Use Cases

Arda Cifci, Nayeong Lee, Ellie Neufeld, Cole Thacker

Use case: Start Game

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To start the game and display the playable map.

Preconditions: The Player has access to or is currently on to the main menu.

Trigger: Player presses the start button on the main menu interface and chooses a

difficulty.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.

Exceptions:

- 1. Player could not launch the video game.
- 2. The game's state is stuck in "running" from a previous game start so a new game cannot be started.

Priority: Essential, must be implemented.

When available: Earliest possible time in development, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: Every time the player wants to play the game.

Channel to actor: Via the main menu interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

- 1. Should there be another start game button before switching to the "running" state of the game or should the game auto start after selecting a difficulty?
- 2. Should there be a guick start game option that saves the previous difficulty?

Use case: Display Help interface

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To display the instructions on how to play the video game to the

player.

Preconditions: The Player has access to or is currently on to the main menu.

Trigger: The Player presses the Help button the main menu interface.

Scenario:

1. Player: Launches the video game.

2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different

3. Player: Presses the "Help" button in the main menu interface.

Exceptions:

1. Player could not launch the video game.

Priority: Low, Can be implemented later in development.

When available: Near end of development, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: A few times per player in total.

Channel to actor: Via the main menu interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we need to have this interface or can we display the help information in the main menu or another part of the game instead?

Use case: Exit Game

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To exit out of the game.

Preconditions: The game has launched and is in the main menu interface.

Trigger: The player presses the exit button in the main menu interface.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.

3. Player: Presses the Exit button in the main menu interface.

Exceptions:

1. Player could not launch the video game.

Priority: Essential, must be implemented.

When available: Earliest possible time in development, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: Everytime the game is opened.

Channel to actor: Via the main menu interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we need an exit button in the main menu interface or should it be placed in the end game interface (Win/ Game Over).

Use case: Choose game difficulty.

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To choose the games "running" state difficulty.

Preconditions: The Player has access to or is in the games main menu interface.

Trigger: Player presses one of three difficulty button options.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: Chooses the start game button.
- 4. Player: Picks a difficulty and presses the corresponding button.

Exceptions:

- 1. Player picks a different button than the start game in the main menu interface.
- 2. Player is already in the "running" state of the game, thus can't pick a difficulty.

Priority: Medium, After all essential parts have been implemented.

When available: After implementing the essentials and a working (non difficulty changing) version is implemented, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: Everytime the game starts (turns to running state).

Channel to actor: Via the choose difficulty interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Should there be another start game button before switching to the "running" state of the game or should the game auto start after selecting a difficulty?

Use case: Pause Game

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To pause the game when playing the game.

Preconditions: The game is in the "running" (actively playing) state.

Trigger: The player presses the pause button.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.
- 6. Player: Moves the mouse cursor over to the pause button.
- 7. Player: Presses the pause button.

Exceptions:

- 1. The player doesn't start the game (is in the main menu), thus can't pause the game.
- 2. Player couldn't launch the game.

Priority: Low, Can be implemented later in development.

When available: Near end of development but before the "Help" related stuff has been implemented, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: A few to no times per game session.

Channel to actor: Via in game interface while game is in "running" state.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we also implement a pause key bind so the player does not have to press the pause button with their mouse?

Use case: Display Help interface via pause interface.

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To display the instructions on how to play the video game to the

player.

Preconditions: The player is in the paused interface.

Trigger: The player presses the "Help" button in the paused interface.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.
- 6. Player: Presses the pause game button.
- 7. Player: Presses the Help button.

Exceptions:

- 1. Player couldn't launch the game.
- 2. Player never starts the game (game in "running" state), thus can't pause and then resume.

Priority: Low, Can be implemented at the end of development.

When available: After all Medium and essential priority functions have been added, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: A few times per player in total.

Channel to actor: Via the pause game interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we need to put another Help me button or should we let the player return to the main menu to press the Help me button.

Use case: Return to Main Menu via pause interface.

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To return to the main menu.

Preconditions: The game is in the "running" state and the player pauses.

Trigger: The player presses the Main menu button in the paused interface.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.
- 6. Player: Presses the pause game button.
- 7. Player: Presses the Main Menu button.

Exceptions:

- 1. Player couldn't launch the game.
- 2. Player never starts the game (game in "running" state), thus can't pause and then press the main menu button.

Priority: Low, Can be implemented later in development.

When available: After all Medium and essential priority functions have been added, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: few times per game session.

Channel to actor: Via the pause game interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we put a return to the main menu in the pause interface or on the board interface?

