

İHSAN DOĞRAMACI BİLKENT UNİVERSİTY

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CS353 - DATABASE SYSTEMS

TERM PROJECT FINAL REPORT

Social Gaming Marketplace - Ethereal

GROUP 23

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1. Introduction

Ethereal is a web-based social platform where the users can buy and play games from the game store. In addition, by using this platform, the users are able to interact with the fellow users either in terms of the game or in terms of the communication.

The players are able to see friends, play games, comment on games. Companies are able to upload their games, see the statistics of games they own, create events and apply discounts accordingly. Admins are able to manage every event, comment, game, company and player that have been added to the system.

Main entity of this project is games. Each game will have developers, publisher, description, published date and a picture stored in the database. In addition, a game will have a game category, which will limit the players to an age limit. In addition, there is a company entity which owns a game. Therefore, they will be able to add new games and provide events and with these events, there will be discounts on games.

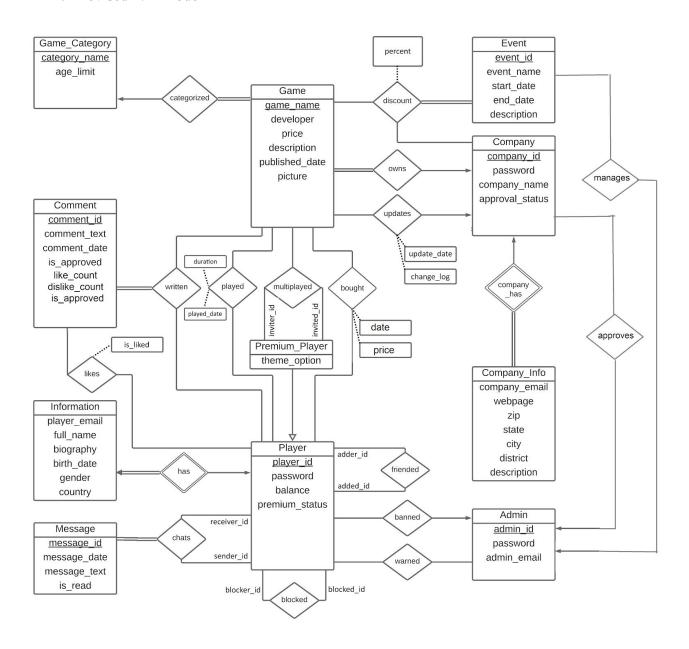
Every member of our group has worked on different parts of this system. We worked on code together, therefore every member have worked on every part of this project. Here is the main work division among the team :

Mahin have developed Player, some of Company related pages and Mert developed Company and main UI of the system and created databases.

Nursena and Bikem have developed Company and Admin related pages, also worked on database.

Using different types of team communication systems helped us on dividing work equally and improving our hard and soft skills. We have used Trello during implementation stage of our project.

1.1 Revised E/R Model



1.2 The Changes Made in ER Diagram

- A relation between Admin and Event is added, named "manages".
- A relation between Admin and Company is added, named "approves".
- New attributes added to bought relation, named "date" and "price".

- New attributes added to Comment table named "like_count", "dislike_count" and "is_approved".
- Relations between Information and Player, Company_Info and Company has changed to one to one.

2. Relation Schema

2.1 Game

Relational Model:

Game(game_name, developer, description, published_date, picture, price, company_id, category name)

Functional Dependencies:

```
game_name -> developer, description, published_date, picture, price, company_id, category_name
```

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (game_name) }

Primary key: game_name

Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.2 Game Category

Relational Model:

Game_Category(<u>category_name</u>, age_limit)

Functional Dependencies:

category name -> age limit

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (category_name) }

Primary key: category name

Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.3 Company

Relational Model:

Company (company id, company name, password, is approved)

Functional Dependencies:

company id -> company name, password, is approved

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (company id) }, { (company name) }

Primary key: company id

Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.4 Event

Relational Model:

Event(event_id, event_name, start_date, end_date, description)

Functional Dependencies:

event_id -> event_name, start_date, end_date, description

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (event_id) }

Primary key: event_id
Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.5 Player

Relational Model:

Player(player id, password, balance, premium status)

Functional Dependencies:

player id -> password, balance, premium status

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (player id) }

Primary key: player_id Foreign Key: None **Normal Forms:** BCNF

2.6 Premium_Player

Relational Model:

Premium_Player(<u>player_id</u>, theme_option)

Functional Dependencies:

player id -> theme option

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (player_id) }

Primary key: player_id Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.7 Admin

Relational Model:

Admin(<u>admin_id</u>, password, admin_email)

Functional Dependencies:

admin id -> password, admin email

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (admin id) }, { (admin email) }

Primary key: admin_id Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.8 Information

Relational Model:

Information(<u>player_id</u>, <u>player_email</u>, full_name, birth_date, gender, country, biography)

FK: player id references Player(player id)

Functional Dependencies:

player id, player email -> full name, birth date, gender, country, biography

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (player_id, player_email) }

Primary key: player_id, player_email **Foreign Key:** player_id references Player

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.9 Message

Relational Model:

Message (message id, message date, message text)

Functional Dependencies:

message id -> message date, message text

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (message_id) }

Primary key: message_id

Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.10 Comment

Relational Model:

Comment (comment id, comment text, comment date, like count, dislike count, is approved)

Functional Dependencies:

comment_id -> comment_text, comment_date, like_count, dislike_count, is_approved

Keys:

Candidate Keys: { (comment id) }

Primary key: comment id

Foreign Key: None

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.11 Company Info

Relational Model:

Company Info(company id, company email, webpage, zip, state, city, district, description,)

FK: company id references Company(company id)

Functional Dependencies:

company_id, company_email -> webpage, zip, state, city, district, description, description zip -> state, city, district

Keys:

Candidate Keys: { (company_id, company_email) }

Primary key: company_id, company_email **Foreign Key:** copmany id references Company

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.12 Updates

Relational Model:

Updates(game_name, company_id, update_date, change_log)

FK: company_id references Company(company_id)

FK: game name references Game(game name)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (game_name, company_id) }

Primary key: game name, company id

Foreign Key: game_name references Game, company_id references Company

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.13 Discount

Relational Model:

Discount (game name, company id, event id, percent)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (game_name, company_id, event_id) }

Primary key: game_name, company_id, event_id

Foreign Key: game name references Game,

company_id references Company, event_id references Event

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.14 Written

Relational Model:

Written(game name, player id, comment id)

FK: game_name references Game(game_name)

FK: player_id references Player(player_id)

FK: comment_id references Comment(comment_id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (game name, player id, comment id) }

Primary key: game_name, player_id, comment_id

Foreign Key: game_name references Game,

comment_id references Comment, player id references Player

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.15 Bought

Relational Model:

Bought(game name, player id, price, date)

