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Note: These are C programs solving Questions 1 to 15 from the uploaded assignment. Run each program separately. Comments explain usage.

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Q1. Biggest number from four integers a, b, c & d.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int a,b,c,d;
  printf("Enter four integers: ");
  if (scanf("%d %d %d %d",&a,&b,&c,&d)!=4) return 0;
  int max = a;
  if (b>max) max=b:
  if (c>max) max=c;
  if (d>max) max=d;
  printf("Biggest = %d\n", max);
  return 0;
Q2. Smallest number from four integers a, b, c & d.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int a,b,c,d;
  printf("Enter four integers: ");
  if (scanf("%d %d %d %d",&a,&b,&c,&d)!=4) return 0;
  int min = a;
  if (b<min) min=b;
  if (c<min) min=c;
  if (d<min) min=d;
  printf("Smallest = %d\n", min);
  return 0;
}
Q3. Marks of 3 subjects (max 100 each). Display marks, percentage and grade.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int m1,m2,m3;
  printf("Enter marks of 3 subjects (0-100): ");
  if (scanf("%d %d %d",&m1,&m2,&m3)!=3) return 0;
  int total = m1+m2+m3;
  float percentage = total / 3.0;
  char grade;
  char gradeStr[4]:
  if (percentage >= 80) { strcpy(gradeStr,"O"); }
  else if (percentage >= 70) { strcpy(gradeStr,"A+"); }
  else if (percentage >= 60) { strcpy(gradeStr,"A"); }
  else if (percentage >= 50) { strcpy(gradeStr, "B");
  else if (percentage >= 40) { strcpy(gradeStr, "C"); }
  else { strcpy(gradeStr, "F"); }
  printf("Marks Obtained/Max Marks: %d/300\n", total);
  printf("Percentage: %.2f\n", percentage);
  printf("Grade: %s\n", gradeStr);
```

```
return 0;
}
Q4. Sum and average of n random integers given by keyboard.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n;
  printf("Enter n: ");
  if (scanf("%d",&n)!=1 || n<=0) { printf("Invalid n\n"); return 0; }
   int sum=0;
   for (int i=0;i< n;i++) {
     int x; printf("Enter integer %d: ", i+1);
     scanf("%d",&x);
     sum += x;
  double avg = sum / (double)n;
  printf("Sum = %d\nAverage = %.2f\n", sum, avg);
   return 0;
}
Q5. Factorial of a given integer n.
 `C
#include <stdio.h>
unsigned long long fact(int n) {
  unsigned long long f=1;
  for (int i=2; i <= n; i++) f *= i;
  return f;
int main() {
  int n;
  printf("Enter n: ");
   if (scanf("%d",&n)!=1 || n<0) { printf("Invalid n\n"); return 0; }
   printf("%d! = %llu\n", \hat{n}, fact(\hat{n});
  return 0:
}
Q6. Sum = 1! + 3! + 5! + ... + n! (assuming n is odd; if even, includes up to n-1)
#include <stdio.h>
unsigned long long fact(int n){ unsigned long long f=1; for(int i=2;i<=n;i++) f*=i; return f; }
int main(){
  int n; printf("Enter n (max term): "); if(scanf("%d",&n)!=1) return 0;
  unsigned long long sum=0;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i+=2) sum += fact(i);
   printf("Sum = %llu\n", sum);
  return 0;
}
Q7. Sum = 2! + 4! + 6! + ... + n! (assuming n is even; else up to n-1)
#include <stdio.h>
unsigned long long fact(int n){ unsigned long long f=1; for(int i=2;i<=n;i++) f*=i; return f; }
int main(){
```

```
int n; printf("Enter n (max term): "); if(scanf("%d",&n)!=1) return 0;
   unsigned long long sum=0;
  for(int i=2;i<=n;i+=2) sum += fact(i);
  printf("Sum = %llu\n", sum);
  return 0;
}
Q8. Sum = x + x^2/2! + x^3/3! + ... + x^n/n!
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
unsigned long long fact(int n){ unsigned long long f=1; for(int i=2;i<=n;i++) f*=i; return f; }
int main(){
   int n; double x;
   printf("Enter x and n: ");
  if(scanf("%lf %d",&x,&n)!=2) return 0;
  double sum = 0.0;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
     sum += pow(x,i) / (double)fact(i);
  printf("Sum = \%.6f\n", sum);
  return 0;
}
Q9. Sum = x + x^3/3! + x^5/5! + ... + x^n/n! (odd powers)
  C
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
unsigned long long fact(int n){ unsigned long long f=1; for(int i=2;i<=n;i++) f*=i; return f; }
int main(){
   int n; double x;
   printf("Enter x and max n (odd max): ");
   if(scanf("%lf %d",&x,&n)!=2) return 0;
   double sum=0.0:
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i+=2) sum += pow(x,i) / (double)fact(i);
  printf("Sum = \%.6f\n", sum);
  return 0;
}
Q10. Display 10x10 multiplication table (1..10).
 `C
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  for(int i=1;i<=10;i++){
     for(int i=1; i<=10; j++){
        printf("%4d", i*j);
     printf("\n");
  return 0;
Q11. Pattern:
```

```
5 4
5 4 3
5432
54321
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  for(int i=1; i<=5; i++){
     for(int j=0; j< i; j++){
        printf("%d\t", 5-j);
     printf("\n");
  return 0;
Q12. Pattern:
5
45
3 4 5
2345
12345
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  for(int i=5;i>=1;i--){
     for(int j=i;j<=5;j++){
        printf("%d\t", j);
     printf("\n");
  return 0;
Q13. Right-aligned triangular pattern ending with 1 2 3 4 5 (as given). ```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n=5;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
     for(int s=0;s<(n-i)*4; s++) putchar(' ');
     int val = n;
     for(int j=1; j<=i; j++){
        printf("%d\t", val--);
     printf("\n");
  return 0;
Q14. Mirror of Q13 where rows start from decreasing start to 1..5 ```c
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n=5;
```

```
for(int i=n;i>=1;i--){
for(int s=0;s< (i-1)*4; s++) putchar(' ');
      for(int j=i;j <=n;j++){
          printf("%d\t", j);
      printf("\n");
   return 0;
Q15. Pyramid mirrored numbers:
                             5
5
5
5
5
5
                                   4
                      4
                                          3
3
3
                3 3
       2
                                                2
                                                     1
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
   int n=5;
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
      for(int s=0;s<(n-i)*4;s++) putchar(' ');
for(int j=0;j<i;j++) printf("%d\t", n-j);
      for(int j=2;j < = i;j++) printf("%d\t", n-(i-j));
      printf("\n");
   return 0;
```

End of Q1-Q15 solutions.