CREANE MEMORIAL HIGH SCHOOL, GAYA

SYLLABUS (IX)

(2023-24)

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

PERIODIC TEST-1

Beehive: 1.The Fun They Had 2. The Sound of Music 4. A Truly Beautiful Mind

Poetry: 1. The Road Not Taken 2. Wind 3. Rain on the Roof

Moments: 1. The Lost Child 2. The Adventures of Toto 4. In The Kingdom of Fools

Grammar: 1. Tenses 2. Modals

Writing: Formal Letter

PERIODIC TEST-2

Beehive: 6. My Childhood 7. Packing 8. Reach for the Top

Poetry: 6. No Men Are Foreign 8. On Killing a Tree

Moments: 5. The Happy Prince 6. Weathering the Storm in Ersama 7. The Last Leaf

Grammar: 3. Reporting 4. Subject Verb Concord

Writing: Formal Letter

PERIODIC TEST-3

Beehive: 9. The Bond of Love 11. If I Were You

Poetry: 9. The Snake Trying 10. A Slumber Did My Spirit Seal

Moments: 9. The Accidental Tourist 10. The Beggar

Grammar: 5. Determiners Writing: Story Writing

[PT1 + PT2 + PT3 = Annual]

SUBJECT : HINDI

प्रथम सामयिक परीक्षा

- (क) गद्य अनुभाग क्षितिज
 - 1.दो बैलों की कथा
 - 2.ल्हासा की ओर
- (ख) काव्य अनुभाग क्षितिज

1.साखियाँ और सबद

२.वाख

(ग) कृतिका अनुपूरक

1.इस जल प्रलय में

- (घ) व्याकरण
 - 1.उपसर्ग,प्रत्यय

2.समास

द्वितीय सामयिक परीक्षा

- (क) गद्य अनुभाग क्षितिज
 - 1.उपभोक्तावाद की संस्कृति
 - 2.सॉवले सपनो की याद
- (ख) काव्य अनुभाग क्षितिज
 - 1.कैदी और कोकिला
 - 2 सवैये

- (ग) कृतिका अनुपूरक 1.मेरे संग की औरतें
- (घ) व्याकरण

1.अर्थ के आधार पर शब्द के भेद

तृतीय सामयिक परीक्षा

- (क) गद्य अनुभाग क्षितिज 1.प्रेमचंद के फटे जूते 2.मेरे बचपन के दिन
- (ख) काव्य अनुभाग क्षितिज 1.ग्रामश्री 2.मेघ आए 3.बच्चे काम पर जा रहे हैं
- (ग) कृतिका अनुपूरक 1.रीढ़ की हड्डी
- (घ) व्याकरण 1.अलंकार शब्दालंकार— अनुप्रास, यमक अर्थालंकार— उपमा, रूपक

[PT1 + PT2 + PT3 = Annual]

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

EXAMINATION	CHAPTER	CHAPTER NAME	TOPICS	PERIODS	MARKS
	No.			(required)	(Practice Test/ Pre- Board)
PT 1	1	Number System	Representation of rational and irrational numbers on number line, Rationalization, laws of exponents	18	10
	2	Polynomials	Coefficients, zeros and degree of a polynomial, Types of polynomials, Factor Theorem, Factorization	26	10
	5	Introduction to Euclid Geometry	Axioms, postulates and theorems	7	2
	6	Lines and Angles			5
PT 2	3	Coordinate Geometry	The cartesian plane, coordinates of a point	7	4
	7	Triangles	SAS, ASA, AAS, SSS and RHS theorems	22	8
	12	Heron's Formula	Area of a Triangle	5	5
	4	Linear Equations in Two Variables	Solutions of linear equations, plotting graph	16	10
PT 3	8	Quadrilaterals	Basics, theorems and related problems	13	6

	10	Circles	Basics, theorems,	17	6
			segment of a circle,		
			Cyclic Quadrilateral		
	14	Statistics	Bar graph, Histogram	15	6
			and frequency polygon		
Practice	13	Surface Areas	Surface areas and	17	8
Test/Annual		and Volumes	volumes of 3D shapes		
Exam(Including					
syllabus of PT					
1, PT 2 and PT					
3)					
			TOTAL :-	178	80

SUBJECT: SCIENCE

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

EXAMINATION	CHAPTER	CHAPTER NAME	TOPICS	PERIODS	MARKS
(PT1/T1/PT2/T2)	No.			(required)	
PT1	7	Motion	All	10	10
PT2	8	Force and Laws of Motion	All	15	10
PT3	9	Gravitation	All	10	05
PT3	10	Work, Energy and Power	All	15	05
			TOTAL	50	30
Annual	7	Motion	All	Completed	02
	8	Force and Laws of Motion	All	Completed	05
	9	Gravitation	All	Completed	05
	10	Work, Energy and Power	All	Completed	07
	11	Sound	All	10	08
		Revision		10	**
			TOTAL	20	27

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

EXAMINATION	CHAPTER	CHAPTER	TOPICS	PERIODS	MARKS
(PT1/T1/PT2/T2)	No.	NAME		(required)	
PT1	1	Matter in Our Surroundings	1-Definition of matter; 2-solid, liquid and gas; 3-characteristics- shape, volume, density; 4-change of state- melting (absorption of heat), freezing, evaporation (cooling by evaporation), condensation, sublimation.	20	10

PT2	3	Is Matter Around Us Pure	1-Elements, compounds and mixtures. 2-Heterogeneous and homogenous mixtures, colloids and suspensions. 3-Physical and chemical changes (excluding separating the components of a mixture). 1-Atoms and molecules,	20	10
PI3	3	Molecules	1-Atoms and molecules, Law of Chemical Combination, 2-Chemical formula of common compounds, 3-Atomic and molecular masses.	20	10
Annual	4	Structure Of Atom	1-Electrons, protons and neutrons, 2-Valency, 3-Atomic Number and Mass Number, 4-Isotopes and Isobars.	20	27
			TOTAL :-	80	

SUBJECT: BIOLOGY

EXAMINATION (PT1/T1/PT2/T2)	CHAPTER No.	CHAPTER NAME	Topics	PERIODS (required)	MARKS
PT1	5	1.CELL: BASIC UNIT OF LIFE	Shape and Number Of Cells. 2. Cell Structure – Cell Membrane, Cell Wall and Behaviour Of Cell Membrane. 3. Nucleus, Prokaryotic Cell	15	10
			and Eukaryotic Cell.4. Cytoplasm and Cell Organells and Their Structure.5.Introduction Of Cell Division		

PT2	6	1.TISSUE	1.Plant Tissue – Types, Location, Function and Modification.	15	10
			2.Animal Tissue - Types, Location, Function and Modification.		
	14	2. NATURAL RESOURCES.	1.Biosphere- Atmosphere and Its Role.	20	
			2.Movement of Wind, Rain, Air Pollution.		
			3.Water – Sources Of Water, Importance, Water Pollution and Eutrophication.		
			4. Soil Formation and Its Factors.		
			5.Biogeochemical Cycle Water Cycle, Nitrogen Cycle, Carbon Cycle (Green House Effect) And Oxygen Cycle. Ozone Layer Dipletion		
PT3	15	1. IMPROVEMENT IN FODD RESOURCES	Improvement In Crop Production – Variety Of Crop, Method Of Crop Improvement.	20	10
		RESOURCES	2.Crop Production Management – Nutrient Management, Manure, Fertilizers, Irrigations And Cropping Pattern.		
			3. Crop Protection Management- Weeds And Protection Against Them.		
			4. Storage Of Grains. 5.Animal Husbandry – Cattle Farming, Poultry Farming, Pisciculture And Bee Keeping		
ANNUAL	5, 6 and 15	ALL CHAPTERS OF PT1, PT2 AND PT3 EXCLUDING NATURAL RESOURCES	ENTIRE SYLLABUS		28
			TOTAL:	70	

NOTE: Syllabus is subject to change as per the CBSE guidelines.

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

EXAMINATION	CHAPTER	CHAPTER NAME	TOPICS	PERIODS	MARKS
(PT1/T1/PT2/T2)	No.			(required)	
PT1	1.	The French Revolution (His.)	All topics	15	8
	1.	India –Size and Location (Geo.)	All topics	7	7
	1.	What is Democracy? Why Democracy? (Civ.)	All topics	10	8
	1.	The Story of Village Palampur (Eco.)	All topics (only for periodic)	10	7
					30
PT2	2.	Socialism in Europe and the Russian Revolution (His.)	All topics	15	8
	2.	Physical Features of India (Geo.)	All topics	10	7
	2.	Constitutional Design (Civ.)	All topics	10	4
	3.	Electoral Politics (Civ.)	All topics	8	4
	2.	People as Resource (Eco.)	All topics	10	7
					30
PT3	5.	Pastoralists in the	All topics	10	8
	2	Modern World (His.)	(only for periodic)	10	7
	3.	Drainage (Geo.)	All topics	10	7
	3.	Electoral Politics (Civ.)	All topics	8	4
	4.	Working of Institutions (Civ.)	All topics	12	4
	3.	Poverty as a Challenge (Eco.)	All topics	15	7
					30
Annual Exam.		PT1+PT2+PT3+			
	3.	Nazism and the Rise of Hitler (His.)	All topics	15	
	4.	Climate (Geo.)	All topics	12	
	5.	Natural Vegetation and Wildlife (Geo.)	Only map work	3	
	6.	Population (Geo.)	All topics	8	
	5.	Democratic Rights (Civ.)	All topics	10	
	4.	Food Security in India (Eco.)	All topics	15	

Note: The above mentioned syllabus is subject to change under certain circumstances.