FK: game_name references Game(game_name)

FK: player_id references Player(player_id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (game name, player id) }

Primary key: game name, player id

Foreign Key: game name references Game,

player_id references Player

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.16 Played

Relational Model:

Played(game_name, player_id, duration, played_date)

FK: game_name references Game(game_name)

FK: player id references Player(player id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (game name, player id) }

Primary key: game name, player id

Foreign Key: game_name references Game,

player id references Player

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.17 Chats

Relational Model:

Chats(sender id, receiver id, message id)

FK: sender_id references Player(player_id)

FK: receiver id references Player(player id)

FK: message_id references Message(message_id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (sender id, receiver id, message id) }

Primary key: sender id, receiver id, message id

Foreign Key: sender id reference to Player,

receiver_id reference to Player, message id reference to Message

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.18 Blocked

Relational Model:

Blocked(<u>blocker_id</u>, <u>blocked_id</u>)

FK: blocker_id references Player(player_id)
FK: blocked id references Player(player id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (blocker_id, blocked_id) }

Primary key: blocker_id, blocked_id

Foreign Key: blocker id reference to Player,

blocked id reference to Player

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.19 Friended

Relational Model:

Friended(added_id)

FK: adder_id references Player(player_id) FK: added_id references Player(player_id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (adder id, added id) }

Primary key: adder id, added id

Foreign Key: added id references Player,

adder id references Player

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.20 Banned

Relational Model:

Banned(<u>player id</u>, admin id)

FK: player id references Player(player id)

FK: admin id references Admin(admin id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (player_id, admin_id)}

Primary key: player_id, admin_id

Foreign Key: player_id reference to Player,

admin_id reference to Admin

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.21 Warned

Relational Model:

Warned(player id, admin id)

FK: player_id references Player(player_id)
FK: admin id references Admin(admin id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (player_id, admin_id) }

Primary key: player_id, admin_id

Foreign Key: player_id references Player,

admin_id references Admin

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.22 Approves

Relational Model:

Approves(company_id, admin_id, status)

FK: company id references Company(company id)

FK: admin id references Admin(admin id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

```
Candidate Keys: { (company_id, admin_id) }
```

Primary key: company_id, admin_id

Foreign Key: company_id references Company,

admin id references Admin

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.23 Likes

Relational Model:

Likes(<u>player_id</u>, <u>comment_id</u>, is_liked)

FK: player_id references Player(player_id)

FK: comment id references Comment(comment id)

Functional Dependencies:

None

Keys

Candidate Keys: { (player_id, comment_id) }

Primary key: player_id, comment_id

Foreign Key: player id references Player,

comment id references Comment

Normal Forms: BCNF

2.24 Multiplayed

Relational Model:

Multiplayed(<u>inviter id</u>, <u>invited id</u>, <u>game name</u>)

FK: invited_id references Player(player_id)

FK: inviter_id references Player(player_id)

FK: game name references Game(game name)

Functional Dependencies:

Nope

Keys

Candidate Keys { ((inviter_id, invited_id, game_name)) }

Primary key: inviter id, invited id, game name

Foreign Key: inviter_id references Player,

invited id references Player,

game name references Game

Normal Forms: BCNF

3. Implementation

- We created a temporary MySQL server and the Ethereal database on the server4now.net website. We used PDO on PHP while using our SQL statements.
- We used Chrome Database Admin to manage our database.
- To see our pages we used dijkstra.ug.bcc.bilkent.edu.tr server's public html directory.
- We implemented our back-end code in PHP.
- We implemented our front-end in HTML, CSS and JS.

Checking Pages Process:

- 1. Open FileZilla
- 2. Connect to dijkstra.ug.bcc.bilkent.edu.tr
- 3. Open public html directory
- 4. Upload written codes to the directory

Database Connection Process:

- 1. Open Chrome Database Admin
- 2. Enter host name: mysql7002.site4now.net
- 3. Enter password
- 4. Connect

Database Connection Inside PHP:

- 1. We created database php file which connects to database from the start of the website
- 2. We included 'require database.php' code segment in each php file

Additional Information

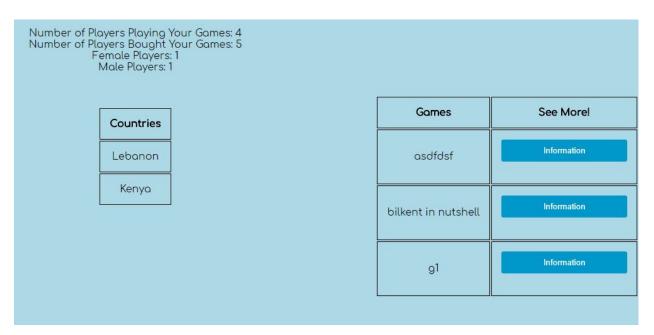
- 1. There are some php files that have no GUI (for example, buy_game.php). Those kind of files just proceed a function. For passing variables to those files, we used GET methods.
- 2. For updating information, account settings, events or games we used POST methods.

Problems Occurred During Implementation

- 1. During implementing game addition page, there was a problem which occured because of one extra space that was on value giving part on PHP echo statement. According to the Google, this problem could only happen because of database but we were sure that database was implemented correctly. We had to check every statement that we have written so far and we noticed the one extra space after five hours.
- 2. Inserting a row to a table using PDO had a different way of accessing variables that are sent by POST method. Before knowing this we had problems with inserting a row, then we learned that using an array inside a execute function call.

- 3. We tried to change Discount table before changing Event table. But it did not work. Then we realized that Discount table is only a relation so we changed the order of each changing place.
- 4. Deleting row from Game table was a problem because we also had to delete all rows from all relations that are bounded to Game table. We solved this problem with adding a trigger to our database.

4. Sample Output Reports



Pic 1. Company Overall Statistics

In Pic 1. There are 6 reports.

