

PART 3: MONOLITHS TO MICROSERVICES WITH JAVA EE AND SPRING BOOT



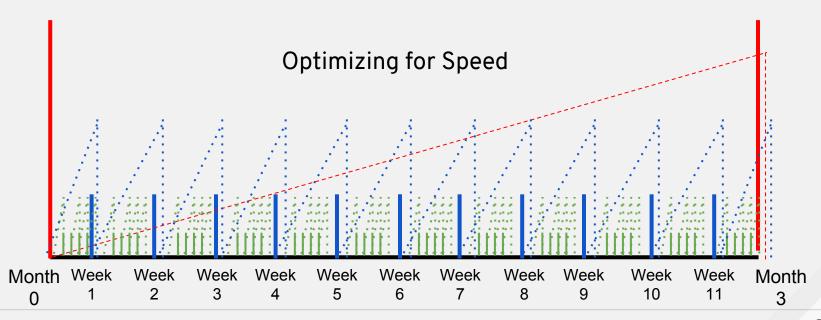
WHY MONOLITH TO MICROSERVICES

Break things down (organizations, teams, IT systems, etc) down into smaller pieces for greater parallelization and autonomy and focus on reducing time to value.



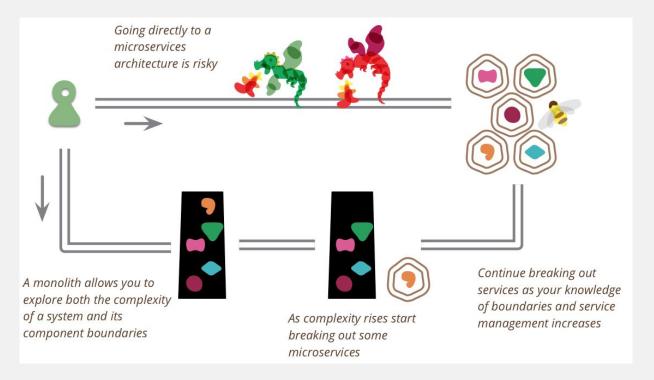
REDUCING TIME TO VALUE

Monolith Lifecycle
Fast Moving Monolith
Microservices





Monolith First?



http://martinfowler.com/bliki/MonolithFirst.html



THE BIGGER PICTURE: THE PATH TO CLOUD-NATIVE APPS

A DIGITAL DARWINISM

RE-ORG TO DEVOPS

SELF-SERVICE ON-DEMAND INFRA

AUTOMATION CONTINUOUS DELIVERY

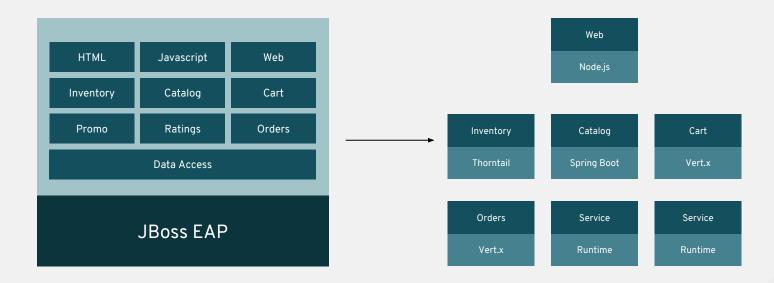
ADVANCED DEPLOYMENT TECHNIQUES

FAST MONOLITH



STRANGLING THE MONOLITH

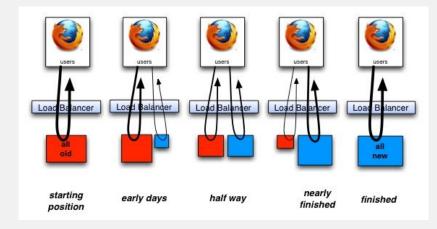
- In this lab, you will begin to 'strangle' the coolstore monolith by implementing its services as external microservices, split along business boundaries
- Once implemented, traffic destined to the original monolith's services will be redirected (via OpenShift software-defined routing) to the new services





STRANGLING THE MONOLITH

- Strangling incrementally replacing functionality in app with something better (cheaper, faster, easier to maintain).
- As functionality is replaced, "dead" parts of monolith can be removed/retired.
- You can also wait for all functionality to be replaced before retiring anything!
- You can optionally include new functionality during strangulation to make it more attractive to business stakeholders.