CBSE SOCIAL SCIENCE SYLLABUS 2023-24 (Code No. 087) CLASS - IX & X





S. NO.		TABLE OF CONTENT				
1.	Rationale				2	
2.	Learning Objectives				3	
	CLASS IX	PAGE NO.	S. NO.	CLASS X	PAGE NO.	
3.	Course Structure	4	8.	Course Structure	20	
4.	Course Content	7	9.	Course Content	23	
5.	List of map items	17	10.	List of map items	35	
6.	Guidelines for internal assessments	18	11.	Question Paper Design	39	
7.	Prescribed Text Books	19	12.	Guidelines for internal assessments	42	
			13.	Prescribed Text Books	43	
		ANNE	XURES			
Annexure	I (project work Class IX)	44	Annexure	IV (Interdisciplinary project Class X)	52	
Annexure	II (Inter disciplinary project Class IX)	46	Annexure	V (Presentation template for IDP)	58	
Annexure	III (Project work Class X)	50	Annexure VI Rubrics of IDP		59	

RATIONALE

Social Science is a compulsory subject up to secondary stage of school education. It is an integral component of general education because it helps the learners to understand the environment in its totality, contextualise its components, develop a broader perspective, adapt an empirical, reasonable and humane outlook to help them grow into well-informed and responsible citizens with necessary attributes and skills for being able to participate and contribute effectively in the process of development and nation-building.

Social Science subject helps students strengthen their knowledge of the world around them, enhance their critical thinking skills, deepen their cultural understanding, in still analytical and evaluation and synthesizing skills, improve research based learning skills, and enhance their creative abilities.

It enables the students to understand the interdependence of individual and community.

Makes students examine human behaviour from many different perspectives and help students learn to analyse human interaction based on social and cultural influences.

The Social Science curriculum draws its content mainly from History, Geography, Political Science and Economics. Some elements of Sociology and Commerce are also included. Together they provide a comprehensive view of society over space and time, and in relation to each other. Each subject's distinct methods of enquiry help the learners to understand society from different angles and form a holistic view. Developing knowledge in each of these subjects provides students with a broader and more comprehensive understanding of how individuals and societies function.

Through the study of History, students learn the significance of analysing historical events and using the past to evaluate modern trends and occurrences. Global History allows students to see the emergence of today's worldwide society, and enables the students to create projections on possible future outcomes of actions and events.

The discipline of Social Sciences broadens an individual's political awareness and deepens the understanding of political systems. Examining past and current political conflicts can let students understand human life on a different level.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The main objectives of this syllabus are to:

- develop an understanding of the processes of change and development over a period of time, through which human societies have evolved.
- make learners infer that the process of change is continuous and any event or phenomenon or issue cannot be viewed in isolation but in a wider context of time and space.
- develop an understanding of contemporary India with its historical perspective, of the basic framework of the goals and policies of national development in independent India, and of the process of change in connection to world development
- deepen knowledge about and understanding of India's freedom struggle and of the values and ideals that it represented, and appreciate the contributions made by people of all sections and regions of the country.
- help learners understand and cherish the values enshrined in the Indian Constitution and to prepare them for their roles and responsibilities as effective citizens of a democratic society.
- deepen the knowledge and understanding of India's environment in its totality on people's life.
- facilitate the learners to understand and appreciate the diversity in the land and people of the country with its underlying unity.
- develop an appreciation of the richness and variety of India's heritage-both natural and cultural and the need for its preservation.
- promote an understanding of the issues and challenges of contemporary India- environmental, economic and social, as part of the development process.
- develop competencies, analytical skills/ critical thinking skills, creative skills help pupils acquire knowledge, skills and understanding
 to face the challenges of contemporary society as individuals and groups and learn the art of living a confident and stress-free life
 as well as participating effectively in the community.
- enable students to correlate the Social Science subjects through an interdisciplinary approach.
- explore their creativity and innovation through experiential and art integrated learning.
- develop scientific temperament by promoting the spirit of enquiry and following a rational and objective approach in analysing and evaluate data and information as well as views and interpretations.
- develop academic and social skills such as critical thinking, communicating effectively both in visual and verbal forms cooperating with others, taking initiatives and providing leadership in solving others' problem .
- develop qualities clustered around the personal, social, moral, national and spiritual values that make a person humane and socially effective.

CLASS IX COURSE STRUCTURE

History	History (India and the Contemporary World - I)			20 inclusive of Map pointing
Section	Chapter No	Chapter Name	No. of Periods	Marks allocated
 	I	The French Revolution	15	
Events and Process	II	Socialism in Europe and the Russian Revolution	15	18+2 map pointing
	III	Nazism and the Rise of Hitler	15	
ll Livelihoods, Economies and Societies	IV	Forest, Society and Colonialism Interdisciplinary project as part of multiple assessments (Internally assessed for 5 marks)	5	
	V	Pastoralists in the Modern World (To be assessed as part of Periodic Assessment only)	10	
Ge	Geography (Contemporary India - I)			20 inclusive of Map pointing
Chapter No	Chapter Name		No. of periods	Marks allocated
1	India – Size a	nd Location	17	

2	Physical Features of India		
3	Drainage	10	
4	Climate	12	17+3 map pointing*
5	Natural Vegetation and Wildlife (Only map pointing to be evaluated in the annual examination.)	3	
5	Interdisciplinary project as part of multiple assessments (Internally assessed for 5 marks)	5	
6	Population 8		* Marks as mentioned above
Po	olitical Science (Democratic Politics - I)	Suggestive no. of periods = 50	20 Marks
Chapter No.	Chapter name	No. of Periods	Marks allocated
1	What is Democracy?	40	
I	Why Democracy?	10	
2	Constitutional Design	10	
3	Electoral Politics	8	20
4	Working of Institutions	12	
5	Democratic Rights	10	

	Economics	Suggestive no. of periods = 50	20 Marks
Chapter No.	Name of the Chapter	No. of Periods	Marks allocated
1	The Story of Village Palampur (To be assessed as part of Periodic Assessment only)	10	
2	People as Resource	10	
3	Poverty as a Challenge	15	20
4	Food Security in India	15	

CLASS IX COURSE CONTENT

	History: India and the Contemporary World - I			
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggestive Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome With Specific Competencies	
I The French Revolution	 Compare & contrast the conditions that prevailed in France with the situations prevailed in India pre 1857 war. Critically examine the need of voting rights of Common people in France which laid the foundation of future Democracies. Examine various solutions to address imbalances that may lead to revolutions. 	 Class room discussions to compare and contrast the conditions that prevailed in France that led to revolution with the conditions that led to the first war of Indian Independence. (1857). Graphic Organisers to critically examine the situations that made the raise in demand of voting rights by passive citizens as well as women Debates to propose solutions to address such imbalances and discriminations that lead to revolutions Inquiry based learning to appraise the impact of the French revolution on the world. Conclude with group Presentations 	 Compare and contrast the conditions that prevailed in France that led to revolution with the conditions that led to the first war of Indian Independence. (1857). Critically Examine the situations that made the raise in demand of voting rights by passive citizens as well as women Propose solutions to address such imbalances and discriminations that lead to revolutions Appraise the impact of the French revolution on the world. 	
II Socialism in	Analyse the situations that led to the rise of Russian and French revolutions.	Interactive Textual interpretations to compare and contrast the situations that led to the rise of	To compare and contrast the situations that led to the rise of Russian& French Revolutions.	
Europe and		Russia & French Revolutions		

the Russian Revolution	Evaluate the reasons that led to the rise of Lenin's communism and Marxist Socialism	 Student led seminar to cite the impact of Collaboration and communication rendered by the philosophers and leaders in creating awareness amongst the common people World café' strategy to evaluate the situations that enabled Lenin's Communism. Socratic Discussions to Interpret the different ideas of philosophers and leaders that shaped the revolution 	 Cite the impact of Collaboration and communication rendered by the philosophers and leaders in creating awareness amongst the common people Evaluate the situations that enabled Lenin's Communism. Interpret the different ideas of philosophers and leaders that shaped the revolution.
III Nazism and the Rise of Hitler	 Analyse the manipulated control of situations led by an individual. Analyse the role of the "Treaty of Versailles in that led to the rise of Hitler. Examine the circumstances that led to the rise and fall of Hitler Discuss the critical significance of Nazism in shaping the politics of the modern world. Appraise the war compensation compelled on Germany in the name of the "treaty of Versailles led to the rise of Hitler 	 Watch Video clipping from the last days of Adolf Hitler and discuss the reasons for rise and fall of Hitler Dramatize the Nazi Propaganda/ racial discrimination against Jews Cartoon interpretation/ Image interpretation Read passages from "Dairy of Anne frank "and other related literature and discuss the impact of Nazism Jig saw strategy to critique the genocidal war waged against Jews by the Nazis 	 Cite the events that helped Hitler's rise to power Evaluate various character traits of Hitler Compare and contrast the characteristics of Bismarck and Hitler Analyse the role of "Treaty of Versailles in the rise of Nazism and Hitler Critique the genocidal war waged against Jews by the Nazis.

IV Forest, Society and Colonialism	Compare and contrast the Nazi ideology with fascism of Mussolini Inter Disciplinary Project with Chapter 5 of Geography "Natural Vegetation and Wild Life	Refer Annexure II	 Discuss the critical significance of Nazism in shaping the politics of modern world. Refer Annexure II
V Pastoralists in the Modern World	 Analyse the situations that have created Nomadic society Draw comparisons of African pastoralists and Indian Pastoralists during colonial rule. Examine the how the colonial laws impacted livelihood in pastoral communities Appraise the contribution of Pastoralists in the modern economy. 	 T charts and similar graphic organizers to compare and contrast the lives of Pastoralists pre & post colonialism. Art integration to depict the evolution of nomadic society. Research based presentations using resources provided to compare and contrast the lives and the reasons for poverty of pastoral nomads of India with African Pastoral Nomadic tribes. Think- Pair- Share and summarize the reading of resources to analyse and infer varying patterns of developments within pastoral societies in different places in India. 	 Compare and contrast the lives of Pastoralists pre & post colonialism Analyse the situations that have created Nomadic society Compare and contrast the lives and the reasons for poverty of pastoral nomads of India with African Pastoral Nomadic tribes. Analyse and infer varying patterns of developments within pastoral societies in different places in India. Analyse the impact of colonialism on forest societies leading to scientific forestry. Enumerate the different processes through which transformation of livelihood occur in the modern world.

