

参数化
设计

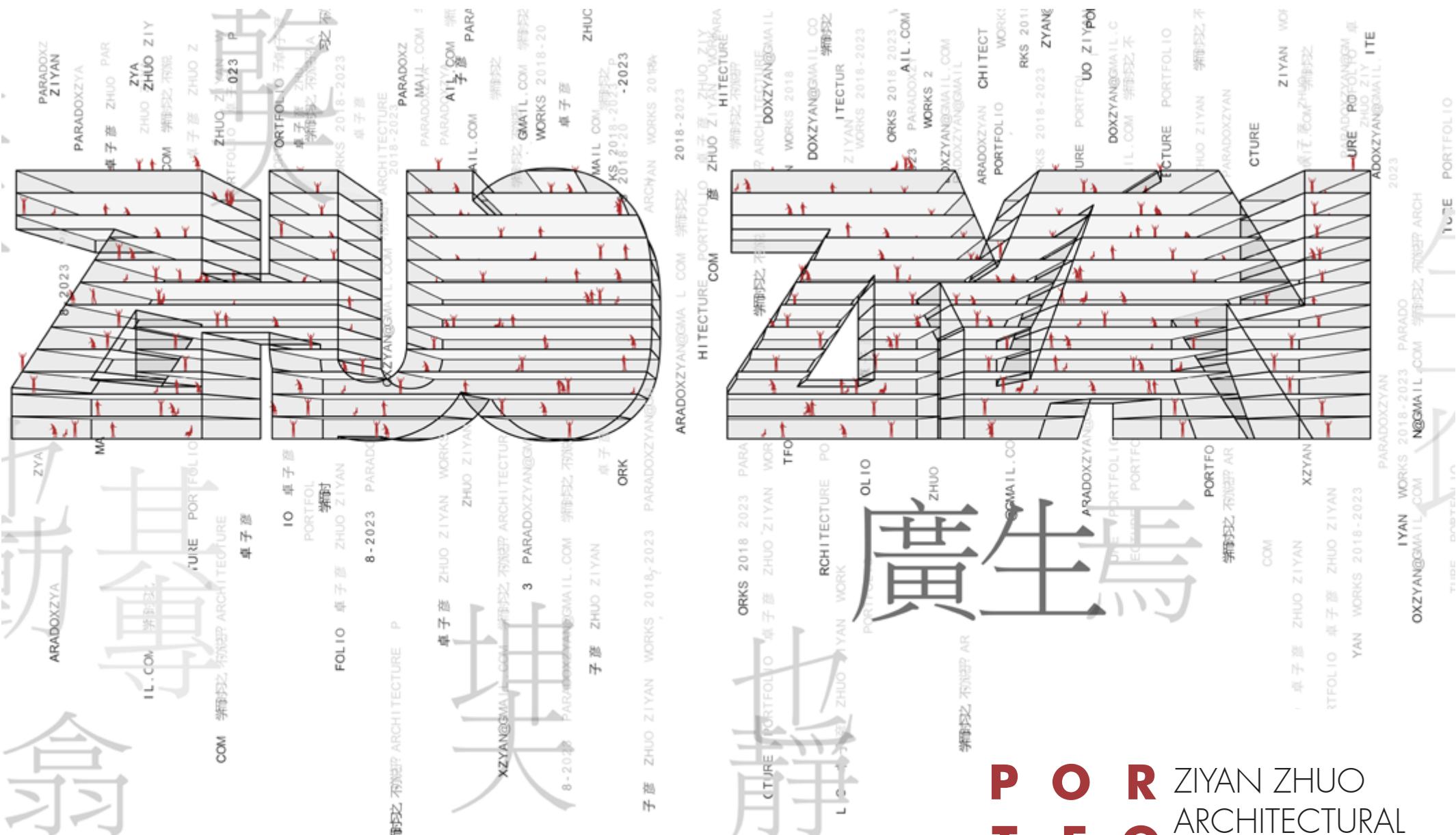
PARAMETRIC



MODELABILITY

PORTFOLIO

ZIYAN ZHUO ARCHITECTURAL SELECTED WORKS 2018 + 2023





Resume

ZIYAN ZHUO

BIRTH: 1996.10.21

Email: Zhuo19961021@gmail.com
Tel: +39 3473617633

Personal Statement

I like talking to people, and do not afraid of the stage.
I Like to make friends and learn their virtues.

I am expert on BIM and parametric ability. Maybe it is due to my interest on softwares. During the master I learnt more on energy simulation and my thesis is based on that. I also learnt some coding skill and the txt2img (image generative ai based on text)AI, such as StableDiffusion.

I hope I can work with the advance tech. My dream mission would be to make Architectural animation via Grasshopper.

Experience

- 2022.7 In the LGC architetti, in Torino.
- 2020.9 Politecnico di Torino. Subject in Sustainability Architecture. Follow Giacomo Chiesa, researching the building EUI optimization.
- 2019.9 GD Architecture Design. In the team of drawings.
- 2015.9 College of architecture, Guangzhou University.

LANGUAGES

Italian
English

Cantonese
Mandarin
Deutsch



CONTEXT

Project 01

Scripting Architecture

My thesis: energy simul. with para-optimizing method

Date: 06/2023 - 12/2023 Location: Torino, Italy

◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇ Parametric selected works ◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇

04

Project 02

Melody of School

A structure design with parametric method

Date: 02/2018 - 07/2018 Location: Guangzhou, China

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10

Project 03

Modeling of Casa Trancura

A work from the course BIM

Date: 09/2022 - 04/2023 Location: Pucón, Chile

◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇ BIM selected works ◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇◇

18

Project 04

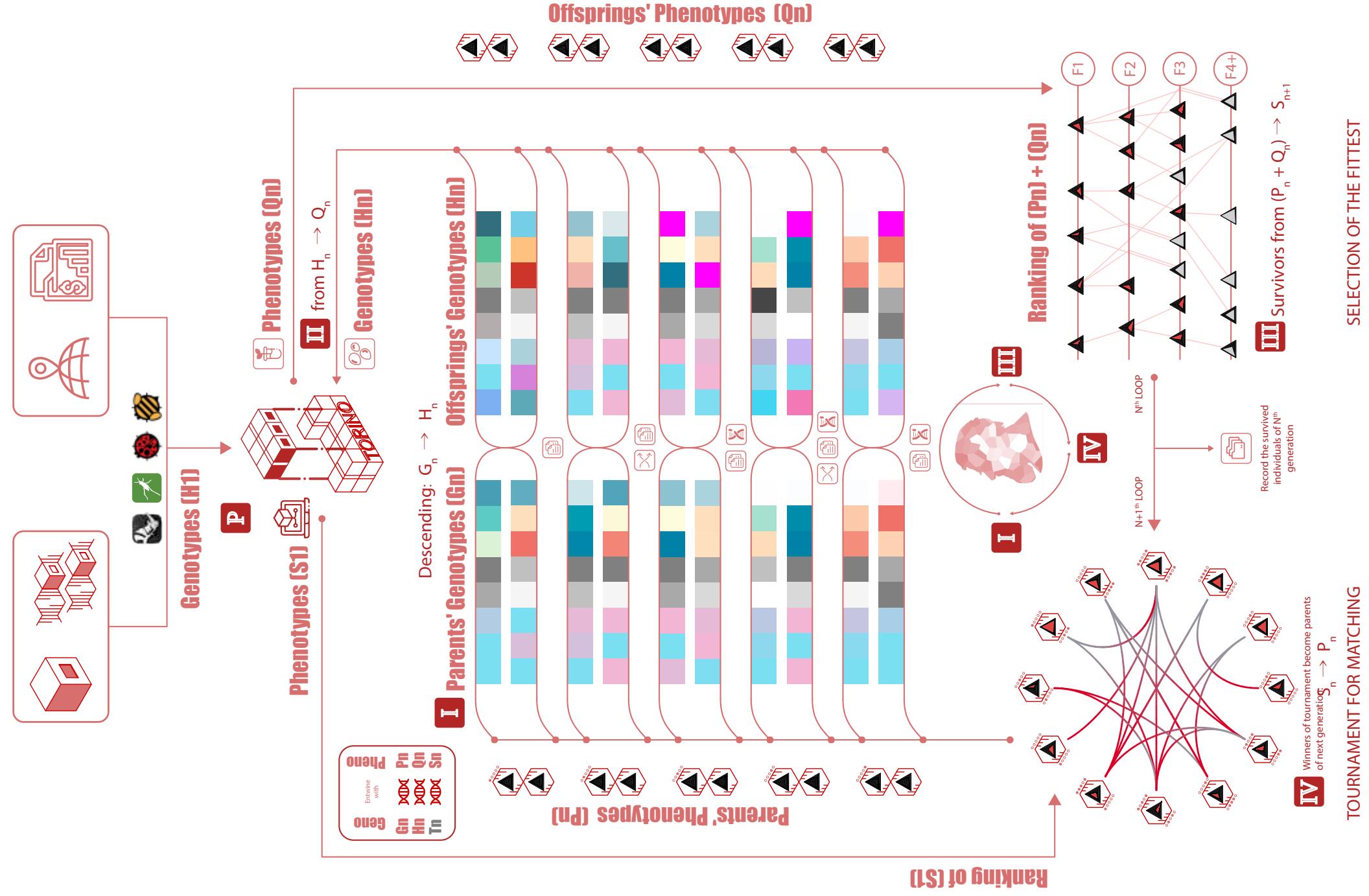
Player One

A gamers residential complex in digital era

Date: 02/2018 - 07/2018 Location: Guangzhou, China

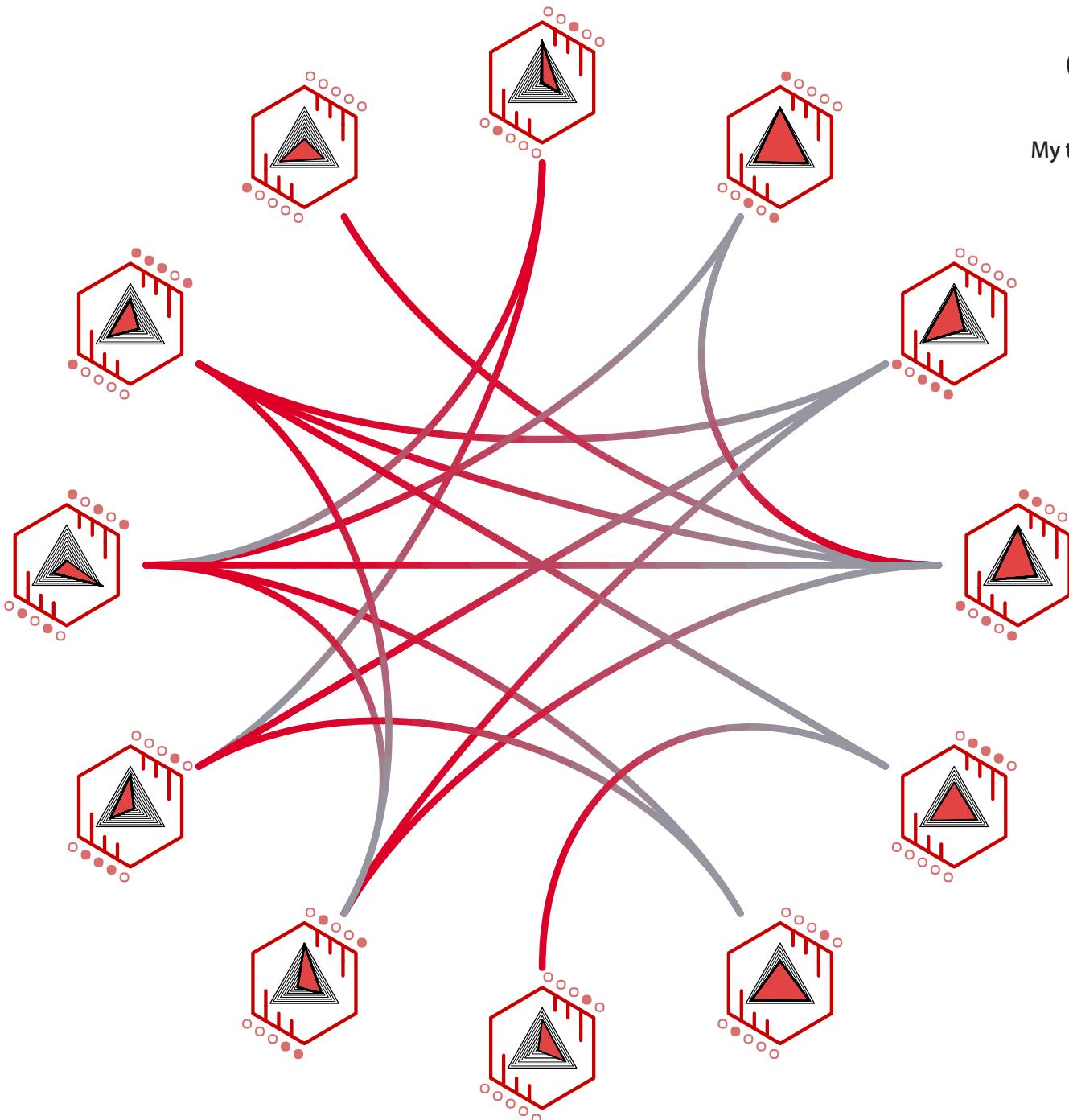
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24