1. Number of players playing the a company's games

```
$\text{sphp}

$\text{records} = \text{$conn->prepare('select count(distinct player_id)} as number from played natural join game where company_id');
$\text{$records->bindParam(':company_id', $\text{$SESION['company_id']);}
$\text{$records->execute();}
$\text{$results} = \text{$records->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);}
}\text{$<\label>\Number of Players Playing Your Games: </label><\label>\?php echo \text{$results['number'];}\text{$></label><br/>$}
}
```

2. Number of players bought the company's games

```
$\text{Sphp}

$\text{Frecords} = \text{$conn->prepare('select count(distinct player_id)} as number from bought where game_name in (select game_name from game where company_id =:company_id)');
$\text{$records->bindParam(':company_id', \frac{$company_id']};}
$\text{$records->precords->fetch(PD0::FETCH_ASSOC);}
}
| abel>\text{Number of Players Bought Your Games: \( /label> \label> \text{$label} \) \|
| abel>\text{$php echo \frac{$results['number'];}}\( /label> \text{$chr />} \)
| abel>\text{$records-} \|
| abel>\text{$records-} \text{$records-} \text{$records-} \]
| abel>\text{$records-} \text{$records-} \tex
```

3. Number of female players playing a company's games <?php

```
$records = $conn->prepare('select count(distinct player_id) as females from information
natural join played where gender = \'female\' and game_name in (select game_name from game
where company_id =:company_id)');
```

```
$records->bindParam(':company_id', $_SESSION['company_id']);
$records->execute();
$results = $records->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
?>
<label>Female Players: </label>
<label><?php echo $results['females'];?></label><br/>
4. Number of male players playing a company's games
<?php</pre>
```

\$records = \$conn->prepare('select count(distinct player_id) as males from information natural
join played where gender = \'male\' and game_name in (select game_name from game where
company_id =:company_id)');

```
$records->bindParam(':company_id', $_SESSION['company_id']);
$records->execute();
$results = $records->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
?>
<label>Male Players: </label>
<label><?php echo $results['males'];?></label><br/>
$\label> \label> abel> \label> \label> \label> \label\label> \label\label> \label> \label\label> \label\label> \label\label> \label\label> \label\label> \label\label> \label\label> \label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\label\labe
```

5. Countries where a company's games are played



Pic 2. Company Statistics for Each Game

There are 6 reports in Pic 2. This page is for a particular game of a particular company.

1. Number of players playing a game <?php

```
$records = $conn->prepare('select count(distinct player_id) as number from played where
game_name = :game_name');
$records->bindParam(':game_name', $game_name);
$records->execute();
$results = $records->fetch(PDO::FETCH_ASSOC);
?>
<label>Number of Players Playing Your Games: </label>
<label><?php echo $results['number'];?></label><br/>
<label>
```

```
2. Number of players bought a game
<?php
  $records = $conn->prepare('select count(distinct player id) as number from bought where
game name = :game name');
  $records->bindParam(':game name', $game name);
  $records->execute();
  $results = $records->fetch(PDO::FETCH ASSOC);
?>
<label>Number of Players Bought Your Games: </label>
<label><?php echo $results['number'];?></label><br />
   3. Number of female players playing a game
 <?php
   $\text{secords} = \text{$conn->prepare('select count(distinct player id) as females from information}
natural join played where gender = \'female\' and game name = :game name');
   $records->bindParam(':game name', $game name);
  $records->execute();
  $results = $records->fetch(PDO::FETCH ASSOC);
?>
<label>Female Players: </label>
<label><?php echo $results['females'];?></label><br/>>
   4. Number of male players playing a game
<?php
   $records = $conn->prepare('select count(distinct player id) as males from information natural
join played where gender = \'male\' and game name = :game name');
  $records->bindParam(':game name', $game name);
  $records->execute();
  $results = $records->fetch(PDO::FETCH ASSOC);
```

```
?>
<label>Male Players: </label>
<label><?php echo $results['males'];?></label><br/>>
   5. Countries that a game is being played in
<thead>
   Countries<br/>>
 </thead>
 <?php
   $records = $conn->prepare('SELECT distinct country from information natural join played
WHERE game name = :game name');
   $records->bindParam(':game_name', $game_name);
   $records->execute();
   $results = $records->fetchAll();
   foreach($results as $result)
     echo "";
     echo "" . $result['country'] . "" . "<br>";
     echo "";
   }
   ?>
```

6. The age and number of players playing a game

```
<thead>
  Game Name<br/>>
  Age<br />
  Count of Players<br/>>
</thead>
<?php
  $records = $conn->prepare('SELECT game name, age, number from (SELECT game name,
(played_date - birth_date) as age, count(player_id) as number from Player natural join
Information natural join Played group by game name) as T where game name = :game name');
  $records->bindParam(':game name', $game name);
  $records->execute();
  $results = $records->fetchAll();
  foreach($results as $result)
  {
    echo "";
    echo "" . $result['game name'] . "" . "<br>";
    echo "" . $result['age'] . "" . "<br>";
    echo "" . $result['number'] . "" . "<br/>';
   echo "";
  }
  ?>
```

| Start Date | End Date |
|------------|------------|
| 2018-05-02 | 2018-05-26 |
| 1990-05-05 | 2018-02-03 |
| | 2018-05-02 |

Pic 3. Company Event History

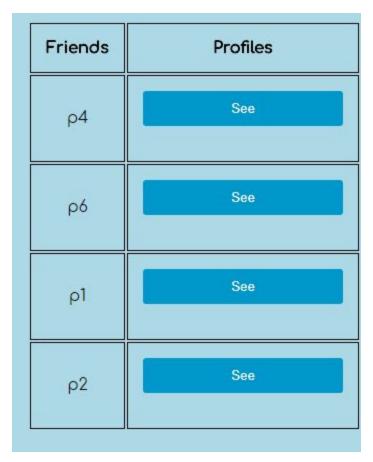
Companies can see their event history.

echo "" . \$result['event_id'] . "" . "
"; echo "" . \$result['start_date'] . "" . "
";

```
echo "" . $result['end_date'] . "" . "<br>";
echo "";
}
?>
```

| Games | Developer | Description | Release | Date | Category | Company | Actual Price |
|-------|-----------|------------------|------------|---------|--------------|---------|--------------|
| 91 | d1 | really fun game | 2000-01-11 | | romance | a | 50 |
| | | 31 | nopping | Details | | _ | |
| | | Price When You B | ought | Date W | hen You Boug | ht | |
| | | 50 | | 2 | 2018-05-12 | | |

Pic 4. Player's Game Shopping Details



Pic 5. Player's Friend List

```
Players can see their friend lists (not only added but also the adders).

<thead>

Friends
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``

```
$results1 = $records1->fetchAll();

foreach($results1 as $result)
{
 echo "";
 echo "". $result['added_id'] . "". "
";
 echo "". $result['added_id']. "". "sresult['added_id'].
"\"><input type=\"submit\" value=\"See\" /></form>";

 echo "";
}
?>
```

| Games | Duration | Date       |
|-------|----------|------------|
| 91    | 120      | 2018-05-11 |
| 92    | 120      | 2018-05-11 |
| 93    | 120      | 2018-05-11 |

Pic 6. Player's Played Games List

Players can see their played game history.

