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1 Common information

Goal	Required skills	Result
Fully design and develop the	Relational DB	Schemas, scripts, report, other
database component for an App	SQL	files
	Data Processing	
	Data Visualization	

2 Course Work Statement

- 0. Choose area for development.
- 1. Design and develop relational database to support functionality of an Application.
- 2. Design and develop analytical component for an Application.
- 3. Prepare queries based on OLTP and OLAP DBs to get insights.
- 4. Document your solution.
- 5. Submit your solution.

3 Course Work Overview

#	Step	Required result	Mandatory details
0	Choose area for development		
	Put chosen topic to	Record in xlsx file	One topic per one person
	Course Work Topics HR 20		
	<u>25.xlsx</u>		
1	Design and develop all needed	d DB objects to support fun	ctionality of your Application
1.1	Develop OLTP solution	Logical schema – picture	3NF
		Tables – SQL script(s)	At least 8 tables
1.2	Prepare data to load to your	Several *.csv files with	No surrogate keys must be present
	OLTP database	one tab (2-5 files) or	
		one *.csv file with	
		several tabs (2-5 tabs	
		per file)	
1.3	Prepare script to load data	Script – SQL is preferred	Script should be rerunnable
	from CSV to your OLTP		Previously added records should not be
	database		overwritten or modified if there are no
			changes in data

2	Design and develop data analy	tical components for your	Application
2.1	Develop OLAP solution	Logical schema – picture Tables – SQL script(s)	Multidimensional DWH (snowflake) At least 2 Facts At least 1 SCD Type 2 At least 1 Bridge table OLAP schema must not duplicate OLTP structure – it should contain some aggregations OLAP DB should be stored separately from OLTP DB
2.2	Develop ETL process to move data from OLTP database to OLAP database	Script – SQL is preferred	Previously added records should not be overwritten or modified if there are no changes in data
2.3	Create visual report based on your OLAP solution	Power BI report	At least one title At least 2 slicers At least 3 visual components used to represent data
3	Prepare queries based on OLT	P and OLAP DBs to get insig	ghts
3.1	Write queries based on OLTP	Script	At least 3 queries
3.2	Write queries based on OLAP		At least 3 queries
4	Document your solution		
	Write down details of implementation	Prepare *.doc file	■ OLTP database context – what do we store in there ■ OLAP database context – what analytical questions we want to answer to ■ Overall description of schemas/tables/keys/constraints/relations hips ■ Instructions which scripts to run and how to run them – especially for datasets loading and ETL process ■ Power BI report – what does this visual(s) presenting
5	Submit your solution Submit all files to	Post link to Moodle	■ Schemas: OITD OI AD
	GitHub/GitLab and post link to your repository in Moodle	Post liffk to Moodie	 Schemas: OLTP, OLAP OLTP, OLAP scripts *.csv file(s) with initial data Script to load data from *.csv to OLTP DB ETL script to load data from OLTP to OLAP SQL queries for OLTP and OLAP Power BI report *.doc file with description

4 Course Work Specification

#	Step	Result	Description
1.1	Develop OLTP	Schema	<u>ToDo:</u>
	solution – design	Scripts	Design schema
	3NF relational DB		Create tables
	for full user action		Mandatory details:
	flow (8 tables)		3NF
	now (o tables)		At least 8 tables
			Example:
			 Product search requires categories, subcategories, models,
			products, brands, manufacturers.
			 Product view requires product details, product properties,
			availability status.
			 With basket user can add and remove items, change items
			quantity, see items prices and cost, availability status, overall order
			cost.
			 Order details display what is being ordered, by whom, where to
			deliver or pick up, when order is placed and processed, way of
			payment, order status.
			 User Account contains user data, login, password, orders, list of
			liked products.
			 Admin Actions allow to add new category, product, brand, etc.,
			view and update orders, view and update availability of products.
1.2	Prepare data to	File(s)	<u>ToDo:</u>
	load to your OLTP		Generate data
	database		Save it to *.csv file(s)
			Mandatory details:
			No surrogate keys must be present
			Notes:
			Check the quality, consistency, and format of the data in the CSV file,
			and make sure that it matches the structure and requirements of the
			database.
			Points to consider:
			remove any unnecessary or invalid characters, spaces, or quotes;
			ensure that the data types, delimiters, and encodings are
			compatible with the database;
			 backup the CSV file in case something goes wrong during the
			import.
1.3	Prepare script to	Script	<u>ToDo:</u>
	load data from CSV		Prepare script – SQL is preferred
	to your OLTP		Mandatory details:
	database – check		Script should be rerunnable
	which data were		Previously added records should not be overwritten or modified if
	already uploaded		there are no changes in data
	and add only new		
	ones		
2.1		Cale	To Do.
2.1		Schema	<u>ToDo:</u>