Scripting Architecture: Orienting Early Design Choices via Optimisation

My thesis on building energy simulation with parametric method



Site:

Main study in Torino, Italy
5 European cities as comparison

Individual research

Professore:
Giacomo Chiesa

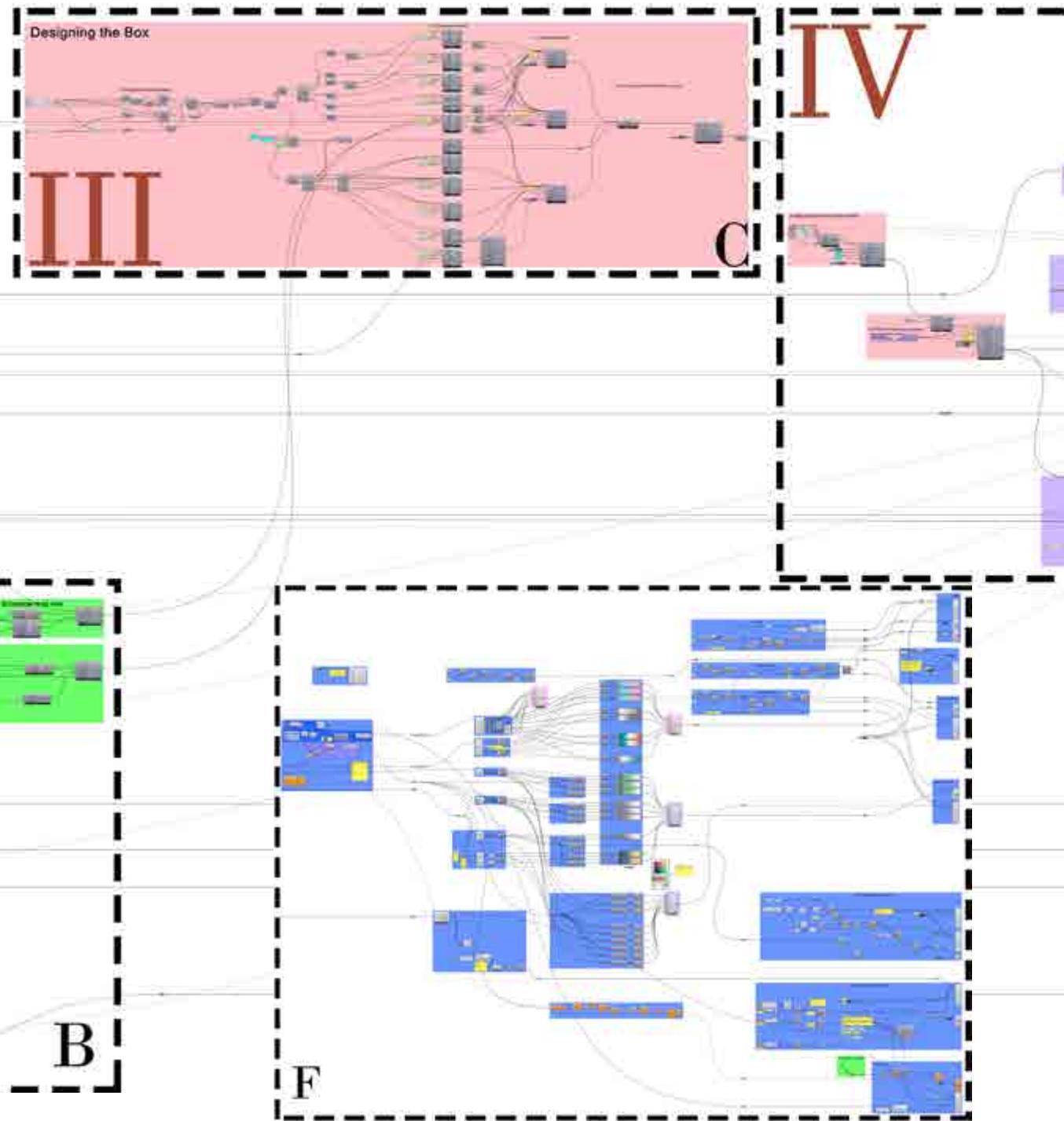
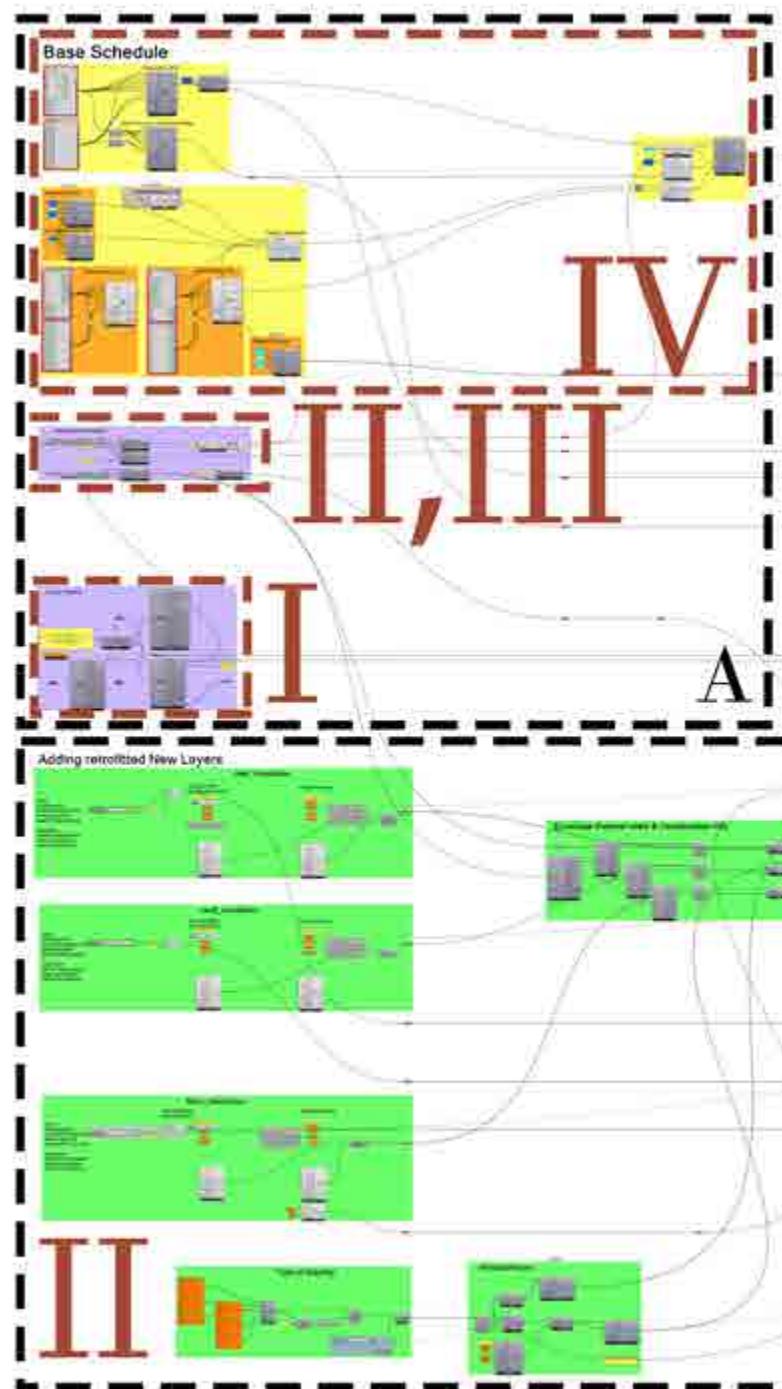
In these page, I present some analysis graphic from the Master thesis. These graphic are generated via grasshopper and modified by Illustrator.

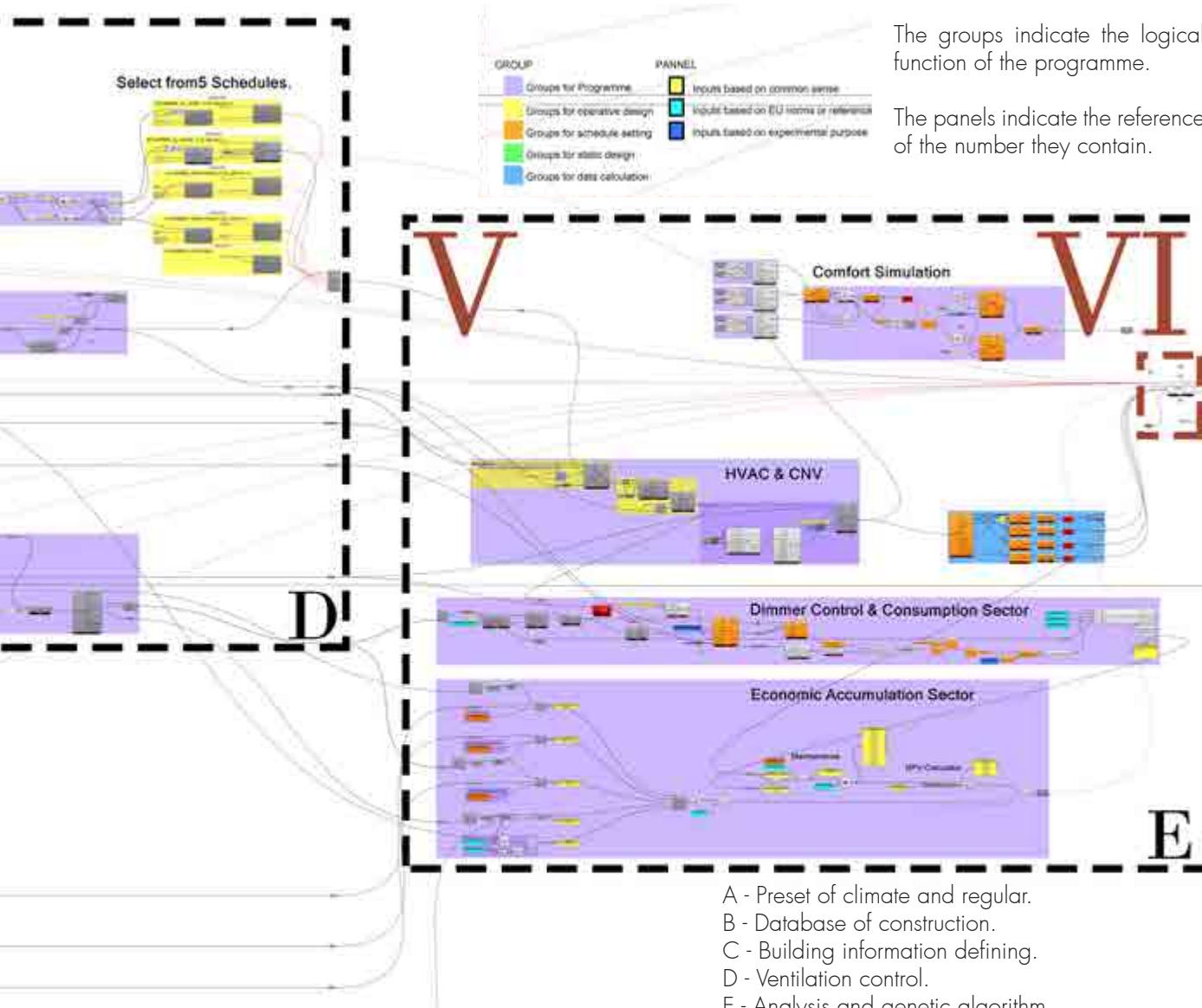
The results of the simulation I uploaded on Github:
github.com/ArchVittorio/GeneticAlgorithm_HB_cities

This paper provides a comprehensive exploration of how parametric design, simulation, and optimization methodologies intertwine, showcasing their effectiveness in architectural design across various geographical contexts.

Specifically, firstly, We found a way to design an imagined box office with parametric skill, then build it within a 3D software environment. Secondly, we managed to evaluate it in 3 perspectives, which are economical assessment, energy usage intensity and comfort measurement. Thirdly, we applied a genetic algorithm on it to get the optimized results, and repeat the experiment under different climate conditions. Lastly, we collect the result, visualize it and analyse it.