```
<div>

 Played Games
<thead>
```

```
Games

 Duration

 Date
>
 </thead>
 <?php
 $records = $conn->prepare('SELECT game name, duration, played date FROM played
WHERE player_id = :player_id');
 $records->bindParam(':player_id', $_SESSION['user_id']);
 $records->execute();
 $results = $records->fetchAll();
 foreach($results as $result)
 echo "";
 echo "" . $result['game name'] . "" . "
";
 echo "" . $result['duration'] . "" . "
;
 echo "" . $result['played date'] . "" . "
;
 echo "";
 }
 ?>
```

### 4. Functional Components

### 4.1 Use Cases/Scenarios

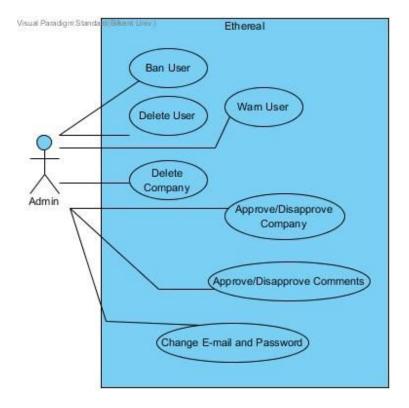
Ethereal has three different types of users. Use cases are as follows.

#### 4.1.1 Admin

The admins are the administrators of Ethereal. This means that an admin should be able to control users, their activities and update content of the website if necessary.

### Admin

- An admin can ban a user
- An admin can delete a user
- An admin can warn a user
- An admin can delete company
- An admin can approve/disapprove following content:
  - An admin can approve/disapprove the company
  - An admin can approve/disapprove the comments
- An admin can change email and password



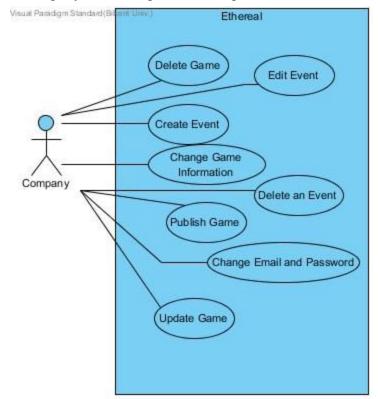
## 4.1.2 Company

A company is the type of account which uploads games to the system, creates events for the games and edits their information. They gain profit from their game and they can change the game information as they like.

## Company

- A company can publish a game.
- A company can delete a game.
- A company can change information about the game.
- A company can update their games.
- A company can create an event
- A company can edit the existing event
- A company can delete an event

### • A company can change email and password



### 4.1.3 Player and Premium Player

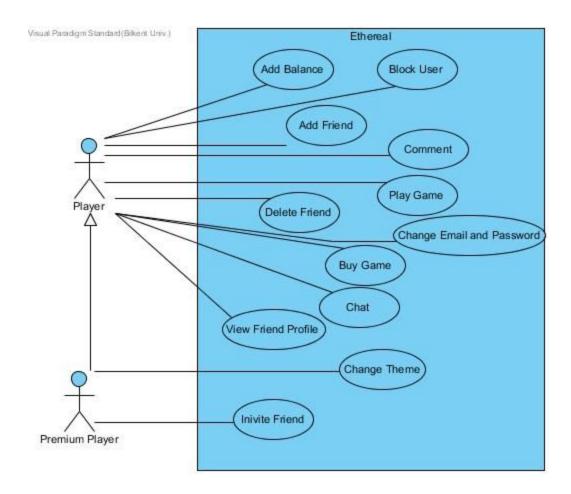
Players are the main actors of Ethereal. They can play games, buy games, chat and add their friends to the system. Also, there's a premium account type is available which adds new features to a player as being able to change themes and ability to invite friends to a game.

### Player

- A player can add balance.
- A player can block/unblock another player.
- A player can add/unfriend a friend.
- A player can comment on games.
- A player chat with a friend.
- A player can view his/her friend's profile.
- A player can buy a game.
- A player can play a game.
- A player can update their profile into the premium player.
- A player can change his/her email and password.

### **Premium Player**

- A premium player can do everything that a player can do.
- A premium player can change the theme of the system.
- A premium player can invite his/her friends to a game to play together.



## 4.2 Algorithms

Different algorithms will be used for different types of users.

### **4.2.1 Player Related Algorithms**

We want to keep all players' information related to the games and game categories they play. First, players will be able to see all games. By the tame, the games will get categorized by corresponding game category. Later, players will be able to see their and their friends' most played games and categories. In addition, premium players will be able to see the statistics of their invited games (i.e to which game they have been invited the most). By using the provided information, players will be able to suggest games to others or invite other players into the games that they play the most.

