

# Mortgage-Backed-Securitized-Prepayment-Risk-Analysis-and-Prediction

In this Project we have done stepwise processes to analyze the given data. Below are the performed steps on Mortgage backed security dataset and insights taken after analysis.

## 1. Data Preprocessing-

- Firstly Checked every column of dataset for null values and duplicate values.
- In columns like first time home buyer, PPM ,Number of Borrowers X values are present which are not available values. I have Replaced that values with the respective mode value of column.
- First payment date and maturity date columns shows date in number format. Converted number to date using formula [DATE(INT(C2/100),MOD(C2,100),1) ].
- Calculated credit range column using formula [IFS(A2<=650, "Poor", A2<=700, "Fair", A2<=750, "Good", A2<=900, "Excellent")].
- Calculated Is first time home buyer column from First time home buyer using formula [IF("First time home buyer ="N",0,1)]
- Calculated LTV\_Range from LTV column using formula[IFS(P2<=40,"Low",P2<=70,"Medium",P2<=105,"High")].
- Calculated Repay\_Range using formula [IF(AF2<=48, "0-4yrs", IF(AF2<=96, "4-8yrs", IF(AF2<=144, "8-12yrs", IF(AF2<=192, "12-16yrs", "16-20yrs")))))]

## 2. Dashboard Creation-

- Created Different visualization charts to visualize factors that affect on prepayment risk and analyze the various patterns. For that I have created Line charts, bar chart, Pie chart, Donut chart, Map, Tree chart, histogram etc.
- Each graph shows different visualization against delinquency and prepayment rate.
- Also I have created various filters to analyze data by applying filters. Like Property state, property type, loan status, delinquency status, time filter, LTV range, DTI range, etc.
- **Created Measures-**

### Prepayment rate-

- Created measure Prepayment\_Rate using formula

Prepayment\_Rate =

```
VAR TotalRows = COUNTROWS('finalpr dataset')
VAR PrepaidCount =
    SUMX('finalpr dataset',
        IF(
            AND(
                'finalpr dataset'[OrigUPB] / 'finalpr dataset'[OrigLoanTerm]
                * 'finalpr dataset'[MonthsInRepayment] < 'finalpr dataset'
                [OrigUPB] * 0.2, 'finalpr dataset'[OrigUPB] * 0.1 <
                'finalpr dataset'[OrigUPB] / 'finalpr dataset'[OrigLoanTerm] *
                'finalpr dataset'[MonthsInRepayment]
            ), 1, 0 ) )
VAR PrepaymentRate = DIVIDE(PrepaidCount, TotalRows)
RETURN
SWITCH(
    TRUE(),
    ISBLANK(PrepaymentRate), BLANK(), PrepaymentRate
)
```

- Created measure Loan\_Status using formula-

- LoanStatus =  
IF(  
'finalpr dataset'[MonthsInRepayment] > 0 && 'finalpr dataset'[Prepayment\_Rate] > 0,  
"Active",  
IF(

```

'finalpr dataset'[MonthsInRepayment] = 0 && 'finalpr
dataset'[Prepayment_Rate] > 0, "Paid Off",
IF(
    'finalpr dataset'[MonthsInRepayment] > 0 && 'finalpr
dataset'[Prepayment_Rate] = 0, "Charged Off",
    "Unknown"
)
)
)
)

```

➤ Created measure Delinquency Rate.

- Delinquency Rate = `DIVIDE (CALCULATE (COUNTROWS('finalpr dataset'), 'finalpr dataset'[EverDelinquent] = 1 ), COUNTROWS('finalpr dataset'), 0)`

➤ Created Measure DTI Range-

- `DTI_Range = IF(AND('finalpr dataset'[DTI] <= 20, 'finalpr dataset'[DTI] >= 0), "0-20", IF(AND('finalpr dataset'[DTI] <= 40, 'finalpr dataset'[DTI] >= 21), "21-40", IF(AND('finalpr dataset'[DTI] <= 60, 'finalpr dataset'[DTI] >= 41), "41-60", IF(AND('finalpr dataset'[DTI] <= 75, 'finalpr dataset'[DTI] >= 61), "61-75", "Above 75")))))`

➤ Created measure Total Mortgage Securities using below formula

- Total Mortgage Securities =

```

CALCULATE(
    DISTINCTCOUNT('finalpr dataset'[LoanSeqNum]),
    ALLEXCEPT('finalpr dataset', 'finalpr dataset'[PropertyState])
)

```

➤ Total Number of Loans=count(“LoanSeqNum”)

➤ Average Original UPB=average(“OrigUPB”)

➤ Average Original Interest Rate =average(“OrigInterestRate ”)

➤ Average Loan Term .=average(“OrigLoanTerm”)

### 3. Insights-

- Average OrigInterestRate is 6.93.
- Average OrigLoanTerm is 359.84
- When we apply geographical filter i.e PropertyState filter ,For Each state all values like kpi values and all charts visuals changes and shows different prepayment rate.
- Prepayment Rate is higher for credit range good and lower for credit range poor.
- For DTI range 0-20 prepayment rate is lower and for DTI range 21-40 prepayment rate is high .
- In line chart of prepayment rate over time ,Trend line shows that prepayment rate is increasing over the time.Forecasting shows that prepayment rate toggle between(60.42%) and (52.35%)
- In delinquency trends ,forecasting shows that delinquency rate is constant(0.23) over the time.
- Prepayment rate is highest for year 2031.
- I have added forecasting which shows prepayment rate which toggle between 62.42% and 52.35% over the time.
- Line chart shows delinquency rate is highest for year 2026.
- Lowest Delinquency Rate is for year 2027(0.15)
- When we apply Delinquency status 0 ,prepayment rate is (52.68%)and Delinquency rate is (0.25) .
- For Delinquency status 1 ,prepayment rate is (44.89%), Delinquency rate is (1.00) ,interest rate is (6.97)and 100% loans are ever delinquent.
- For poor credit range prepayment rate is low i.e (46.12%), Delinquency rate is (0.41) ,interest rate is(7.02) ,average month delinquent is 6 and 40.56% loans are ever delinquent.
- For Excellent credit range prepayment rate (51.41%), Delinquency rate is (0.09) ,interest rate is(6.87) ,average month delinquent is 0 and 9.11% loans are ever delinquent.

- For good credit range prepayment rate is high i.e.(52.78%), Delinquency rate is (0.15) ,interest rate is(6.91) ,average month delinquent is 1 and 14.87% loans are ever delinquent.
- For fair credit range prepayment rate is (50.32%), Delinquency rate is (0.26) ,interest rate is(6.96) ,average month delinquent is 3 and 26.13% loans are ever delinquent.
- Pie chart shows the top 5 states having high prepayment rate.
- Funnel chart shows that for credit range Good prepayment rate is high(52.78%)h and for poor range prepayment rate is low(48.12%).
- When we apply Loan status filter and select active option then scatter plot shows constant prepayment rate i.e 1.0 for all LTV values.,DTI Ranges and credit ranges .
- Total number of mortgage securities by state is 496.
- Prepayment rate by geographic region is 49.79%
- When we apply property type filter and select co- Condominium then it shows high prepayment rate for state WV and low for state PR.For CP-Cooperative only state NY shows value for prepayment rate.
- For Delinquency status 1 state WI shows prepayment(0.51) and PR state shows( 0.20). For status 0 state SD shows high prepayment rate(0.62) and low for state PR(0.33) .
- When we apply maturity date between 2031 to 2043 then it shows 100% prepayment rate for most of the states.And between 2039 to 2043 only two states shows 100 percent prepayment rate(IN,KS)
- Whenever we click on any state in any chart total mortgage securities value changes for each state.

## 4.Recommendations-

- Focus on top 5 states where prepayment rate is high and apply strategies to avoid prepayment risk.
- We have to Offer incentives or rewards for on-time payments
- Provide educational resources and support services to help customers understand the importance of timely payments, financial planning, and credit management
- Continuously monitor trends in prepayment rates, delinquency rates, and credit performance over time.
- Adjust interest rates, fees, and terms accordingly to mitigate risk and attract creditworthy customers.

## **5.Conclusion-**

From above visualization and insights we can say that the factors affecting prepayment risk are credit score,Property state,delinquency status,loan status,Original interest rate,DTI range ,LTV range.