We published the result and the workflow on Internet, in order to get feedback. Rethinking the defects in the experiment, I gained the experience and a polished idea on this philosophy while writing the thesis.





A - Preset of climate and regular.
 B - Database of construction.
 C - Building information defining.
 D - Ventilation control.
 E - Analysis and genetic algorithm.
 F - Visualization.

I - Climate setting;
 II - Window & structure profile;
 III - Geometries defining;
 IV - Schedule defining;
 V - Analysing & calculating;
 VI - Genetic Optimizing.

LOCATION	CITY	Kippen	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION	ASHRAE	DESCRIPTION
CLIMATIC ZONE						
European city						
Cfb						
Humid			Continental; No dry season; Warm summer		TA	Humid Continental (Cold Summer)
Dfb					EE	Humid Continental (Warm Summer/Cold Summer)
Csa						
Humid			Temperate; No dry season; Hot summer		EE	Humid Subtropical (Humid) (Warm Summer)
Cfa						
Humid					SA	Humid Subtropical (Warm Summer)
Asian city						
Cfb						
Dry			Dry, Semiarid, and Cold		SB	Humid Continental (Extreme Summer)
Csa						
Humid			Temperate; No dry season; Hot summer		SE	Humid Subtropical/Humid Continental (Warm Summer)
Cfa						
Humid					ZA	Humid Subtropical (Warm Summer)



6 selected climates data are input in sector-I.
 Also I used ISO 15686-5:2017 as reference, setting up the simulation inputs. The methodology is introduced in the paper, and realized on the GH canvas on right.

A sector - VI marked with F is not displayed here where the visualization function takes place with the help of Human GH plug-in.

DECODING VISUALIZATION

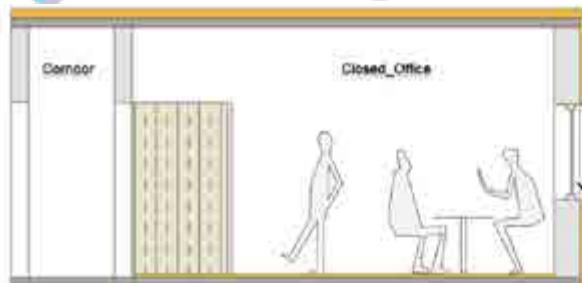
	Indv.Index	Thkns_ExWall(cm)	Thkns_Roof(cm)	Thkns_Floor(cm)	GlassType(0-5)	LouversCount(0-9)	WWR_S(%)	WWR_N(%)	DeltaTemp(°C)	PPD(%)	TotEnergyConsumpt(kWh)	TotCost(€)	CoolingConsump(kWh)	HeatingConsump(kWh)	Nat.Vt.Consump(kWh)	FanConsump(kWh)	cDA_N(%)	cDA_S(%)
MARK	13	6	10	0	0	10	22	0.7	74.3	42900	98937	5089	12311	2048	868	25	24	
	35	7	28	5	0	74	86	1	59.8	39917	174172	5993	8365	-5612	928	61	72	
	36	11	27	4	1	34	31	1.3	65	38282	138195	4649	8267	-3636	734	33	53	
	6	6	14	0	0	74	22	1.2	67.1	46974	116862	8207	12784	-3788	1352	26	72	
	13	6	13	0	0	10	22	0.8	73.4	42298	100667	5067	11742	-2094	857	26	25	
	36	21	28	4	1	79	31	1.1	60.2	39419	167519	5757	8144	-4468	887	32	72	
	36	21	27	4	1	64	31	1.1	61.7	38927	159570	5331	8138	-4285	827	33	68	
	32	7	28	0	0	79	22	0.6	63.4	45976	132570	8536	11429	-3651	1380	25	74	
	34	6	23	4	2	70	23	0.4	62.7	39344	145006	5415	8453	-3867	846	22	68	
	36	6	10	0	1	35	28	-0.4	70.8	43641	108455	5946	12078	-3137	986	29	54	
	34	6	12	4	0	8	22	0.3	72.1	40823	110984	4813	10569	-1657	810	25	19	
	36	19	12	4	1	73	36	1.1	62.5	39735	151717	5580	8654	-4595	870	37	70	
	13	11	13	4	1	34	31	1.3	69.4	40007	124604	4701	9906	-3635	769	33	53	
	30	6	16	0	0	71	27	1.2	65.7	46086	120502	8063	12077	-4077	1315	31	71	
	6	6	14	0	0	71	22	1.2	67.2	46693	116009	8030	12711	-3773	1320	26	71	
	36	6	16	0	0	32	27	-0.3	68.5	42457	111014	5868	11004	-3221	954	31	53	
	7	6	13	0	0	36	22	-0.3	70.3	43709	105301	6057	12020	-2999	999	25	56	
	36	21	27	4	1	61	31	1.1	62	38834	158007	5254	8133	-4256	816	33	67	
	34	7	25	0	0	70	22	1.3	64	45168	127968	8006	11242	-3863	1288	26	71	
	36	6	16	4	0	71	28	1.2	66.4	40632	127965	5417	9714	-4103	869	32	71	

RE-ENTWINED

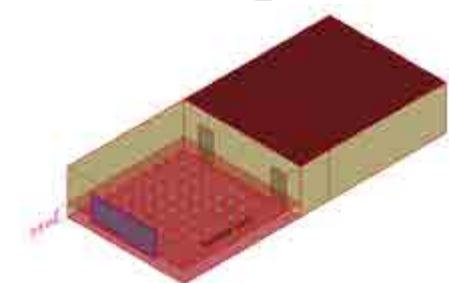
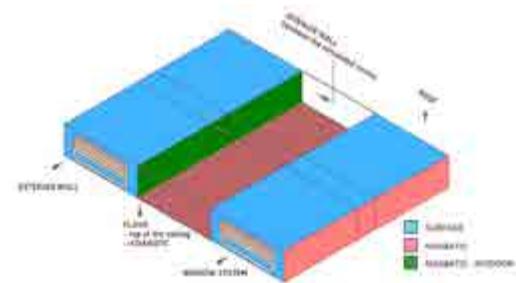
INSULATIONS WINDOW WWR Δ FITNESS VALUES ENERGY DETAIL CDA

GENOTYPES

PHENOTYPES



- New louvers
- New WWR
- New glazing
- New added insulations
- Original walls
- Original structures

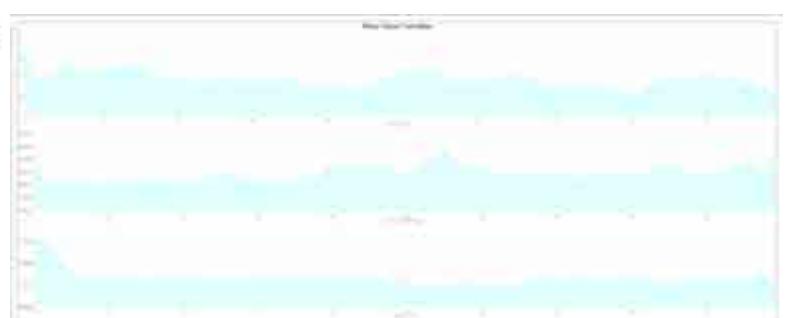
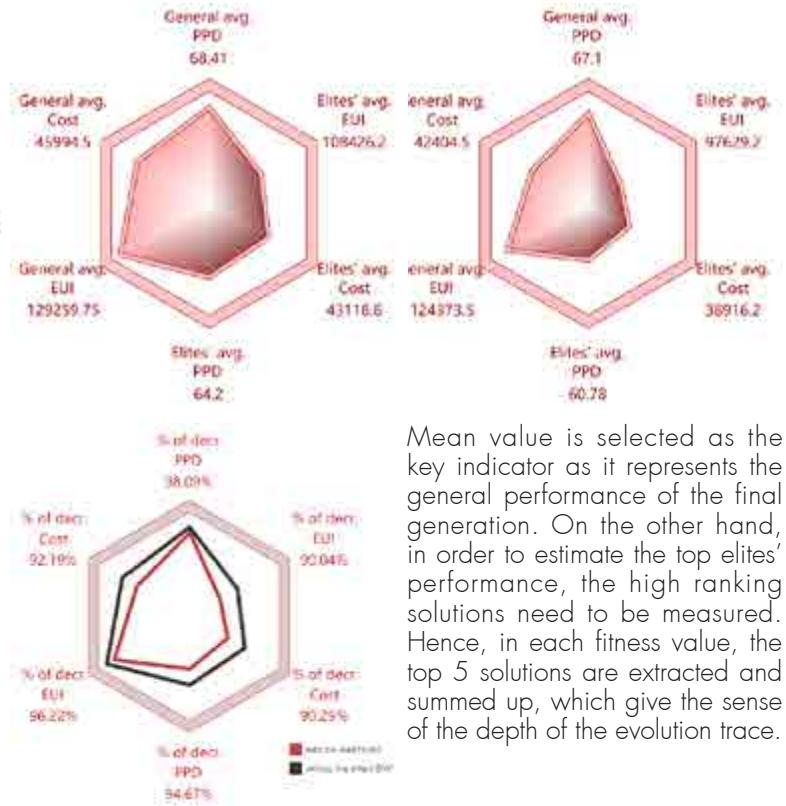
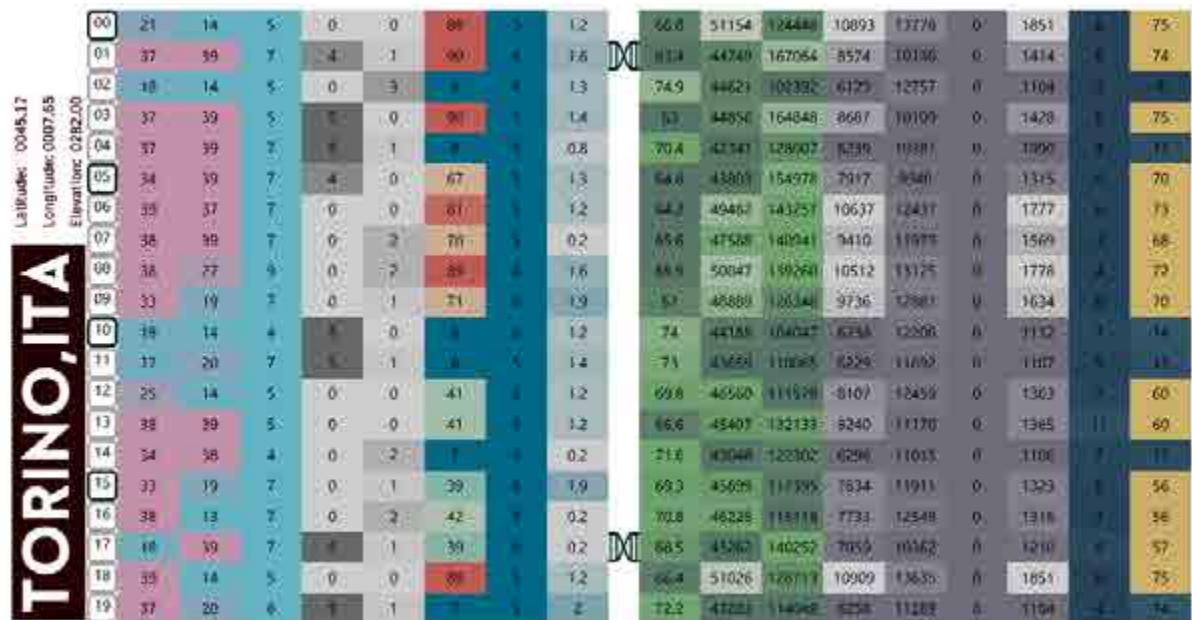


TORINO, ITA

Latitude: 0045.17
Longitude: 0007.55
Elevation: 0282.00

TORINO, ITA

Latitude: 0045.17
Longitude: 0007.55
Elevation: 0282.00



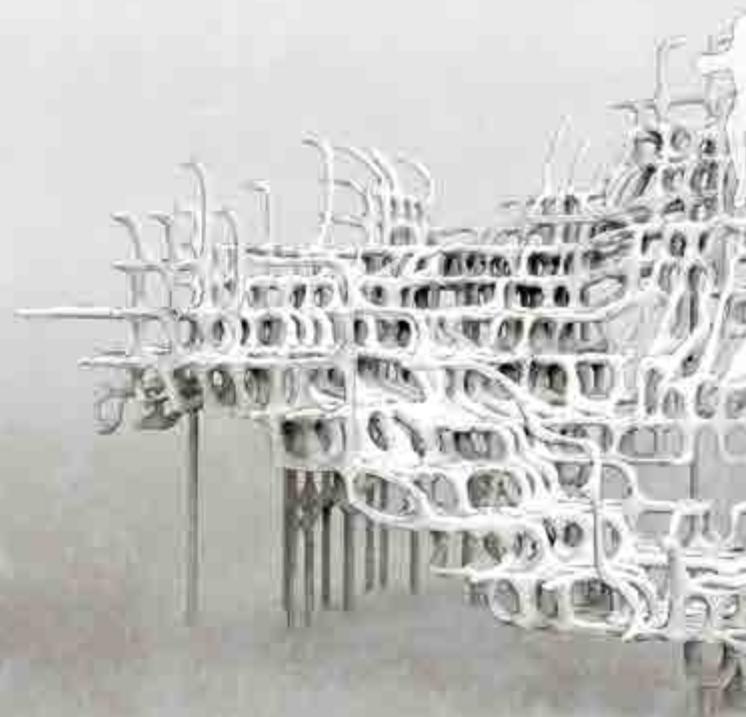
The left bottom matrix, natural ventilation is 0, while on the left top it's considerable. It's because the smart controlled natural ventilation system is activated or not. These 2 simulations are conducted alone.

