DNSRelay - Group 24

Group Members: Tiantian Li, He Zhu, Tianyi Yang

Overview

Brief Requirements

Implement a DNS relay that:

- Receives DNS queries from DNS clients and forwards them to a given DNS server.
- Receives DNS responses from the DNS server and forwards them to the clients.

There are 3 different cases we need to handle:

- For domain name included in the local database (e.g., hosts.txt), it sends back the corresponding IP addresses.
- If found, for IP address 0.0.0.0, it sends back "no such name" (reply code=0011).
- For domain name not included in the database, it forwards the query to the DNS server.

Target

One of the targets is to gain a deeper understanding of how the Domain Name System (DNS) works and, specifically, to learn about the process of resolving domain names to IP addresses, which is a fundamental aspect of how the Internet functions.

By implementing a DNS relay in Rust, we will have the opportunity to learn how to work with Rust's syntax and data types, as well as its concurrency model. Rust has a strong focus on safe and efficient concurrency, which makes it a great choice for building network applications such as a DNS relay.

Requirements Analysis

Development Environment

• Operating system: Arch Linux

• Programming language: Rust 1.70.0

Detailed Requirements

On startup, the program should read environmental variables, command line arguments and the local hosts file. It also opens two UdpSockets: one for communicating with clients, one for communicating with upstream DNS server.

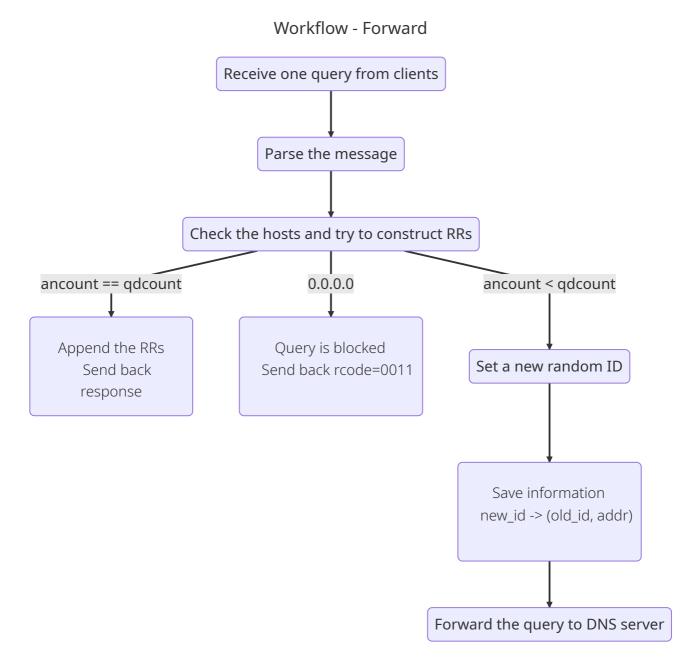
Upon receiving queries from clients, the program parses the packet and extract useful information for further processing. The hosts file is checked for local answer construction and blacklist blocking.

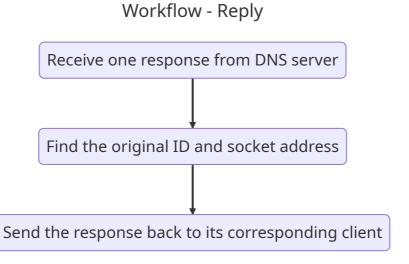
If all questions in the query can be processed without consulting the upstream DNS server, a reply consisting of one or multiple answers is constructed and sent to the clients. Otherwise, the query packet is forwarded to the upstream DNS server.

System Design

Generally speaking, there are two loops running **asynchronously**, namely '**forward**' and '**reply**'. The following diagrams show the their workflows.

Flow Chart





Module Decomposition

The application consists of three parts serving different functionalities:

- main.rs the entry of the program
- lib.rs the business logic, including the two workflows mentioned above configuration reading
- packet.rs the homemade wrappers for DNS packets

Data Structures

Struct Message comprises a header, a question, and an answer struct. All three types of struct consist of a mutable reference to a byte buffer and the length of the buffer. Methods such as get_id() and add_entries() are implemented to manipulate the underlying data.

```
pub struct Message<'a> {
    pub header: Header<'a>,
    pub question: Question<'a>,
    pub answer: Answer<'a>,
}
```

Struct QuestionEntry is comprised of an offset, a quame, a qtype and a qclass. It is used to represent the parsed version of entries in the question section.

