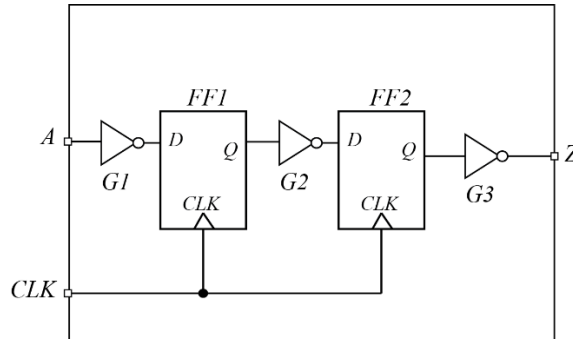


VLSI Design Flow: RTL To GDS (NPTEL Course)

Solution of numerical problem for Week 8

8. Consider the following synchronous circuit.



The following attributes are valid for the flip-flops FF1 and FF2: setup time=45 ps, hold time=10 ps, and CLK-to-Q delay=20 ps. The delay of each inverter is 50 ps. Ignore the wire delay.

Assume that we have defined the following constraints in the SDC file (all time units are in picoseconds):

```
create_clock -name CLK -period 1000 [get_ports CLK]
set_input_delay -clock [get_clocks CLK] 150 [get_ports A]
set_output_delay -clock [get_clocks CLK] 125 [get_ports Z]
```

What is the **setup slack** at the timing end-point FF1/D?

- a. 755 ps
- b. 700 ps
- c. 850 ps
- d. 905 ps

Solution:

Clock period = 1000 ps [from the command create_clock]

Arrival time at FF1/D=150 [i.e., from set_input_delay command] + 50 [i.e., delay of inverter G1] = 200 ps

Required time = Clock period – setup time of FF1 = 1000 – 45 ps = 955 ps

Setup slack = Required time – Arrival time = 955 - 200 = 755 ps

Hence, option (a) 755 ps is correct.

9. For the question above, what is the **hold slack** at the timing end-point FF1/D?

- a. 200 ps
- b. 190 ps
- c. 0 ps
- d. -190 ps

Solution:

Arrival time at FF1/D=150 [i.e., from set_input_delay command] + 50 [i.e., delay of inverter G1] = 200 ps

Required time = hold time of FF1 = 10 ps

Hold slack = Arrival time - Required time = $200 - 10 = 190$ ps

Hence, option (b) 190 ps is correct.

10. For the question above, what is the **setup slack** at the timing end-point port Z?

- a. 800 ps
- b. 900 ps
- c. 805 ps
- d. 905 ps

Solution:

Clock period = 1000 ps [from the command create_clock]

Arrival time at Z = 20 [i.e., CLK-to-Q delay] + 50 [i.e., delay of inverter G3] = 70 ps

Required time at Z = Clock period – output-delay specified at Z = $1000 - 125$ ps = 875 ps

Setup slack = Required time – Arrival time = $875 - 70 = 805$ ps

Hence, option (c) 805 ps is correct.