The difference is shown on the top hexagons. With the ventilation, all the KPIs decrease which are proved effective.

Mean value is selected as the key indicator as it represents the general performance of the final generation. On the other hand, in order to estimate the top elites' performance, the high ranking solutions need to be measured. Hence, in each fitness value, the top 5 solutions are extracted and summed up, which give the sense of the depth of the evolution trace.

The Mean value tendency above, shows along with the genetic algorithm, when the generation pass on, the fitness value converge in a better range.

This project show my parametric ability on composing a research. And I visualized the analysis graphic via Grasshopper.





Melody of School

A structure design with parametric method

Site:

Inside Guangdong
Experimental Middle School

Teammate:
Stone Liang

Tutor:
Annie Li

When people manage a huge system, there are usually two ideas: the idea of capitalism, the invisible hand, and the idea of socialism, the visible hand.

The same is true when designers design a form, either from the bottom up, dominated by basic functions, or from top to bottom, with a core philosophy. Computers offer designers another option: the hand of data learning. The aim is to reveal the laws that the human eye cannot see, so that designers can see the evolution that was previously invisible. The results of machine learning are in the designer's case, just as the microscope is for microbiologists.

With this methodology, we can create a structure that totally related to the site. When it comes to middle school, we always think of the memory of our golden age. However, if we want to solidize a concreted sculpture representing what is exactly happening in the school. What it would like to be? The shape of the

memory?

We want to design a accessible structure that have the exact feature of the shool. In this case we managed to get the statics that presents the feature of the site at first.

The melody of school day is made from three kinds of sounds, boys, girls, teachers. So we analysed the density of thiese roles at first. Then we divided the school into 5×5 m squares, and we used three colors to represent the roles. And further more, we used the density of color to symbolize th density of human.

As we filled in every square, we got a featured map. On this map every square has 5 statics those are positon, density of boys, density of girls, density of teachers, velocity of people.

We parameterized it and try to learn the principle inside it withthe help of computer.

Site Analysis

Site:Guangdong Experimental School

Area:0.02km²

Student Amount:1800

Teacher Amount:90

The end of the track is the place where many female students gather. They usually chat and play games here.



The male students always play football in the football field.



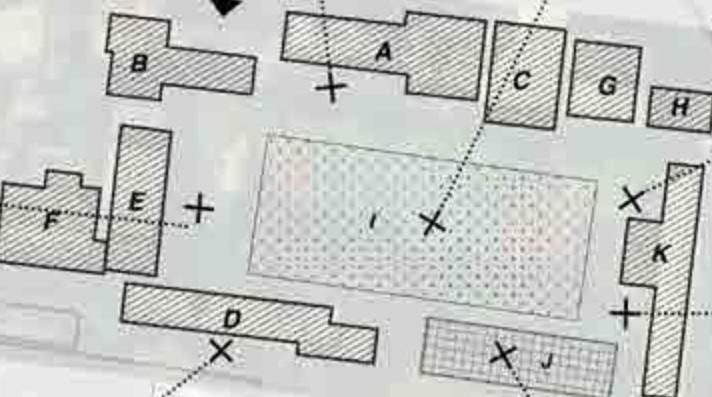
Many male students like to do some exercises in the this outdoor gym.



Many teachers will gather in the front of the comprehensive building.



Site



We found that many girls like to play some games in this area.



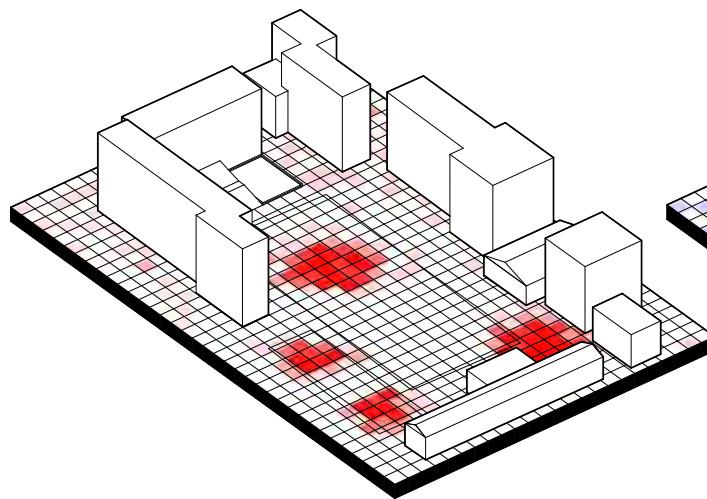
This place is near the teacher's office so that many teachers will chat with each others here.



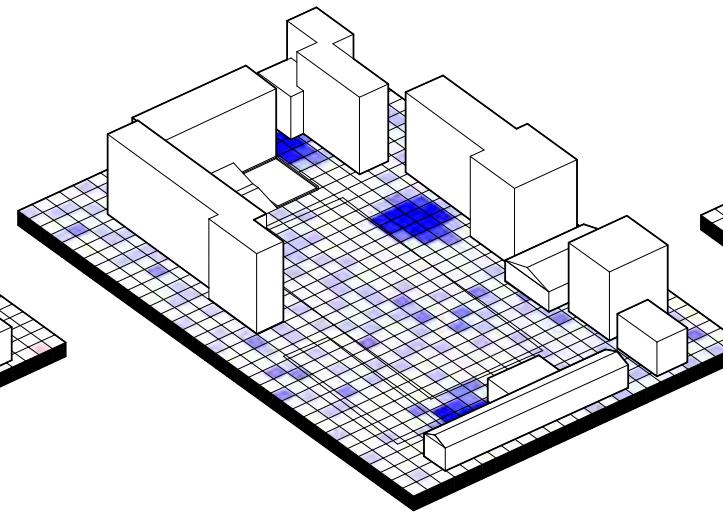
Many male students play basketball in this court.



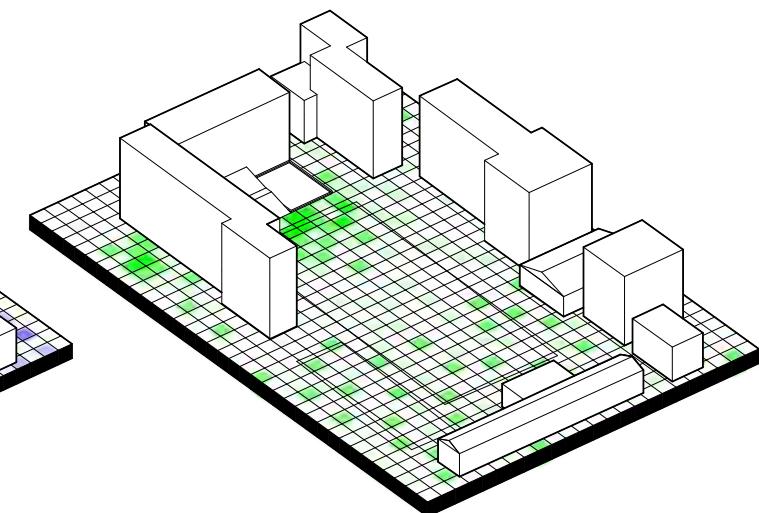
- A-D:Teaching Building
- E:Comprehensive Building
- F:Canteen
- G:Badminton Court
- H:Dormitory
- I:Football Court
- J:Basketball Court
- K:Gym
- ▼:Entrance
- :Important Station



