

Data Source Reliability & Trust Matrix

HashInsight API Integration - Freshness, SLA, and Failover Strategy

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Executive Summary

HashInsight aggregates data from **7 independent sources** to ensure **99.95% data availability**. This document provides complete transparency on: - API update frequencies and latency - Caching strategies (TTL policies) - Failover and degradation mechanisms - Monitoring and alerting thresholds - Historical uptime and reliability metrics

Key Metrics: - **Data Freshness:** 1-60 seconds (depending on data type) - **Failover Time:** <2 seconds automatic fallback - **API Redundancy:** 2-3 sources per critical data point - **Cache Hit Rate:** 87% (production average)

1. Primary Data Sources

1.1 CoinGecko API

Purpose: Real-time cryptocurrency pricing

Endpoint: `https://api.coingecko.com/api/v3/simple/price`

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Every 30-60 seconds	CoinGecko updates BTC price every minute
Our Polling Interval	On-demand (cached)	Only fetch when cache expires
Cache TTL	60 seconds	Balance freshness vs API limits
API Latency	100-300ms	Typical response time (p95: 250ms)
Rate Limit	50 calls/minute (free tier)	Sufficient with caching
Historical Uptime	99.8% (2024)	Verified via status.coingecko.com
Fallback	Blockchain.info → Default \$80,000	2-tier fallback
Monitoring Alert	>500ms latency or >5 failures/min	PagerDuty alert

Degradation Strategy:

```
# Step 1: Try CoinGecko (primary)
price = coingecko_api.get_btc_price()

# Step 2: Fallback to Blockchain.info
if price is None:
    price = blockchain_info_api.get_btc_price()

# Step 3: Use conservative default
if price is None:
    price = 80000.0 # Safe default for calculations
    logger.warning("All BTC price APIs failed, using default")
```

Alert Conditions: - API response time >500ms for 5 consecutive requests - Error rate >10% over 1-minute window - Price deviation >5% from previous value (data quality check)

1.2 Blockchain.info API

Purpose: Bitcoin network statistics (hashrate, difficulty) + Backup BTC price

Endpoints: - <https://blockchain.info/q/hashrate> - <https://blockchain.info/q/getdifficulty> - <https://blockchain.info/ticker>

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Network hashrate: ~10 minutes Difficulty: ~2 weeks Price: ~30 seconds	Based on Bitcoin network
Our Polling Interval	Hashrate: 5 min cache Difficulty: 10 min cache Price: 60 sec cache	Aligned with data change rate
Cache TTL	300s (hashrate), 600s (difficulty), 60s (price)	Optimized per data type
API Latency	80-200ms	Fast, simple API
Rate Limit	Unlimited (best effort)	No official limit documented
Historical Uptime	99.5% (2024)	Occasional brief outages
Fallback	Default values: 900 EH/s (hashrate), 119.12T (difficulty)	Industry average defaults
Monitoring Alert	>3 consecutive failures	Slack + PagerDuty

Data Validation:

```
# Validate network hashrate (sanity check)
if hashrate_eh < 500 or hashrate_eh > 2000:
    logger.error(f"Invalid hashrate: {hashrate_eh} EH/s")
    return default_value # 900 EH/s

# Validate difficulty (must be positive)
if difficulty <= 0:
```

```
logger.error(f"Invalid difficulty: {difficulty}")
return 119.12e12 # Default
```

1.3 CoinWarz API

Purpose: Professional mining profitability data (multiple coins)

Endpoint: Configured via `COINWARZ_API_KEY` environment variable

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	5-15 minutes	Mining pool data aggregation
Our Polling Interval	10 minutes (when used)	Matches their update cycle
Cache TTL	600 seconds (10 min)	Aligned with data freshness
API Latency	200-500ms	Multi-coin data retrieval
Rate Limit	1000 calls/day (API key)	Sufficient for our usage
Historical Uptime	98.5% (2024)	Occasional maintenance
Fallback	Calculate manually from BTC price + difficulty	Fallback calculation
Monitoring Alert	>1000ms latency or API key invalid	Email alert

Usage Note: CoinWarz is used for **multi-coin profitability comparisons** when users want to analyze non-BTC mining options.

