

# **Overview of selected KPN Security Policies**

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Selected by: Ruud Leurs

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Retrieving content from remote locations</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | If content is retrieved from remote locations (over the internet) then always communicate through HTTPS, even if the content does not contain any personal/sensitive information. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-350  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Web and Mobile Applications</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Web applications running on systems reachable from the internet and mobile applications running directly on a mobile device must comply to the (Web) Application Security respectively Mobile App Security rule.</p> <p>The Portal Authority must give approval on first launch or on launch after a substantial change.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-351  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>File upload</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | The upload functionality of an application or system must be hardened to prevent the execution of code or a denial-of-service situation. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-352   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Rate limiting</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | Employ rate limiting and throttling on a per-user/IP basis (if user identification is available) to reduce the risk from DDoS attack. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-353  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Preventing injection using white list input validation routines</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | Positive or “whitelist” input validation must be used. Such validation should decode any encoded input, and then validate the length, characters, format, type and range on that data before accepting the input. Perform consistency checks at various stages of information being processed. |
| <b>Supplement</b>  | This is not a complete defense as many applications require special characters in their input.   |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-310   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1  |
| <b>Date</b>        | November 2, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>HTTP Request Preflight</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | Setup a protection against CORS (Cross-Origin Resource Sharing) HTTP request that try to bypass the preflight process. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-354   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Strong authentication and session management controls</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | A single set of strong authentication and session management controls must be used. For the requirements see Identity and access management standard and Password security rule. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-311   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Measures at the end of an employment relationship  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Authentication   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Central identity and access management   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Personal and digital identity  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Identity and access on the basis of necessity  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Responsibility for authorizations  |



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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Use strong session tokens and protect these</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Session tokens may not be predictable and able to (reasonably) withstand brute-forcing attacks.</li> <li>• The session ID must simply be an identifier on the client side, and its value must never include sensitive information (or Personal Identifiable Information). The contexts associated to a session ID must be stored on the server side.</li> <li>• Session tokens must not be exposed through other channels.</li> <li>• Session IDs must be have an entropy of at least 112-bit and the value must be derived from a cryptographically secure random number generator.</li> <li>• Session IDs must have a suitable validity period.</li> <li>• Session IDs must be replaced after logging in and deleted with a timeout on the server side.</li> <li>• All existing session tokens/active sessions must expire immediately once credentials have been successfully changed, so that existing sessions on other devices/apps/etc. (based on the old account information) will not remain valid until the normal session expiration time.</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-312  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1   |
| <b>Date</b>        | November 2, 2018  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Indirect Object References per user or session</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Object references should not be predictable and able to withstand brute-forcing attacks.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Per user or session indirect object references must be used.</li> <li>• The application must map the per-user indirect reference back to the actual database key, file or other object on the server.</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-313  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Check Access when using Direct Object References</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | Each use of a direct object reference from an untrusted source must include an access control check to ensure the user is authorized for the requested object. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-314   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Preventing Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | CSRF tokens may not be predictable and must be able to (reasonably) withstand brute-forcing attacks. An unpredictable token must be included in the server response, preferably in a hidden field in the form body. This token must be returned by the client and validated by the server. Such tokens must at a minimum be unique per user session, but can also be unique per request. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-315   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Updating and patching of the (web) application</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | All source code, including libraries that are used for generating the (web) application must be maintained and patched for vulnerabilities and stability issues when applicable. Application (code) moving into production must be security tested via code reviews (adhere to OWASP Secure Coding practices) or penetration tests. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-316  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1   |
| <b>Date</b>        | November 2, 2018  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Application security architecture</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | Shared hosting or virtual hosting must not be used without separation on all layers of the application, including the platform on which the application is active, the framework, application specific code and the database. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-317  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Encryption of sensitive data at rest</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Encrypt all sensitive data at rest in a manner that defends against threats.</p> <p>For the requirements see Cryptography rule.</p> <p>For information classification see Classification of information rule.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-318   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Information classification   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Cryptography generic   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Strong standard algorithms and keys</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | Ensure appropriate strong standard algorithms and strong keys are used to protect sensitive data, and key management is in place. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-320  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1   |
| <b>Date</b>        | April 4, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Cryptography generic  |



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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Proper authentication and authorization for each page</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | The enforcement mechanism(s) must deny all access by default, requiring explicit grants to specific users and roles for access to every page. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-321  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Page authorization in a workflow</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | If the page is involved in a workflow, it must be verified that conditions are in the proper state to allow access. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-322  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Transport Layer Protection using TLS</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>All pages with sensitive data must use TLS. Also, the location to which sensitive data is being posted to must use TLS without redirection from a non-TLS target.</p> <p>Pages containing sensitive data are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- pages displaying sensitive information, e.g. information impacting the privacy of the end-user.</li> <li>- pages which are used for consuming sensitive information, e.g. login forms.</li> </ul> <p>Possible exception: when a redirect from the non-TLS location to the TLS location ensures that the end-user is not capable of using the unsecured page.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-323   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1  |
| <b>Date</b>        | April 4, 2018  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Cryptography generic   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Transport Layer Protection: sensitive cookies</b>           |
| <b>Description</b> | The HttpOnly and Secure flag must be set on sensitive cookies. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-324   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software                       |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Cryptography generic   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Transport Layer Protection using strong algorithms only</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Use transport layer security services that are provided by validated cryptomodules.</p> <p>See Cryptography rule and the Cryptographic algorithms and cipher suites tool.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-325   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Cryptography generic   |