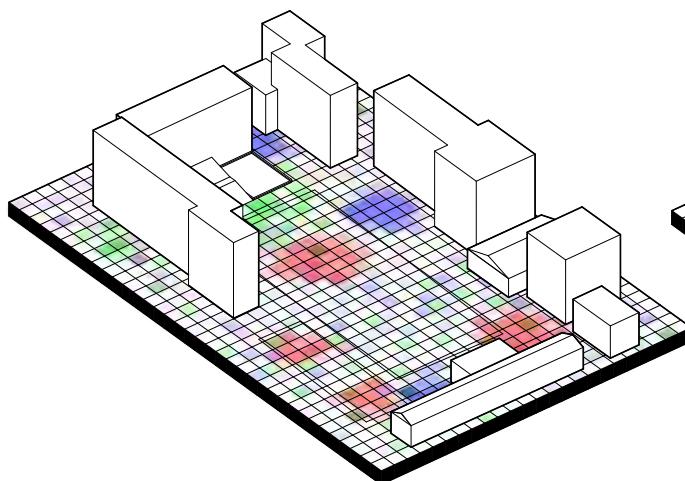
Density of Boys



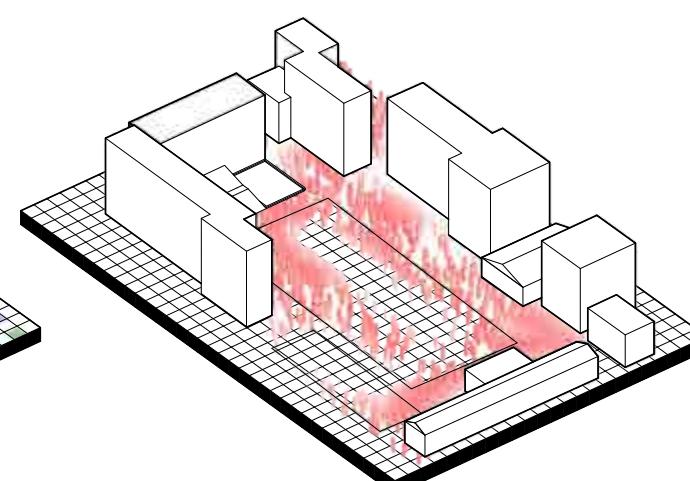
Density of Girls



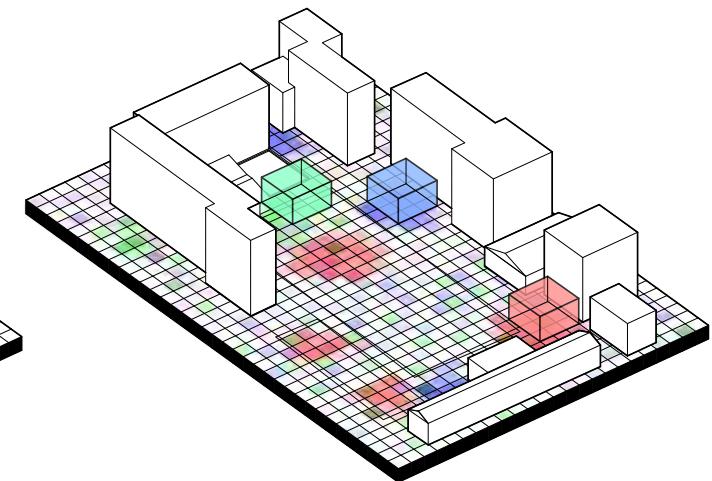
Density of Teachers



Density-feature map



Velocity-feature map



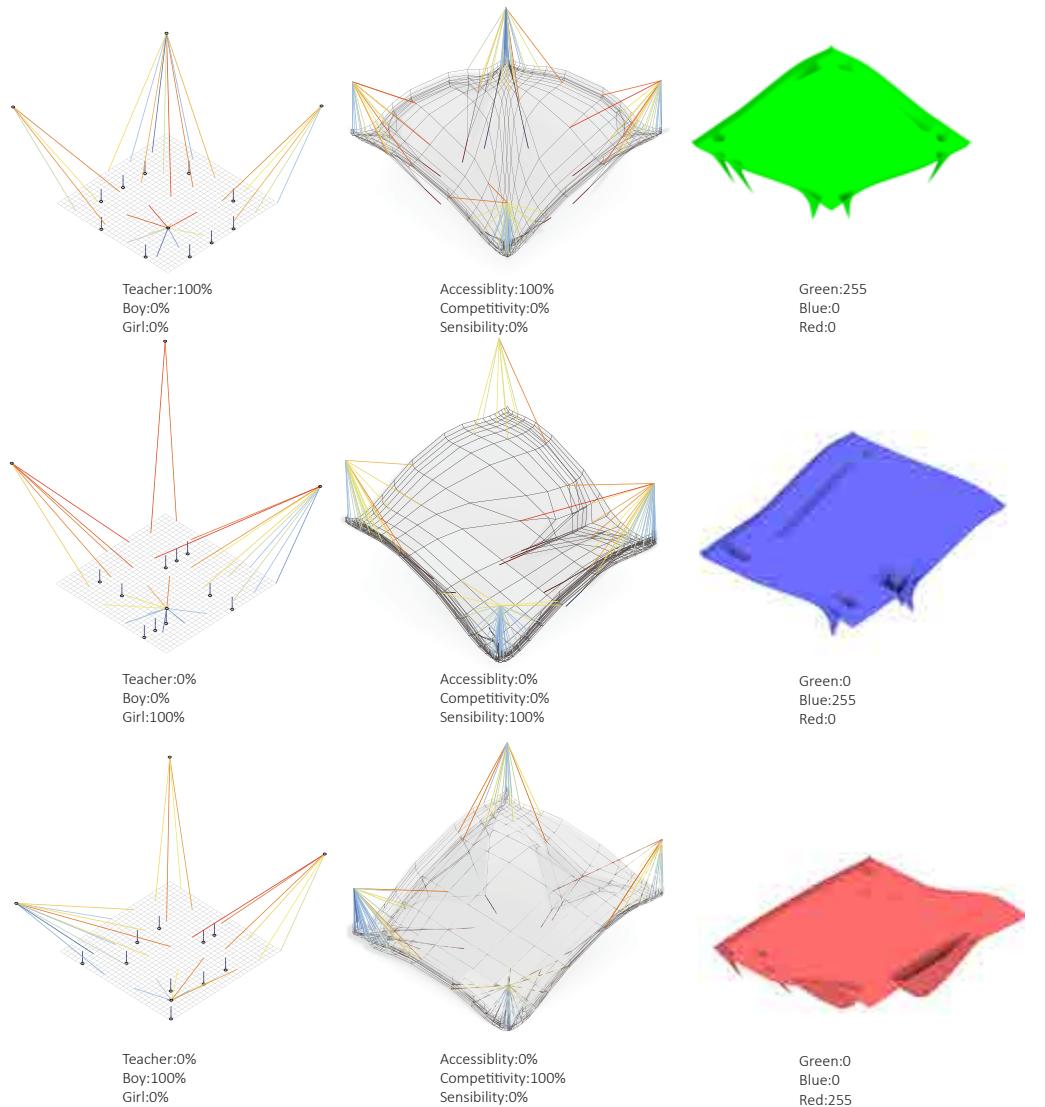
Site Selection

STEP 1- INPUT DATA

Data1: Horizontal coordinates of 10 base anchor points.

Data2: Heights of 4 upper anchors of pulling ropes.

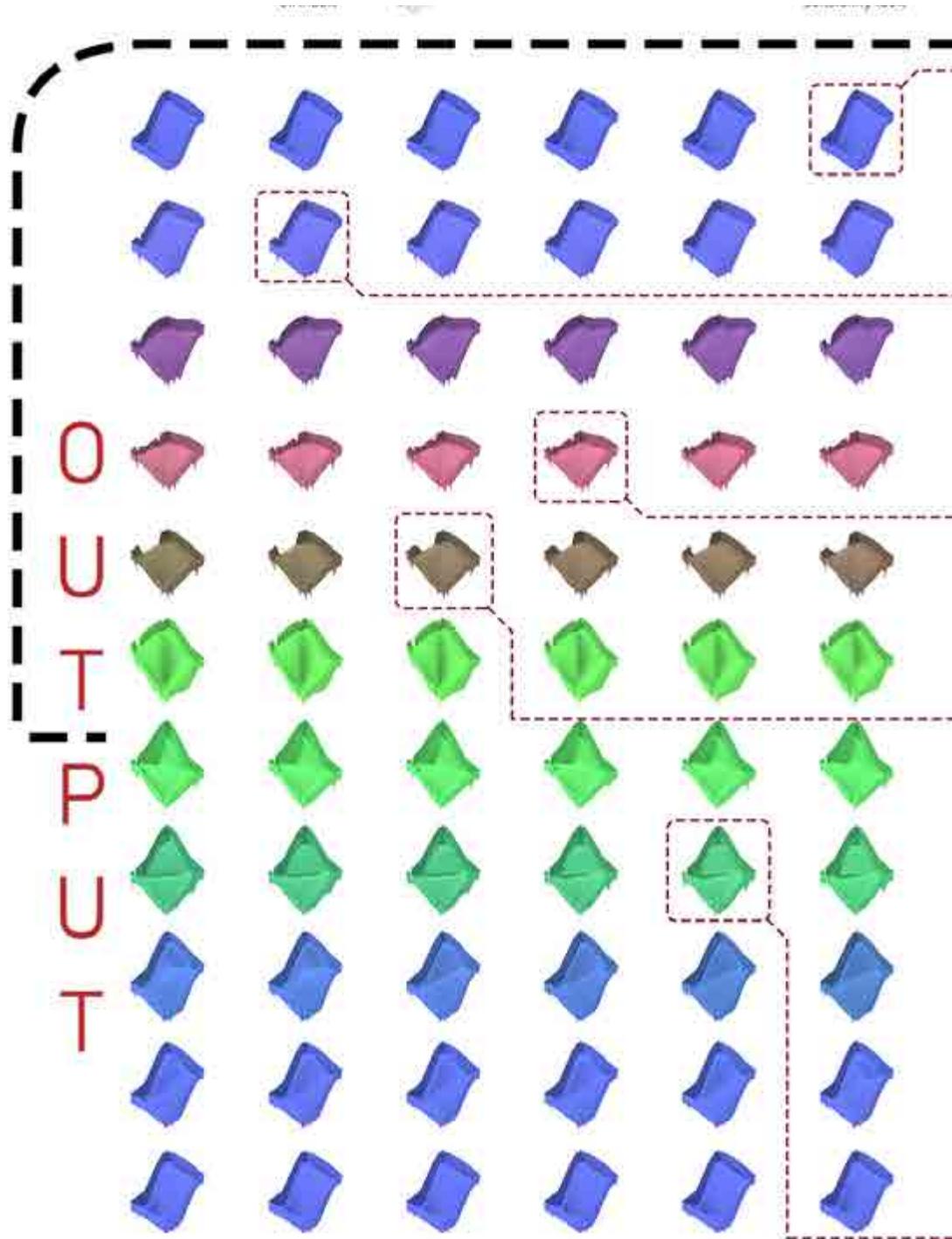
Data3: Mesh color, which would be shown in step3.

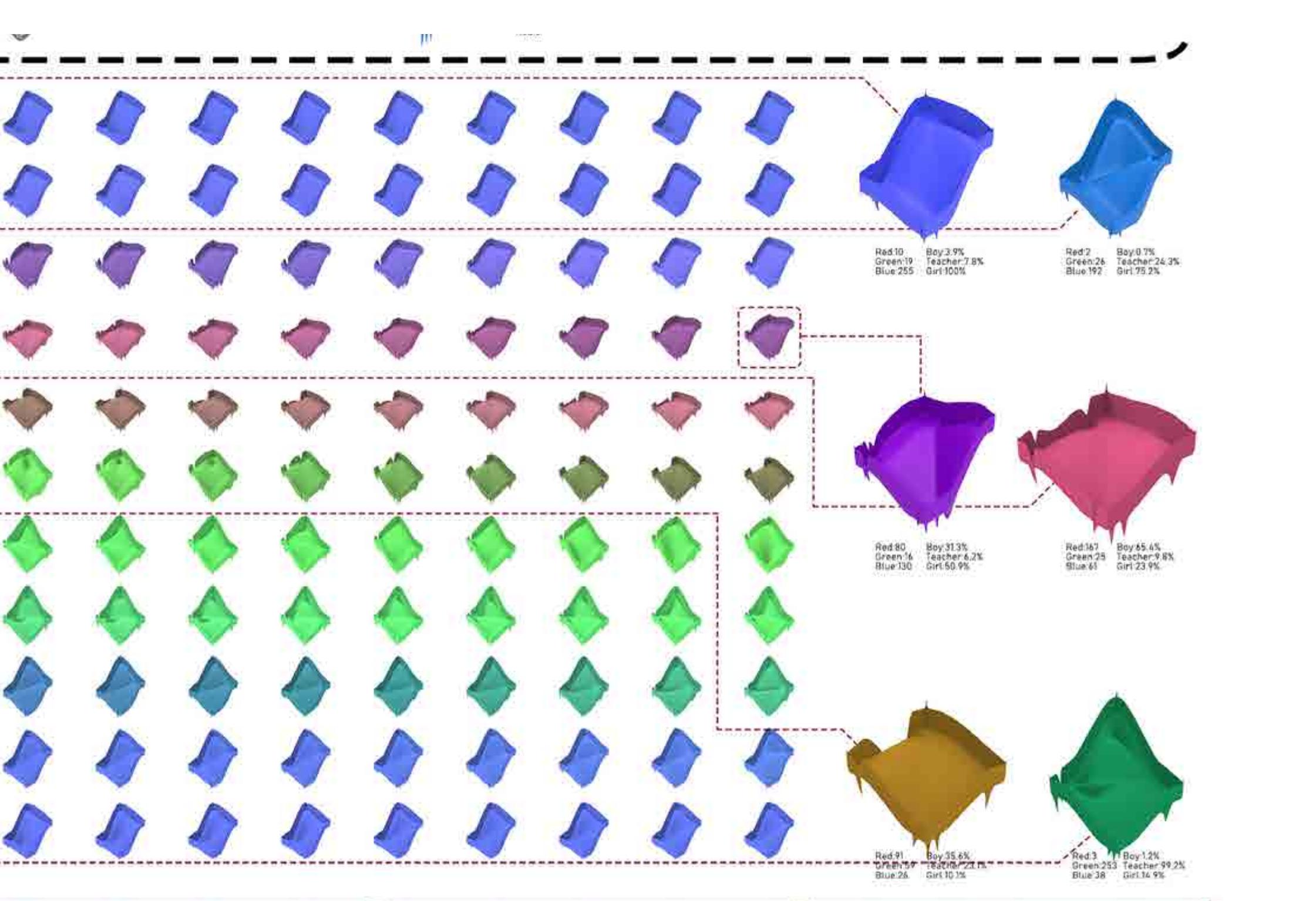


STEP 2- FLEXIBLE PHYSIC SIMULATION & SOLIDIFICATION

- 1.Create linear forces and gravity.
- 2.The strength are proportional to lengths of rope and mesh lines.
- 3.Flexible simulation. The ropes pull the mesh into air while the anchors and gravity are restricting it.

Finally, all the forces balance, and the shape of mesh is stabilized.
Define Boys as **RED**.
Define Teachers as **GREEN**.
Define Girls as **BLUE**.