Time _____

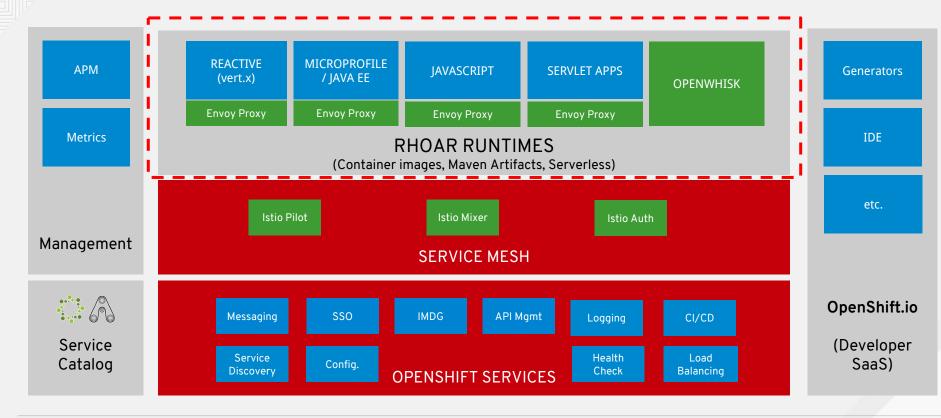




RED HAT® OPENSHIFT Application Runtimes

Application Runtimes

RHOAR PRODUCT ARCHITECTURE







ENTERPRISE JAVA

RED HAT' JBOSS' ENTERPRISE APPLICATION PLATFORM

JAVA MICROSERVICES



REACTIVE SYSTEMS



SERVLET APPS



JAVASCRIPT FLEXIBILITY



TOMCAT SIMPLICITY

RED HAT JBOSS WEB SERVER



SPRING





- Microservices for Developers using Spring Framework
- An opinionated approach to building Spring applications
- Historical alternative to Java EE
- Getting started experience
- Spring MVC / DI / Boot most popular

Spring in RHOAR

- It's the same Spring you know and love
- Tested and Verified by Red Hat QE
 - Spring Boot, Spring Cloud Kubernetes, Ribbon, Hystrix
- Red Hat components fully supported
 - Tomcat, Hibernate, CXF, SSO (Keycloak), Messaging (AMQ), ...
- Native Kubernetes/OpenShift integration (Spring Cloud)
 - Service Discovery via k8s (DNS), Ribbon
 - Spring Config via ConfigMap
- Developer Tooling (launch.openshift.io, starters)
- Additional planned support for
 - Transactions (Narayana), Messaging (Rabbit MQ -> AMQ), more





Cloud Native Support in Spring

- Health Checks (actuator)
- Externalized Config (spring-cloud-kubernetes)
- Client-side discovery / load balancing (Eureka/Kubernetes)
- Circuit Breaking / Bulkheading (Hystrix)
- Logging / Monitoring / Tracing / Metrics
- Secure deployments with Keycloak
- API Documentation (Swagger)



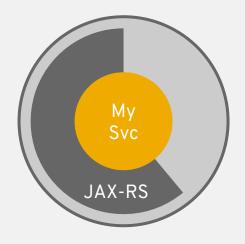
THORNTAIL (née WILDFLY SWARM)





Java EE microservices

- Leverage Java EE expertise
- Open standard
- Microservices focus
- Optimized for OpenShift
- Super lightweight
- Tooling for Developers
- MicroProfile Implementation

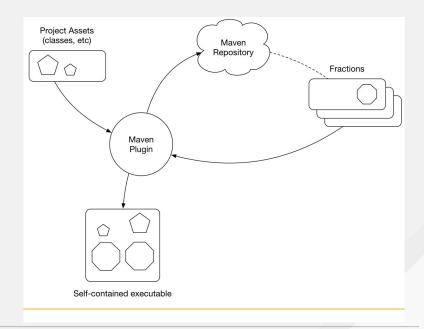


\$ java -jar my_microservice.jar



Thorntail "pieces" - Fractions

- A tangible unit providing a specific piece of functionality
- Embodied in a maven artifact
- To support the compositional aspect in Thorntail
- Provides the "runtime" capabilities
- Means to add API dependencies (e.g. JAX-RS)
- Means to configure the system
 - With reasonable defaults
- Means to discover other components (topology)
- Means to alter deployments (e.g. keycloak)
- Can be auto-detected or explicitly declared





Cloud Native Support in Thorntail

- Health Checks
- Externalized Config
- Client-side discovery / load balancing
- Circuit Breaking / Bulkheading
- Logging / Monitoring / Tracing / Metrics
- Secure deployments with Keycloak
- MicroProfile
- API Documentation





