

Department of Computer Engineering

Experiment No.7
To create a private ethereum blockchain using Geth
Date of Performance:05—10—23
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CSDL7022: Blockchain Lab

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AIM: To create a private ethereum blockchain using Geth

Objective: To understand the concept of private ethereum blockchain

Theory:

Ethereum is a decentralized blockchain platform that establishes a peer-to-peer network that

securely executes and verifies application code, called smart contracts. Smart contracts allow

participants to transact with each other without a trusted central authority. Transaction records

are immutable, verifiable, and securely distributed across the network, giving participants full

ownership and visibility into transaction data. Transactions are sent from and received by

user-created Ethereum accounts. A sender must sign transactions and spend Ether, Ethereum's

native cryptocurrency, as a cost of processing transactions on the network.

An Ethereum Private Network is a completely private Blockchain which is isolated from the

Main Ethereum network. Ethereum Private Network is mainly created by organizations to restrict

the read permissions of the Blockchain. Only the nodes with the right permissions will be able to

access this Blockchain. The nodes in this network are not connected to the main network nodes

and their reach is restricted only to this private Blockchain.

Ethereum Private Network is used by organizations to store private data which should not be

visible to people outside their organization. Ethereum Private Network is also used for testing

and experimenting the Blockchain if someone doesn't want to use the public test networks.

Ethereum Private Network has its own set of features as listed below:

It acts as a Distributed Database

• Blockchain in the Ethereum Private Network can contain private data (because the

network is not public)

Access can be permission-based

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- Making transactions can be free
- Accounts can be allocated with ethers by ourselves which does not even require buying virtual ethers

Geth

Geth is an Ethereum client written in Go. This means running Geth turns a computer into an Ethereum node. Ethereum is a peer-to-peer network where information is shared directly between nodes rather than being managed by a central server. Nodes compete to generate new blocks of transactions to send to its peers because they are rewarded for doing so in Ethereum's native token, ether (ETH). On receiving a new block, each node checks that it is valid and adds it to their database. The sequence of discrete blocks is called a "blockchain". The information provided in each block is used by Geth to update its "state" - the ether balance of each account on Ethereum. There are two types of account: externally-owned accounts (EOAs) and contract accounts. Contract accounts execute contract code when they receive transactions. EOAs are accounts that users manage locally in order to sign and submit transactions. Each EOA is a public-private key pair, where the public key is used to derive a unique address for the user and the private key is used to protect the account and securely sign messages. Therefore, in order to use Ethereum, it is first necessary to generate an EOA.

Process:

- Step 1. Install NodeJs for Windows 10 from URL 'https://nodejs.org/en/download/'.
- Step 2. Install Ethereum Mist Wallet for Windows 10 from
- https://github.com/ethereum/mist/releases.
- Step 3. Download and install 'geth' from URL https://geth.ethereum.org/downloads/
- Step 4. Create Genesis block [A file genesis.json is required to be created and store in c:/Users/Admin]
- Step 5. Initialize the genesis block using command

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Open the command prompt and navigate to the folder wherein "genesis.json" file is located. Run following command:

"geth init customGenesis.json"

Step 6. Once the genesis block is created, run the following command to start the private network:

```
"geth — networkid=5 console"
```

Step 7. Launch Ethereum Wallet

The Ethereum wallet can be seen as part of the private blockchain

Step 8. Create Address

Create an address in the Ethereum Wallet application. The address can be from the Ethereum Wallet. In 'Wallets' section in the Ethereum Mist Wallet application, click on 'Add Account' to create a new account address.

Step 9. Start mining

After creating the address, go back to the command prompt where the network is running and run the following command:

```
"miner.start(1)"
```

Step 10. In case you need to stop mining, run the following command;

"miner.stop()"

Code:



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```
"extraData": "",
"gasLimit": "0x2fefd8",
"nonce"
     : "0x00000000000000042",
"mixhash" :
"parentHash":
"timestamp": "0x00"
genesis
"config": {
"chainId": 15,
"homesteadBlock": 0,
"eip155Block": 0,
"eip158Block": 0,
"eip150Block": 0
"nonce": "0x00000000000000042",
"mixhash":
"difficulty": "0x200",
"alloc": {},
"timestamp": "0x00",
"parentHash":
"gasLimit": "0xffffffff",
"alloc": {
```



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Output:

```
C:\Users\admin>geth init --datadir node genesis.json

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.273] Maximum peer count

ETH=50 LES=0 total=50

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.281] Defaulting to pebble as the backing database

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.381] Allocated cache and file handles

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.381] Allocated cache and file handles

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.382] Stet schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.393] Initializing the KZG library

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.414] Allocated cache and file handles

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.402] State schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.402] State schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.402] Writing custom genesis block

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.495] Depend ancient database

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] State schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] State schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] Writing custom genesis block

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] State schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] Writing custom genesis block

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] State schema set to default

INFO [10-05|07:42:41.580] Writing custom genesis state

C:\Users\admin>

C:\Users\admin>
```

Conclusion:

The application of Geth (the Go Ethereum client) in creating a private Ethereum blockchain is justified for several reasons. Geth is a widely-used and well-maintained Ethereum client that offers robust performance and compatibility. It allows users to customize and configure the network to suit specific needs, making it ideal for private blockchain deployments. Additionally, Geth offers excellent support for smart contracts and decentralized applications (DApps), which can be advantageous for organizations seeking to leverage blockchain technology for various purposes. Geth's versatility, reliability, and extensive developer community make it a strong choice for establishing a private Ethereum blockchain tailored to specific business requirements.