### 4.2.2 Game Related Algorithm

Since game is the main product of Ethereal, it will be kept stable and secure. The data-management system will keep track of game statistics such as the most sold/played games.

#### 4.2.3 Logical Requirements

To prevent and minimize the logical errors some precautions will be taken.

- The date attributes of our system will be restricted to prevent possible logical mistakes. For instance, when a company publish a game or when the user share a comment, published\_date and comment\_date attributes of the Game and Comment tables will be filled automatically with the date of that day. In addition, when Company will create an event, chosen start\_date and end\_date can not be a past date. Additionally, end\_date cannot be chosen earlier than start\_date of the event. Therefore, start\_date and end\_date are boundary points in Event table and company should choose a date according to these restrictions.
- The values such as price, age\_limit and balance should not be negative. By taking this precaution, the system will prevent possible consequences such as a player buys a game even if he/she does not have enough money (balance becomes negative), a player enters a game with larger age\_limit restriction than his/her own age (age age\_limit should more than zero in order to enter the game). Additionally, birth\_date of a player should be realistic (birth\_date cannot be more than less than 1918, for example).

#### **4.3 Data Structures**

We are using built-in data types of SQL such as int, varchar, char, float, boolean, date etc. There will not be any additional data structure used.

### 5.User Manual

## 5.1 Index Page

**Process:** From Index page user can choose its type. By clicking the relevant button user can continue as admin, company or player.

# WELCOME TO ETHEREAL

Admin

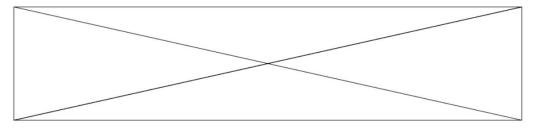
Company

Player

## 5.2 Admin Login Page

**Process:** Admins can log in with their passwords and usernames. To the admins who forgot their password a forgot password option is available.

## **ADMIN LOGIN**

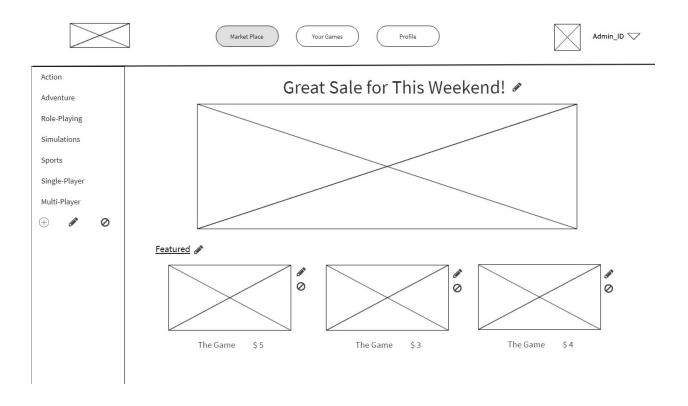


## WELCOME TO LOGIN PAGE



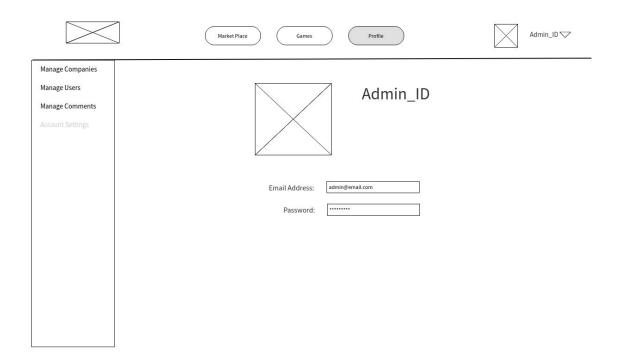
## 5.3 Admin Marketplace

**Process:** Admin can see the event list and category list from their marketplace page. By clicking the manage companies and manage events button admin can go the manage companies and events page.



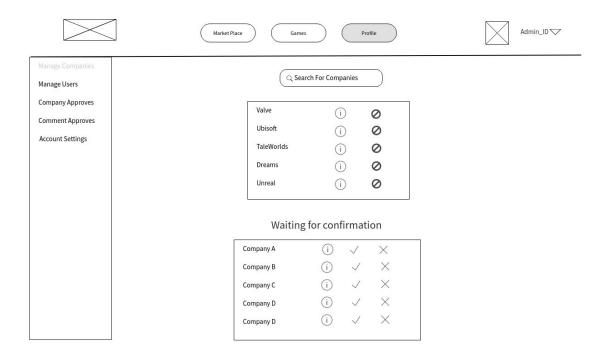
### 5.4 Admin Profile

**Process:** Admin can see their information in their profile page.



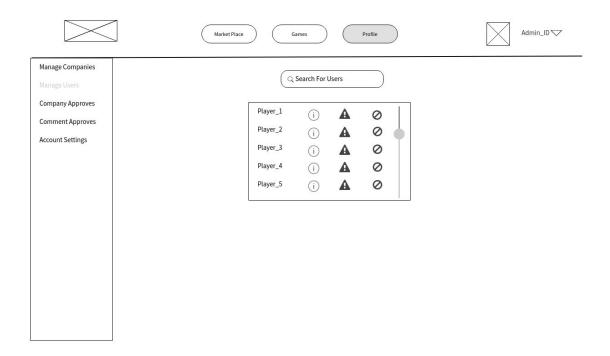
## 5.5 Admin Manage Companies

**Process:** From admin manage companies page admins can confirm the new companies and ban the existing companies.



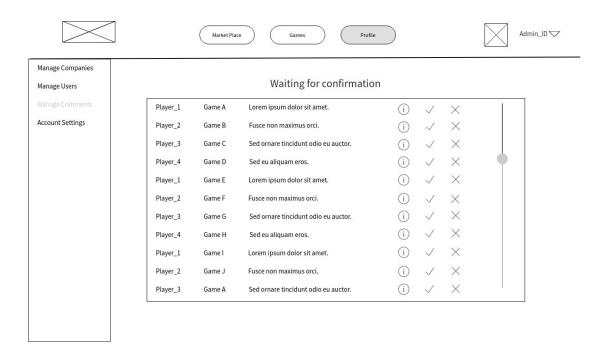
#### 5.6 Admin Manage Players

**Process:** From admin manage users page admins can warn and ban the players. The player which is warned 3 times will banned by admin.



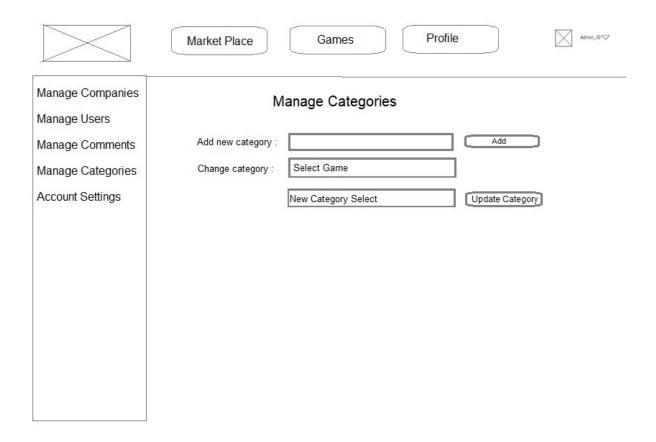
#### 5.7 Admin Manage Comments

**Process:** From admin manage comments, admins can see the comments made by players to the corresponding games. Admins can confirm the new comments and delete the comments which has unethical elements from this page.



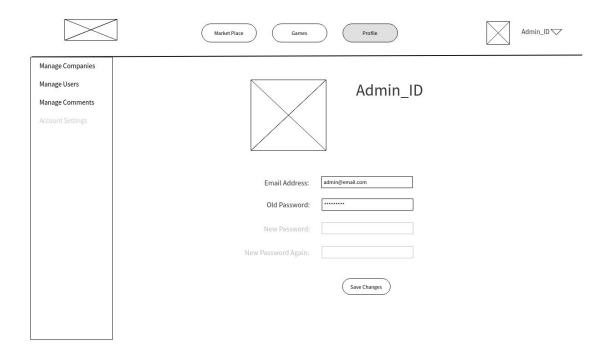
### 5.8 Admin Manage Categories

**Process:** From admin manage categories, admins can see the categories added by companies to the corresponding games. Admins can change the categories and add new categories from this page.



# 5.9 Admin Account Settings

**Process:** When admin opens account settings page they can change their email and password.



#### 5.10 Company Sign Up Page

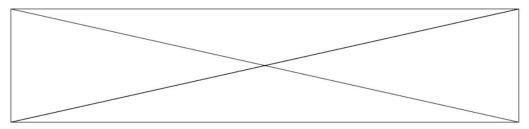