Use case: Resume Game

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To resume the game from a paused state.

Preconditions: The game is in the "running" (actively playing) state and is paused.

Trigger: The player presses the Resume button.

Scenario:

1. Player: is actively playing the game in the "running state".

2. Player: Moves the mouse cursor over to the pause button.

3. Player: Presses the pause button.

4. Player: Presses the resume button.

Exceptions:

1. The player doesn't start the game (is in the main menu), thus can't pause the game.

2. Player couldn't launch the game.

Priority: Low, Can be implemented later in development.

When available: Near end of development, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: A few to no times per game.

Channel to actor: Via in game interface while game is in "running" state.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we also implement a resume key bind so the player does not have to press the resume button with their mouse?

Use case: Player Movement (WASD)

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To move the player into a new cell.

Preconditions: The Player is playing the game in the "running" state.

Trigger: The Player presses the W,A,S, or D key.

Scenario:

1. Player: Launches game.

2. Player: Presses start game on the Main Menu.

- 3. Player: Chooses a difficulty and presses the corresponding button.
- 4. Player: Enters the "running" states of the game.
- 5. Player: Presses a movement key to move into a new cell.

Exceptions:

1. The player tries to move into a wall (barrier) cell.

2. The player does not have a keyboard or similar software emulating a keyboard.

3. Game is paused.

Priority: Essential, must be implemented.

When available: Early in development, First version/Increment

Frequency of use: Many times per game. Very frequent.

Channel to actor: Via computer's Keyboard (WASD key).

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Except keyboard)...

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we want W,A,S, and D to be our movement or do we want to move with arrow keys?

Use case: Return to Main Menu via end game interfaces.

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To return to the main menu.

Preconditions: The game is in the "running" state and the player wins or loses.

Trigger: The player presses the Main menu button in the Game Over / Win interface.

Scenario:

1. Player: Launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.
- 6. Player: Plays the game and wins or loses, resulting in one of the end game interfaces displaying.
- 7. Player: Presses the Main Menu button.

Exceptions:

- 1. Player couldn't launch the game.
- 2. Player stays paused and never wins or loses thus can't get to the end game screen.

Priority: Medium, Can be implemented later in development but before Low priority implementations.

When available: Implemented first in the end game interface, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: few times per game session.

Channel to actor: Via an end game interface

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we put a return to the main menu in the end game interfaces or on the board interface?

Use case: Replay Game

Primary actor: The Player

Goal in context: To restart the game's "running" state from the beginning.

Preconditions: The Player is in one of the end game interfaces.

Trigger: The player presses the restart game button.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.
- 6. Player: Plays the game and wins or loses, resulting in one of the end game interfaces displaying.
- 7. Player: Presses the replay button.

Exceptions:

- 1. The Player presses the exit button instead.
- 2. The Player never wins or loses and can't reach the replay button.
- 3. Player never starts to play the game in the "running" state.

Priority: Medium, can be implemented later in development.

When available: After the Main menu button in the interface has been added.

Frequency of use: Few to many times per session. Every time the player wants to restart the level.

Channel to actor: Via an end game interface (Win/Game Over).

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Should the difficulty selector screen be displayed again after pressing the replay button?

Use case: Display 'How to Play' interface via one of the end game interfaces.

Primary actor: Player

Goal in context: To display the instructions on how to play the video game to the player.

Preconditions: The player is in one of the end game interfaces (Win / Game Over)

Trigger: The player presses the "Help" button in the Game Over / Win interface.

Scenario:

1. Player: launches the video game.

- 2. Player: The game launches into the main menu which has multiple different buttons.
- 3. Player: The Player presses the start game button.
- 4. Player: The Player chooses a difficulty by pressing a button.
- 5. Player: The game's system/engine changes the game's state from "idle" to "running" and starts the game.
- 6. Player: Plays the game and wins or loses, resulting in one of the end game interfaces displaying.
- 7. Player: Presses the Help button.

Exceptions:

- 1. Player couldn't launch the game.
- 2. Player stays paused and never wins or loses.
- 3. Player presses the Replay or Menu button instead.

Priority: Low, Can be implemented at the end of development.

When available: After all Medium and essential priority functions have been added, first increment/version.

Frequency of use: A few times per player in total.

Channel to actor: Via an end game (Win / Game Over) interface.

Secondary actors: Computer hardware (Mouse, Keyboard, Etc).

Channels to secondary actors: Wires/Cables to computer software.

Open issues:

1. Do we need to put another Help me button or should we let the player return to the main menu to press the Help me button.