Functional Programming: Assignment 1

Group 60

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- 1. Lyrics first checks if argument is 0 or 'n', if 0 show the 0 message, if 'n' compute lyrics 'n'
 - 2. Lyrics computes seats
 - 3. Lyrics computes shows the message + lyrics (n-1)
 - 4. Lyrics recursively goes down to lyrics 0
- 2. I think that the program will run indefinitely because it will never reach lyrics 0
- 3. The '-' operator is an infix function and lyrics requires an integer

2

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f1: getSmallerf2: strRepeatf3: gcd
```

3

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e1 = 1 + 125 * 8 'div' 10 - 59 { definition of * } => 1 + 1000 'div' 10 - 59 { definition of div } => 1 + 100 - 59 { definition of - } => 1 + 41 { definition of + } => 42 
e2 = not True || True && False { definition of not } => False || True && False { definition of && } => False || False || False
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{ definition of || }
=> False
e3 = 1 + 2 == 6 - 3
{ definition of + }
=> 3 == 6 - 3
{ definition of - }
=> 3 == 3
{ definition of == }
=> True
e4 = "1 + 2" == "6 - 3"
{ definition of == }
=> False
e5 = "1111 + 2222" == "1111" ++ " + " ++ "2222"
{ definition of ++ }
=> "1111 + 2222" == "1111 + " ++ "2222"
{ definition of ++ }
=> "1111 + 2222" == "1111 + 2222"
{ definition of == }
=> True
4
   1. double 5 = incr (incr 0) where incr y = 5 + y
      { definition of incr }
      => incr (5+0)
      { definition of + }
      \Rightarrow incr (5)
      { definition of incr }
      => 5 + 5
      { definition of + }
      =>10
   2. The evaluation order used is applicative order
5
See Database.hs
6
See Say.hs, SayTest.lhs, and Hello.hs
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See Triangle.hs

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