	Political Science: Democratic Politics - I				
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome With Specific Competencies		
What is Democracy? Why Democracy?	 Examine the concept /structural components of Democracy and its forms/ features in different countries Examine and analyse the working structure of the governments of India and North Korea Analyse and infer on the different historical processes and forces that have contributed for the promotion of democracy. 	 World café and Café conversations strategies for introduction of concepts of Democracy & features of Democracy 4 corners strategy to discuss "What & why of democracy? students create democratic governance model in the class. Cartoon interpretation to summarize the benefits of democracy. 	 Compare and Contrast working of democracies of India and North Korea and infer on their differences and significance in each country. Define Democracy and enumerate its features. Evaluate the authenticity of the voting rights of the Indian population versus the population of Iran. Interpret the statement "Democracy provides a method to deal with differences and conflicts" with reference to India. Summarize the features and benefits of democracy 		
2 Constitutional Design	 Comprehend the purpose of constitution. Enumerate the essential features that need to be kept in mind while drafting any constitution. Examine the guiding values that created the Indian constitution. Comprehend the roles and responsibilities as citizens of India. 	 Group Discussion to comprehend the purpose of constitution Poster making/ wall magazine for Comparing and contrasting between Preamble of South African constitution with the preamble of Indian constitution Role play strategy for creation of Indian constitution Declamation strategy for roles and responsibilities of citizens 	 Analyse the difference between written or unwritten constitutions with reference to India and USA. Describe the situation that led to creation of Indian Constitution. Compare and contrast between Preamble of South African constitution with the preamble of Indian constitution. Enumerate the roles and responsibilities as citizens of India 		

3 Electoral Politics	 Comprehend the concept and system of elections. Evaluate the conditions that make Elections in India democratic. Analyse the implications of power of vote and power of recall. Appraise the role of election commission for the conduct of free and fair elections. 	 Role play/ have school council elections. Design and present election manifesto Create multiple parties and create symbols for elections Use street play to create awareness about the right to vote. 	 Evaluate the role of political parties to adhere to electoral promises. Create a solution for eradication of malpractices in elections Differentiate between representative democracy and competitive party politics. Summarize the essential features of the Indian Electoral system. Examine the rationale for adopting the present Indian Electoral System.
4 Working of Institutions	 Examine the roles, responsibilities and interdependency of all the 3 organs of the Government. Examine the rule of law in India and its relevance Understand the power and working of Indian Judiciary system and comprehend the hierarchy system of the judiciary in India. 	 Watch videos of Parliament and discuss the importance of question hour Present Moot court to evaluate the rule of Law Examine the relevant case studies to evaluate the rule of law Present Mock Parliament session to convert a bill into law Conduct a mock interview with a parliamentarian Role play on features of the political and permanent executive 	 Analyse and infer how the three organs are interdependent and independent to execute their roles Summarize and evaluate the rule of law in India. Represent the role of Parliament and its procedures. Distinguish between political and permanent executive authorities and functions. Understand the parliamentary system of executive's accountability to the legislature. Understand the working of Indian Judiciary.
5	Comprehend what it is to be a responsible citizen while	 Declamation on need to have rights and the importance of performing duties. 	Analyse the need of having rights and categorize the rights.

Democratic Rights	performing their prescribed duties versus claiming rights • Evaluate the role of rights in Democracy.	 Debate the need to have rights in the light of study of Saudi Arabia. Case study to analyse the role of citizens when the rights are exercised or otherwise. 6 thinking hats to discuss the current issues. Organize a moot court to discuss the violation of individual rights. Graphic organizer to summarize the coexistence of rights vs duties 	 Evaluate the statement "Democracy is meaningless without rights" Analyse their role as responsible citizens. Summarize the flipped coexistence of rights versus duties Apply the process available to citizens for safeguarding rights.
	Ge	ography: Contemporary India - I	
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome With Specific Competencies
1 India - Size and Location	Examine how the location of an area impacts its climate and time with reference to longitude and latitude.	Use GeoGebra, Google earth to represent and justify the reasons for the differences in climatic conditions, local and standard time.	Justify the reasons for the differences in climatic conditions, local and standard time.
	Explore and analyze the trading and cultural relationships of India with its neighboring countries.	Carousel brainstorming strategy for inferring conditions and relationships of the people living in states that are sharing border with the neighbouring countries impact trade and culture.	To Infer how the conditions and relationships of the people living in states that are sharing border with the neighbouring countries impact trade and culture.
	 Evaluate the situation & reasons that made 82.5E* longitude as Time meridian of India. 	(Link for Carousel Brain storming Strategy https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=zZxaS7v1-jo)	Justify the selection of 82.5E* longitude as Time meridian of India. (IST)
	Examine how location of India enables its position as a	On map of India hypothetically design two to four alternate	Critically analyse the role of opening of Suez Canal in improvement of foreign trade.

	strategic partner in the subcontinent.	longitudes on either side of 82.5*E and conclude on the selection • Draw out the rationale/ reasons behind fixing (82.5E) as a time meridian for India • PPT presentation to present alternate solutions.	Propose alternative solution for the problems that arise due to the size & location.
2 Physical Features of India	 Justify why India is a subcontinent Examine the geological process that played a crucial role in the formation of diverse physical features in India Analyse the conditions and relationships of the people living in different physiographic areas. Examine various environmental issues. 	 Use Art integrated strategies like gallery walk/Model making to demonstrate how physical features make India a sub-continent. Role play to depict the lives and relationships amongst physiographic areas. Collaborative brainstorming and presentation using different modes such as flipped books, Journals, Collage and other suitable presentations. 	 Conclude why India is a subcontinent based on study of different physical features. Analyse the conditions and relationships of the people living in different physiographic areas. Enumerate the different environmental issues in India and propose solutions for these issues.
3 Drainage	 Justify the statement that the rivers are lifeline of economy with reference to India. Examine the information about different lakes and infer on their contribution to Indian ecology 	 Choice Board strategy where each group to take up one river and focus on the areas they serve and the impact on Economy of that area. Students will prepare a PPT on lakes. Street play strategy/ poster making/ save River songs/ to present 	 Enlist the different rivers, the areas they serve and their impact on the economy of That area. Enumerate the different lakes and describe their contribution to the Indian ecology. Present creative solutions to overcome the water pollution also

	 Distinguish between the rivers of north and south India Analyse the flow of different rivers of India to infer on their impact on livelihood. 	awareness on water pollution and suggest solutions.	to increase the contribution of water bodies to Indian economy Identify the river systems of the country and explain the role of rivers in human society.
4 Climate	 Examine and analyse the factors that determine the climate of India Discuss the mechanisms of monsoons in Indian subcontinent. Analyse and infer the reasons behind the wide difference between day and night temperatures at different geographical locations of India. To interpret how monsoon acts as a Unifying bond 	 Collect and Read the Weather reports and have a class room discussion to conclude about the factors controlling climate Watch videos and summarize the findings Use Mind map/ graphic organizers to Enumerate and summarize the reasons for the wide difference between the day and night temperatures at different geographical locations of India Read Newspapers, prepare and present mock drills on protocols as preventive action for various disasters 	 Infer how the factors determine the climate of India. Analyse and infer the effect of monsoon winds on rainfall of the Indian subcontinent. Analyse the temperatures between plateau region, Himalayan region, desert region and coastal region. Enumerate and summarize the reasons for the wide difference between temperatures at different geographical locations of India Propose protocols as preventive action for various disasters
5 Natural Vegetation and Wild life	Inter disciplinary project with chapter no IV of History "Forest, Society and Colonialism"	Refer annexure II	Refer annexure II
6 Population	Examine the reasons behind the uneven distribution of population in India with specification to UP &	Research based learning/ art integration strategy (4 grid analysis) to analyse and infer the reasons behind the uneven distribution of	Analyse and infer the reasons behind the uneven distribution of population in India with specification

	1		
	Rajasthan and Mizoram and Karnataka.	population in India with specification to UP & Rajasthan and Mizoram and Karnataka	to UP & Rajasthan and Mizoram and Karnataka.Enlist the factors that affect the population density.
		Economics	
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome with Specific Competencies
The Story of Village Palampur	 Evaluate the prevailing farming conditions in different states with reasons Examine the factors of production and interdependence of the requirements. Examine the contribution of non-farm activities to the economic growth of the village. 	 Visit a nearest village, interview a farmer/ visit local markets and interview farmers and present it in the class. (Experiential learning strategy) Poster making/ Concept map and gallery walk to enlist the requirements of production and summarize the interdependence of these requirements. Present a business plan for non-farm activities by using the four factors of production. 	 Analyse and infer how the prevailing farming conditions impact economic development of different states Enlist the requirements of production and summarize the interdependence of these requirements. Enlist non-farm activities and depict the link with economic growth.
People as Resource	 Examine the various factors that constitute the quality of population Analyse the role of government in improving the quality of population. Examine the factors that contribute to unemployment. 	 Case study on quality of population. (Class room discussion) Collect sources from Newspaper/Media and present the findings in the form of a collage or an album Neighbourhood survey on employment /employability in neighbourhood, analyse the quality of neighbourhood and present in PPT format. 	 Analyse and infer the reasons that contribute to the quality of population Enumerate the different schemes of Government in some states and infer on the quality of people there by. Propose solutions to resolve unemployment problem

Poverty as a Challenge	 Comprehend that poverty is a multifaceted concept inherent in the rural and urban conditions. Examine the measures taken by the government to eradicate poverty. 	 PPT presentation using case study given in NCERT text on the reasons of rural and urban poverty. Declamation with data to Evaluate the efficacy of government to eradicate poverty Debate whether education can remove poverty 	 Analyse and infer the reasons of poverty in the rural and urban areas. Evaluate the efficacy of government to eradicate poverty. Compare how poverty estimates have transformed from 1993-94 to 2011-12 Examine the link between education and poverty.
Food Security in India	 Examine the critical role of food security for its masses. Justify the rationale for the system of food security in India. Appraise the contributory role of Public Distribution system to address FSI Substantiate the role of green revolution in strengthening the PDS. 	 Case study and group discussion to substantiate the link between a well-structured food security system and continuity of supply to masses. Invite relevant Govt. officials to speak on FSI & PDS. Panel discussion/ seminar on the impact of the green revolution and PDS. 	 Enumerate various aspects of food security that will ensure continuity of supply to the masses. Examine, analyse and infer various sources of data that point to the rationale of FSI Enumerate different features of PDS that directly address FSI. Analyse and infer the impact of Green revolution in strengthening the PDS.

