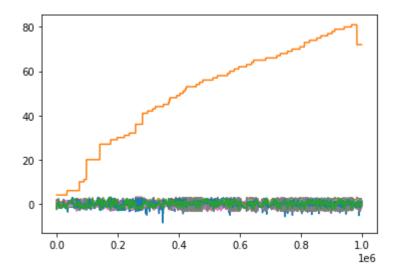
Build a linear regression model for the dataset 'electric_motor.csv'. Comment on the results

```
In [11]: import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import seaborn as sns
          import random as rnd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from sklearn import preprocessing, svm
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
In [12]: | df = pd.read_csv('electric_motor.csv')
In [13]: df.head()
Out[13]:
               ambient
                                              u_q motor_speed
                         coolant
                                    u_d
                                                                  torque
                                                                              i_d
                                                                                       i_q
             -0.752143 -1.118446 0.327935 -1.297858
                                                      -1.222428 -0.250182 1.029572 -0.245860
                                                                                           -2.522
           1 -0.771263 -1.117021 0.329665 -1.297686
                                                      -1.222429
                                                              -0.249133 1.029509
                                                                                  -0.245832
                                                                                           -2.522
             -0.782892 -1.116681 0.332771 -1.301822
                                                      -1.222428
                                                               -0.249431
                                                                         1.029448
                                                                                  -0.245818
                                                                                           -2.522
             -0.780935 -1.116764 0.333700 -1.301852
                                                      -1.222430
                                                              -0.248636
                                                                        1.032845
                                                                                 -0.246955 -2.521
             -0.774043 -1.116775 0.335206 -1.303118
                                                      -1.222429 -0.248701 1.031807 -0.246610 -2.521
```

```
In [14]: x=df.drop(['pm'],axis=1)
    y=df['pm']
    plt.plot(x)
    plt.plot(y)
```

Out[14]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1c2bd08e5b0>]



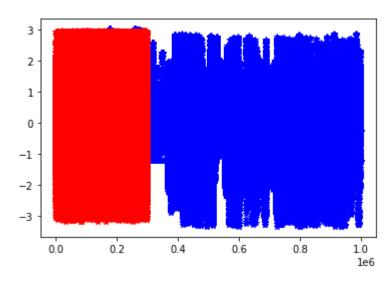
C:\Users\91830\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py:3438: Fu tureWarning: In a future version, DataFrame.mean(axis=None) will return a sca lar mean over the entire DataFrame. To retain the old behavior, use 'frame.me an(axis=0)' or just 'frame.mean()'

return mean(axis=axis, dtype=dtype, out=out, **kwargs)

```
In [26]: base pred=np.repeat(base pre,len(y test))
         print(base pred)
         motor_speed
                        -0.004353
         motor_speed
                        -0.004353
         motor_speed
                        -0.004353
         motor speed
                        -0.004353
         motor_speed
                        -0.004353
                           . . .
         torque
                        -0.002432
         torque
                       -0.002432
         torque
                       -0.002432
         torque
                        -0.002432
         torque
                        -0.002432
         Length: 598842, dtype: float64
In [28]: | scaler_x = StandardScaler()
         scaler_y = StandardScaler()
         scaler_x.fit(X_train)
         scaler_y.fit(y_train)
         StandardScaler()
         StandardScaler()
Out[28]: StandardScaler()
In [29]: X_train = scaler_x.transform(X_train)
         X test = scaler x.transform(X test)
         y_train = scaler_y.transform(y_train)
         lgr = LinearRegression()
         x = lgr.fit(X_train,y_train)
         x.coef
Out[29]: array([[-1.40928576e-01, -6.49349286e-01, 5.44484775e-01,
                  -1.82485257e-01, 2.35671433e+00, 1.05744816e-01,
                  -6.58846943e-03, -1.19271009e+00, -4.74054145e-02,
                  4.15341210e-01, -1.64771362e+00],
                 [-6.90117641e-02, -2.07371914e-02, -1.40309814e-02,
                  9.33570254e-01, -1.40551227e-01, -9.81994903e-04,
                   6.29896607e-03, 9.16799465e-02, -3.37402447e-03,
                  -5.32939335e-03, 6.09187751e-02]])
```

```
In [20]: x = lgr.fit(X train,y train)
         x.coef
Out[20]: array([[-1.40928576e-01, -6.49349286e-01, 5.44484775e-01,
                 -1.82485257e-01, 2.35671433e+00, 1.05744816e-01,
                 -6.58846943e-03, -1.19271009e+00, -4.74054145e-02,
                  4.15341210e-01, -1.64771362e+00],
                [-6.90117641e-02, -2.07371914e-02, -1.40309814e-02,
                  9.33570254e-01, -1.40551227e-01, -9.81994903e-04,
                  6.29896607e-03, 9.16799465e-02, -3.37402447e-03,
                 -5.32939335e-03, 6.09187751e-02]])
In [21]: | pred_lgr=lgr.predict(X_test)
         y_predicted = scaler_y.inverse_transform(pred_lgr)
         print(y_predicted)
         [[-1.28894016 -0.26057314]
          [-0.33144692 0.44213959]
          [ 0.19480701 -1.64476966]
          [-1.35051682 -0.25777813]
          [-0.75026849 -0.6144407 ]
          [-1.20097625 -0.25455705]]
In [22]: mean_squared_error = (mean_squared_error(y_test,y_predicted))**0.5
         print(mean_squared_error)
         0.1956759451110211
         plt.plot(y test, 'b*')
         plt.plot(y_predicted,'r*')
```

0.19576637587840987



In []:	
In []:	
In []:	
In []:	
In []:	