terraform plan -var ' <key>=<value>'</value></key>	Set a value for one of the input variables
terraform plan -refresh-only	Inspect resource drift without updating the state file
terraform apply	Create or update infrastructure
terraform apply <file></file>	Create or update infrastructure using a plan file
terraform apply -target <resource></resource>	Create or update a specific resource
terraform apply -replace <resource></resource>	Force the replacement of a specific resource
terraform apply -auto-approve	Skip interactive approval of plan before applying

Inspecting output values	
Command	Description
terraform output	Show all output values
terraform output -json	Show all output values in JSON format
terraform output <name></name>	Show a specific output value
terraform output -raw <name></name>	Show a specific output value without quotes

Managing state	
Command	Description
terraform show	Show the current state in human-readable form
terraform show <file></file>	Show a human-readable state or plan file
terraform show -json <file></file>	Show a state or plan file in JSON format
terraform state list	List all resources in the state file
terraform state show <resource></resource>	Show details about a resource
terraform state mv <source/> <dest></dest>	Rename a resource in the state file
terraform state rm <resource></resource>	Remove a resource from the state file
<pre>terraform state replace-provider <from> <to></to></from></pre>	Replace provider for resources in the state
<pre>terraform import <resource> <remote_id></remote_id></resource></pre>	Import existing infrastructure into Terraform
terraform state pull	Pull current state and output to stdout
terraform refresh	(Deprecated) Update state to match reality

Tainting resources	
Command	Description
terraform taint <resource></resource>	(Deprecated) Mark a resource to be replaced
terraform untaint <resource></resource>	Mark a resource as no longer tainted

Destroying infrastructure	
Command	Description
terraform destroy	Destroy infrastructure managed by Terraform
terraform destroy -target <resource></resource>	Destroy a specific resource

Formatting and validation	
Command	Description
terraform validate	Check whether the configuration is valid
terraform fmt	Reformat your configuration in the standard style
terraform fmt -check	Check whether the configuration is formatted correctly, return non-zero exit code if not

Terraform Cloud / Remote Authentication	
Command	Description
terraform login	Log in to Terraform Cloud
terraform login <hostname></hostname>	Log in to a different host
terraform logout	Log out of Terraform Cloud
terraform logout <hostname></hostname>	Log out of a different host

Managing workspaces	
Command	Description
terraform workspace list	List all existing workspaces
terraform workspace show	Show the name of the current workspace
terraform workspace select <name></name>	Select a different workspace
terraform workspace new <name></name>	Create a new workspace
terraform workspace delete <name></name>	Delete an existing workspace

Other commands	
Command	Description
terraform providers	Show the providers required for this configuration
terraform force-unlock <lock-id></lock-id>	Release a stuck lock
terraform console	Try Terraform expressions at an interactive prompt
terraform graph dot -Tpng > graph.png	Generate a visual graph of Terraform resources
terraform version	Show the current Terraform version
terraform -help	Show help output for Terraform
terraform -help <command/>	Show help output for a specific Terraform command

Referencing Named Values	
Syntax	Description
<pre><resource_type>.<name></name></resource_type></pre>	Reference to a managed resource
var. <name></name>	Reference to an input variable
local. <name></name>	Reference to a local value
module. <module name=""></module>	Reference to a child module
data. <data type="">.<name></name></data>	Reference to a data source

Conditional Expressions	
Syntax	Description
condition ? true : false	If condition is true, return true, otherwise return false

Splat Expressions	
Syntax	Description
<pre><resource_type>.<name>[*].<attribute></attribute></name></resource_type></pre>	Return a list of values for the given attribute of all instances of a resource

Resource Meta-Arguments	
Argument	Description
depends_on	Explicitly specify resource dependencies
count	Create multiple instances of a resource
for each	Create an instance of a resource for each element in a map or set
provider	Specify a provider configuration block to use for this resource
lifecycle	Configure the behavior of a resource over its lifetime

Lifecycle Meta-Argument	Attributes
Argument	Description
create_before_destroy	Create the new resource before destroying the old one
prevent_destroy	Prevent Terraform from destroying the resource
ignore_changes	Ignore changes to specific resource attributes