CLASS IX LIST OF MAPS

S. No.	Subject	Name of the Chapter	List of Areas to Be Map Pointed
I	History	French Revolution	Outline political map of France Locate/label/identify; • Bordeaux, Nantes, Paris and Marseille
		Socialism in Europe	Outline political map of world locate/label/identify major countries of World War: central powers - Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey (Ottoman Empire) Allied Powers-France, England, Russia and USA
II	Geography	India: size & location	 India - States with Capitals Tropic of Cancer, Standard Meridian (Location and Labelling) Neighbouring countries
		India physical features	 Mountain Ranges: The Karakoram, The Zasker, The Shivalik, The Aravali, The Vindhya, The Satpura, Western & Eastern Ghats Mountain Peaks – K2, Kanchan Junga, Anai Mudi Plateau - Deccan Plateau, Chota Nagpur Plateau, Malwa Plateau Coastal Plains - Konkan, Malabar, Coromandel & Northern Circar (Location and Labelling)
		Drainage system	 The Himalayan River Systems-The Indus, The Ganges, and The Sutlej The Peninsular Rivers-The Narmada, The Tapi, The Kaveri, The Krishna, The Godavari, The Mahanadi
		Annual rainfall in India, Monsoon wind directions	
		Population	 Population density of all states The state having highest and lowest density of population

CLASS IX
INTERNAL ASSESSMENT: 20 MARKS

Type of Assessment	Description	Marks Allocated
Periodic Assessment	Pen Paper Test.	5
Multiple Assessment	Quiz, debate, role play, viva, group discussion, visual expression, interactive bulletin boards, gallery walks, exit cards, concept maps, peer assessment, Self-assessment etc. through Inter disciplinary project	5
Subject Enrichment Activity	Project work on Disaster Management	5
Portfolio	Classwork, work done (activities / assignments) reflections, narrations, journals, etc. Achievements of the student in the subject throughout the year Participation of the student in different activities like Heritage India quiz	5

CLASS IX
PRSECRIBED TEXT BOOKS

S.No	Subject	Name of the Book	Publisher
1	History	India and the Contemporary World - I	NCERT
2	Political Science	Democratic Politics - I	NCERT
3	Geography	Contemporary India - I	NCERT
4	Economics	Economics	NCERT
5	Disaster Management	Together, towards a safer India - part II	CBSE

Links for NCERT rationalised 2023-24 textbooks:

- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?iess1=ps-6
- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?iess2=0-4
- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?iess3=0-5
- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?iess4=ps-5

CLASS X
COURSE STRUCTURE

Hist	History (India and the Contemporary World - II)			20 inclusive of map pointing
Section	Section Chapter No. Chapter name		No. of periods	Marks allocated
I	I	The Rise of Nationalism in Europe	17	
Events and processes	II	Nationalism In India	17	
li li	III	The Making of a Global World		18 + 2 map pointing *
Livelihoods, Economies		(To be evaluated in the Board Examination - Subtopics:1 to 1.3 Pre Modern World to Conquest, Disease and Trade)	6	
and Societies		Interdisciplinary project as part of multiple assessments	4	
Sub (18 ²		(Internally assessed for 5 marks Sub topics 2 to 4.4 The nineteenth century (1815-1914) to end of Bretton Woods & the beginning of "Globalisation."	·	
	IV The Age of Industrialization		6	
		(To be assessed as part of Periodic Assessments only)		
III Everyday Life, Culture and Politics	V	Print Culture and the Modern World	10	* Marks as mentioned above

(=DAAFANNV II ANTOMNAFATV INAIA = III			Suggestive no. of periods = 55	20 inclusive of map pointing
Chapter No.		Chapter Name	No. of Periods	Marks allocated
1	Resources and Dev	relopment	7	
2	Forest and Wildlife	Resources	7	
3	Water Resources		7	
4	Agriculture		10	17 + 3 map
5	Minerals and Energ	y Resources	10	pointing
6	Manufacturing Indus	tries	10	
7	Lifelines of National Economy Only map pointing to be evaluated in the Board Examination		2	
,	Interdisciplinary prassessments (Internally assessed	oject as part of multiple for 5 marks)	2	
Political Science (Democratic Politics - II)			Suggestive no. of periods = 50	20
Unit no	Chapter No Chapter Name		No. of Periods	Marks allocated
	1	Power - sharing	45	
ı	2	Federalism	15	

II	3	Gender, Religion and Caste	12	20	
III	4	Political Parties	12		
IV	5	Outcomes of Democracy	11		
Eco	Economics (Understanding Economic Development)			20	
Chapter No.		Chapter name	No. of Periods	Marks allocated	
1	Development		12		
2	Sectors of the Indian	Economy	12		
3	Money and Credit		12	20	
	Globalisation and The Indian Economy		8		
	 To be evaluated in the Board Examination: What is Globalization? Factors that have enabled Globalisation 				
4	Interdisciplinary project as part of multiple assessments				
	 (Internally assessed for 5 marks) Production across the countries Chinese toys in India World Trade Organisation The Struggle for a Fair Globalisation 		6		
5	Consumer Rights (Project Work)				

CLASS X COURSE CONTENT

	History: India and the Contemporary World - II				
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome with Specific Competencies		
I The Rise of Nationalism in Europe	 Examine the impact of the French Revolution on the European countries in the making of the Nation state. Explore the nature of the diverse social movements of the time. (1830-1848) Examine the ways by which the idea of nationalism emerged and led to the formation of nation states. Comprehend how the World War I was triggered by the scramble for colonies in the Balkan states 	 Watch Videos/ read Textual materials/ read related novels on the French revolution followed by a Class room discussion and presentation. World café/ Panel discussion/ debate using Collaborative learning, to explore the diverse social groups and present it as a group. Use of graphic organizers to explain the idea of unification of states to form one nation. (Italy/ Germany/ Greece) Visual representation of the map of Pre-First World War Europe followed by the Class discussion and reflection activity based on the map of Post First World War Europe 	 Infer how the French Revolution had an impact on the European countries in the making of nation state. Enumerate and evaluate the validity of the nature of the diverse social movements of the time Analyse and infer how the idea of nationalism emerged and led to the formation of nation states in Europe and elsewhere. Illustrate that ,the quest for imperialism triggered the First World War. 		
II	Explore various facets of Nationalistic movements that ushered in the sense of Collective Belonging	Sequence chart/ story Board/ Story telling pedagogy to Illustrate various facets of Nationalistic movements that ushered in the sense of Collective Belonging	Illustrate various facets of Nationalistic movements that ushered in the sense of Collective Belonging		

Nationalism in India	 Discuss the impact of the first world war on triggering two defining movements (Khilafat & Non-cooperation Movement) in India. Assess/ appraise the role of Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders in the two movements (NCM & CDM) 	 Students will examine textual content and other references and Present through PPT. Viewing the relevant Snippets from the movies/ video clippings depicting various events involving Gandhiji and other leaders and present findings through a panel discussion or seminars. 	 Summarize the aspects of the First World War that triggered two defining movements (Khilafat & Non-cooperation Movement) in India Evaluate the effectiveness of the strategies applied by Gandhiji and other leaders in the Two movements.
The Making of a Global World Sub topic 1 The pre modern world	 Explore various aspects of how the world changed profoundly in the 19th century in terms of Economic, Political, Social, Cultural and technological areas. Analyse the destructive impact of colonialism on the economy and the livelihoods of colonised people. 	 Initiate an Inquiry based learning using world café' strategy and present your findings through café conversation strategy of each area (transformed the world in terms of economy, political, cultural and technological aspects.) Art integration and gallery walk to depict the interconnectedness. Students examine the photographic display/ new paper cutting that depict the destructive impact of colonialism on the livelihoods of colonised people and present their understandings in the form of Newsletter/ cartoon strips/ Inter Disciplinary Project 	 Summarize the changes that transformed the world in terms of economy, political, cultural and technological areas. Depict the global interconnectedness from the Pre modern to the present day. Enumerate the destructive impact of colonialism on the livelihoods of colonised people
Sub topic 2 19 th century 1815 -1914 Sub topic 3	Inter disciplinary Project with chapter 7 of Geography: Life lines of National Economy and chapter 4 of Economics:	Refer Annexure IV	Refer Annexure IV

The inter- war economy Sub topic 4 Rebuilding of world economy: the post war era.	Globalization and the Indian Economy		
IV The Age of Industrialisa- tion	 Examine economic, political, social features of Pre and Post Industrialization. Analyse the impact of Industrialisation in the colonies with specific focus on India. 	 Watch relevant Videos/ Visuals/ documentaries/ the movie clippings on features of Pre & Post economic, political, social features of Pre and Post Industrialization Debate on the impact of Industrialisation in the colonies with specific focus on India. 	 Enumerate economic, political, social features of Pre and Post Industrialization. Analyse and infer how the industrialization impacted colonies with specific focus on India.
Print culture and the Modern World.	 Examine the development of Print from its beginnings in East Asia to its expansion in Europe and India Analyse the impact of the spread of technology and consider how social life and culture changed with coming of print 	 Flow chart to depict the development of Print Declamation on the profound transformation of people due to the print revolution. Use of Venn diagram to compare the advantages of hand written books and the printed books Interpret and infer from pictures, cartoons, extracts from propaganda literature on important events and issues with focus on print culture. 	 Enumerate the development of Print from its beginnings in East Asia to its expansion in Europe and India. Comment on the statement that the print revolution was not just a way of producing book but profound transformation of people. Compare and contrast the old tradition of hand written manuscripts versus the print technology. Summarise the role of Print revolution and its impact on World & India 's political, social and economic condition.

