

TAMIZHAN SKILLS

PROJECT:

Customer Segmentation Using K-Means

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Businesses need to target different customers differently based on behavior.

OBJECTIVE:

Cluster customers into groups using unsupervised learning.

REQUIREMENTS:

- Use K-Means clustering on data (age, income, frequency, spending)
- Preprocess data using scaling
- Visualize clusters using 2D or 3D scatter plots

Key Insights from Customer Segmentation Code

➤ Customer Grouping (Segmentation)

- The K-Means algorithm divides customers into *distinct clusters* based on behaviour and demographics.
- Each customer is assigned a *cluster label*(e.g Cluster0,Cluster 1, etc), representing their group.

➤ Cluster Profiles(Customer types)

```
df_clean.groupby('cluster')[['age', 'income', 'purchase_frequency', 'spending_score', 'avg_purchase_value']].mean()
```

This tells:

Cluster 0 = Young, frequent shoppers, but small spending

Cluster 1 = Older, high income, shop rarely but spend big

Cluster 2 = Mid-age, medium frequency and spending — ideal customers

We can identify *budget shoppers*, *Premium buyers*, *Occasional visitors*, etc.

➤ Behavioral Patterns

Using `purchase_frequency`, `spending_score`, and `avg_purchase_value`, we can:

- Find **loyal but low-value customers**
- Spot **big spenders** who shop less often
- Discover **young customers who buy often** but spend little

➤ Marketing Strategy per Cluster

Once you know what each cluster represents, we can tailor your marketing:

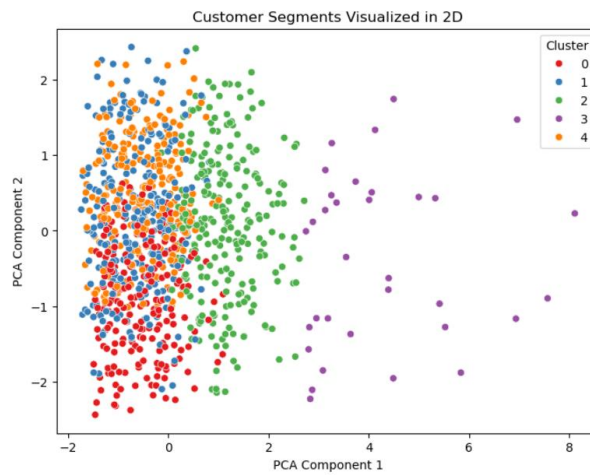
Cluster Type	Marketing Strategy
High income, low frequency	Loyalty offers, big purchase incentives
Low income, high frequency	Bundle deals, discounts on essentials
High frequency & high spend	VIP programs, early access to new products
Low spenders	Target with budget items or flash sales

➤ Operational & Strategic Insights

- **Inventory:** Stock more of what high-value clusters prefer
- **Retention:** Focus on retaining your best clusters
- **Acquisition:** Look for new customers that match your best cluster profiles

➤ Visual Insights

- The 2D *PCA Scatter plot* helps you *see how well the clusters are separated*
- We can visually:
 - ✓ Tight vs scattered clusters (strong vs weak patterns)
 - ✓ Overlapping segments (possibly needs more/different features)



SUMMARY

This project lets you **move from general marketing to personalized targeting** by:

- Understanding **who your customers are**
- Designing **specific offers for each group**
- Making **data-driven decisions** on customer engagement