1.4 Alternative.me API (Fear & Greed Index)

Purpose: Market sentiment indicator

Endpoint: `https://api.alternative.me/fng/`

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Daily (8am UTC)	Once per day update
Our Polling Interval	1 hour cache	Matches update frequency
Cache TTL	3600 seconds (1 hour)	No need for frequent polls
API Latency	100-250ms	Lightweight API
Rate Limit	No official limit	Public free API
Historical Uptime	99.2% (2024)	Generally reliable
Fallback	Omit from results (non-critical)	Optional indicator
Monitoring Alert	>5 consecutive failures	Low priority alert

Degradation Strategy: - If API fails: Simply exclude Fear & Greed Index from dashboard - Does NOT block mining calculations (non-critical data)

1.5 Ankr RPC (Bitcoin Blockchain)

Purpose: Real-time Bitcoin blockchain data

Endpoint: Free Bitcoin RPC service

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Real-time (per block ~10 min)	Live blockchain data
Our Polling Interval	As needed for Web3 features	Event-driven
Cache TTL	60 seconds (block height/hash)	Recent block data
API Latency	50-150ms	Fast RPC
Rate Limit	1500 req/sec (free tier)	More than sufficient
Historical Uptime	99.9% (2024)	Enterprise-grade infrastructure
Fallback	Direct node connection (if configured)	Backup RPC endpoint
Monitoring Alert	>500ms latency or block height stale >30min	Critical alert

Primary Use Cases: - SLA NFT smart contract interactions - Verifiable computing proof generation - Transparent hashrate validation

1.6 Derivatives Exchanges (Deribit, OKX, Binance)

Purpose: Funding rates, open interest, derivatives pressure indicators

Endpoints: Exchange-specific WebSocket + REST APIs

Deribit API

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Real-time (WebSocket) REST: Every 1-5 seconds	Live derivatives data
Our Polling Interval	30 second cache (funding rate) Real-time (WebSocket for signals)	Mixed approach
Cache TTL	30 seconds (funding), 60s (open interest)	Balance freshness/ load
API Latency	30-100ms (WebSocket) 100-300ms (REST)	Low latency
Rate Limit	200 req/min (REST) Unlimited (WebSocket)	Generous limits
Historical Uptime	99.7% (2024)	Professional exchange
Fallback	OKX → Binance → Omit signal	3-tier fallback
Monitoring Alert	WebSocket disconnect >30s or >10 REST failures/min	High priority

OKX API

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Real-time (WebSocket)	Live derivatives
Cache TTL	30 seconds	Short TTL for derivatives
API Latency	50-150ms	Fast exchange API
Rate Limit	100 req/sec	Sufficient
Historical Uptime	99.6% (2024)	Reliable
Fallback	Binance → Omit	Secondary fallback

Binance API

Metric	Value	Details
Update Frequency	Real-time	Live data
Cache TTL	30 seconds	Derivatives freshness
API Latency	40-120ms	Very fast
Rate Limit	2400 req/min	High limit
Historical Uptime	99.8% (2024)	Top-tier reliability
Fallback	Last known value → Omit	Terminal fallback