	Political Science: Democratic Politics - II				
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome With Specific Competencies		
1 Power - sharing	 Examines and comprehends how democracies handle demands and need for power sharing. Analyse the Challenges faced by countries like Belgium and Sri Lanka ensuring effective power sharing 	 Read relevant Newspaper articles/ clippings on Power sharing and present the findings in the form of flow chart Discuss various forms of power-sharing Classroom discussion on challenges faced by Belgium& Sri Lanka in ensuring effective power sharing Socratic discussion on Power Sharing Techniques used by India, Sri Lanka and Belgium Read Textual resource and other resources and present findings through graphic organizers 	 Enumerate the need for power sharing in democracy. Analyse and infer the challenges faced by Belgium and Sri Lanka in ensuring Power sharing. Compare and contrast the power sharing of India with Sri Lanka and Belgium Summarize the purpose of power sharing in preserving the unity and stability of a country. 		
2 Federalism	 Comprehend the theory and Practice of Federalism in India. Analyse the policies and 	Group discussion on the distribution of powers between Union and state Government and present the outcomes through presentations.	 Analyse and infer how federalism is being practised in India. Analyse and infer how the 		
	politics that has strengthened federalism in practice.	Debate on policies and politics that strengthens Federalism in practice and present through mind map	policies and politics that has strengthens federalism in practice.		
3 Gender, Religion and Caste	Examines the role and differences of Gender, religion and Caste in practicing Democracy in India.	Skit/ street play to enumerate how the differences in gender, religion and caste impact the practicing healthy or otherwise in a Democracy.	Enumerates how the differences in gender, religion and caste impact the practicing healthy or otherwise in a Democracy		
	Analyses the different expressions based on these	Graphic method to Analyse and infer how different expressions based on	Analyses and infers how different expressions based on		

	differences are healthy or otherwise in a democracy	differences in Gender, Religion and Caste are healthy or unhealthy in a democracy.	the differences in Gender, Religion and Caste are healthy or unhealthy in a democracy
4 Political Parties	 Examine the role, purpose and no. of Political Parties in Democracy Evaluates the contributions made by national and regional political parties in making or otherwise of Indian democracy. 	 Role play the role, purpose and no. of Political Parties in Democracy Reads newspapers, watches video clippings to justify the contributions /non contributions made by national and regional political parties in successful functioning of Indian democracy. 	 Enumerates the role, purpose, and no. of Political Parties in Democracy Justifies the contributions /non contributions made by national and regional political parties in successful functioning of Indian democracy.
5 Outcomes of Democracy	 Comprehends the expected and actual outcomes of democracy in view of quality of government, economic wellbeing, in equality, social differences, conflict, freedom and dignity. Analyses the reasons behind gap that occurs in conversion of expected outcomes into actual outcomes of democracy in various respects: quality of government, economic wellbeing, inequality, social differences and conflict and finally freedom and dignity 	 Graphic organizer to enumerates how a success of democracy depends on quality of government, economic wellbeing, in equality, social differences, conflict, freedom and dignity Case study to Analyses and infers why sometimes the gap occurs between expected outcome and actual outcome effects the success of Democracy. 	 Enumerates how a success of democracy depends on quality of government, economic wellbeing, in equality, social differences, conflict, freedom and dignity. Analyses and infers why sometimes the gap occurs between expected outcome and actual outcome effects the success of Democracy.

	Geography: Contemporary India - II				
Chapter No. and Name	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome with Specific Competencies		
1 Resources and Development	 Examine the significance, interdependence, utilization development need of Planning of resources in India. Summarise the rationale for development of resources Comprehends the reasons for non-optimal utilization of land in India. Analyse the need to conserve all the resources Examine the significant role for resource planning in the light of the present requirements in India 	 Brainstorming on how the resources are interdependent in nature and the need to develop them in India and present in the form of Venn diagram Use of maps, charts, and other tools to identify patterns and trends of land utilization Case study and debate on the topic "Is the development acting as an adversary for conservation" and present a report in the form of PPT. 	 Enumerates how the resources are interdependent, justify how planning is essential judicious utilization of resources and the need to develop them in India Infers the rationale for development of resources Analyse and evaluate data and information related to nonoptimal land, utilization in India Appraise and infer the need to conserve all resources available in India suggest remedial measures for optimal utilization of underutilized resources 		
2 Forest and Wildlife Resources	 Examine the importance of conserving forests and wild life and their interdependency in maintaining the ecology for the sustainable development of India. Analyse the role of grazing and wood cutting in the development and degradation 	 Read newspaper articles/ watch videos on deforestation and need for conservation and through world café strategy present your findings. Debate how developmental works, grazing wood cutting have impacted on the survival or otherwise of the forests. Use art integration strategy to summarize and present the reasons for 	 Enumerate how conservation of forests and wildlife are interdependent in nature and in maintain the ecology of India. Analyse and infer how some of the developmental works, grazing wood cutting have impacted on the survival or otherwise of the forests. 		

	Comprehends the reasons for conservation of biodiversity in India under sustainable development.	conservation of biodiversity in India under sustainable development.	Summarizes the reasons for conservation of biodiversity in India under sustainable development.
3 Water Resources	 Examine the reasons for conservation of water resource in India. Analyse and infer how the Multipurpose projects are supporting the requirement of water in India. 	 Brainstorming session to discuss the scarcity of water and present through graphic organizers Prepare a PPT to Summarize the roles of Multipurpose projects in supporting the water requirement of India. 	 Enumerate why the water resource of India to be conserved. Summarize the roles of Multipurpose projects in supporting the water requirement of India.
4 Agriculture	 Examine the crucial role played by agriculture in our economy and society. Analyses the challenges faced by the farming community in India. Comprehends the various aspects of agriculture, including crop production, types of farming, modern agricultural practices, and the impact of agriculture on the environment. 	 Discusses the challenges faced by farmers, such as low productivity, lack of modern technology, inadequate irrigation facilities, and post-harvest losses and presents the findings through PPT Reads Newspapers and panel discusses the challenges faced by the farming community in India Use of graphic organizers to distinguish the traditional and modern farming methods 	 Enumerate how agriculture plays a contributory role in Indian economy Analyses and infers the challenges faced by the farming community in India Identifies and summarizes various aspects of agriculture, including crop production, types of farming, modern agricultural practices, and the impact of agriculture on the environment.
5	Comprehends the formation of different types of minerals, location, their uses, importance for human life and the economy.	Usage of textual resource, mind maps, pie charts to Analyse and infer how different types of minerals are formed, where they are found, their uses, importance for human life and the economy	Analyses and infers how different types of minerals are formed, where they are found, their uses, importance for human life and the economy

Minerals and Energy Resources	 Analyses the importance of minerals and natural resources for economic development of the country their distribution, and sustainable use. Distinguishes between the conventional and non-conventional sources of energy . 	 Use graphic organizers to Infer the resource distribution to real-world situations and proposes strategies for sustainable use of natural resources Use of flow chart to Differentiate between the conventional and non-conventional sources of energy 	 Infers the resource distribution to real-world situations and proposes strategies for sustainable use of natural resources Differentiates between the conventional and nonconventional sources of energy.
Manufactur- ing Industries	 Distinguishes between various types of manufacturing industries based on their input materials, processes, and end products, and analyse their significance in the Indian economy. Examines the impact of manufacturing industries on the environment, and develop strategies for sustainable development of the manufacturing sector. Analyses the relation between the availability of raw material and location of the Industry 	 Use of flow chart to differentiate between various types of manufacturing industries based on their input materials, processes, and end products. Utilizes the textual information (data given through various maps/ graphs) to Enumerates the impact of manufacturing industries on the environment, and develop strategies for sustainable development of the manufacturing sector. Uses Case Studies to Infers the relation between availability of raw material and location of the Industry 	 Differentiates between various types of manufacturing industries based on their input materials, processes, and end products, and analyse their significance in the Indian economy. Enumerates the impact of manufacturing industries on the environment, and develop strategies for sustainable development of the manufacturing sector. Infers the relation between availability of raw material and location of the Industry

7 Life Lines of National Economy	Inter disciplinary project with chapter 3 of History: The making of a Global world and chapter 4 of Economics: Globalization and the Indian Economy	Refer Annexure IV	Refer Annexure IV
	Economics	s: Understanding Economic Development	
Chapter No. Specific Learning Objectives Suggested Teaching and Name		Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome with Specific Competencies
1 Development	 Examine the significance of designing suitable developmental goals in shaping the nation. Examine the importance of per capita income and compare the per capita income of various countries to infer about reasons for the variance Analyse the HDI in relation to PCI. Examine the need for Sustainable development 	 Hot seat strategy to enumerate different developmental Goals that helps in nation building Case study to analyse and infer how the per capita income depicts the economic condition of the nation. Graphic organizer to compare and contrast the t relation between HDI and PCI Declamation to Analyses the multiple perspectives on the need development 	 Enumerate different and examine the different processes involved in setting developmental Goals that helps in nation building Analyse and infer how the per capita income depicts the economic condition of the nation. Evaluate the development goals that have been set for the nation by the Planning commission of India -with specific reference to their efficacy, implemental strategies, relevance to current requirements of the nation Compare and contrast how the per capita income of some countries and infer reasons for the variance Analyses the multiple perspectives on the need development.

