

Шевченко Валерий, Варшавит 19

Лабораторная 7

1)  $X \sim N(\alpha, d)$ ;  $n=400$ ;  $\bar{X}_n=15$ ;  $d=16$ ;  $\gamma=0,95$

$$\hat{\theta}_n = \hat{\alpha}_n = \bar{X}_n, \quad \gamma=0,95 \Rightarrow t_\gamma = 1,96, \quad I(\hat{\theta}_n) = I(\hat{\alpha}_n) = \frac{1}{d} = \frac{1}{16}$$
$$I = \left( \hat{\theta}_n - \frac{t_\gamma}{\sqrt{n \cdot I(\hat{\theta}_n)}}, \hat{\theta}_n + \frac{t_\gamma}{\sqrt{n \cdot I(\hat{\theta}_n)}} \right)$$

$$I = \left( 15 - \frac{1,96}{\sqrt{400 \cdot \frac{1}{16}}}, 15 + \frac{1,96}{\sqrt{400 \cdot \frac{1}{16}}} \right) = (14,608; 15,392)$$

2)  $H_0: \alpha = \alpha_0 = 17 = \theta$

$H_1: \alpha > \alpha_0$

$\alpha = 0,1 \Rightarrow \gamma = 1 - \alpha = 0,9 \Rightarrow t_\gamma = 1,29$

$$I(\theta_0) = I(\alpha_0) = \frac{1}{d} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$Z_n = \sqrt{n \cdot I(\theta_0)} (\hat{\theta}_0 - \theta) = \sqrt{400 \cdot \frac{1}{16}} (15 - 17) = -39,997$$

$$\Psi_{n,\alpha}(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \begin{cases} H_1, & \text{при } z_n \geq t_\gamma \\ H_0, & \text{при } z_n < t_\gamma \end{cases}$$

$-39,997 < 1,29 \Rightarrow \Psi_{n,\alpha}(x_1, \dots, x_n) = H_0$