



**B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, BANGALORE-19**  
**Computer Science & Engineering**

**INTERNALS-1**

**Course Code: 20CS5PEADS**

**Course Title: Advanced Data Structures**

**Semester: 5**

**Maximum Marks: 40**

**Date:23-10-2020**

**Faculty Handling the Course:**

**Namratha M**

**Instructions: Internal choice provided in Part C.**

**PART-A**

**Total 5 Marks (No Choice)**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Question</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>1</b>	What is an unrolled linked list? Explain with an example.	<b>5</b>

**PART-B**

**Total 15 Marks (No Choice)**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Question</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>2 a)</b>	Compare move to front method and transpose method for self-organizing list and analyze which method gives better results.	<b>5</b>

2 b)	<p>Analyze the code given below for a B-tree and complete the functions for traverse and search:</p> <pre> class BTreeNode {     int *keys;     int t;     BTreeNode **C;     int n;     bool leaf; public:     BTreeNode(int _t, bool _leaf);     void traverse();     BTreeNode *search(int k); friend class BTree; }; class BTree {     BTreeNode *root;     int t; public:     BTree(int _t)     { root = NULL; t = _t; }     void traverse()     { if (root != NULL) root-&gt;traverse(); }     BTreeNode* search(int k)     { return (root == NULL)? NULL : root-&gt;search(k); } }; BTreeNode::BTreeNode(int _t, bool _leaf) {     t = _t;     leaf = _leaf;     keys = new int[2*t-1];     C = new BTreeNode *[2*t];     n = 0; } void BTreeNode::traverse() {     ----- } BTreeNode *BTreeNode::search(int k) {     ----- } </pre>	5
2 c)	<p>Consider the following self-organizing list implemented using count method.  Input list: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5  Value searched: 4  Output list: 4, 1, 2, 3, 5</p> <p>Modified input list now: 4, 1, 2, 3, 5  Value searched: 5  Value searched: 5  Value searched: 2  Analyze the input given and draw the output list and justify your answer.</p>	

**PART- C****Total 20 Marks**

No.	Question	Marks
3 a)	Construct AVL tree by inserting the following elements successively from an empty tree 100, 200, 300, 250, 270, 70, 40.	10
	<b>OR</b>	
3 b)	Create a B-tree of order 5 for the following: 8, 9, 10, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 23	10
4a)	Given a tree and weights of nodes where weights are non-negative integers, write a program using disjoint sets to find maximum size of a subtree of a given tree such that all nodes are even in weights.  Sample Input: Number of nodes = 7  Weights of nodes = 1 2 6 4 2 0 3  Edges = (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 4),  (2, 5), (4, 6), (6, 7)  Output: Maximum size of the subtree with even weighted nodes = 4  Explanation:  Subtree of nodes {2, 4, 5, 6} gives the maximum size.	10
	<b>OR</b>	
4b)	Write a program to implement the following operations on a memory efficient linked list:  (a) A function to insert a new node at the beginning of the list (b) A function to traverse the list in forward direction	10

**\*\*\*ALL THE BEST\*\*\***