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| <b>Requirement</b>  | <b>Transport Layer Protection: certificate validation</b>   |
| <b>Description</b>  | Certificates must be centrally managed, valid, not expired and not revoked. Certificates must also be valid for the domains they serve.   |
| <b>Related info</b> | <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5280">http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5280</a><br><a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2818">http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2818</a><br><a href="https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6125">https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6125</a> |
| <b>ID</b>           | KSP-RE-326  |
| <b>Version</b>      | 1.1   |
| <b>Date</b>         | April 4, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>    | Web-based and other application software  |
| <b>Rationale</b>    | Cryptography generic  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Transport Layer Protection: backend and other connections</b>                  |
| <b>Description</b> | Backend and other connections must also use TLS or other encryption technologies. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-327  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1   |
| <b>Date</b>        | April 4, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Cryptography generic  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Involvement of user parameters in calculating the destination in redirects and forwards</b> |
| <b>Description</b> | Don't involve user parameters in calculating the destination in redirects and forwards.        |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-328   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |



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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Mapping values as destination parameter</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | If destination parameters can't be avoided, the supplied value must be valid, and authorized for the user. Any such destination parameters must be a mapping value, rather than the actual URL or portion of the URL, and the server side code must translate this mapping to the target URL. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-329  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

| Requirement        | Reference to responsible disclosure page  |
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| <b>Description</b> | <p>A reference to the responsible disclosure page on KPN.com must be included. This reference should be no more than one click away from the main page.</p> <p>Dutch:</p> <p><a href="https://www.kpn.com/algemeen/missie-en-privacy-statement/beveiligingskwetsbaarheid.htm">https://www.kpn.com/algemeen/missie-en-privacy-statement/beveiligingskwetsbaarheid.htm</a></p> <p>English:</p> <p><a href="https://www.kpn.com/algemeen/missie-en-privacy-statement/security-vulnerability.htm">https://www.kpn.com/algemeen/missie-en-privacy-statement/security-vulnerability.htm</a></p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-330  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Maintaining the integrity of information processed</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>The integrity of information processed by applications must be maintained by ensuring that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• information is not corrupted when modified by more than one user</li> <li>• information cannot be overwritten accidentally</li> <li>• the processing of information is validated</li> <li>• changes to key 'static' information such as customer master files or currency exchange rates are reviewed</li> <li>• unauthorised or incorrect changes to information are detected</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-331  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Preventing inaccurate entry of information</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Inaccurate entry of information must be prevented by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Only accepting data from trusted and authenticated information sources for data changes (creation, change, deletion)</li> <li>• New records have initialization values</li> <li>• Using error messages</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-332  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Output validation</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | Output validation routines must be used to allow a reader or subsequent processing system to determine if output is within predefined data range and all data is processed. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-333  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Revealing application or system information</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>The application must not reveal server side information such as internal IP address, server name and other system information that could aid an attacker, to non-authenticated users. Unnecessary application or system information such as stack traces, codes and parameters must not be disclosed.</p> <p>Possible exception: the name of the application, without version indication, the protocol version number may be revealed</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-334   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.2  |
| <b>Date</b>        | June 18, 2018  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Session Timeout</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>When a user does not perform any action on a web site during a certain interval (defined by the web server) the status of the user session on the server side must be changed to "not used anymore" and instruct the web server to destroy the user session (deleting all data contained into it).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set session timeout to the minimal value possible depending on the context of the application.</li> <li>• Avoid "infinite" session timeout.</li> <li>• The session cookie must expire when the browser is closed.</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-335  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Brute-Force protection</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Internet facing applications must protect its (user) accounts from brute-force attacks. A process must be in place to detect abusive behavior and a process must be in place to react upon the abuse.</p> <p>Possible origins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brute-forcing the password per account.</li> <li>• Brute-forcing the accounts by fixating a password or PIN and brute-forcing this on all accounts.</li> </ul> <p>Possible actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detect (rapid) automated login attempts and react by blocking the IP address temporarily. Report to SOC.</li> <li>• After detecting abusive behavior; force the account to logon with a CAPTCHA. Report to SOC.</li> <li>• After detecting abusive behavior; force the account to logon with a second factor. This option assumes there is an opportunity to use SMS or another out of band communication method. Report to SOC.</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-337  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |



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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Support HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS)</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | The Strict Transport Security response header must be set to enforce HTTPS. The 'max-age' must be set to at least 5.184.000 seconds (=60 days). |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-338  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b>  | <b>Mixed Content</b>  |
| <b>Description</b>  | To ensure the proper level of trust with a recipient content must not mix encrypted and unencrypted content. This includes encrypted web pages. |
| <b>Related info</b> | Mozilla Developer Network: Mixed Content  |
| <b>ID</b>           | KSP-RE-339  |
| <b>Version</b>      | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>         | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>    | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b>  | <b>User enumeration</b>   |
| <b>Description</b>  | <p>User enumeration vulnerability must be prevented. User enumeration is not limited to username property of an account. All identifiable property of an account could be used for user enumeration.</p> <p>Possible exception: interfaces purposely developed to list users, accounts or identifiable objects are allowed.</p> |
| <b>Related info</b> | <p>User Enumeration explained:</p> <p><a href="https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_User_Enumeration_and_Guessable_User_Account_(OWASP-AT-002)">https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_User_Enumeration_and_Guessable_User_Account_(OWASP-AT-002)</a></p>   |
| <b>ID</b>           | KSP-RE-340  |
| <b>Version</b>      | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>         | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>    | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Follow guidelines and best practices</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>The development guidelines for security of the underlying platform (e.g. Android, iOS, Windows Phone) must be followed.</p> <p>Platforms offer standard solutions for security, such as for authentication, secure data storage and secure network communications.</p> <p>If best practices exists for security measures that are not explicitly described in the platform's development guidelines, these best practices must be followed.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-341   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>App Permissions</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>Make the set of permissions that will be required by the mobile app as small as possible.</p> <p>For every permission, describe why it is needed.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-342   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

| Requirement        | Storage of security related data   |
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| <b>Description</b> | <p>Data that has specific security significance, such as passwords, keys and login tokens, must be stored using the platform's secure storage facilities for security related data.</p> <p>For example:</p> <p>For iOS, use the Keychain</p> <p>For Android, use the KeyStore*</p> <p>For Windows Phone, use the Data Protection API (DPAPI)</p> <p>*For Android devices, which do not feature KeyStore, it is recommended to implement an encrypted container which requires user-input to decrypt. Example: ask for a PIN, use the PIN as input to PBKDF2 and decrypt an AES-encrypted file which holds the credentials.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-343   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Secure communication downgrade prevention</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | The app must prevent that the TLS cipher suite will be downgraded and in this way provides insufficient transport layer protection. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-345  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>User authentication by the backend</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>If user specific data will be obtained from the backend server, the app passes the user credentials through to the backend server, all authentication requests must be performed server-side. Upon successful authentication, application data will be loaded onto the mobile device.</p> <p>This will ensure that application data will only be available after successful authentication.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-346   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |



|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>User authentication by the app</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>If user specific data is obtained from the backend server and/or stored within the app data, the user must be required to authenticate to the app.</p> <p>It is not sufficient to trust only on device authentication.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-347  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Session management</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Session management must be handled correctly, using appropriate secure protocols, after the initial authentication. For example, require authentication credentials or tokens to be passed with any subsequent request (especially those granting privileged access or modification of data).</li> <li>• Use unpredictable session identifiers.</li> <li>• Invalidate cookies on logout.</li> <li>• Session management should be controlled/managed at server-side. Implementations that rely on stateless sessions, e.g. using JSON Web Tokens (JWT), are not allowed for session management</li> </ul> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-348  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.2   |
| <b>Date</b>        | June 18, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Data input from other sources</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | Data input through alternative sources directly loaded in the app is forbidden. This should only take place via the explicitly specified backend server. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-349   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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|--------------------|---|
| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Preventing injection using a safe API</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | All APIs (in both consumer and producer role) must use a parameterized input methodology to avoid exploitation through an interpreter, e.g. SQL prepare statements or distinct key value pairs. Also, buffer boundaries must be checked explicitly when the environment is susceptible to buffer over- or underflow attacks. If possible, the API must avoid the use of an interpreter. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-306  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Preventing injection using a non-parameterized API</b>  |
| <b>Description</b> | If a parameterized API is not available, special characters must be carefully escaped using the specific escape syntax for that interpreter. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-307   |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0  |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017  |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software   |

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|--------------------|---|
| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Preventing Cross-Site Scripting by escaping all untrusted data</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | All untrusted data based on the HTML context (body, attribute, JavaScript, CSS, or URL) must be carefully escaped. This escaping must be included in applications unless the UI framework does this for them. |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-309  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | December 11, 2017   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

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|--------------------|---|
| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Sensitive data in URL or GET request</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | Personally identifiable information, tokens and passwords must not be visible in the URL or parameters of a GET request. Any accompanying credentials must be placed in the header or data fields |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-693  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.1   |
| <b>Date</b>        | June 18, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Requirement</b> | <b>Referer header</b>   |
| <b>Description</b> | When an application links to a third party application the leakage of sensitive information should be prevented. For relevant pages the web application must include the appropriate Referrer-Policy in the header.   |
| <b>Supplement</b>  | <p>In general applications should prevent the leakage of information. The referer header is one of the sources that could leak information.</p> <p>Example: A web application uses HTTPS and a URL-based session identifier. The web application might wish to link to HTTPS resources on other web sites without leaking the user's session identifier in the URL.</p> |
| <b>ID</b>          | KSP-RE-700  |
| <b>Version</b>     | 1.0   |
| <b>Date</b>        | June 18, 2018   |
| <b>Rationale</b>   | Web-based and other application software  |