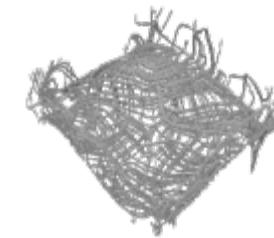
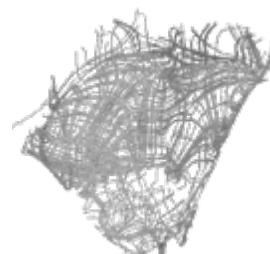




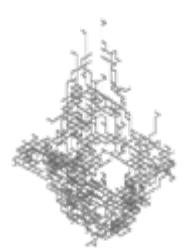
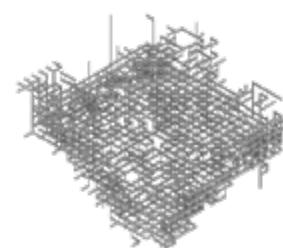
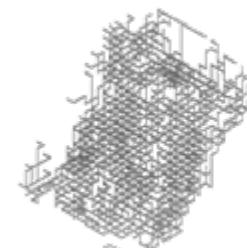
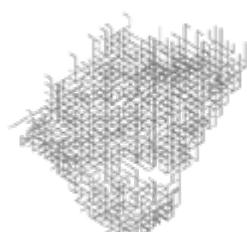
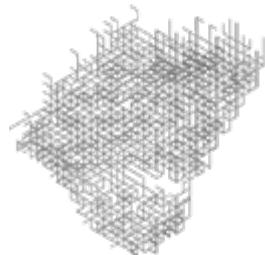
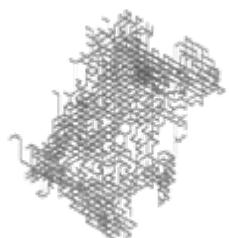
Origin



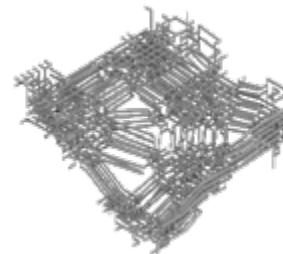
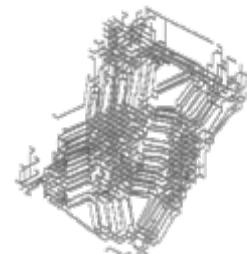
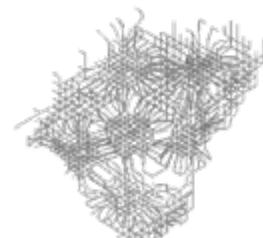
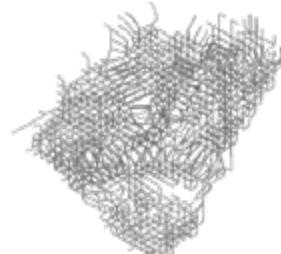
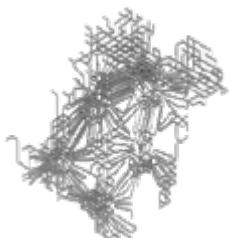
Structuralization



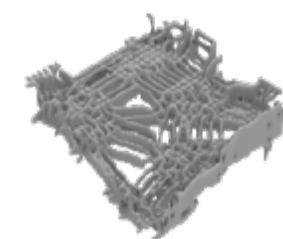
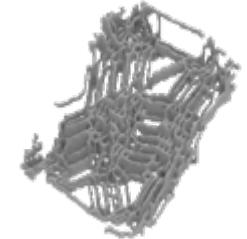
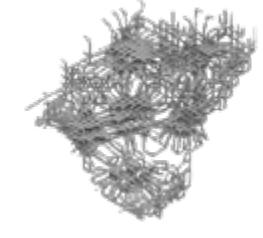
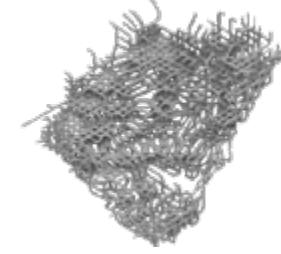
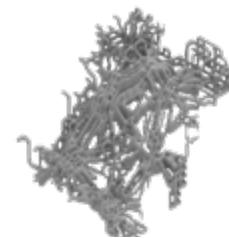
Framing

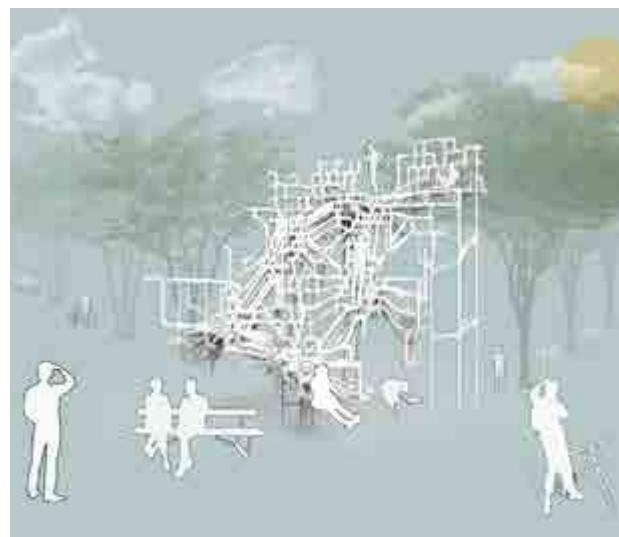
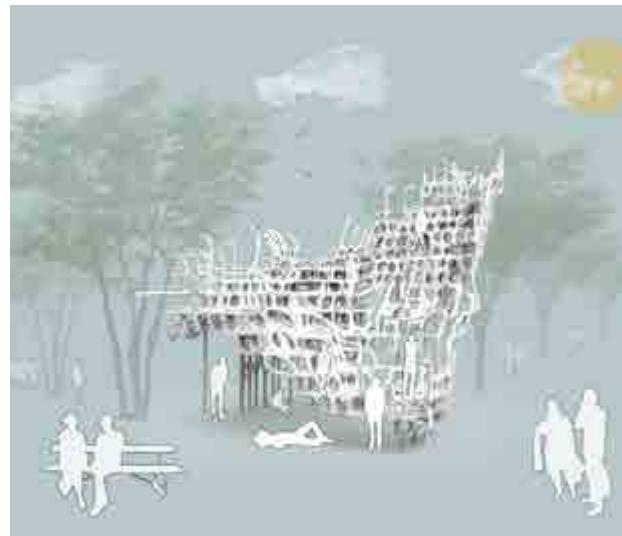


Optimization



Solidization









Modeling of Casa Trancura

A work from the course BIM
I present here to show my general Revit skill

Site:

Pucón, Chile

Individual work

Professore/ssa:

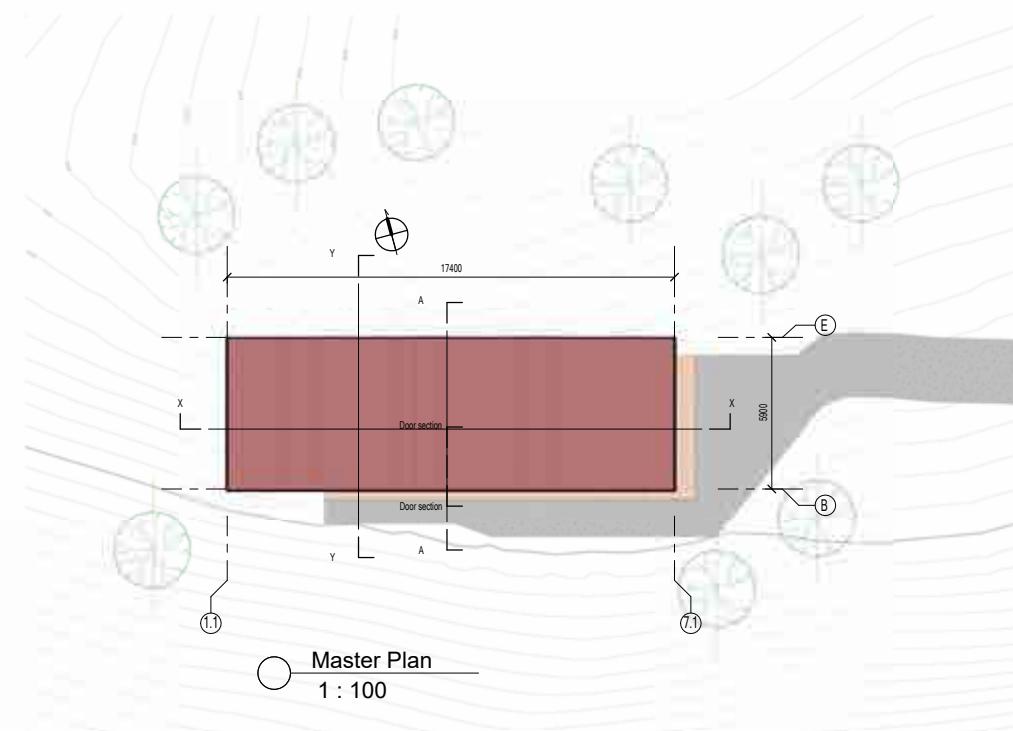
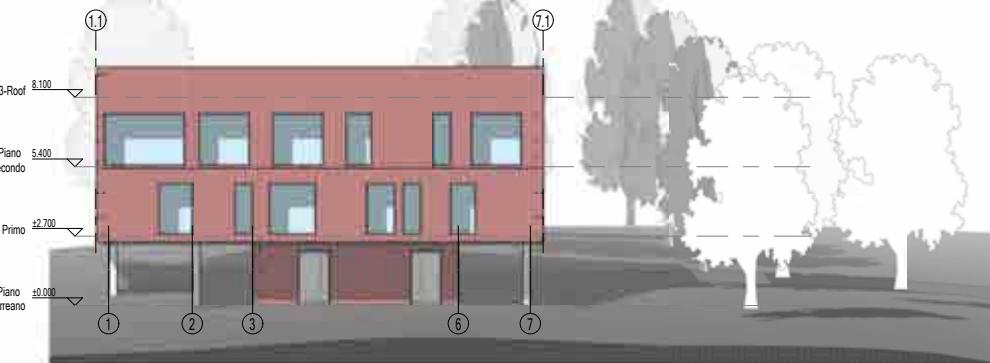
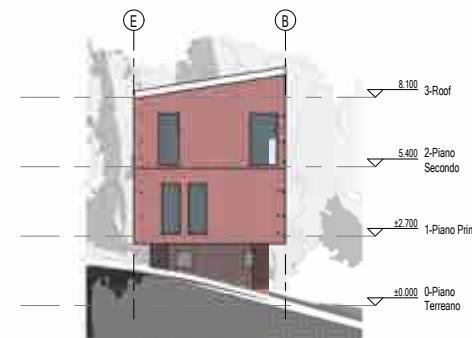
E.C.Giovannini

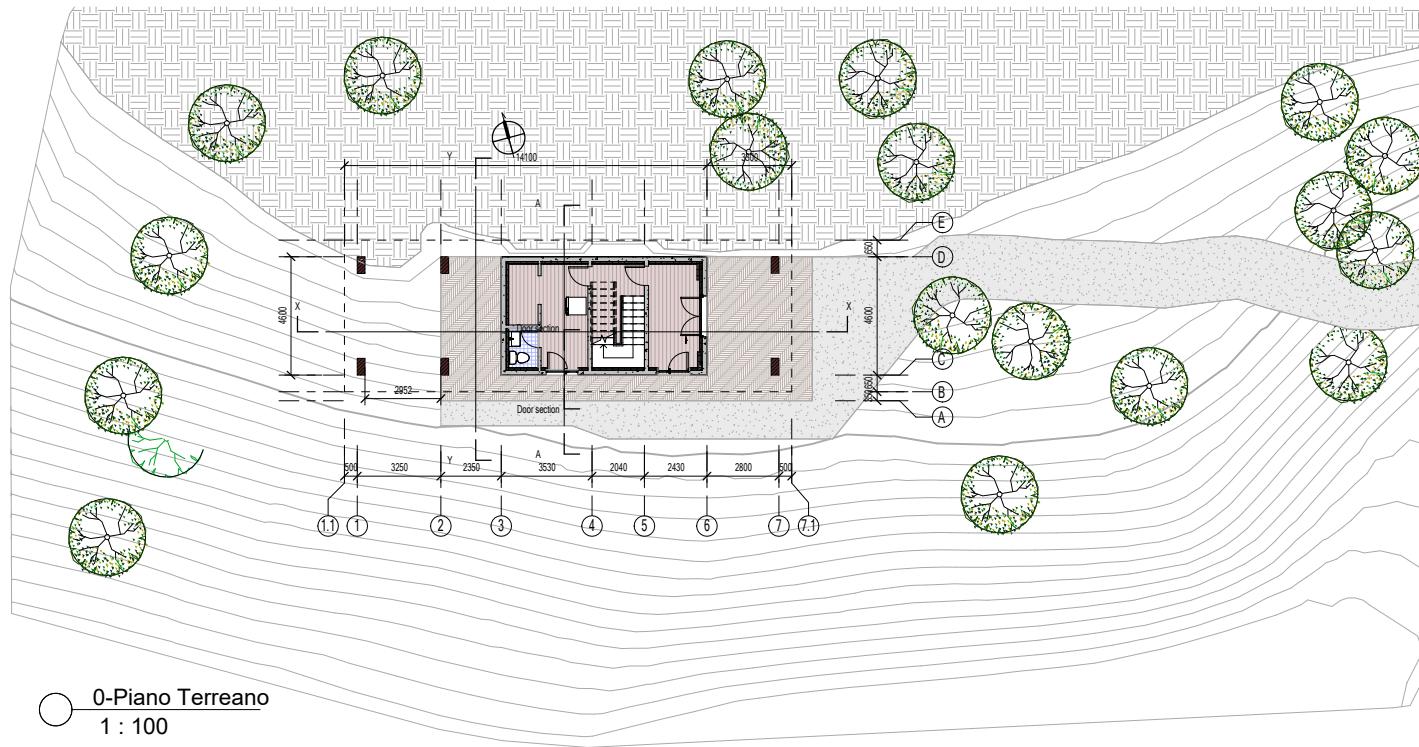
T.Andrea

This project is a demonstration of my Revit skill, rather than the designning skill. This work comes from the BIM course in Politenico di Torino.