The offset points to the starting byte of the qname. The qname is the query string. The qtype field is used to specify the type of resource record being requested. Common types include A records (which map domain names to IP addresses), MX records (which specify the mail server for a domain), and NS records (which specify the authoritative name server for a domain). The qclass field is used to specify the class of the resource record being requested. This is typically set to IN, which indicates that the record is part of the Internet class.

```
pub struct QuestionEntry {
    pub offset: usize,
    pub qname: String,
    pub qtype: u16,
    pub qclass: u16,
}
```

Struct ResourceRecord contains the information needed to construct the reply packet. It includes a name, a rtype, a rclass, a ttl, a rdlength, and a rdata. The name is stored as a pointer for message compression.

```
pub struct ResourceRecord {
    pub name: u16,
    pub rtype: u16,
    pub rclass: u16,
    pub ttl: u32,
    pub rdlength: u16,
    pub rdata: RData,
}

pub enum RData {
    V4([u8; 4]),
    V6([u8; 16]),
}
```

Testings and Results

Sample hosts file:

```
# ./hosts.txt
0.0.0.0 www.baidu.com www.zhihu.com www.qq.com
211.68.69.240 www.bupt.edu.cn
```

1. Blacklist

As shown in the hosts.txt, www.baidu.com is blocked with an address of 0.0.0.0.

The program responded with a NXDOMAIN, indicating that the domain does not exist.

2. Local Record Matching

www.bupt.edu.cn exists as an entry in hosts.txt, so the relay server successfully constructed a local resource record and returned the recorded A answer 211.68.69.240.

The AAAA query which cannot be processed locally is forwarded to the upstream.

```
nol@arch-laptop ~/p/mini-dns-relay (master)> sudo UPSTREAM_ADDR=223.5.5.5:53 ./target/release/min
     i-dns-relay -vv
2023-07-02715:51:26.686072Z INFO mini_dns_relay: config: Config { local_addr: "127.0.0.1:53", remote
.addr: "0.0.0.0:10053", upstream_addr: "223.5.5.5:53", hosts_path: "hosts.txt" }
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          u.cn 127.0.0.1
2023-07-02115:51:26.6860/22 INFO mini_dns_relay: config: Config: Config { local_addr: "127.0.0.1:53", remote addr: "0.8.0.0.10813", upstremm.addr: "223.5.5.5:53", hosts_path: "hosts.txt" } 2023-07-02115:51:26.6861552 INFO mini_dns_relay: local socket is listening on 127.0.0.1:53 2023-07-02115:51:26.686178Z INFO mini_dns_relay: remote socket is listening on 0.0.0.0.10053 2023-07-02115:51:26.686220Z DEBUG mini_dns_relay: hosts: {"www.qq.com": 0.0.0.0, "www.bupt.edu.cn": 2 11.68.69.240, "www.zhihu.com": 0.0.0.0, "www.baidu.com": 0.0.0.0, "sww.pd.com": 0.0.0.0, "sw.pd.com": 0.0.0.0, "sw.pd.com
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       127.0.0.1#53
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Non-authoritative answer:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Name: www.bupt.edu.cn
Address: 211.68.69.240
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           www.bupt.edu.cn canonical name = vn46.bupt.edu.cn.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            vn46.bupt.edu.cn
  2, qname: "www.bupt.edu.cn", qtype: 1, qclass: 1 }]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Address: 2001:da8:215:4038::161
 22, quantum rum outposted of the quantum quant
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        arcohol@arch-laptop ~/p/mini-dns-relay (master)>
                                                                                                                                          INFO mini_dns_relay: (612e) query is processed locally, sending response
     back to 127.0.0.1:51394
back to 127.8.8.1:51394
2023-07-02715:51:29.553102Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (a589) query received from 127.0.0.1:47408
2023-07-02715:51:29.55312Z DEBUG mini_dns_relay: (a589) questions parsed: [QuestionEntry { offset: 1
2, qname: "www.bupt.edu.cn", qtype: 28, qclass: 1 }]
2023-07-02715:51:29.553140Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (a589) query cannot be processed locally
2023-07-02715:51:29.553140Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (a589) query cannot be processed locally
2023-07-02715:51:29.553140Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (a589) query is spending to unstream
  2023-07-02T15:51:29.553171Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (d2ac) query is sending to upstream 2023-07-02T15:51:29.569092Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (d2ac) response received from upstream
                      -07-02T15:51:29.569128Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (d2ac) the original query id is a509, changing back
                                 7-02T15:51:29.569136Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (a509) upstream response is sending back to 127.0.0
```