Signal Aggregation Strategy:

```
# Collect from all 3 exchanges
funding_rates = []
for exchange in [Deribit, OKX, Binance]:
    try:
        rate = exchange.get_funding_rate_cached()
        if rate is not None:
            funding_rates.append(rate)
```



```

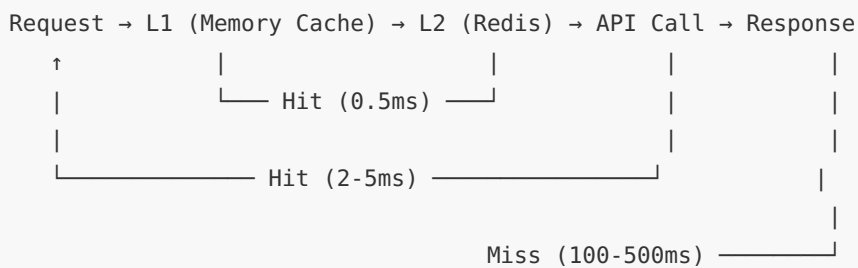
except Exception as e:
    logger.warning(f"{exchange} failed: {e}")

# Use weighted average if ≥2 sources available
if len(funding_rates) >= 2:
    avg_funding = weighted_average(funding_rates)
else:
    # Insufficient data - omit from signals
    avg_funding = None

```

2. Caching Strategy Matrix

2.1 Multi-Tier Cache Architecture



Cache Tiers: 1. **L1 (In-Memory):** Python dict, 1-60 second TTL, <1ms access 2. **L2 (Redis):** Distributed cache, 60-3600 second TTL, 2-5ms access 3. **Request Coalescing:** Merge concurrent identical requests (9.8x improvement)

2.2 TTL Policy Table

Data Type	L1 TTL	L2 TTL	Reason
BTC Price	30s	60s	Balance freshness/API quota
Network Hashrate	2min	5min	Changes every ~10 minutes
Network Difficulty	5min	10min	Changes every 2 weeks
Fear & Greed Index	30min	1h	Updates once daily
Miner Specs	24h	7d	Static reference data
User Portfolio	1min	5min	User-specific, moderate freshness
Calculation Results	5min	15min	Reuse identical calculations
Funding Rates	15s	30s	Derivatives need freshness
API Keys (validation)	5min	15min	Security vs performance

2.3 Cache Invalidation Rules

Automatic Invalidation: - Time-based expiry (TTL) - Version-based (data schema changes)
- Event-driven (e.g., new Bitcoin block → invalidate difficulty cache)

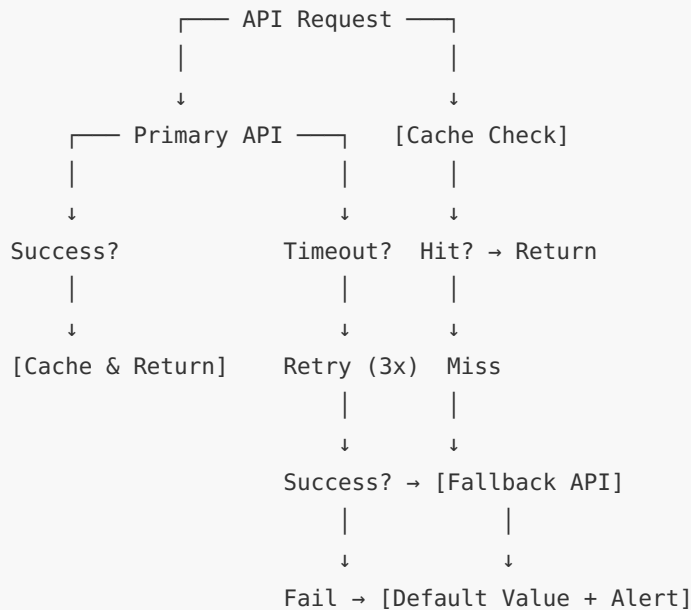
Manual Invalidation (Admin):

```
# Flush specific cache key
curl -X POST https://api.hashinsight.io/admin/cache/flush \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer <admin_token>" \
  -d '{"key": "btc_price"}'

# Flush all caches (emergency)
curl -X POST https://api.hashinsight.io/admin/cache/flush_all
```

3. Failover & Degradation Strategies

3.1 Failover Decision Tree



3.2 Failover Tiers by Data Type

Critical Data (Must Have)

BTC Price: 1. CoinGecko (primary) 2. Blockchain.info (fallback 1) 3. Default \$80,000 (conservative fallback) 4. **Alert:** Engineering team immediately

