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EE 679: Computation Assignment 3: ASR

Code for connecting to drive folder (ignore/do not run if not on google colab)

```
In [1]:
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive/', force_remount=True)
import os
root_dir = "/content/gdrive/MyDrive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/"
project_folder = "3"

def create_and_set_working_directory(project_folder):
    if os.path.isdir(root_dir + project_folder) == False:
        os.mkdir(root_dir + project_folder)
        print(root_dir + project_folder + ' did not exist but was created.')
    os.chdir(root_dir + project_folder)

create_and_set_working_directory(project_folder)

! pwd
```

Mounted at /content/gdrive/ /content/gdrive/MyDrive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3

Importing packages that are required in later sections

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from IPython.display import Audio
import scipy.signal as sp
import librosa
import librosa.display
import soundfile as sf
from scipy.signal import find peaks
def save_as_wav(y_input,file_name,F_samp):
 y_norm = ((y_input-np.min(y_input))/(np.max(y_input)-np.min(y input))) - 0.5 #making m
ean = 0 and swing = 1
 sf.write(file_name+'.wav',y_norm,F_samp,'PCM_24')
def play sound(file name):
 """file name: the name of the audio file along with the extension"""
  audio = Audio(filename='./'+file name)
  display (audio)
```

In [11]:

```
def normalize_audio(x):
    """The range of output audio will be -1 to 1 for any input given, a DC shift and consta
nt multiplication doesn't changes the utterance"""
    high = np.max(x); low = np.min(x)
    y = (2*x-low-high) / (high-low)
    return y
```

```
def end pointing_using_STE(x,F_s,t_window,th_frac_ste,th_frac_zcr,ZCR=False):
  """x: input signal
  th frac ste: threshold for STE, th frac zcr: threshold for ZCR
  output: modified version of signal x, s.t. silences are removed"""
 n per frame = int(t window*F s);
  STE = np.transpose(librosa.feature.rms(x, frame length=n per frame, hop length=1)); ste
th = th frac ste*np.max(STE);
 speech present = (STE>ste th)
  if ZCR:
    ZCR = np.transpose(librosa.feature.zero crossing rate(x,frame length=n per frame,hop
length=1)); zcr th = th frac zcr*np.max(ZCR);
    speech present = np.logical or(STE>ste th, ZCR>zcr th)
  speech present = speech present[1:,0] #making the size correct, now select out the rele
vant entries of x
  return x[speech present]
def pre emphasize(x,alpha):
  y = librosa.effects.preemphasis(x,coef=alpha)
  return y
```

Testing using the test audio files

```
In [28]:
```

```
def calc feature vector(in signal, n hop, n window):
  in signal = pre emphasize(in signal, 0.99); #comment out in case pre-emphasis is not req
uired
 mel spect = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(y=in signal,sr=F s,n fft=1024,hop length=n
hop, window="hamming", win length=n window)
 mfcc = librosa.feature.mfcc(S=librosa.power to db(mel spect), n mfcc=13)
  delta1 = np.zeros(mfcc.shape); delta2 = np.zeros(mfcc.shape);
  delta1[:,0] = mfcc[:,0]; delta2[:,0] = mfcc[:,0];
  \texttt{deltal[:,mfcc.shape[1]-1]} = \texttt{mfcc[:,mfcc.shape[1]-1]}; \ \texttt{delta2[:,mfcc.shape[1]-1]} = \texttt{mfcc[:,mfcc.shape[1]-1]};
:, mfcc.shape[1]-1];
  for n in range(1, mfcc.shape[1]-1):
    delta1[:,n] = (mfcc[:,n+1]-mfcc[:,n-1])/2
  for n in range(1, mfcc.shape[1]-1):
    delta2[:,n] = (delta1[:,n+1]-delta1[:,n-1])/2
  feat vec = np.concatenate((mfcc, delta1, delta2), axis=0)
  return np.transpose(feat vec) #each row is a observation and each column a feature
#Code to find the best class given a codebook
def calc min distortion(single vec, codebook):
  """single vec: a 1x39 vector in which the sd value is already set as per the codebook b
eing considered
  codebook: can be a 16x39 matrix, each row a particular centroid
  aim: calculate the distance(simple 2-norm) of the single vec from each of the rows and
return the minimum of them
  output: min dist"""
  single vec mat = np.tile(single vec, (codebook.shape[0],1))
  diff = np.square(codebook - single vec mat); diff = np.sum(diff,axis=1); diff = np.sqr
t(diff) #this line implements the whole two norm
  return np.min(diff) #returns the mininmum distortion
def predict best utterance(test vec,codebook list,sd vec list):
  """test vec: num framesx39 length vector that represents the feature vector for each o
f the frames in the utterance
  codebook list: list of length 10, containing 16x39 codebook matrices for each cases
  sd vec list: a 1x39 vector which is used to divide eah row of the test vec to make its
sd close to 1 (as per the training set sd)
  output: vector(length = 10) which has the summed minimum distortion values for each of
the codebooks"""
```

