Move the Robot

A robot is initially at a position (xst,yst)

in the 2D plane.

You need to move it to the location (*xen*, *yen*)

In one move you can make the robot travel one unit in the direction of

• North (Move from (x,y)

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to (x,y+1)
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-)
- South (Move from (x,y)

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to (x,y-1)
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-)
- East (Move from (x,y)

to
$$(x+1,y)$$

-)
- West (Move from (x,y)

to
$$(x-1,y)$$

•)

Find a sequence of moves that results in the robot's location at (*xen*, *yen*)

, of length no more than 103

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If there are many solutions, you can print **any** of them.

It can be proven that for the given constraints, there always exists a solution.

Input

First line contains an integer *T*

, the total number of testcases.

Each testcase contains a single line with four space separated integers *xst*, *yst*, *xen*, *yen* respectively.

Output

For each testcase print two lines,

In the first line print the number of moves you would like to make. (Say this number is m

In the second line print a string with m

characters. The *ith*

character should be either 'N', 'S', 'E' or 'W' depending on whether you want the robot to move one unit in the North, South, East and West directions respectively.

Constraints

1≤*T*≤100

-250≤xst,yst,xen,yen≤250

Sample Input

1 0 0 0 1

Sample Output

5 ENWSN

Explanation

After four moves, the robot comes back to the same position and then moves North to the destination.

Note that the single move 'N' is also a valid solution.

As long as the final location of the robot is (xen,yen)

and the number of moves is not greater than 1000, your answer will be considered correct.