3. Upstream Forwarding

www.apple.com was not found in the hosts. Therefore, the program forwarded the packet to upstream DNS server. After receiving the reply from the upstream, the server forwarded the response back to the client.

```
ol@arch-laptop ~/p/mini-dns-relay (master)> sudo UPSTREAM_ADDR=223.5.5.5:53 ./target/release/min
arcumoteartir appear (F) (1-dns-relay - vv 2823-87-82 T15:59:28.338892Z INFO mini_dns_relay: config: Config { local_addr: "127.0.0.1:53", remote _addr: "0.0.0.0:10853", upstream_addr: "223.5.5.5:53", hosts_path: "hosts.txt" } 2823-87-82T15:59:28.338195Z INFO mini_dns_relay: local socket is listening on 127.0.0.1:53 2823-87-02T15:59:28.33825Z INFO mini_dns_relay: remote socket is listening on 0.0.0.0:10053 2823-87-02T15:59:28.338264Z DEBUG mini_dns_relay: hosts: ("www.zhipu.com": 0.0.0.0, "www.qq.com": 0.0.0.0 ("www.qq.com": 0.0.0.0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           127.0.0.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          127.0.0.1#53
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Non-authoritative answer:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         www.apple.com canonical name = www.apple.com.edgekey.net.
 .0.0, "www.baidu.com": 0.0.0.0, "www.bupt.edu.cn": 211.68.69.240}
2023-07-02T15:59:42.596933Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (37c3) query received from 127.0.0.1:58121
2023-07-02T15:59:42.596974Z DEBUG mini_dns_relay: (37c3) questions parsed: [QuestionEntry { offset: 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           www.apple.com.edgekey.net
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           y.net.globalredir.akadns.net.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          www.apple.com.edgekey.net.globalredir.akadns.net
2, qname: "www.apple.com", qtype: 1, qclass: 1 }]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           e = e6858.e19.s.t188.net
            name: www.applyce.i, quidso. 1 []
-07-02715:59:42.596987Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (37c3) query cannot be processed locally
-07-02715:59:42.597016Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (37c3) new id generated: db61
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Name: e6858.e19.s.t188.net
Address: 223.111.101.29
2823-87-82T15:59:42.597026Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (db61) query is sending to upstream
2823-87-82T15:59:42.611838Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (db61) response received from upstream
2823-87-82T15:59:42.611875Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (db61) the original query id is 37c3, changing back
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          arcohol@arch-laptop ~/p/mini-dns-relay (master)>
                     -02T15:59:42.611084Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (37c3) upstream response is sending back to 127.0.0
    2, qname: "e6858.e19.s.t188.net", qtype: 28, qclass: 1 }]
2023-07-02T15:59:42.611812Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (15d3) query cannot be processed locally 2023-07-02T15:59:42.611822Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (15d3) new id generated: 52b4 2023-07-02T15:59:42.611836Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (52b4) query is sending to upstream 2023-07-02T15:59:42.792648Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (52b4) response received from upstream 2023-07-02T15:59:42.792609Z INFO
                37-02T15:59:42.792699Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (52b4) the original query id is 15d3, changing back
                     -82T15:59:42.792788Z INFO mini_dns_relay: (15d3) upstream response is sending back to 127.0.0
```

Conclusion and Future Improvements

The implementation of a DNS relay is a challenging and rewarding project that provides a valuable learning experience in network programming. Through this project, we have gained a deeper understanding of the Domain Name System (DNS) and how it facilitates internet communication by resolving domain names to IP addresses.

Our implementation of the DNS relay in Rust allowed us to learn and improve our skills in this modern systems programming language. Rust's features and focus on safe and efficient concurrency made it an excellent choice for building a network application such as a DNS relay.

Throughout the implementation process, we faced a number of challenges, including working with DNS queries and responses. However, through a methodical approach to problem-solving and careful consideration of system design, we were able to overcome these challenges and produce a functional and reliable DNS relay server.

There are several possible future improvements that can be employed in this system. For example, a fast and reliable caching system can be implemented so that the network consumption for upstream link can be greatly reduced. It could be very tricky as this involves cache time design, and possibly recursive searching. We decided to not include a cache in this system because we think a unreliable cache is pretty much redundant and may cause a significant drop of performance.

Overall, this project has provided us with valuable experience in network programming, Rust development, and system design.