**Process:** The company should fill all of the informations in the sign up page. The new Customer added to database. The status of the company will be 0 in the Approves table until admin approve the company. After the approval company can be log in to the website and upload its games.

|                      |          |         | _ |
|----------------------|----------|---------|---|
| COMPANY SIGN UP PAGE |          |         |   |
| Username:            |          |         |   |
| Password:            |          |         |   |
| E-mail:              |          |         |   |
| Company Name:        |          |         |   |
| Web page:            |          |         |   |
| Address:             | Zip      | State   |   |
|                      | District | Country |   |
| Description:         |          |         |   |
|                      |          |         |   |
|                      | Sign II  | le.     |   |

## 5.11 Company Login Page

**Process:** Companies can log in with their passwords and usernames. To the companies who forgot their password a forgot password option is available.

## **COMPANY LOGIN**



## WELCOME TO LOGIN PAGE

Username:

Password:

Login

Forgot password?

<u>Player Login</u>

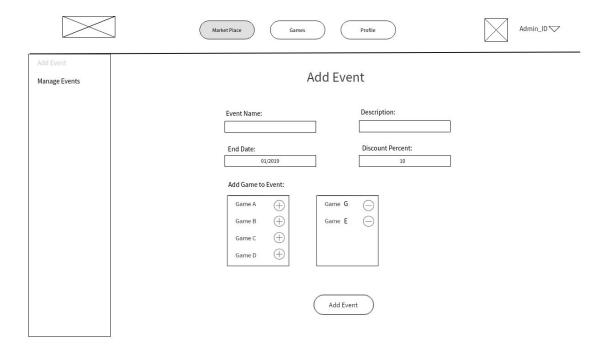
Admin Login

#### 5.12 Company Marketplace

**Process:** Companies can see their games from its marketplace. By clicking the add event and manage event buttons company can add and manage their events.

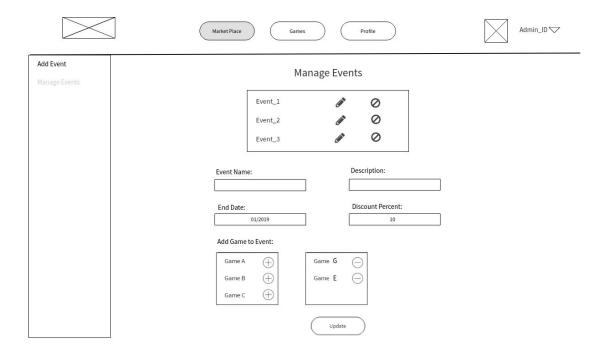
#### 5.13 Company Event Addition

**Process:** Companies can add event from this page. All information of event should be filled in and company should choose the games that the event will be applied to.



#### 5.14 Company Event Management

**Process:** Companies can delete its events from this page. Also companies can manage events by changing their names, dates and descriptions

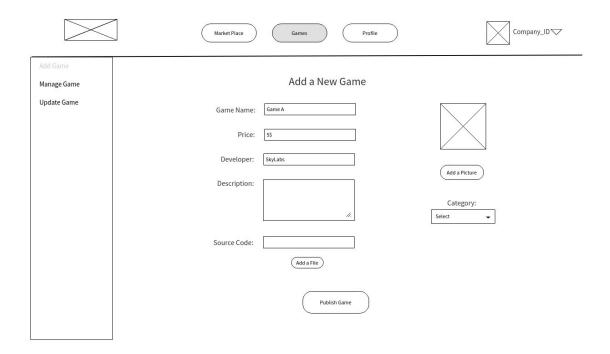


#### 5.15 Company Games

**Process:** Companies can add, manage and update games by clicking the related buttons. Company can also see their games' statistics by clicking the game statistic button.

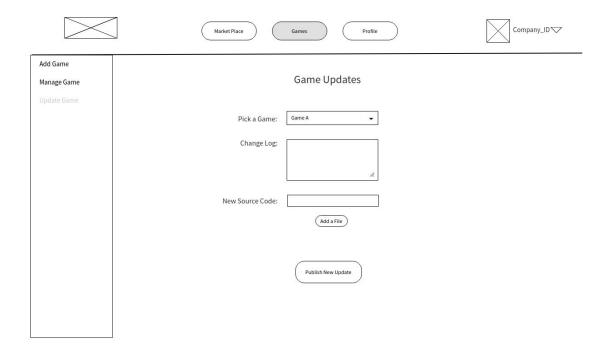
#### 5.16 Company Game Addition

**Process:** Companies can add game through add game page by filling the necessary informations.



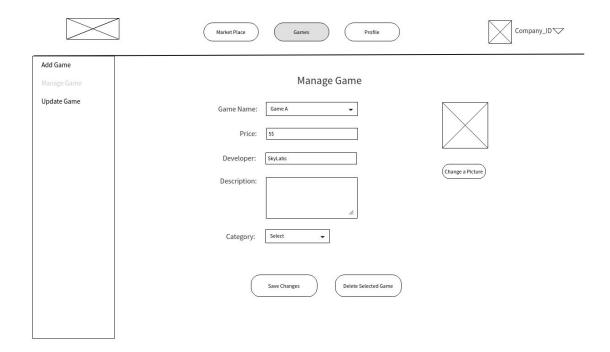
# 5.17 Company Update Game

**Process:** Companies can update their games from this page by inserting new information and the new source code of the game.



### **5.18 Company Manages Game**

Process: Companies can manage game through changing informations of the game.



### **5.19 Company Game Statistics**

**Process:** Companies can see the game statistics about their games. Companies can see the Number of Players Playing its games, Number of Players Bought its Games, the Female Players and Male Players played the game and the country of the players. In addition, companies can see for each of their game how many player plays from which age.

# **Company Profile**

## Market Games Profile

Add Game Manage Game Update Game Game Statistics Number of Players playing your games: 10 Number of Player bought your games: 23

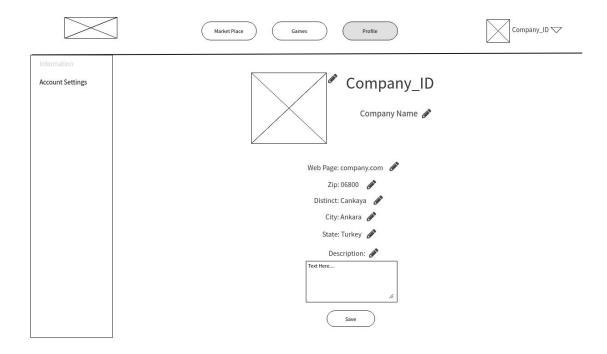
Number of Female Players: 3 Number of Male Players: 7

| Countries |  |
|-----------|--|
| Lebanon   |  |
| Kenya     |  |