2 Sectors of the Indian Economy	Analyse and evaluate the economic activities in different sectors and how they contribute to the overall growth and development of the Indian economy. Identify problems in different	solutions to identified problems in different sectors based on their	Analyses and infer how the economic activities in different sectors contribute to the overall growth and development of the Indian economy.
	 Identify problems in different sectors and propose solutions based on their understanding of the sectors. Analyse the major employment generating sectors and observe the challenges faced in an effort to provide employment to all. Examines the role of Unorganised sector in impacting PCI currently and proposes suggestive steps to reduce the unorganised sector for more productive contributions to GDP Examine and infer the essential role of the Public and Private sectors the present trends of PPP and efficacy of the initiative 	 Read Newspaper articles and group discuss to Summarize how the organised and unorganised sectors are providing employment and the challenges faced by them 	 Propose solutions to identified problems in different sectors based on their understanding Summarize how the organised and unorganised sectors are providing employment and the challenges faced by them Enumerates the role of unorganised sector in impacting PCI currently and proposes suggestive steps to reduce the unorganised sector for more productive contributions to GDP Enumerates and infer the essential role of the Public and Private sectors the present trends of PPP and efficacy of the initiative
3 Money and Credit	Examine money as a medium of exchange in all transactions of goods and services since ancient times to the present times.	Group discussion to Enumerate how money plays as a medium exchange in all transactions of goods and services since ancient times to the present times	Enumerate how money plays as a medium exchange in all transactions of goods and services since ancient times to the present times

	Analyse the different sources of credit	 Case based study to Analyse and infer various sources of Credit Guest Speaker Programme (bank 	 Analyse and infer various sources of Credit Summarizes the significance and
	 Identify the significance and role of self-help groups in the betterment of the economic condition of rural people/women. 	manager/ a self-help group member) to Summarizes the significance and role of self-help groups in the betterment of the economic condition of rural people/ women.	role of self-help groups in the betterment of the economic condition of rural people/ women.
4 Globalization and the Indian Economy	Examine the concept of globalization and its definition, evolution, and impact on the global economy.	Watch videos on globalisation followed by an interactive group discussion to enumerate the concept of globalization and its definition, evolution, and impact on the global economy	 Enumerate the concept of globalization and its definition, evolution, and impact on the global economy. Evaluate the key role of the key
Sub topics: What is Globalization?	Explore the details of the key drivers of globalization and their role in shaping the global economic landscape in various countries	Read Textual and other resources to analyse and infer the key drivers of globalization and their role in shaping the global economic landscape.	major drivers of globalization and their role in shaping the global economic landscape in various countries
Factors that have enabled Globalisation	Examines the significance of role of G20 and its significance in the light of India's present role		Enumerates the significance of role of G20 and its significance in the light of India's present role
Sub topics: Production across the countries	Inter disciplinary Project with chapter 3 of History: "The making of a Global World" and chapter 7 of Geography: "Lifelines of National Economy"	Refer Annexure IV	Refer Annexure IV

Chinese toys in India World Trade Organisation The Struggle For A Fair Globalisation			
5	Project work	Refer Annexure III	Refer Annexure III
Consumer Rights OR Social Issues OR Sustainable Development			

CLASS X LIST OF MAP ITEMS

Subject	Name of the Chapter	List of areas to be pointed on the Map	
History	Nationalism in India	I. Congress sessions:1920 Calcutta1920 Nagpur.1927 Madras session,	
		 II. 3 Satyagraha movements: Kheda Champaran. Ahmedabad mill workers III. Jallianwala Bagh IV. Dandi March 	
Geography	Resources and Development	Identify: Major Soil Types	
	Water Resources	Locating and Labelling: Salal Bhakra Nangal Tehri Rana Pratap Sagar Sardar Sarovar Hirakud Nagarjuna Sagar Tungabhadra	
	Agriculture	Identify: • Major areas of Rice and Wheat	

		 Largest/ Major producer states of Sugarcane, Tea, Coffee, Rubber, Cotton and Jute
	Minerals and Energy Resources	Identify:
	1100001000	a. Iron Ore mines
		MayurbhanjDurg
		Bailadila
		Bellary Kudremukh
		b. Coal Mines
		Raniganj
		Bokaro
		TalcherNeyveli
		c. Oil Fields
		• Digboi
		Naharkatia Mumbai High
		Mumbai HighBassien
		• Kalol
		Ankaleshwar
		Locate & label: Power Plants
		a. Thermal
		Namrup Singapuli
		SingrauliRamagundam
		- Tamaganaan

	b. NuclearNaroraKakraparaTarapurKalpakkam
Manufacturing Industries	I. Manufacturing Industries (Locating and Labelling only)
	 Cotton Textile Industries: a. Mumbai b. Indore c. Surat d. Kanpur e. Coimbatore Iron and Steel Plants: a. Durgapur b. Bokaro c. Jamshedpur d. Bhilai e. Vijayanagar f. Salem
	 Software Technology Parks: a. Noida b. Gandhinagar c. Mumbai d. Pune e. Hyderabad, f. Bengaluru g. Chennai. h. Thiruvananthapuram
Lifelines of National Economy	Locating and Labelling: a. Major sea ports • Kandla • Mumbai • Marmagao • New Mangalore • Kochi • Tuticorin • Chennai • Vishakhapatnam • Paradip • Haldia

b. International Airports:

- Amritsar (Raja Sansi Sri Guru Ram Dass jee)
- Delhi (Indira Gandhi)
- Mumbai (Chhatrapati Shivaji)
- Chennai (Meenam Bakkam)
- Kolkata (Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose)
- Hyderabad (Rajiv Gandhi)

Note: Items of Locating and Labelling may also be given for Identification.



CLASS X QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Subject Wise Weightage

Subject	Syllabus	Marks (80)	Percentage
History	 The Rise of Nationalism in Europe. Nationalism in India: The Making of a Global World Sub topics1 to 1.3 Print Culture and the Modern World Map pointing 	18+2	25%
Political Science	 Power - sharing Federalism Gender, Religion and Caste Political Parties Outcomes of Democracy 	20	25%
Geography	 Resources and Development Forest and Wildlife Resources Water Resources Agriculture Mineral& Energy resources Manufacturing industries. Lifelines of National Economy(map pointing) Map pointing 	17+3	25%
Economics	DevelopmentSectors of the Indian Economy	20	25%

 Money and Credit Globalization and The Indian Economy Sub topics: What is Globalization? Factors that have enabled Globalisation 		
---	--	--

Weightage to Type of Questions

Type of Questions	Marks (80)	Percentage
1 Mark MCQs (20x1) (Inclusive Of Assertion, Reason, Differentiation &Stem)	20	25%
2 Marks Narrative Questions (4x2) (Knowledge,Understanding,Application,Analysis,Evaluation,Synthesis & Create)	8	10%
3 Marks Narrative Questions (5x3) (Knowledge,Understanding,Application,Analysis,Eva luation,Synthesis & Create)	15	18.75%
4 MARKS Case Study Questions (3x4) (Knowledge,Understanding,Application,Analysis,Evaluation,Synthesis & Create)	12	15%
5 Mark Narrative Questions (4x5) (Knowledge,Understanding,Application,Analysis,Evaluation,Synthesis & Create)	20	25%
Map Pointing	5	6.25%

Weightage to Competency Levels

Sr. No.	Competencies	Marks (80)	Percentage
1	Remembering and Understanding: Exhibiting memory of previously learned material by recalling facts, terms, basic concepts, and answers; Demonstrating understanding of facts and ideas by organizing, translating, interpreting, giving descriptions and stating main ideas.	24	30%
2	Applying: Solving problems to new situations by applying acquired knowledge, facts, techniques and rules in a different way.	11	13.25%
3	Formulating, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating: Examining and breaking information into parts by identifying motives or causes; Making inferences and finding evidence to support generalizations; Presenting and defending opinions by making judgments about information, validity of ideas, or quality of work based on a set of criteria; Compiling information together in a different way by combining elements in a new pattern or proposing alternative solutions.	40	50%
4	Map Skill	5	6.25%
	Total	80	100%

CLASS X
GUIDELINES FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT: 20 MARKS

Type of Assessment	Description	Marks Allocated
Periodic Assessment	Pen Paper Test.	5
Multiple Assessment	Quiz, debate, role play, viva, group discussion, visual expression, interactive bulletin boards, gallery walks, exit cards, concept maps, peer assessment, Self-assessment etc. through Inter disciplinary project	5
Subject Enrichment Activity	Project Work on Consumer Rights OR Social Issues OR Sustainable Development	5
Portfolio	Classwork, Work done (activities/ assignments) reflections, narrations, journals, etc. Achievements of the student in the subject throughout the year Participation of the student in different activities like heritage India quiz	5

CLASS X PRESCRIBED TEXTBOOKS

Subject	Name of the Book	Publisher		
History	India and the Contemporary World - II	NCERT		
Political Science	Democratic Politics	NCERT		
Geography	Contemporary India	NCERT		
Economics	Understanding Economic Development	NCERT		
Disaster Together Towards a Safer India -Part III (A text book on Disaster Management)				
learning_outcomes.pdf (ncert.nic.in)				

Links for NCERT rationalised 2023-24 textbooks:

- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?jess1=0-7
- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?jess2=0-5
- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?jess3=0-5
- https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?jess4=ps-5

ANNEXURE I

Project Work: Class IX

Project work	10 periods
Every student has to compulsorily undertake one project on Disaster Management	The students need to develop the following competencies: Collaboration
Objectives: The main objectives of giving project work on Disaster Management to the students are to:	Use analytical skills
 create awareness in them about different disasters, their consequences and management 	Evaluate the situations during disasters.
 prepare them in advance to face such situations ensure their participation in disaster mitigation plans 	Synthesize the information
 enable them to create awareness and preparedness among the community. 	Find creative solutions
The project work should also help in enhancing the Life Skills of the students.	Strategies the order of solutions
 If possible, various forms of art may be integrated in the project work. 	Use right communication skills

Guidelines:

In order to realize the expected objectives completely, it would be required of the principals / teachers to muster support from various local authorities and organizations like the Disaster Management Authorities, Relief, Rehabilitation and the Disaster Management Departments of the States, Office of the District Magistrate/ Deputy Commissioners, Fire Service, Police, Civil Defence etc. in the area where the schools are located.