```
min_dist_sums = np.zeros(len(codebook_list))
  for cb_index in range(len(codebook_list)):
    cb this = codebook list[cb index] #can be a 16x39
    sd_vec_this = sd_vec_list[cb_index] #is a 1x39
   #test vec sd1 = np.divide(test vec,np.tile(sd vec this,(test vec.shape[0],1))) #perfo
rms element-wise division
   from scipy.cluster.vq import vq, kmeans, whiten
    test vec sd1 = whiten(test vec)
   min dist sum this = 0
    for frames index in range(test vec sdl.shape[0]):
      single vec = test vec sd1[frames index,:] #should be a 1x39 vector
      min dist sum this = min dist sum this + calc min distortion(single vec,cb this)
    min dist sums[cb index] = min dist sum this
  return min dist sums
In [55]:
permanent dir = '/content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3'
os.chdir(permanent dir)
train adress = permanent dir + "/DATASET" + "/train"
path = train adress
train list = os.listdir(path)
print("Files and directories in '", path, "' :")
print(train list)
#required order = ['go', 'left', 'down', 'yes', 'stop', 'on', 'off', 'up', 'no', 'right']
Files and directories in ' /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/
3/DATASET/train ':
['go', 'left', 'down', 'yes', 'stop', 'on', 'off', 'up', 'no', 'right']
```

Files and directories in ' /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/

num test = 240 #keep it less than the min number of utterances available for any class va

y actual = []; y pred = []; #this will be used to make the confusion matrices

['up', 'left', 'no', 'stop', 'yes', 'go', 'off', 'down', 'on', 'right']

In [59]:

In [60]:

F s = 16000

path = test_adress

print(test list)

test list = os.listdir(path)

3/DATASET/test noisy ':

test adress = permanent dir + "/DATASET" + "/test noisy"

#reading the code-book created for VQ bag of words algorithm

print("Files and directories in '", path, "' :")

#sd_vec_list = np.load("aug_sd_vec_128.npy")
codebook list = np.load("codebook 128.npy")

t window = 20e-3; n window = int(t window*F s)

word_path = path + "/" + test list[folders]

t hop = 10e-3; n hop = int(t hop*F s)

for folders in range(len(test list)):

word_list = os.listdir(word_path)

num utterances = len(word list)

#print(word_list);
print(word_path);
os.chdir(word_path)

```
#num_utterances = num_test #using a little less than all testing samples
for files in range(num_utterances):
    file_name = word_list[files]
    x,_ = sf.read(file_name);
    x = end_pointing_using_STE(x,F_s,10e-3,0.1,0.6,True) #for end-pointing, set the thres
holds appropriately, comment out if end-pointing not required
    x = normalize_audio(x); #comment out if normalization is not required
    test_vec = calc_feature_vector(x,n_hop,n_window)
    min_dist_sums = predict_best_utterance(test_vec,codebook_list,sd_vec_list)
    arg_min = np.argmin(min_dist_sums)
    #print("Predicted class is: ", train_list[arg_min])
    y_actual.append(test_list[folders]); y_pred.append(train_list[arg_min])

#returning back to the original directory
%cd '/content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/'
```

```
/content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/up /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/left /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/no /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/stop /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/yes /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/go /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/off /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/down /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/on /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/right /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3/DATASET/test_noisy/right /content/gdrive/My Drive/EE 679 Speech Processing Assignments/3
```

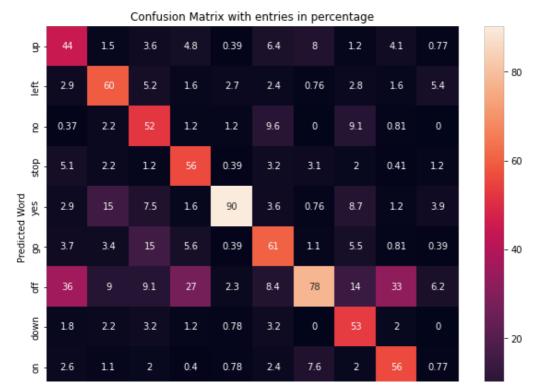
Displaying confusion matrix and summary of recognition

```
In [61]:
```

```
from sklearn import metrics
conf_matrix = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_pred, y_actual, labels=test_list)
conf_matrix = 100*conf_matrix/conf_matrix.astype(np.float).sum(axis=0)

import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize = (10,8))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, xticklabels= test_list,yticklabels= test_list)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix with entries in percentage")
plt.xlabel("Actual Word"); plt.ylabel("Predicted Word");
plt.show()

print("SUMMARY: ")
print(metrics.classification_report(y_pred,y_actual,labels=test_list))
```



ight - 0	3.7	0.4	0.4	0.78	0.4	0.76	1.6	0.41	81	
	left	no	stop	yes Actual	go Word	off	down	on	right	
SUMMARY:										
	precision		recall		f1-score		support			
uj	up 0		.44	0.61		0.51		199		
lef	left		.60	0.71		0.65		224		
no	no		.52	0.68		0.59		194		
sto	stop		.56	0.74		0.64		189		
_	yes		0.90		0.66		0.76		348	
g -	go		.61	0	.62	0.61		245		
of	off		.78	78 0.3		0.49		574		
dowi	down		.53	0	.78	0	.64	1	L72	
01	on		.56	0	0.73		0.63		189	
right	right		.81	0	.91	0.86		233		
accurac	accuracy					0	.63	25	567	
-	macro avg 0.63		0.68		0.64		2567			
weighted avg		0.67		0	0.63		0.63		2567	

In []: