

force of air resistance
 $R_a \propto \sqrt{(v)^3}$

or $R_a = k \cdot \sqrt{(V_{inst})^3}$

constant of proportionality

2. Determine a differential equation for the velocity $v(t)$ of a falling body of mass m if air resistance is proportional to the square root of the cube of the instantaneous velocity. Do not solve.

$$\boxed{\Sigma F = ma}, \quad \boxed{mg - R_a = ma = m \cdot \frac{d^2s}{dt^2}}$$

$v(t) = \frac{ds}{dt}$

$$9.8m - k \cdot \sqrt{(v(t))^3} = m \frac{d^2s}{dt^2}$$

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$$k \cdot \sqrt{(v(t))^3} = m \cdot \frac{d^2s}{dt^2} - 9.8 \cdot m$$

$$\sqrt{(v(t))^3} = \frac{m}{k} \cdot \frac{d^2s}{dt^2} - 9.8 \frac{m}{k}$$

$$(v(t))^3 = \left(\frac{m}{k} \cdot \frac{d^2s}{dt^2} - 9.8 \frac{m}{k} \right)^2$$

$$v(t) = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{m}{k} \cdot \frac{d^2s}{dt^2} - 9.8 \frac{m}{k} \right)^2}$$

You need an ODE.
 OK But

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \dots$$

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