| Vatikan   |  |
| Zimbabwe  |  |

| Game | Player# |
|------|---------|
| G1   | 4       |
| G2   | 5       |
|      | G1      |

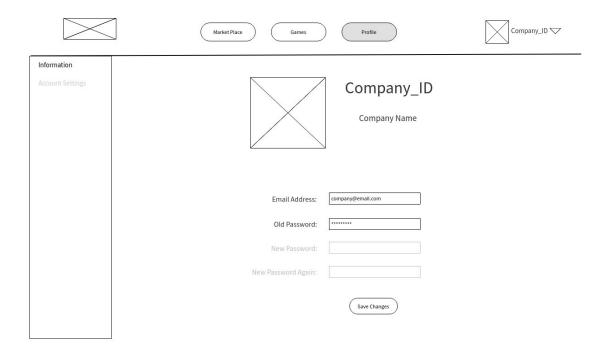
### **5.20** Company Profile Information

**Process:** Companies can see and change their information from their profile page. Profile Page includes company webpage, zip, description, state, city, distinct, picture and name of the company.



## 5.21 Company Account Settings

**Process:** When companies open account settings page they can change their email, passwords. The database will not be modified until player clicks the save changes button.



### 5.22 Player Sign Up Page

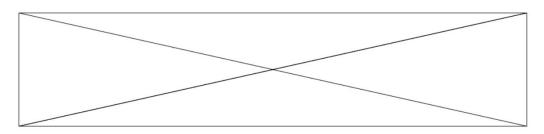
**Process:** The player should fill all of the informations in the sign up page. The new Player is added to database.

# **USER SIGN UP PAGE**

| Username:   |         |
|-------------|---------|
| Password:   |         |
| E-mail:     |         |
| Full Name:  |         |
| Birth Date: |         |
| Gender:     |         |
| Country:    |         |
| Biography:  |         |
|             |         |
|             |         |
|             | Sign Up |

## 5.23 Player Login Page

**Process:** Players log in with their passwords and usernames. To the players who forgot their password a forgot password option is available.

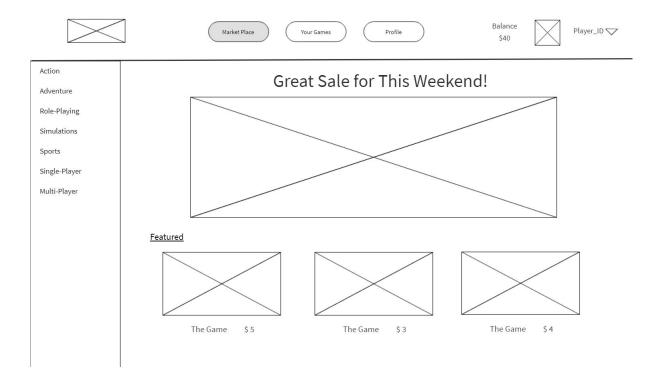


## WELCOME TO LOGIN PAGE



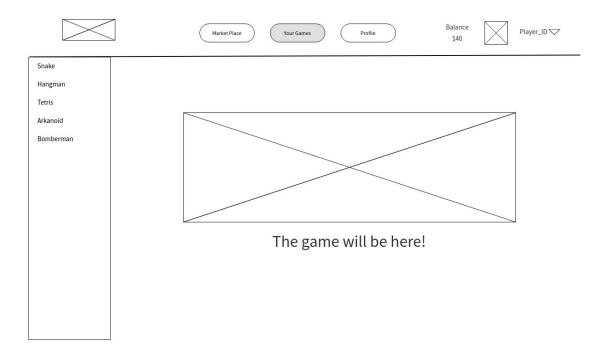
#### 5.24 Player Marketplace

**Process:** After players log in their accounts they can see the discount events of the game and see their balances, buy a new game in user marketplace page. In addition this pages also provides players a link to the list of the games in each category, a link to list of the games they bought and a link to go to their profiles. Players can also see their balance from the top of page.



### 5.25 Player Games

**Process:** By using "Games" button, players can reach the games they bought.



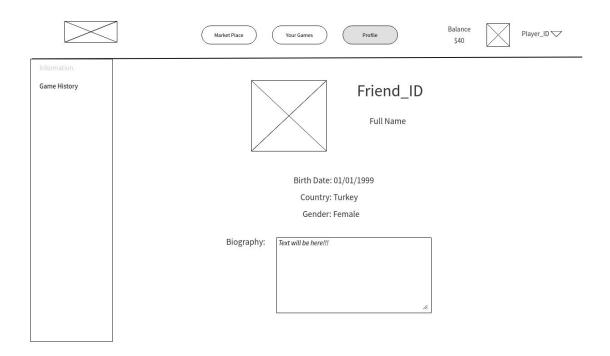
#### 5.26 Player Profile

**Process:** Players can see their information from their profile page. Profile Page includes birth date, country, gender and biography of the player. In addition, player can see its friends from the right of the page. By clicking the information buttons next to the friends name players can go to the profiles of their friends.



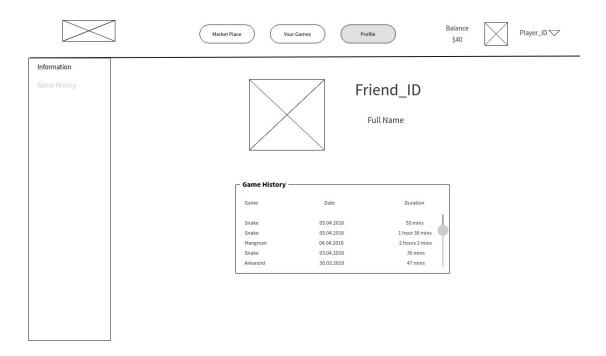
#### 5.27 Friend Profile Information

**Process:** Players can see their friends' information by looking their profile. Friend Profile Page includes birth date, country, gender and biography of the friend.



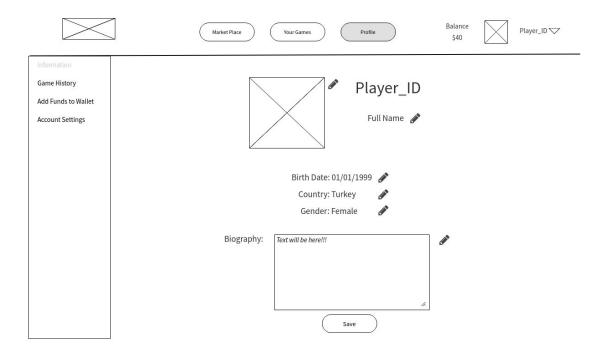
## 5.28 Friend Profile History

**Process:** Each player can look at their friends' game histories. Game history page includes the latest played games, the date and duration of the play.



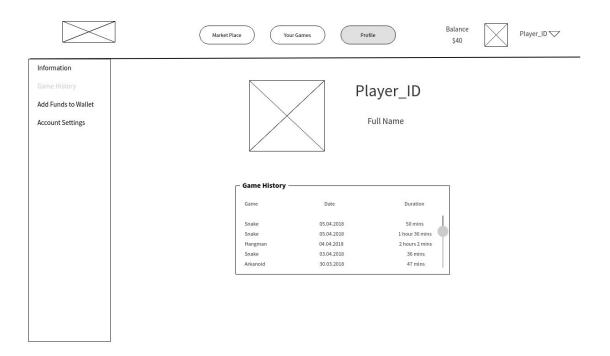
## 5.29 Player Profile Information

**Process:** Players can see and change their information from their profile page. From this page players can change their birth date, country, gender and biography of the player.



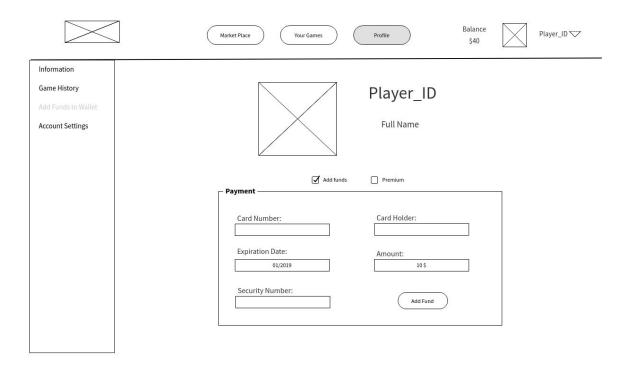
#### 5. 30 Player Game History

**Process:** Each player can look at their game history. Game history page includes the latest played games, the date and duration of the play. In addition, from the table at the left players can go to their information page, funds page and account setting page.



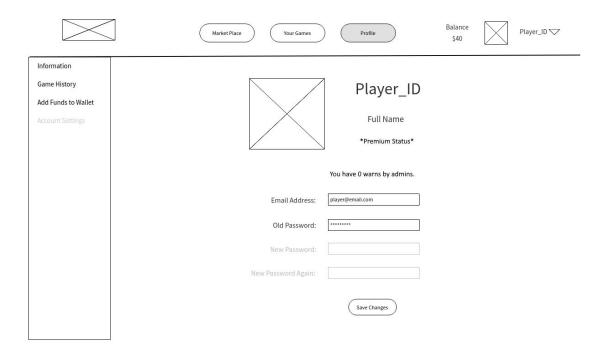
