



Answersheet

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No. of questions attempted: 9

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Assignment: Objects in JavaScript

Total no. of questions: 9

Total marks: 21

Result: **Not reviewed yet**

| Sl. No. | Question | | Actions |
|---------|---|--------|--|
| 1 | <p>What is an object literal in JavaScript?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. A method for creating functions in JavaScript2. A way to declare and initialize objects using curly braces {}3. A method for declaring arrays in JavaScript4. A technique for creating variables in JavaScript | 1 mark | <p>Correct answer</p> <p>1 mark</p> |
| 2 | <p>How do you create objects in JavaScript using object literals?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. By using the new keyword followed by the object's properties2. By declaring and initializing objects using curly braces {}3. By using the Object constructor function | 1 mark | <p>Correct answer</p> <p>1 mark</p> |



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|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| | 4. By using the let keyword followed by the object's properties | |
| 3 | <p>Where can you check an object's address in Dev Tools?</p> <p>1 mark</p> <p>1. Console 2. Elements 3. Memory 4. Sources</p> | <p>Correct answer</p> <p>1 mark</p> |
| 4 | <p>What is the purpose of visualizing an object's address in JavaScript?</p> <p>1 mark</p> <p>1. To determine the value of an object 2. To optimize code execution 3. To understand how objects are stored in memory 4. To visualize the call stack</p> | <p>Correct answer</p> <p>1 mark</p> |
| 5 | <p>How do you access values in an object in JavaScript?</p> <p>1 mark</p> <p>1. By using dot notation (object.property) 2. By using bracket notation (object['property']) 3. A and B 4. None of the above</p> | <p>Correct answer</p> <p>1 mark</p> |
| 6 | <p>Can you demonstrate how to update the properties of an existing object in JavaScript by writing some code?</p> <p>5 marks</p> <p>const mobile = { brand: 'Apple', model: '15pro max', price: 150000 } // Update existing values mobile.price = 100000 mobile.model = '14pro'</p> | <p>Marks</p> <p>0</p> |



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|---|--|--|
| 7 | <p>What are nested objects in JavaScript, and how do they allow for organizing complex data structures? 5 marks</p> <p>Objects inside objects are called nested objects. They help organize complex data structures by grouping related information together in a structured and readable way.</p> | Marks <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| 8 | <p>How do objects in JavaScript differ from other data types, and what advantages do they offer in terms of organizing and storing data? 5 marks</p> <p>Difference: In JavaScript, primitive data types like string, number, boolean, null, and undefined store only a single value. But an object is a complex data type that can store multiple values together using key-value pairs. Advantages: 1. Group related data: Objects allow you to group all related information about an entity in one place. 2. Handle complex data easily: With nested objects, you can structure multi-level data efficiently. 3. Readable and maintainable code: Using objects makes your code cleaner and easier to understand.</p> | Marks <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| 9 | <p>What will be the output? 1 mark</p> <pre>var car = { brand: "Toyota", model: "Camry", year: 2020 }; console.log(car["model"]);</pre> <p>1. Toyota 2. Camry 3. 2020 4. undefined</p> | <p>Correct answer</p> <p>1 mark</p> |