

Expanding Disk Storage with LVM and RAID on Machine E

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This project involves expanding and managing disk storage on **Machine E** using **Linux Logical Volume Manager (LVM)** and software RAID to enhance flexibility, scalability, and performance. The updated storage configuration addresses disk space constraints on `/tmp` and `/home`, ensuring efficient system operation and meeting user requirements.

Key Features

1. Partitioning New Drives:

- Created a single Linux LVM partition on all newly attached drives.
- Utilized the full recommended space available on each drive.

2. Volume Group Setup:

- Created a **volume group** named `svag` using all newly added storage.

3. Logical Volumes and Filesystems:

- Created a **logical volume** named `tmp`:
 - Allocated **1GB** for `/tmp`.
 - Formatted with the `ext4` filesystem.
 - Configured with `nodev`, `nosuid`, and `noexec` mount options to enhance security.
- Created a **logical volume** named `home`:
 - Allocated **80%** of the remaining storage.
 - Formatted with the `xfs` filesystem.
 - Configured with the `nodev` mount option to enhance security.

4. Permanent Mount Configuration:

- Updated the system's `/etc/fstab` file to ensure the new `/tmp` and `/home` filesystems are persistently mounted on reboot with the appropriate security options.

5. RAID Configuration:

- Configured a **Linux software RAID array** using multiple drives for redundancy and performance before integrating with LVM.

This project showcases effective disk management techniques using LVM and RAID to meet modern system demands.