• The project carried out by the students should subsequently be shared among themselves through interactive sessions such as exhibitions, panel discussions, etc.

The distribution of marks over different rubrics relating to Project Work is as follows:

S. No.	Aspects	Marks
а	Content accuracy, originality and collaborative skills	2
b	Competencies exhibited and Presentation	2
С	Viva	1

- All documents pertaining to assessment under this activity should be meticulously maintained by the schools.
- A Summary Report should be prepared highlighting:
 - objectives realized through individual work and group interactions;
 - calendar of activities;
 - > innovative ideas generated in the process
 - list of questions asked in viva voce.
- It is to be noted here by all the teachers and students that the projects and models prepared should be made from eco-friendly products without incurring too much expenditure.
- The Project Report can be handwritten or digital.
- The Project Work needs to enhance cognitive, affective and psychomotor skills of the learners. It will include self-assessment and peer assessment, and progress of the child in project-based and inquiry-based learning, art integrated activities, experiments, models, quizzes, role plays, group work, portfolios, etc., along with teacher assessment. (NEP-2020)
- The Project work can culminate in the form of Power Point Presentation/Exhibition/Skit/albums/files/song and dance or culture show /story telling/debate/panel discussion, paper presentation and whichever is suitable to Visually Impaired Candidates.)
- The record of the project work (internal assessment) should be kept for a period of three months for verification, if any.

ANNEXURE II

Interdisciplinary Project: Class-IX

Subject and Chapter No	Name of the Chapter	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes with Specific Competencies	Time Schedule For Completion
History Chapter IV	Forest Society and Colonialism	 To categorize different types of forest during the colonial regime. To bring out the plight of Forest dwellers under colonial rule. To examine the reason behind commercial forestry. To devise ways to protect the forest vegetation and wildlife in India. To defend the role of government and the local communities in protecting the forest cover. 	 Interdisciplinary project Teachers can make use of the pedagogies in facilitating the students in completion of Inter Disciplinary Project Constructivism Inquiry based learning Cooperative learning Research based learning. Experiential learning. Art integration Multiple Assessment: 	 Compare the forest situations prevailed at pre- colonial, colonial and post- colonial era. Analyse and evaluate the growth &role of commercial forestry in different types of Vegetation. Critically analyse the reasons for rebellions at forest areas of south East-Asia with specification to JAVA. 	The Schools to do IDP between the months of April and September at the School under the guidance of teacher. (Carryover of project to home must be strictly avoided)
Geography	Natural Vegetation and Wildlife	To discuss the social and cultural world of forest communities	Ex. Surveys / Interviews / Research work/ Observation/ Story based		
Chapter 5		through the study of specific revolts. To analyse the different processes through which agrarian transformation may	Presentation/ Art integration/ Quiz/ Debate/ role play/ viva, /group discussion, /visual expression/ interactive bulletin boards/ gallery		

_		_	
	occur in the modern	walks/ exit cards/ concept	
	world.	maps/ peer assessment/	
	To understand how oral	art integration /Self-	
	traditions can be used	assessment/integration of	
	to explore tribal revolts	technology etc.	

Guidelines for Inter Disciplinary Project:

• It involves combining 2 or more disciplines into one activity-more coherent and integrated. The generally recognized disciplines are economics, History, Geography, Political Science, A sample plan has been enclosed. Kindly access the link given below

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1668TKkRt80r4-kbjJ_Y7zg4mF3Vq1Y9k/edit

Instructions:

• Objectives and Outcomes need to be picked from Rationale and Specific Objectives considering the local context.

Plan of the project:

• A suggestive 10 days' plan given below which you may follow or you can create on your own, based on the templates provided below

Process:

• Initial collaboration among students to arrange their roles, areas of integration, area of investigation and analysis, roles of students

Team leader: Main collaborator

Team members:

Note: Teacher to allocate the roles as per the abilities of the students.

- Final submission based on course deliverables as given in the template below the 10-day plan.
- Assessment Plan: to be done by the teacher clearly mentioning the Rubrics
- Report, poster and video acknowledgements: reflections & expression of gratitude as given in the template given below

Day 1-2: "Colonialism and Forest Society"

Discuss the impact of colonialism on forest societies, and explore the concept of forest as a resource in colonialism.

Group project: Research and present a PPT on the colonial forest policy and its impact on forest societies.

Day 3-4: "Rebellion in the Forest"

Analyse the causes and effects of forest-based rebellions in history

Watch the following film Group discuss about forest tribes of your state and the exploitations they face. Refer Annexure VI for Rubrics. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6SR0REa_YA

Day 5-6: Forest Transformations in Java, Tropical Evergreen Forests

Examine the impact of human activity on forests in Java.

Explore how changes in land use, agriculture, and industry have impacted the forests. Students can research the history of forest transformations in Java and their impact on the environment.

Study the transformation of forests in Java, from pre-colonial to post-colonial times

Compare and contrast the conversion of forest into agricultural land and the need.

Through group discussions find solutions. Present an art integrated project.

Discuss the characteristics of tropical evergreen forests, including their climate, soil, and flora/fauna. Students can research specific examples of tropical evergreen forests and the challenges they face, such as deforestation and climate change.

Group project: watch the video through the link https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ml0xvHsBigI

Analyse and present the impact of forest transformations on society, economy and environment in Java. Compare and contrast it with India.

Present a PPT of your learnings. Refer Annexure VI for rubrics

Day 7-8: Discuss how colonialism has affected the forest's biodiversity and the survival of indigenous communities living in and around the forest.

Group activity: Divide the group into smaller teams and assign them tasks related to identifying the impact of colonialism on different types of forests. For example, one team can research the impact of colonialism on the survival of indigenous plants and animals. Make the students use cartoon strips to present their findings.

Day 9-10: Make the students to compile all the findings of 8 days' work and present in PPT and through the template given in Annexure V.



ANNEXURE III

Class X - Project Work	0 periods. 5 marks
Every student has to compulsorily undertake one project on	The students need to develop the following competencies:
Consumer Awareness OR Social Issues OR Sustainable Deve	opment Collaboration
Consumer Awareness On Social Issues On Sustamable Deve	Opinent
Objectives: The overall objective of the project work is to help studinsight and pragmatic understanding of the theme and see all the S	
disciplines from an interdisciplinary perspective.	Evaluate the situations during disasters.
It should also help in enhancing the Life Skills of the students.	
Students are expected to apply the Social Science concepts that th	ey have learnt Synthesize the information
over the years in order to prepare the project report.	Find creative solutions
If required, students may go out for collecting data and use differen	
secondary resources to prepare the project.	Strategies the order of solutions
If possible, various forms of art may be integrated in the project wor	
in possible, values forms of artiflay so integrated in the project wor	Use right communication skills

Guidelines:

The distribution of marks over different rubrics relating to Project Work is as follows:

S. No.	Rubrics	Marks
а	Content accuracy, originality and collaborative skills	2
b	Competencies exhibited and Presentation	2
С	Viva	1

- 1) The project carried out by the students should subsequently be shared among themselves through interactive sessions such as exhibitions, panel discussions, etc.
- 2) All documents pertaining to assessment under this activity should be meticulously maintained by the schools.
- 3) A Summary Report should be prepared highlighting:
 - objectives realized through individual work and group interactions;
 - calendar of activities;
 - innovative ideas generated in the process
 - list of questions asked in viva voce.
- 4) It is to be noted here by all the teachers and students that the projects and models prepared should be made from eco-friendly products without incurring too much expenditure.
- 5) The Project Report can be handwritten or digital.
- 6) The Project Work needs to enhance cognitive, affective and psychomotor skills of the learners. It will include self-assessment and peer assessment, and progress of the child in project-based and inquiry-based learning, art integrated activities, experiments, models, quizzes, role plays, group work, portfolios, etc., along with teacher assessment. (NEP-2020)
- 7) Must be done at school only as specific periods are allocated for project work.
- 8) The Project work can culminate in the form of Power Point Presentation/Exhibition/Skit/albums/files/song and dance or culture show /story telling/debate/panel discussion, paper presentation and whichever is suitable to Visually Impaired Candidates.
- 9) Records pertaining to projects (internal assessment) of the students will be maintained for a period of three months from the date of declaration of result for verification at the discretion of Board. Sub judice cases, if any or those involving RTI / Grievances may however be retained beyond three months.

ANNEXURE IV

Interdisciplinary Project: Class X

10 periods	periods Max. Marks 5				
Subject Name and Chapter No.	Name of the chapter	Specific Learning objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcome with specific competencies	Time schedule for Completion
Chapter No. History Chapter III Geography Chapter 7	Making of a Global World Lifelines of National Economy	 Trace the history of globalization and point out the shifts within the process. Analyse the implication of globalization on local economies. Examines the importance of transportation for the economic growth and development in India. Analyse the impact of roadways and railways on the national economy Evaluates the challenges faced by the roadways and railway sector in the country Discuss how globalization is experienced 	The teachers may use the following pedagogies in facilitating the students in completion of Interdisciplinary Project. 1) Constructivism 2) Inquiry based learning 3) Cooperative learning 4) Learning station 5) Collaborative learning 6) Videos/Visuals/docu mentaries/movie clippings 7) Carousel technique 8) Art integrated learning 9) Group Discussions Multiple Assessment: Ex. Surveys / Interviews / Research work/ Observation/ Story based	 Analyse the implication of globalization for local economies. Discuss how globalization is experienced differently by different social groups. Enumerates how the transportation works as a life line of economy. Analyse and infer the impact of roadways and railways on the national economy Analyses and infers the challenges faced by the roadways and railway sector in India. 	The Schools to do IDP between the months of April and September at the School under the guidance of teacher. (Carry over of project to home must be strictly avoided)

1	Globalization and the Indian	differently by different social groups.	integration/ Quiz/ Debate/		
Chapter 4	Economy	 Connect the role of means of transport and communication in the process of globalization. Investigate the factors that facilitated the growth on MNC 's 	role play/ viva, /group discussion, /visual expression/ interactive bulletin boards/ gallery walks/ exit cards/ concept maps/ peer assessment/ art integration /Self-assessment/integration of technology etc.	globalisation in terms of cultural / political/ social /economical aspects) • Appraise the evolution of Globalisation and the global trends	

Guidelines:

- It involves combining 2 or more disciplines into one activity-more coherent and integrated. The generally recognized disciplines are economics, History, Geography, Political Science, a sample plan has been enclosed) Kindly access the link given below
- Methodology (A sample interdisciplinary project plan Link has been provided to get an insight about IDP.
- Topic: The Making of a Global World, Globalisation and Life lines of Economy

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dlwwFeaSrExJHMtkzcEuog3ehh-7FtHM/edit

Instructions:

• Objectives and Outcomes need to be picked from Rationale and Specific Objectives considering the local context.

