



FACULTY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

DEGREE PROGRAMME IN ELECTRONICS (MASTER'S)

Course Name: Radio Engineering 1

Homework #3

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Answer-1:-

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Given,

Coupling Power = 20 dB

Impedance, $Z_0 = 75 \Omega$.

Frequency, $f_0 = 10 \text{ GHz}$.

Dielectric constant, $\epsilon_r = 2.2$

Ground plane spacing, $b = 0.32 \text{ cm} = 3.2 \text{ mm}$.

Voltage coupling co-efficient, $C_v = 10^{-20/20} = 0.1$ | $C_{dB} = 20 \text{ dB}$.

Now, for single section coupled line coupler, the

impedance must satisfy:-

$$C_v = \frac{Z_e - Z_0}{Z_e + Z_0} \quad \& \quad Z_0 = \sqrt{Z_e Z_o}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{oe} &= 75 \times \sqrt{\frac{1+C}{1-C}} \\ &= 82.9 \Omega \\ Z_{oo} &= 75 \times \sqrt{\frac{1-C}{1+C}} \\ &= 67.8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

for Stripline, effective permittivity is approximately $= \epsilon_r$.

$$\sqrt{\epsilon_r} Z_{oe} = \sqrt{2.2} \times 82.9 = 122.9$$

$$\& \sqrt{\epsilon_r} Z_{oe} = \sqrt{2.2} \times 67.8 = 100.56$$

Now, using fig 7.29 from Pozar,

$$W/b \approx 0.42 \Rightarrow W = (0.42 \times 0.32) \text{ cm} = 0.134 \text{ cm}$$

$$\boxed{W = 1.34 \text{ mm}}$$

Strip width.

$$S/b \approx 0.48 \Rightarrow S = (0.48 \times 0.32) \text{ cm} = 0.15$$

$$\boxed{S = 1.5 \text{ mm}}$$

Strip separation.



Answer-2.

Given, $P_2/P_3 = 2$. $Z_0 = 50\Omega$ (source impedance).

~~Standard~~ We know, $K^2 = \frac{P_3}{P_2}$

$$\therefore K = \sqrt{\frac{P_3}{P_2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = 0.707.$$

Port 2 will get twice power with respect to port 3.

$$Z_{03} = Z_0 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1+K^2}{K^2}} = 50 \times \sqrt{\frac{1+0.5}{0.354}} \approx 103$$

$$Z_{02} = Z_0 \sqrt{K(1+K^2)} = K^2 \cdot Z_{03} = 0.5 \times 103 \approx 51.5.$$

Now, using the $\lambda/4$ transform, we can calculate the isolated resistor R and load resistances.

$$R = Z_0 \left(K + \frac{1}{K} \right) = 50 \left(0.707 + \frac{1}{0.707} \right) \approx 106\Omega$$

$$R_2 = Z_0 \cdot K = 50 \times 0.707 = 35.4\Omega$$

$$R_3 = \frac{Z_0}{K} = \frac{50}{0.707} \approx 70.7\Omega$$

So, to get the actual split & match, then circuit port 2 must to see 35.4Ω and 70.7Ω at port 3 side. Matching all external ports to 50Ω .

→ Port 1 is 50Ω .

→ Port 2 & 3, required matching.

$$\text{So, } Z_{\lambda/4}(2) = \sqrt{Z_0 \cdot R_2} = \sqrt{50 \times 35.4} = 42\Omega$$

$$Z_{\lambda/4}(3) = \sqrt{Z_0 \cdot R_3} = \sqrt{50 \times 70.7} = 59.5\Omega$$