	Develop OLAP	Scripts	Design schema
	solution – design		Create tables
	snowflake DWH (2		Mandatory details:
	Facts, 1 SCD Type		Multidimensional DWH (snowflake)
	2, 1 Bridge Table)		At least 2 Facts
			At least 1 SCD Type 2
			At least 1 Bridge Table
			OLAP schema must not duplicate OLTP structure – it should contain
			some aggregations
			OLAP DB should be stored separately from OLTP DB
			Example:
			Some dimensions could be Customers, Products, and Time.
			■ Dim_Customer may have Customer_ID, Name, Email, Address.
			Dim_Product may have ProductID, Name, Category, Price.Dim_Time may have Date, Month, Quarter, Year.
			For Type 2 SCD more attributes can be added such as StartDate,
			EndDate and IsCurrent.
			22.2.2.2.2
			Fact_Sales could include:
			Quantity_sold (a measure)
			■ Total_sales (a measure)
			ProductID (a foreign key related to the Dim_Product)
			CustomerID (a foreign key related to the Dim_Customer)
			Date (a foreign key related to the Dim_Time)
2.2	Develop ETL	Script	<u>ToDo:</u>
	process to move		Prepare script – SQL is preferred
	data from OLTP		Mandatory details:
	database to OLAP		Previously added records should not be overwritten or modified if
	database – check which OLTP data		there are no changes in data
	were already		Notes:
	uploaded and add		1. Identify reference OLTP data: write a query/few queries that defines the set of permissible values your DWH may contain. For
	only new ones,		example, in a country data field, specify the list of country codes
	made		allowed.
	transformations if		Extract data from the source: convert it into a single format for
	needed, save data		standardized processing.
	to DWH		3. Validate data: keep data that have values in the expected ranges
			and reject any that do not. For example, if you only want dates from
			the last year, reject any values older than 12 months.
			4. Transform data: remove duplicate data (cleaning), apply business
			rules, check data integrity (ensure that data has not been corrupted
			or lost), and create aggregates as necessary. For example, if you want
			to analyze revenue, you can summarize the dollar amount of
			invoices into a daily or monthly total. You may need to program
			numerous functions to transform the data automatically.
			5. Stage data (optional): sometimes it is better not to load
			transformed data directly into the target data warehouse. Instead,
			data first enters a staging database which makes it easier to roll back
			if something goes wrong.

			6. Publish data to your data warehouse: load data to the target
			tables.
2.3	Create visual	PBI	<u>ToDo:</u>
	report based on	Report	Connect Power BI to your DWH
	your OLAP solution		Download data
	– create		Prepare your data with a few transformations
	meaningful Power		Create Power BI report
	BI report		<u>Mandatory details:</u>
	answering		At least one title
	analytical		At least 2 slicers
	questions		At least 3 visual components used to represent data
	regarding your		Example:
	topic		Data transformation:
			change data types: decimal to whole number
			change data view: from lowercase to uppercase
			filter data
			Visual components:
			 create a line chart to see which month and year had the highest
			profit
			 create a map to see which country/region had the highest profits
			 create a bar chart to determine which companies and segments
			to invest in
			 create two different slicers to narrow in on performance for each
			month and year
3	Prepare queries	Script	<u>ToDo:</u>
	based on OLTP and		Prepare script with queries
	OLAP DBs to get		Mandatory details:
	insights		At least 3 queries for OLTP and 3 for OLAP
			Example:
			Ask a question about your data – for example for Bike Rental App –
			how many and which bikes are rented by weeks/month in years.
			Answer it by using OLTP tables and then OLAP tables.