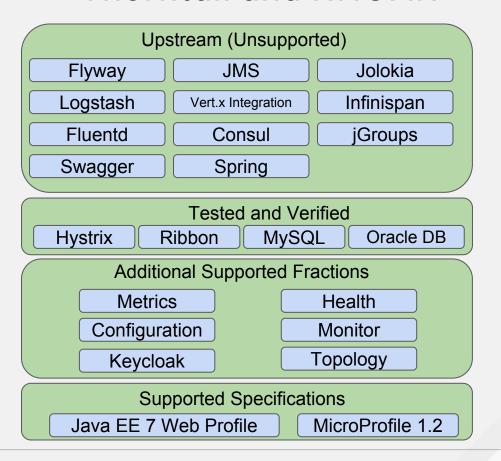
Build microservices

- Embeddable (Fat Jar)
- Lightweight
- Modular & extensible
- Built from WildFly (Trusted and Reliable)





Thorntail and RHOAR









- Defines open source Java microservices specifications
- Industry Collaboration Red Hat, IBM, Payara, Tomitribe, London Java Community, SouJava, Oracle, Hazelcast, Fujitsu, SmartBear...
- Thorntail is Red Hat's implementation
- Minimum footprint for Enterprise Java cloud-native services (v2.0):

JSON-P 1.1	JSON-B 1.0	Health Check 1.0	JWT Propagation 1.1	Config 1.3	OpenAPI 1.0
CDI 2.0	JAX-RS 2.1	Fault Tolerance 1.1	Metrics 1.1	Open Tracing 1.1	Rest Client 1.0



LAB: MONOLITHS TO MICROSERVICES WITH JAVA EE AND SPRING BOOT



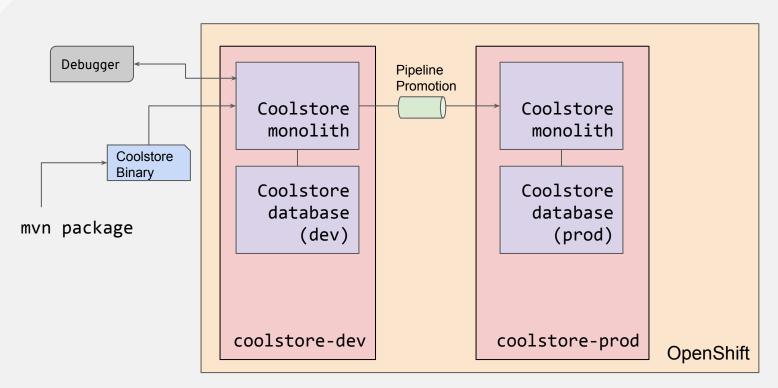
GOAL FOR LAB

In this lab you will learn:

- How Red Hat OpenShift and Red Hat OpenShift Application Runtimes (RHOAR) help jumpstart app modernization
- Benefits and challenges of microservices
- How to transform existing monolithic applications to microservices using <u>strangler pattern</u> and <u>12-factor app</u> patterns.
- Use modern app dev frameworks like <u>Thorntail</u> and <u>Spring</u>
 <u>Boot</u> to implement microservice applications on OpenShift



CURRENT STATE - THE MONOLITH



LAB: MONOLITHS TO MICROSERVICES WITH JAVA EE AND SPRING BOOT



WRAP-UP AND DISCUSSION

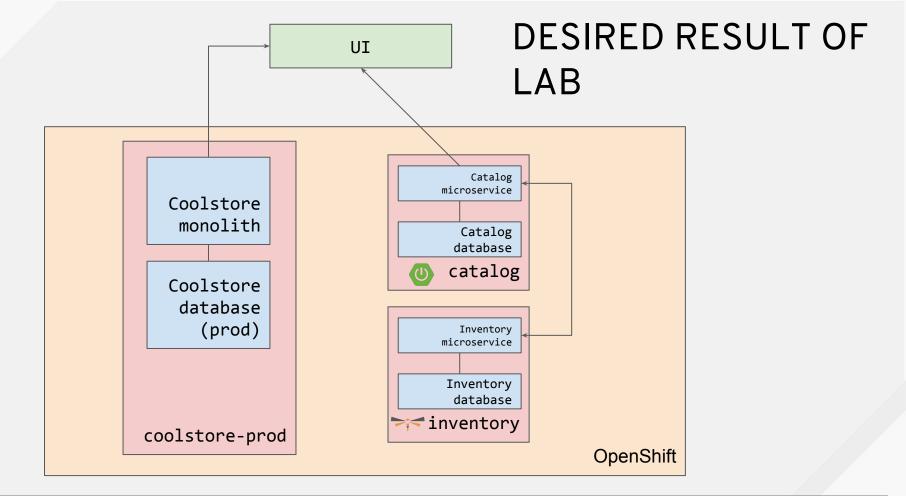


RESULT OF LAB

In this lab you learned how to:

- Implement a Java EE microservice using Thorntail
- Implement a Java EE microservice using Spring Boot
- Develop container-based testing
- Add microservice concerns like Health checks, externalized configuration and circuit breaking
- Use the strangler pattern to slowly migrate functionality from monolith to microservices







THANK YOU

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