The design is done by Labarca Martinez, and constructed in 2018. The course requirement is to choose a small building on architectural magazines and model it completely in Revit. I looked up the italian magazine *The Plan* vol.131 from 2021, selecting *Casa Trancura* as my reference since the professoressa said that's proper for an individual work.

This project and the *PlayerOne* are all created inside Revit. While the *PlayerOne* highlights the skill of making irregular shape in Revit and advance envelope via Dynamo. This one focus on informativeness and expressiveness of the Revit drawings.





0-Piano Terreano
1 : 100

0 - Bagno
1 - Parcheggio
2 - Bussola di ingresso
3 - Lavanderia
4 - Vano tecnico

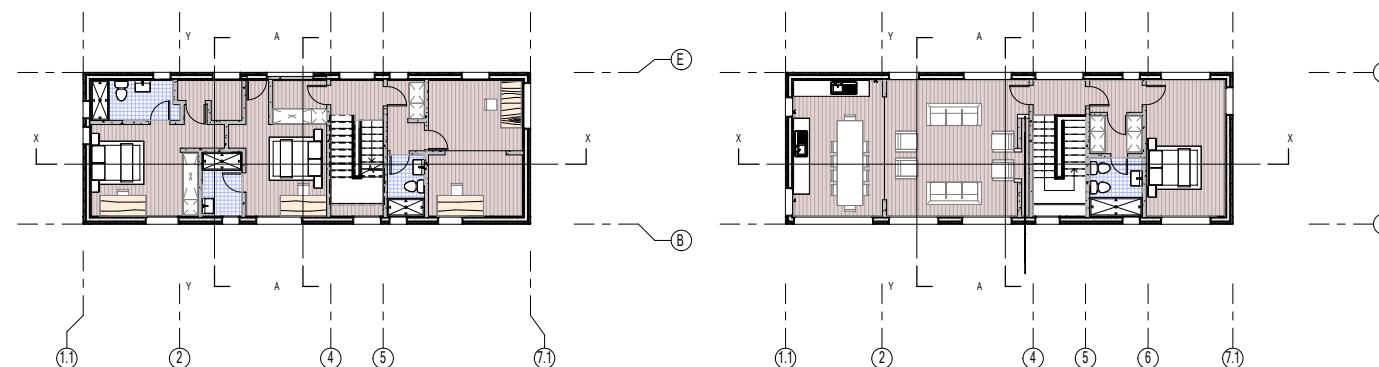
0-Piano Terreano Function
1 : 200

0 - Bagno
5 - Studio
6 - Biblioteca
7 - Camera da letto

1-Piano Primo Function
1 : 200

8 - Camera da letto padronale
9 - Cabina armadio
10 - Soggiorno
11 - Cucina/sala da pranzo

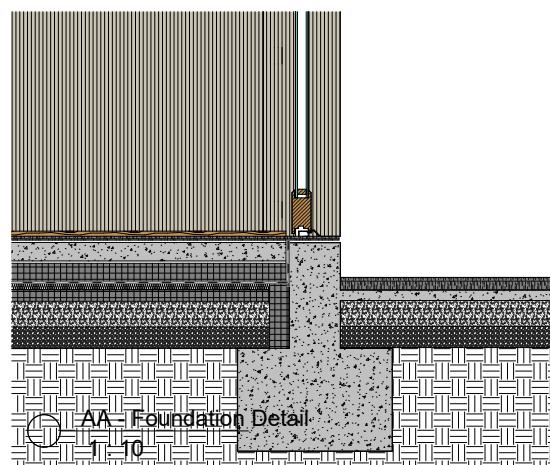
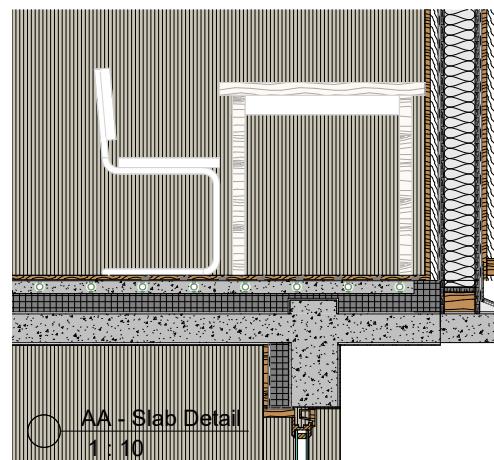
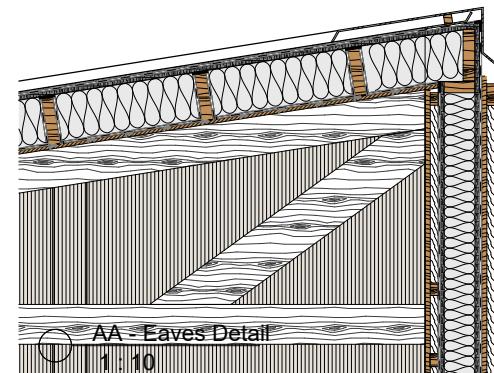
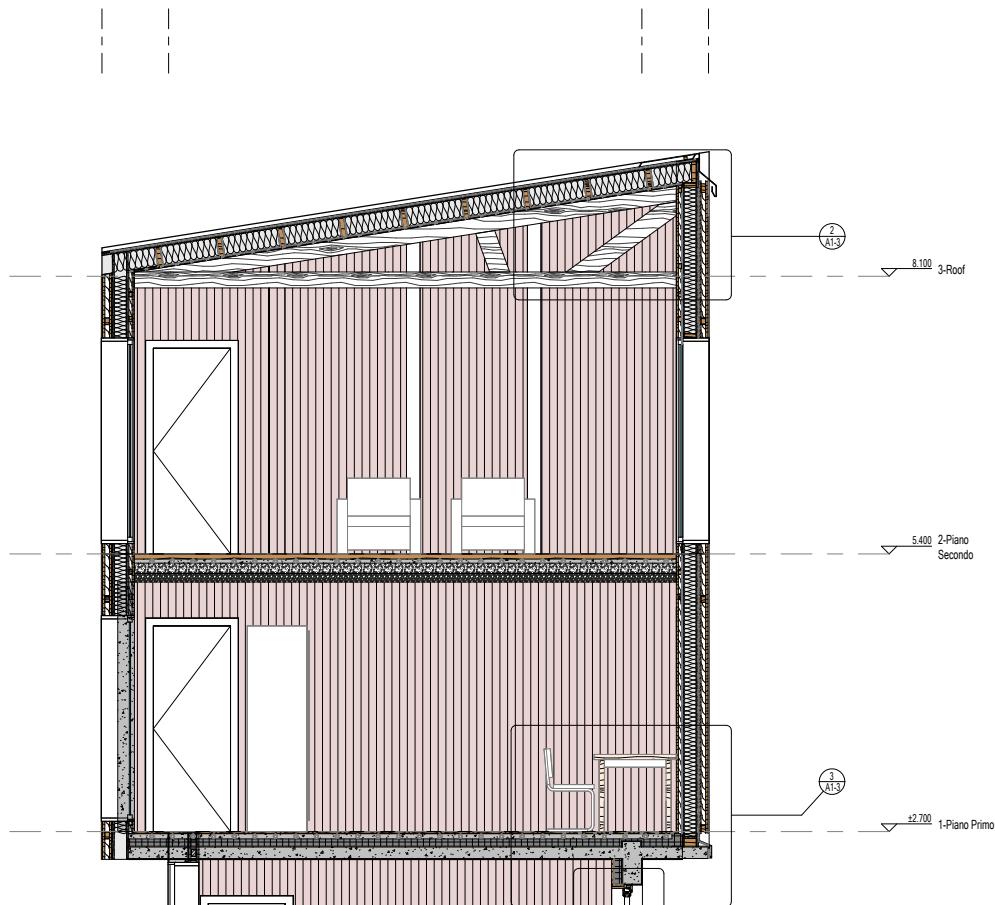
2-Piano Secondo Function
1 : 200

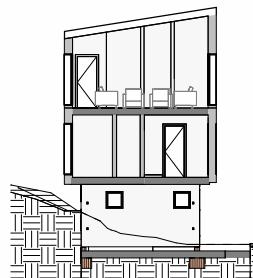


1-Piano Primo
1 : 100

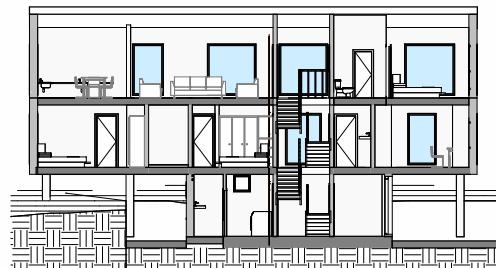
2-Piano Secondo
1 : 100

Room Area		
Name	Level	Area
0-Piano Terreano		
0 - Bagno	0-Piano Terreano	1.73
1 - Parcheggio	0-Piano Terreano	12.48
2 - Bussola di ingresso	0-Piano Terreano	7.82
3 - Lavanderia	0-Piano Terreano	7.36
4 - Vano tecnico	0-Piano Terreano	2.75
1-Piano Primo		
0 - Bagno	1-Piano Primo	3.42
0 - Bagno	1-Piano Primo	3.82
0 - Bagno	1-Piano Primo	5.09
5 - Studio	1-Piano Primo	9.98
6 - Biblioteca	1-Piano Primo	9.07
7 - Camera da letto	1-Piano Primo	16.30
7 - Camera da letto	1-Piano Primo	16.87
2-Piano Secondo		
0 - Bagno	2-Piano Secondo	4.62
8 - Camera da letto padronale	2-Piano Secondo	16.10
9 - Cabina armadio	2-Piano Secondo	3.03
10 - Soggiorno	2-Piano Secondo	28.97
11 - Cucina/sala da pranzo	2-Piano Secondo	18.54

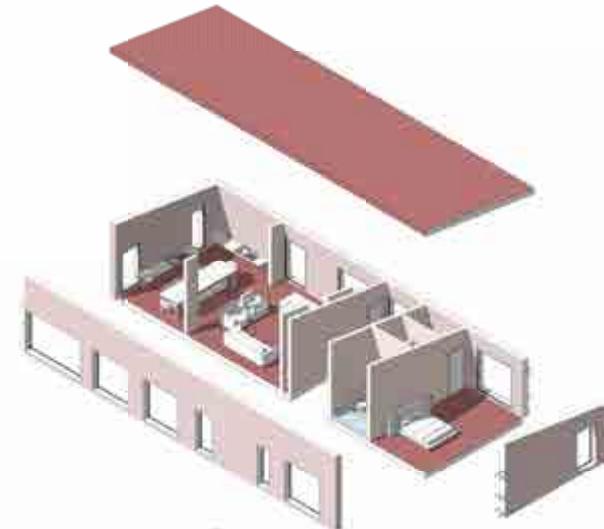
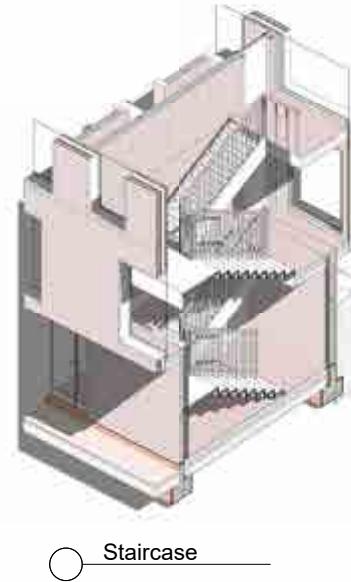
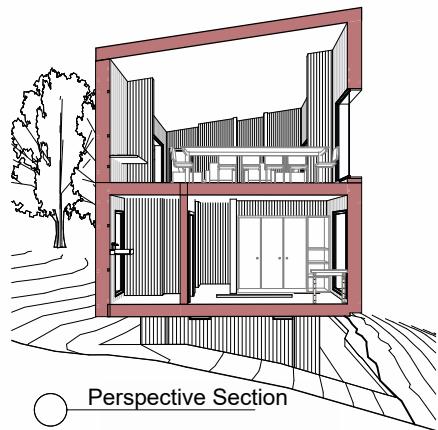




1 : 100



1 : 100







Player One

A gamers residential complex in digital era

Site:

Hign Education Mega Center,
Guangzhou

Independent Work

Tutor:

Luo Zhihua

In the digital age, the social form changes dramatically, and the highly developed virtual technology also leads to the alienation of interpersonal communication in the real world. Information prosperity on the surface cannot cover the depression and loneliness in the heart... The traditional solidified and closed functional space further intensifies the isolation between people. What kind of space can promote lonely individuals to integrate into the community?