Plan of the project:

• A suggestive 10 days' plan given below which you may follow or you can create on your own, based on the templates provided below

Process:

• Initial collaboration among students to arrange their roles, areas of integration, area of investigation and analysis, roles of students

Team leader: Main collaborator

Team members:

Note: Teacher to allocate the roles as per the abilities of the students.

- Final submission based on course deliverables as given in the template below.
- Assessment Plan: to be done by the teacher clearly mentioning the Rubrics
- Report, poster and video acknowledgements: Reflections & expression of gratitude as given in the template below

Class X: 10-day Suggestive plan for Interdisciplinary Project

Day 1: Introduction to the Interdisciplinary Project and Setting the Context:

Brief overview of the project and its objectives to be given by the teachers.

History teacher to Introduce the historical context of the World War II and its aftermath through inquiry method.

Make the students to Group discuss the impact of World War II on the global economy. Teacher to refer annexure III for rubrics)

Day 2: The Great Depression:

Students to watch a video from the link, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=62DxELjuRec and

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ggx2E5gIV9s

and discuss the causes and consequences of the Great Depression and the role of mass production and consumption in the Great Depression. Present a group PPT /report on consequences of the Great Depression on the global economy.

Day 3: India and the Great Depression:

Students to collect material related to India's economic condition during the Great Depression and relate it to the present economic condition of India and US. Students may collect information through a visit to the library.

As a group activity they need to present a collage of their findings.(Refer Annexure VI for Rubrics)

Day 4: Rebuilding the World Economy and Interlinking Production across countries

- Teachers to use Jigsaw method to make the students to sit in groups and to give each group a part of the handout with information about process taken to rebuild economy and how the production across countries got interlinked. Make the groups to compile the information by moving from group to group.
- Make them discuss the post-war recovery efforts and their impact on the global economy

• Study the role of the Bretton Woods Institutions in rebuilding the world economy and present their learnings through Art Integrated Project. Refer Annexure VI for rubrics.

Day 5: The Early Post-War Years: The role of roadways, railways, waterways and airways in building the national economy

- The teacher distributes the Handout 1 given below to the groups and asks them to find answers to the questions posed at the end of Hand out and present it in groups using Café conversations mode. Refer Annexure III for rubrics.
- Study the challenges faced by the world in the early post-war years
- Discuss the efforts made towards decolonization and independence of nations

Day 6: Post war settlement and Bretton Woods institutions

- Make the students read the material given in https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bretton Woods system and debate the impact of Bretton Woods institutions in the post war economy. Refer Annexure VI for Rubrics.
- Day 7: Decolonization and Independence The Role of World Trade Organization:
- The students will read the handout 2 given below and present a role play of the support rendered by the World Trade Organisation in building new nations. Refer Annexure VI for rubrics
- Introduction to the World Trade Organization
- Study the role of the WTO in promoting fair trade practices

Day 8: End of Bretton Woods and the Beginning of Globalization:

- The students will read material given in the link
 https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20Bretton%20Woods%20system,-
 https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20Bretton%20Woods%20system,-
 https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20Bretton%20Woods%20system,-
 https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20Bretton%20Woods%20system,-
 https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20breakdown%20of%20the%20system,-">https://www.imf.org/external/about/histend.htm#:~:text=End%20of%20U.S.%20President,the%20of%20U.S.%20Dresident,the%20of%20U.S.%20U.S.%20Dresident,the%20of%20U.S.%20U.S.%20U.S.%20
- Organise an interview with a financial expert/economist/ lecturer/professor. Based on the information they gathered, the students can submit a report on the findings.
- Discuss the reasons for the end of the Bretton Woods system

Day 9: Impact of Globalization in India and role of waterways and airways

https://www.jagranjosh.com/general-knowledge/new-economic-policy-of-1991-objectives-features-and-impacts-1448348633-1

- The students will read the material given in the above link, and design a report on what would have happened to India if this stand wasn't taken and present it as a radio talk show. They will link the role of waterways and airways in the achievement of India in globalisation.
- Study the impact of globalization on the Indian economy
- Discuss the challenges faced by India in the process of globalization

Day 10.Final presentation

Conclude the interdisciplinary project and summarize the key takeaways.

Handout 1 for Day 4 of Inter Disciplinary Project of Class X

Handout Title: The Role of Waterways and Airways in Post-World War II- World and India

Introduction: After the end of World War II, the world faced significant economic, social, and political changes. The role of waterways and airways in shaping the post-war world and India is crucial to understand. In this handout, we will discuss the impact of waterways and airways on the global economy and how it helped India in its development.

Waterways: In the post-World War II era, waterways played a crucial role in the movement of goods and people. The improvement of ports and waterways allowed for more efficient transportation of goods and helped to spur economic growth.

The increased demand for goods and services, combined with the development of shipping technologies, allowed for the expansion of international trade. This helped to boost the world economy and allowed for the growth of industries in many countries, including India.

In India, the development of waterways and ports helped to improve the country's economy. The country's long coastline and several rivers made it an ideal location for the transportation of goods. The growth of ports and waterways in India allowed for the movement of goods from one part of the country to another, helping to spur economic growth and development.

Airways: After World War II, the development of air transportation revolutionized the world's economy. The expansion of air travel allowed for faster and more efficient transportation of goods and people, which helped to boost the world economy.

In India, the growth of airways helped to connect different parts of the country and made it easier for people and goods to move from one place to another. This helped to spur economic growth and development in India.

The growth of air transportation in India also allowed for the expansion of international trade. Indian businesses could now easily access foreign markets, which helped to boost the country's economy.

Conclusion:

The role of waterways and airways in the post-World War II world and India was crucial in shaping the economic and social landscape of these countries. The development of these transportation modes helped to spur economic growth and allowed for the expansion of international trade. Understanding the impact of waterways and airways on the world and India is crucial in understanding the economic and social changes that took place after World War II.

Questions:

- 1. Mention the role of major ports in imports and exports.
- 2. Emergence of Deccan airways changed the entire functionalities of domestic airways> Substantiate the statement
- 3. The waterways and airways contribute to the economic growth of India. Substantiate your answer.

Handout 2 for day 7 of Inter Disciplinary Project of Class X

Handout Title: The Role of the World Trade Organization (WTO) in Building New Nations Post-Colonialization

Introduction: After the end of colonialism, many countries faced significant economic and political challenges as they worked to establish themselves as independent nations. The World Trade Organization (WTO) played a crucial role in helping these countries to rebuild their economies and participate in the global economy. In this handout, we will discuss the role of the WTO in building new nations post-colonialization.

What is the WTO?

The WTO is an international organization that was established in 1995 to promote international trade and help countries participate in the global economy.

The WTO provides a forum for countries to negotiate and enforce international trade agreements, and helps to ensure that trade is conducted in a fair and predictable manner. The organization also provides technical assistance and advice to help countries improve their trade policies and participate in the global economy.

How has the WTO helped new nations post-colonialization?

After colonial rule ended, many countries faced significant economic challenges as they worked to establish themselves as independent nations. The WTO helped these countries to participate in the global economy by providing a forum for trade negotiations and by helping to enforce international trade agreements.

The WTO also provided technical assistance and advice to help these countries improve their trade policies and participate in the global economy. This helped to spur economic growth and development in these countries, and allowed them to become more integrated into the global economy.

By participating in the global economy, new nations post-colonialization were able to expand their markets, attract foreign investment, and improve their economic performance. The WTO played a crucial role in helping these countries to build their economies and establish themselves as stable, independent nations.

Conclusion:

The WTO played a crucial role in building new nations post-colonialization by helping these countries to participate in the global economy. The organization's trade negotiations, enforcement of international trade agreements, and technical assistance helped to spur economic growth and development in these countries. Understanding the role of the WTO in building new nations post-colonialization is important in understanding the economic and political changes that took place after the end of colonial rule.

ANNEXURE V

Presentation Template by the students - Class IX & X Name of the Student: **Members of Team: Date of Submission:** Class Section: Topics of IDP: Title of the Project: **Objectives: Multiple Assessment:** Ex. Surveys / Interviews / Research work/ Observation/ Story based Presentation/ Art integration/ Quiz/ Debate/ role play/ viva,/group discussion,/visual expression/ interactive bulletin boards/ gallery walks/ exit cards/ concept maps/ peer assessment/ art integration /Self-assessment/integration of technology etc. Evidences: Photos, Excerpts from Interviews, observations, Videos, Research References, etc. Overall presentation: Link of PPT, shared documents, can be digital/handwritten, as per the convenience of the school. **Acknowledgement:** References (websites, books, newspaper etc) Reflections:

ANNEXURE VI

Rubrics for IDP

Rubrics	Marks allocated
Research Work	1
Collaboration & Communication	1
Presentation & Content relevance	1
Competencies	2
Total	5

Note: The Schools may give multiple sub rubrics and may bring it down to 5 marks for weightage.

Ex: Collaboration:- Teamwork/ Language fluency/ Contribution to the team/resilience etc

Research Work: - Investigation/ reading & comprehending/ compilation etc

Synthesizing: - Data collection/ Data collation etc.