#### 5.31 Add Funds to Wallet

**Process:** Player can increase their balance by filling the credit card information in this page.



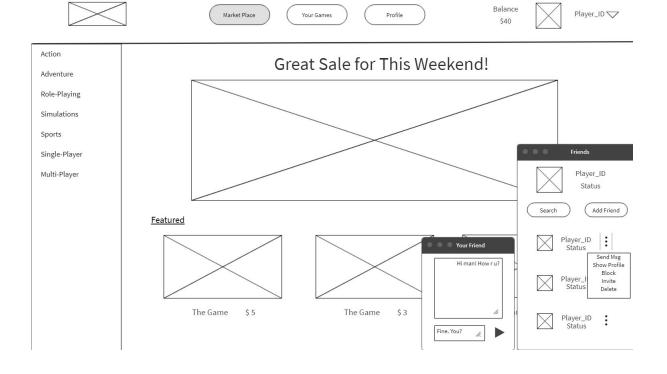
### 5.32 Player Account Settings

**Process:** When players open account settings page they can change their email, passwords. They can also see their status(premium or normal) and number of warnings that is done by admin. The database will not be modified until player click the save changes button.



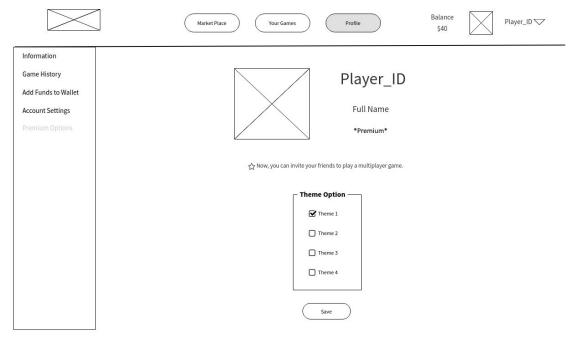
#### 5.33 Chat pop-up

**Process:** Players can see their friends in friends pop-up page. In addition from this page they can see the status of their friends and message their friends through the pop-up screen in this page. Additionally, players can block, delete and show the profile of their friends by using this page.



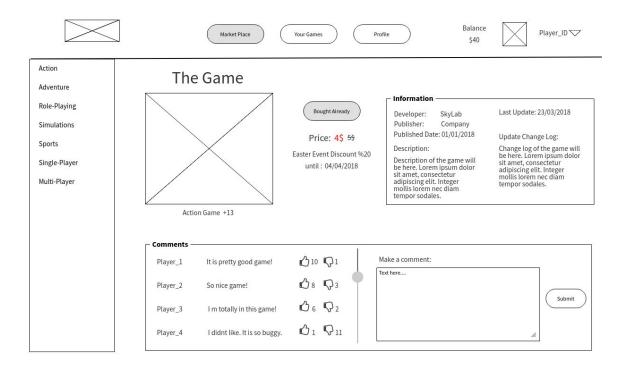
## 5.34 Premium Player Profile

**Process:** Premium players can update their background themes



### 5.35 Player Writes Comment

**Process:** Players can add a comment under a game and wait for it to be approved. They can also see the comment list for a game.



#### **6. Advanced Database Components**

#### 6.1 Views

#### **6.2 Constraints**

- Players cannot login the website if they are banned.
- The company which is disapproved by admin is inhibited to login the system.
- The company in the disapproved list cannot sign up with same company name once more.
- Admin cannot ban a banned player once again.
- The price of the game in the event list cannot be larger than its original price.
- Every game should have a company and category.
- Every information has a corresponding player.
- Users (admins, companies, players) cannot see others passwords.
- The descriptions and game lists can be seen by all people, however, to play a game user should buy the game.
- Companies cannot add an additional category for their game, if a company creates a
  game with a category which is not found in the category choices, that company should
  contact the admin, if the admin approves the new category, it will be added to the
  category list.

- Players cannot message or play with a person that she/he is blocked by.
- A player cannot buy a game which has a price larger than Player's balance.
- A player cannot like/dislike comments more than one time.
- A player cannot buy a game which exceeds her/his age limit.
- Game's published date and message date cannot be postdated.

#### **6.3 Triggers**

- When a game is updated, update date should be changed.
- When Likes relation is updated, like count or dislike count should be updated.
- When a company creates an event for their games the discount percentages should correspond to the games' unit price.
- When a player adds a fund to the balance, the balance should increase by fund amount.
- When a player buys a game the balance of the player should decrease by the game price amount.

#### **6.4 Stored Procedures**

- Players will be notified when they get an invitation.
- Players will be notified when any of admins warns them.
- Players will be notified when another player adds them.
- Players will be notified when they receive a message.
- Admins will be notified when a company wants to sign up to the marketplace.
- Admins will be notified when a new comment is made under any game.
- Admins will be notified when a new event is added to the marketplace.

#### 7.Website

This design report and other activities of the project are available here:

https://github.com/mertosmandy/Ethereal