# 极客大学前端进阶训练营

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前手机淘宝前端负责人



# 削端进阶之路

前端与学习方法



# 思考问题

关于前端, 你都会什么?



# 思考问题

关于前端,你都不会什么?



# 前端技能模型

领域知识

前端知识

编程能力

架构能力

工程能力

解决问题



# 前端技能模型

领域知识

实践中学习

前端知识

建立知识体系(重学前端/前端训练营)

编程能力

架构能力

工程能力

刻意练习 (前端训练营)



### 前端训练當

- 不教追新追热点的技术
- 不教包装简历应付面试的技巧
- 不教找捷径图省事的本领

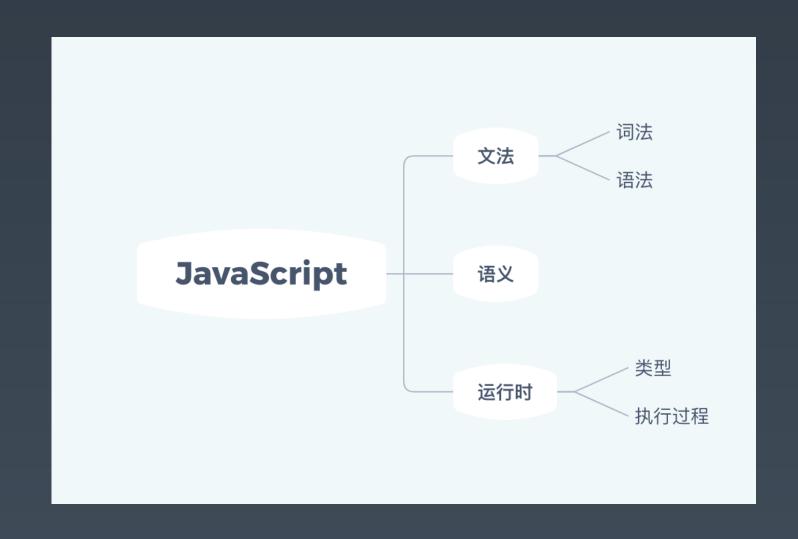
前端技术不是武林秘籍,真正的能力是练出来的。



# 学习方法一整理法



代码优化 值 代码生成





顺序关系

组合关系

选择器

维度关系

分类关系

#### 完备性



# 整理法的案例教学

HTML中的标签



# 学习方法——追溯法

#### 线索

源头

标准和文档

大师

- 最早出现的论文、杂志
- 最初的实现案例

- w3.org
- developer.mozilla.org
- msdn.microsoft.com
- developer.apple.com
- Tim Berners-Lee
- Brendan Eich
- Bjarne Stroustrup

### 追溯法的案例

• 面相对象的概念

OOP to me means only messaging, local retention and protection and hiding of state-process, and extreme late-binding of all things. It can be done in Smalltalk and in LISP. There are possibly other systems in which this is possible, but I'm not aware of them.

——Alan Kay

Decide which classes you want; provide a full set of operations for each class; make commonality explicit by using inheritance.

——Bjarne Stroustrup



### 追溯法的案例

#### • 闭包的概念

Also we represent the value of a  $\lambda$ -expression by a bundle of information called a "closure", comprising the  $\lambda$ -expression and the environment relative to which it was evaluated. We must therefore arrange that such a bundle is correctly interpreted whenever it has to be applied to some argument. More precisely:

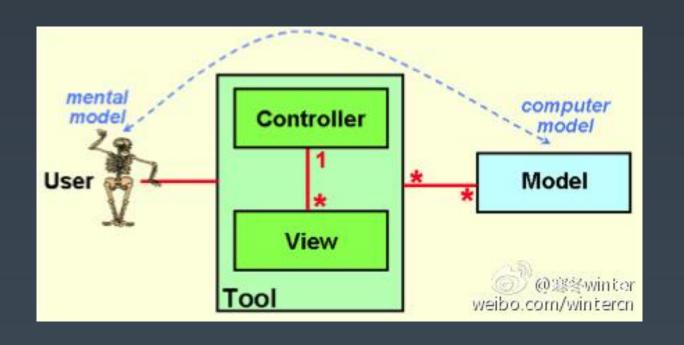
a closure has an environment part which is a list whose two items are:

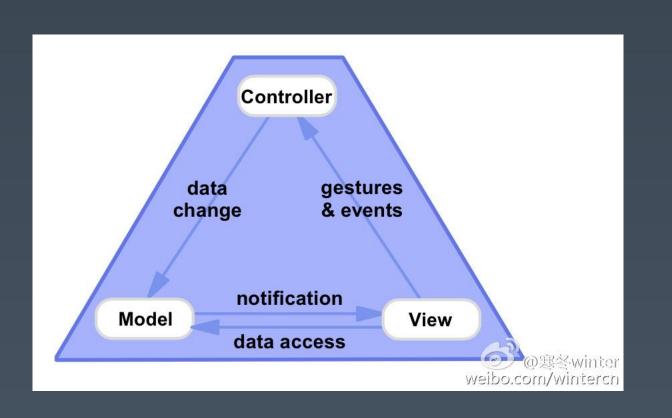
- (1) an environment
- (2) an identifier or list of identifiers
- and a control part which consists of a list whose sole item is an AE.
- ----P. J. Landin 《The mechanical evaluation of expressions》 1964

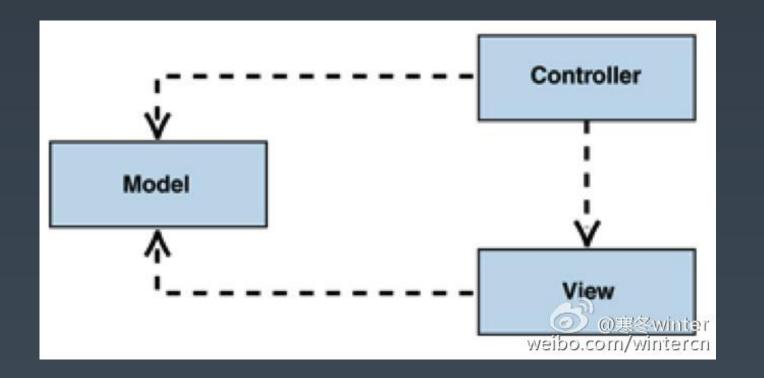


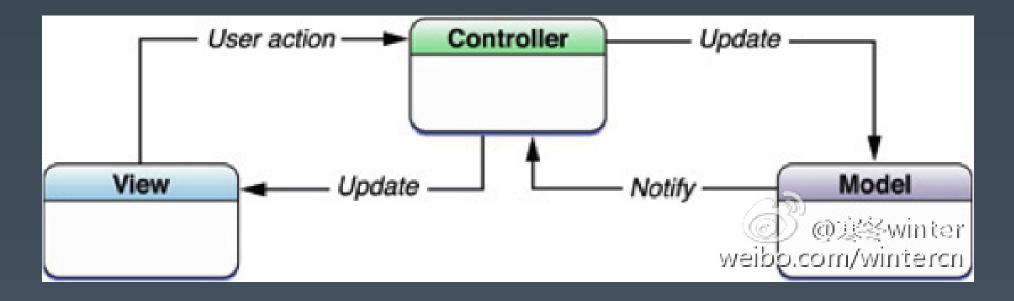
### 追溯法的案例

• MVC的案例







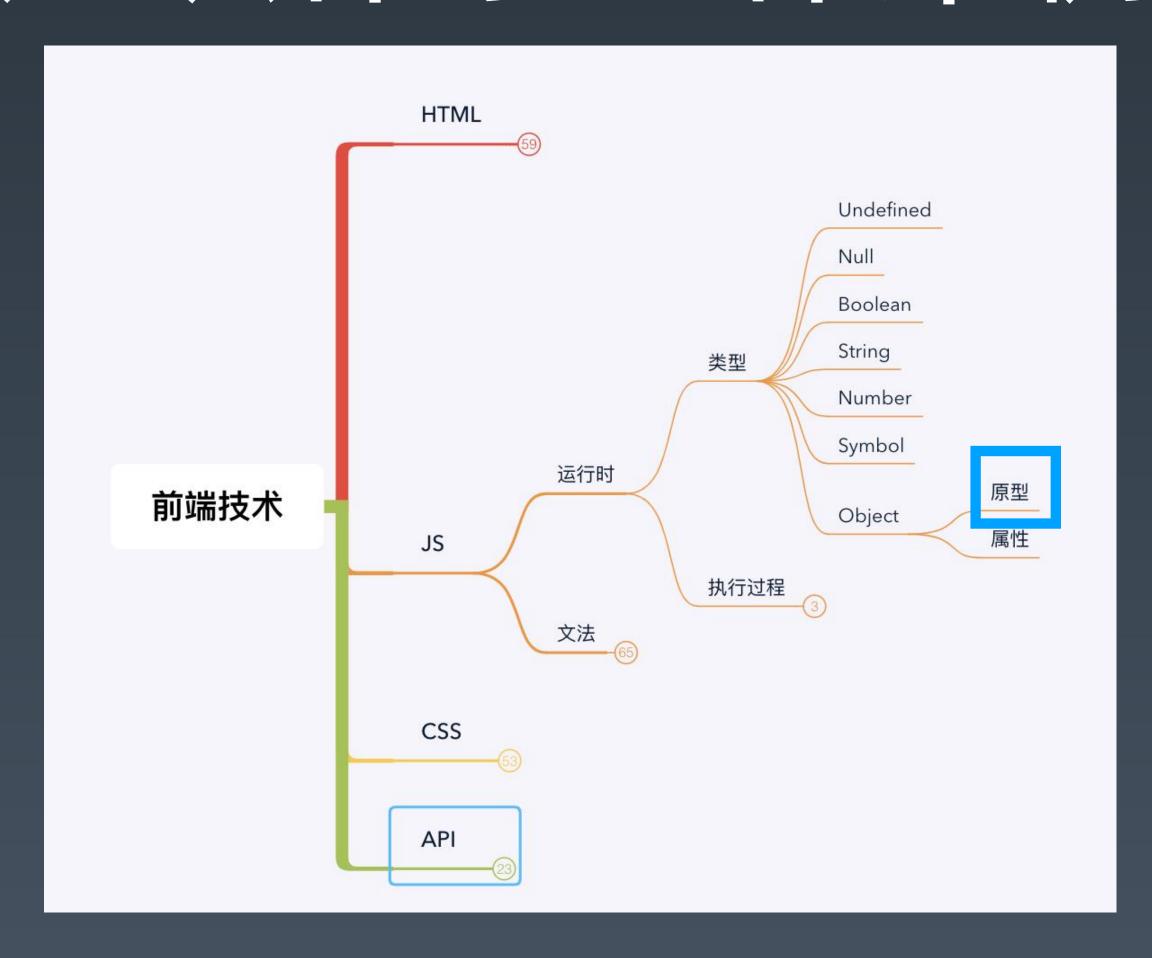




# 追溯法作业:面向对象



# 知识体系整体案例



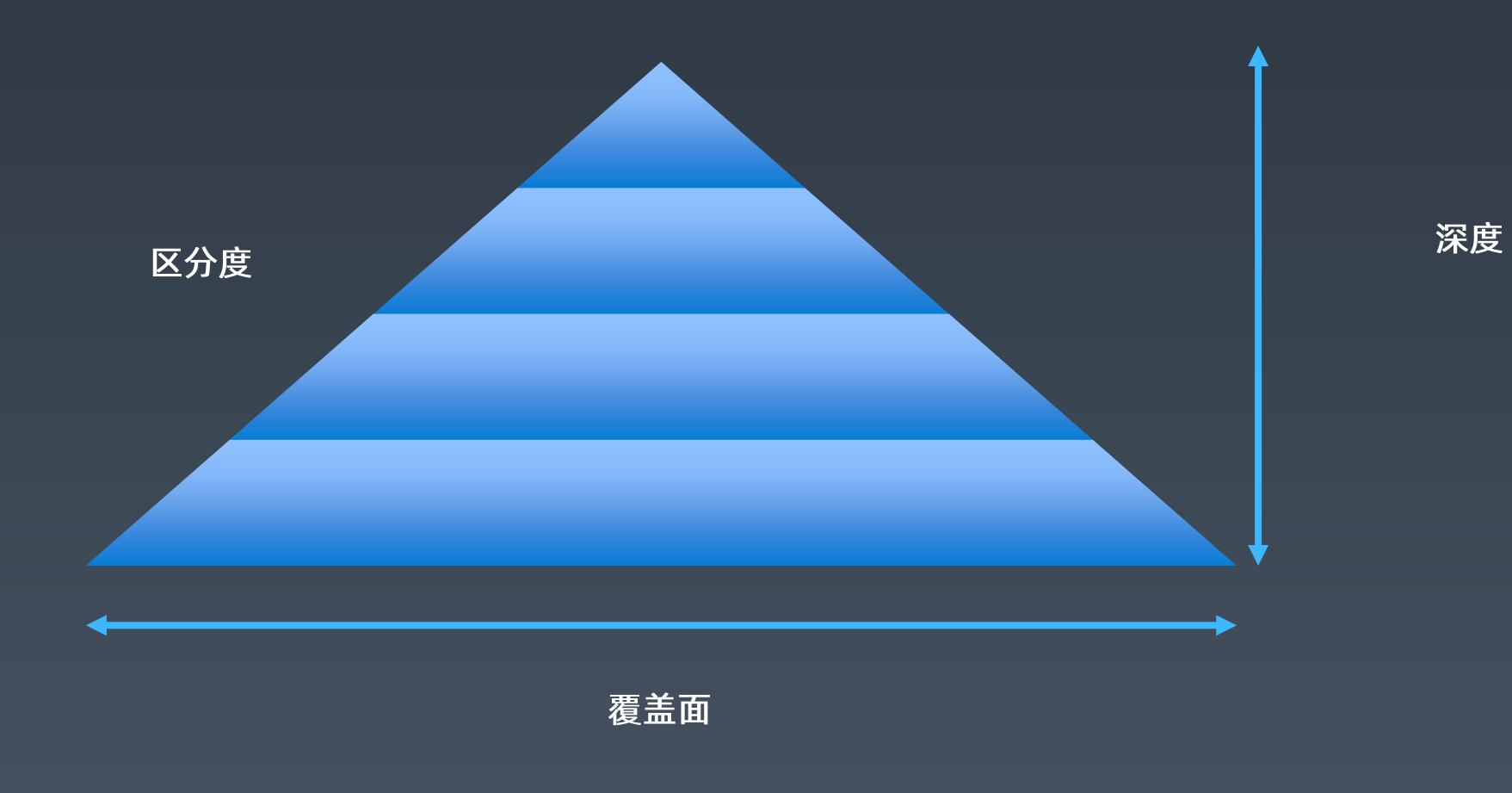


# 前端进阶之路

番外:面试官怎么想



# 什么是好的面试题



# 面试过程







打断

争论

难题

- 打断意味着不敢兴趣
- 打断是一种提示

- 争论与压力面试
- 争论的技巧

- 展现分析过程
- 缩小规模



# 题目类型

- 项目型问题
- 知识型问题
- 开放性问题
- 案例性问题
- 有趣的问题



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