

DAY 23 :

### ASSIGNMENTS 1:

#### Task 1: Creating and Managing Threads

Write a program that starts two threads, where each thread prints numbers from 1 to 10 with a 1-second delay between each number.

ANSWER:

```
public class NumberPrinter implements Runnable {  
    private String threadName;  
  
    public NumberPrinter(String threadName) {  
        this.threadName = threadName;  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void run() {  
        try {  
            for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {  
                System.out.println(threadName + ": " + i);  
                Thread.sleep(1000); // Delay for 1 second  
            }  
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
            System.out.println(threadName + " interrupted.");  
        }  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // Create two NumberPrinter objects  
        NumberPrinter np1 = new NumberPrinter("Thread 1");  
        NumberPrinter np2 = new NumberPrinter("Thread 2");  
    }  
}
```

```

// Create two threads with the NumberPrinter objects

Thread t1 = new Thread(np1);
Thread t2 = new Thread(np2);


// Start the threads

t1.start();
t2.start();


// Wait for both threads to finish
try {
    t1.join();
    t2.join();
} catch (InterruptedException e) {
    System.out.println("Main thread interrupted.");
}

System.out.println("Both threads have finished.");
}
}

```

## Explanation:

1. NumberPrinter Class: Implements Runnable interface and contains the code to print numbers from 1 to 10 with a 1-second delay.

- threadName is used to distinguish between the two threads.
- The run method contains a loop that prints numbers and calls Thread.sleep(1000) to delay for 1 second between prints.

2. Main Method:

- Creates two instances of NumberPrinter, each with a unique thread name.
- Creates two Thread objects, passing the NumberPrinter instances to their constructors.
- Starts both threads using start() method.

- Uses `join()` method to wait for both threads to complete before printing a final message indicating that both threads have finished.

#### Running the Program:

When you run this program, you will see interleaved output from the two threads, each printing numbers from 1 to 10 with a delay of 1 second between each number.