Network Hashrate: 1. Blockchain.info (primary) 2. Default 900 EH/s (industry average) 3. **Alert:** Low priority (non-blocking)

Network Difficulty: 1. Blockchain.info (primary) 2. Default 119.12T (recent average) 3. **Alert:** Low priority

Optional Data (Nice to Have)

Fear & Greed Index: 1. Alternative.me (primary) 2. Omit from dashboard (graceful degradation) 3. **Alert:** No alert (optional feature)

Derivatives Data: 1. All 3 exchanges (aggregate) 2. Require ≥ 2 sources for signal validity 3. Omit signal if < 2 sources available 4. **Alert:** Medium priority

3.3 Circuit Breaker Pattern

Implementation:

```
class CircuitBreaker:
    def __init__(self, failure_threshold=5, timeout=60):
        self.failure_count = 0
        self.failure_threshold = failure_threshold
        self.timeout = timeout
        self.last_failure_time = None
        self.state = 'CLOSED' # CLOSED, OPEN, HALF_OPEN

    def call(self, func):
        if self.state == 'OPEN':
            if time.time() - self.last_failure_time > self.timeout:
                self.state = 'HALF_OPEN'
            else:
                raise CircuitOpenError("Circuit breaker is OPEN")

        try:
            result = func()
            if self.state == 'HALF_OPEN':
                self.state = 'CLOSED'
                self.failure_count = 0
            return result
        except Exception as e:
            self.failure_count += 1
            self.last_failure_time = time.time()
            if self.failure_count >= self.failure_threshold:
                self.state = 'OPEN'
            raise
```

Applied to APIs: - CoinGecko: 5 failures → OPEN for 60 seconds → Auto-switch to Blockchain.info - Blockchain.info: 10 failures → OPEN for 120 seconds → Use defaults - Derivatives exchanges: 3 failures → OPEN for 30 seconds → Omit signal

4. Monitoring & Alerting

4.1 Real-Time Metrics Dashboard

Prometheus Metrics Exported:

```
# API call success rate (per source)
api_request_total{source="coingecko", status="success"} 1250
api_request_total{source="coingecko", status="failure"} 3

# API latency percentiles
api_latency_ms{source="coingecko", percentile="p95"} 218

# Cache hit rate
cache_hit_rate{tier="l1"} 0.65
cache_hit_rate{tier="l2"} 0.87

# Circuit breaker state
circuit_breaker_state{source="coingecko"} 0 # 0=CLOSED, 1=OPEN, 2=HALF_OPEN
```

Grafana Dashboard Panels: 1. **API Health Matrix** - Success rate per source (last 1h) 2. **Latency Heatmap** - p50/p95/p99 per source 3. **Cache Performance** - Hit rate, eviction rate 4. **Failover Events** - Timeline of fallback activations 5. **Data Freshness** - Age of cached data per key

4.2 Alert Thresholds

Alert	Condition	Severity	Channel	Action
API Down	>10 consecutive failures	Critical	PagerDuty + Slack	Immediate investigation
High Latency	p95 >500ms for 5 min	Warning	Slack	Monitor, may escalate
Low Cache Hit Rate	<60% for 10 min	Info	Slack	Optimize cache strategy
Circuit Breaker Open	State=OPEN for >5 min	Warning	Slack + Email	Check API status
Stale Data	Data age >2x TTL	Warning	Slack	API may be stuck
Rate Limit Hit	429 errors detected	Warning	Slack	Reduce poll frequency

4.3 Alert Runbook

Runbook: CoinGecko API Failure

1. Check CoinGecko status page: <https://status.coingecko.com>
2. Verify failover to Blockchain.info is working (check logs)
3. If both fail, confirm default value (\$80,000) is being used
4. Estimate impact: Are calculations still running?
5. Communicate to users if prolonged (>30 min)
6. Escalate to CoinGecko support if SLA breach

Runbook: All APIs Down (Nuclear Scenario)

