EXPERIMENT-4

Title: 4. Use of Inbuilt functions and relational algebra operation

Objective: To understand the use of inbuilt function and relational algebra with sql query.

1. Create the following two tables (EMP and DEPT)

EMP TABLE

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB N	1GR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	500	800	20
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09-DEC-82	3000		20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

DEPT TABLE

DEPTNO	DNAME	LOC
10	ACCOUNTING	NEW YORK
20	RESEARCH	DALLAS
30	SALES	CHICAGO
40	OPERATIONS	BOSTON

Write the Nested Queries for the following queries.

- 1. List the details of the emps whose Salaries more than the employee BLAKE.
- 2. List the emps whose Jobs are same as ALLEN.
- 3. List the Emps whose Sal is same as FORD or SMITH in desc order of Names.
- 4. List the emps Whose Jobs are same as MILLER or Sal is more than ALLEN.
- 5. Find the highest paid employee of sales department.
- 6. List the employees who are senior to most recently hired employee working under king.

```
select hiredate
from emp
where hiredate < ( select max(hiredate)
from emp
where mgr= (select e.empno
from emp e
where e.ename='KING'));
```

- 7. List the names of the emps who are getting the highest sal dept wise.
- 8. List the emps whose sal is equal to the average of max and minimum
- 9. List the emps who joined in the company on the same date.
- 10. Find out the emps who joined in the company before their Managers.