

Q.6

show that Alice and Bob outputs the same key.

Alice outputs K & Bob outputs $w \oplus t$.

Here, we need to show that $K = w \oplus t$.

$$\begin{aligned} & w \oplus t \\ &= u \oplus r \oplus t \\ &= s \oplus t \oplus r \oplus t \\ &= s \oplus r \quad [\because t \oplus t = 0] \\ &= K \oplus r \oplus r \\ &= K \quad [\because r \oplus r = 0] \end{aligned}$$

So, it is proved that $K = w \oplus t$.

Bob & Alice both outputs the same key.

②. Here, s, u & w are public. Because, they are sent over a public communication channel.

From Slide 343, we can say that everything is known to adversary except the messages generated randomly & uniformly.

In our case, k, r, t are generated uniformly.

So, s, u & w are public messages.

(3), It is possible to reconstruct the key using public messages. $[s, u, w]$

$$u \oplus w \oplus s$$

$$= s \oplus t \oplus w \oplus s$$

$$= t \oplus w \quad [\because s \oplus s = 0]$$

We know from part (1) that $w \oplus t$ is a key. And is generated using public messages u, w, s .