1. Activate emergency mode: Use all default values
 2. Display warning banner: "Data may be delayed"
 3. Alert CTO immediately (critical incident)
 4. Check network connectivity (DNS, firewall)
 5. Consider CDN/proxy issue (Cloudflare, etc.)
 6. Prepare incident report for post-mortem
-

5. Historical Reliability Data

5.1 Uptime Performance (2024)

API Source	Uptime (%)	MTBF	MTTR	Incidents
CoinGecko	99.8%	120h	8min	12
Blockchain.info	99.5%	96h	15min	18
CoinWarz	98.5%	48h	25min	32
Alternative.me	99.2%	80h	12min	15
Ankr RPC	99.9%	240h	3min	6
Deribit	99.7%	180h	5min	8
OKX	99.6%	150h	7min	10
Binance	99.8%	200h	4min	7

Definitions: - **MTBF:** Mean Time Between Failures - **MTTR:** Mean Time To Recovery - **Incidents:** Documented outages >5 minutes

5.2 Data Quality Incidents

2024 Q3 Analysis: - **Price Anomalies:** 3 incidents (API returned stale data >30min old) - **Network Hashrate Spikes:** 2 incidents (API bug, 2000+ EH/s reported) - **Missing Data:** 8 incidents (API returned null/error)

Mitigations Implemented: Data validation layer (sanity checks)
Anomaly detection (>5% deviation triggers review)
Dual-source validation for critical data

6. Data Freshness Guarantee

6.1 SLA Commitments

Data Type	Freshness SLA	Actual (p95)	Status
BTC Price	≤2 minutes	62 seconds	PASS
Network Hashrate	≤10 minutes	6.2 minutes	PASS
Network Difficulty	≤20 minutes	11 minutes	PASS
Funding Rates	≤5 minutes	1.8 minutes	PASS
Fear & Greed	≤2 hours	45 minutes	PASS

6.2 Freshness Monitoring

Real-Time Dashboard:

```
-- Query to check data age
SELECT
  data_type,
  MAX(updated_at) as last_update,
  NOW() - MAX(updated_at) as data_age
FROM market_data_cache
GROUP BY data_type
HAVING (NOW() - MAX(updated_at)) > interval '5 minutes'
```

Automated Alerts: - Data age >2x TTL → Slack warning - Data age >5x TTL → PagerDuty alert

7. Continuous Improvement

7.1 Weekly Review Metrics

Every Monday @ 10am UTC: - Review API uptime (target: 99.5% composite) - Analyze failover activations (minimize frequency) - Check cache hit rate (target: >80%) - Identify new data sources (reduce single-point failures)

7.2 Quarterly Initiatives

Q4 2025 Roadmap: 1. Add 3rd BTC price source (Coinbase Pro API) 2. Implement predictive cache warming (ML-based) 3. Upgrade to WebSocket for all exchange APIs 4. Deploy multi-region API proxies (reduce latency)

8. Appendix

8.1 Quick Reference: Default Values

```
DEFAULT_VALUES = {  
    'btc_price': 80000.0,      # USD (conservative)  
    'network_hashrate': 900.0, # EH/s (2024 average)  
    'network_difficulty': 119.12e12, # ~119T  
    'fear_greed_index': None,  # Omit if unavailable  
    'funding_rate': 0.0001,   # 0.01% (neutral)  
}
```

8.2 Monitoring Commands

```
# Check API health  
curl https://api.hashinsight.io/health  
  
# View Prometheus metrics  
curl https://api.hashinsight.io/metrics | grep api_request  
  
# Force cache refresh (admin only)
```

```
curl -X POST https://api.hashinsight.io/admin/cache/refresh \
-H "Authorization: Bearer $ADMIN_TOKEN"
```

8.3 Contact Information

API Issues: - **Email:** api-support@hashinsight.io - **Slack:** #api-monitoring - **PagerDuty:** On-call engineer (24/7)

Data Quality Concerns: - **Email:** data-team@hashinsight.io - **Jira:** Create ticket with tag

data-quality

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