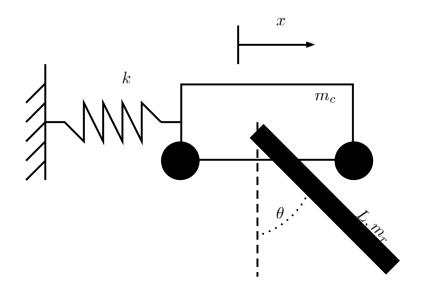
cart spring pendulum problem

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picture 1



Also note that:

k = 10N/m

L=0.5m

 $m_c = 1kg$ $m_r = 0.25kg$

2 solve for EOM

$$\begin{split} Y_G &= \frac{L}{2} \\ I_G &= \frac{1}{3} m L^2 \\ r_G &= (x + \frac{L}{2} s \theta) \vec{i} + (-\frac{1}{2} L c \theta) \vec{j} \\ \dot{r}_G &= (\dot{x} + \frac{L}{2} c \theta \dot{\theta}) \vec{i} + (\frac{L}{2} s \theta \dot{\theta}) \vec{j} \end{split}$$

note that :

 $T_{total} = T_{cart} + T_{rod}$ so we first find T_{rod}

$$T_{rod} = \frac{1}{2}m\dot{r}\cdot\dot{r} + \frac{1}{2}I_{G}\dot{\theta}^{2}$$

$$\dot{r}\cdot\dot{r} = (\dot{x} + \frac{L}{2}c\theta\dot{\theta})(\dot{x} + \frac{L}{2}c\theta\dot{\theta}) + (\frac{L}{2}s\theta\dot{\theta})(\frac{L}{2}s\theta\dot{\theta}) = \dot{x}^{2} + Lc\theta\dot{x}\dot{\theta} + \frac{L^{2}}{4}c^{2}\theta\dot{\theta}^{2} + \frac{L^{2}}{4}s^{2}\theta\dot{\theta}^{2}$$

$$\dot{r}\cdot\dot{r} = \dot{x}^{2} + Lc\theta\dot{x}\dot{\theta} + \frac{L^{2}}{4}\dot{\theta}^{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}I_{G}\dot{\theta}^{2} = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{3}m_{r}L^{2})\dot{\theta}^{2} = \frac{1}{6}m_{r}L^{2}\dot{\theta}^{2}$$

$$T_{rod} = \frac{1}{2}m_{r}(\dot{x}^{2} + Lc\theta\dot{x}\dot{\theta} + \frac{L^{2}}{4}\dot{\theta}^{2} + \frac{L^{2}}{3}\dot{\theta}^{2})$$

$$T_{cart} = \frac{1}{2}m_{c}\dot{x}^{2}$$

So we can solve for T_{total}

$$T_{total} = T_{cart} + T_{rod} = \frac{1}{2}m_c\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_r(\dot{x}^2 + Lc\theta\dot{x}\dot{\theta} + \frac{7L^2}{12}\dot{\theta}^2)$$

Now we have to solve for V

$$V = \frac{1}{2}kx^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_rgL(1 - c\theta)$$

by lagrange's eqn, we have:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dT}{d\dot{q}_k}) - \frac{dT}{dq_k} + \frac{dV}{dq_k} = 0$$

So, we need expressions for $\frac{dT}{dx}$, $\frac{dT}{dx}$, $\frac{dV}{dx}$, $\frac{dT}{d\theta}$, $\frac{dV}{d\theta}$ to construct our two EOM

$$\begin{split} \frac{dT}{dx} &= 0 \\ \frac{dT}{d\dot{x}} &= (m_c + m_r)\dot{x} + \frac{1}{2}m_rLc\theta\dot{\theta} \\ \frac{dV}{dx} &= kx \\ \frac{dT}{d\theta} &= -\frac{1}{2}m_rL\dot{\theta}\dot{x}s\theta \\ \frac{dT}{d\dot{\theta}} &= \frac{1}{2}m_rL\dot{x}c\theta + \frac{7}{12}m_rL^2\dot{\theta} \\ \frac{dV}{d\theta} &= \frac{1}{2}m_rgLs\theta \end{split}$$

EOM1:

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dT}{d\dot{x}}\right) - \frac{dT}{dx} + \frac{dV}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left((m_c + m_r)\dot{x} + \frac{1}{2}m_rLc\theta\dot{\theta}\right) + kx = 0$$

$$\left[(m_c + m_r)\ddot{x} + (\frac{1}{2}m_rLc\theta)\ddot{\theta} - \frac{1}{2}m_rLs\theta\dot{\theta}^2\right]$$

EOM2:

$$\begin{split} \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dT}{d\dot{\theta}}) - \frac{dT}{d\theta} + \frac{dV}{d\theta} &= 0 \\ \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{1}{2}m_rL\dot{x}c\theta + \frac{7}{12}m_rL^2\dot{\theta}) + \frac{1}{2}m_rL\dot{\theta}\dot{x}s\theta + \frac{1}{2}m_rgLs\theta &= 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}m_rL\ddot{x}c\theta - \frac{1}{2}m_rL\dot{x}\dot{\theta}s\theta + \frac{7}{12}m_rL^2\ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{2}m_rL\dot{\theta}\dot{x}s\theta + \frac{1}{2}m_rgLs\theta \\ \frac{1}{2}m_rL\ddot{x}c\theta + \frac{7}{12}m_rL^2\ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{2}m_rgLs\theta &= 0 \\ \\ \ddot{x}c\theta + \frac{7}{6}L\ddot{\theta} + gs\theta &= 0 \end{split}$$