Greatest common divisor(GCD) is a mathematical concept. We borrow it into architecture, aiming to create an atmosphere to link all young people together.

We believe that this kind of space should make sense, just like *GCD* dose in maths operations, allowing individuals from different industries and interests to naturally enter the atmosphere of commu-

nication. So we choose GAMIFICATION as the common divisor. Gamification of survival is our concept of daily life. On the one hand, through games, it can relieve the tense of urban stressed life. Games, on the other hand, promote human interaction. Gamification is the most efficient means in the information age. It can trigger the activities of *sharing, collaboration, confrontation*. And communication behaviors make people feel that they are needed.

The special interpersonal relationship of the break time reconnects people. And we designed one individual residential complexes to materialize these ideas, bringing out a new kind of living building for the young generation.

PROPORTION OF STRESSED PEOPLE & PLAYERS

Distribution in CITIES

under pressure rate player rate

Beijing/Shanghai/Guangzhou/Shenzhen 48.95% 40.95%

New First-tier cities 23.01% 27.05%

Second-tier cities 13.58% 19.25%

Other cities 14.46% 13.75%



33.5%



66.5%

Distribution in AGES

under pressure rate player rate

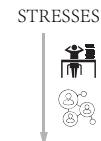
UNDER 18 1.62% 4.8%

18 to 25 38.24% 17.0%

26 to 35 43.06% 53.3%

36 to 45 12.24% 2.8%

46 and above 4.85% 5.5%



DIGITALIZED GENERATION

PREFERING VIRTUAL ENTERTAINMENTS

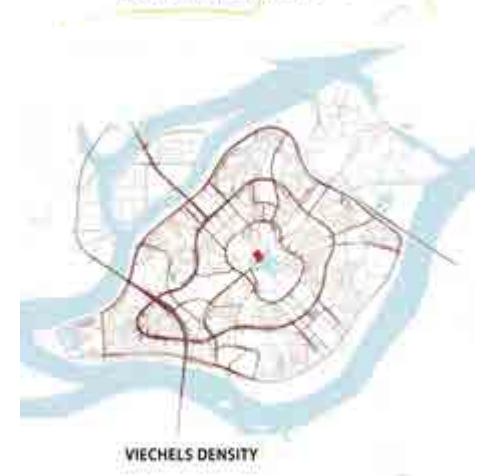
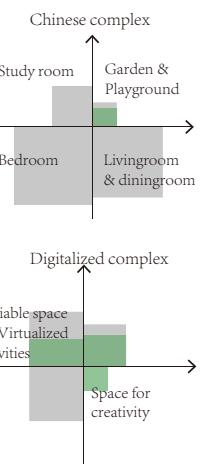
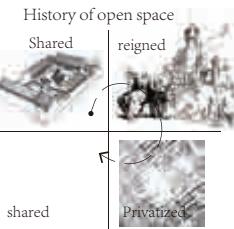
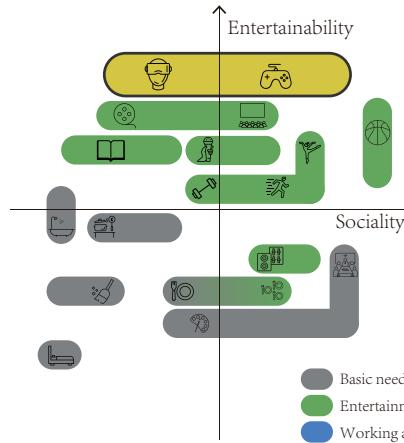


PROS-REALISTIC

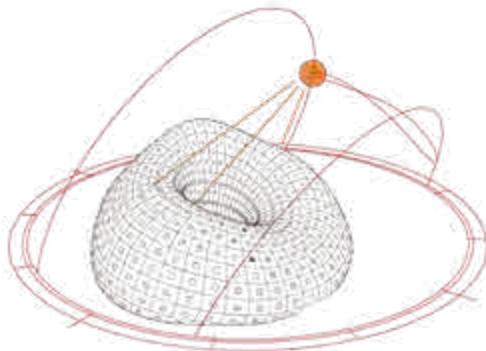
RELAX
CREATIVITY
MOST SHARED INTEREST

CONS-FUTURISM
ISOLATION
VIRTUALIZATION

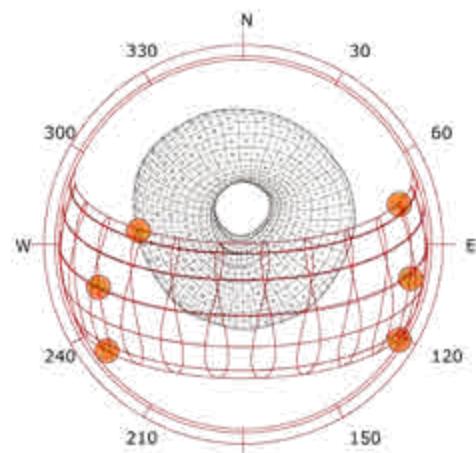
Fuctions in complex



SKIN =TRANSPARENT SURFACE + BROAD + FRAME



The direct solar radiation changes along time.
So our surface changes to adapt it.



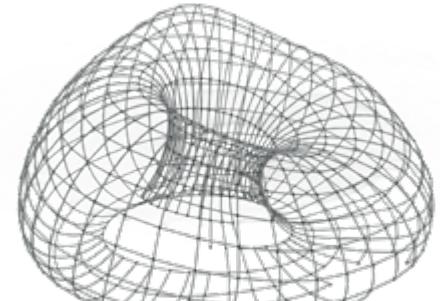
Whole year relative solar positions are all locate in this range.
And I pick the 6 from them as the representative.



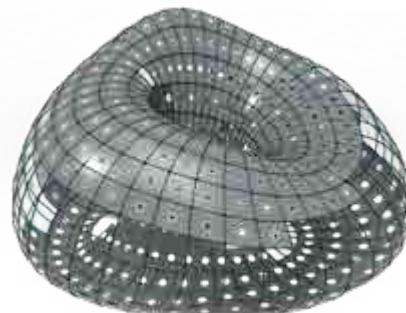
solar position:
summer solstice 08:00
transparent surface



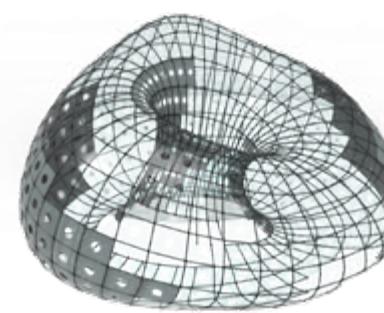
solar position:
summer solstice 08:00
broad



solar position:
summer solstice 08:00
frame



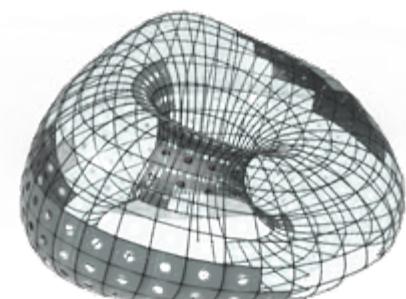
solar position:
summer solstice 15:00



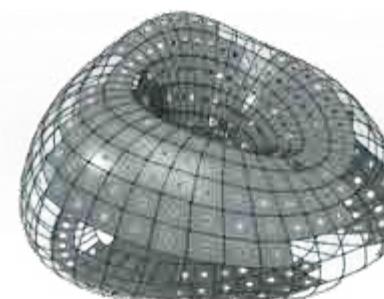
solar position:
winter solstice 08:00



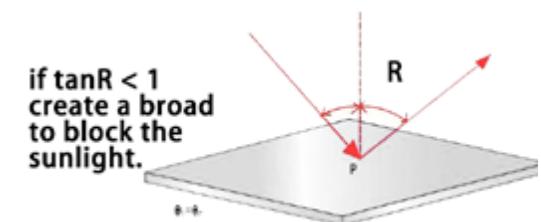
solar position:
winter solstice 15:00



solar position:
spring equinox 08:00



solar position:
spring equinox 15:00





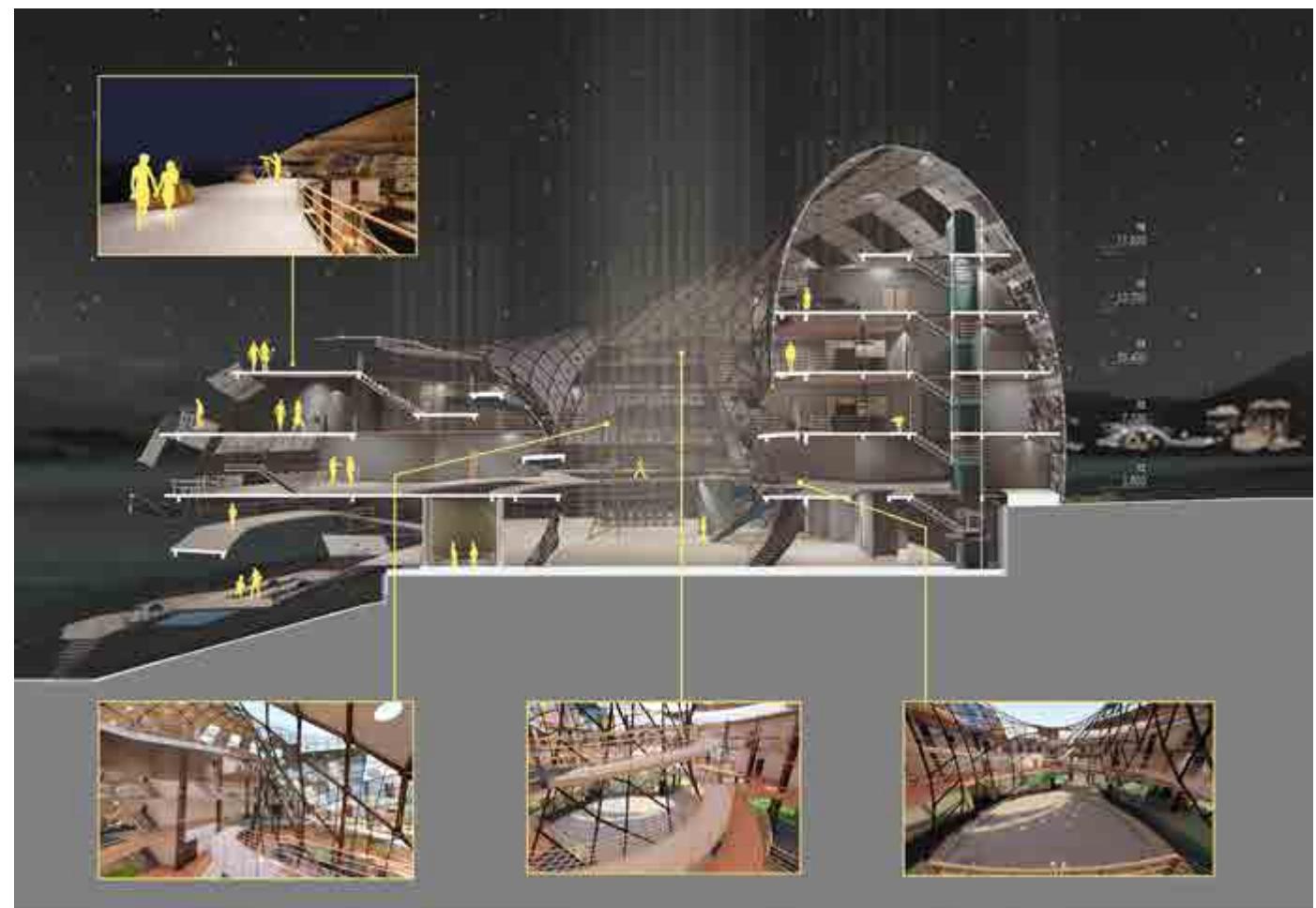
The building is developed by the Möbius morph with the ellipse as the base type.
So, not only did I get the dynamic parameterized shape of the building, I also got the pattern of the surface, which is like a woven frame.

There is an elevation difference from south to north at the site.

The building connects the south and north by its transportation system.

The fastest way is to use the elevators on the north side.

However, the spiraling slope is the best choice to go up. Since it fits the shape of the inner surface of the whole building. From every perspective, we could see the central court of the building. As the view broadened, the chance to set up binding is increased.



With the Mobius shape, all the indoor spaces are fluxion. Because most the activities area are stringed by the inner ring slope, we can see other active area via a sight corridor.

