CSGE602055 Operating Systems CSF2600505 Sistem Operasi Week 02: Security, Protection, Privacy, & C-language

Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim (ed.)

University of Indonesia

https://os.vlsm.org/
Always check for the latest revision!

REV202 24-Apr-2019

Operating Systems 2019-1

A (Rm 3114) [Tu/Th 10-12] — B (Rm 3114) [Tu/Th 13-15] — C (Rm 3114) [Tu/Th 16-18] — D (Rm 2401) [Tu/Th 10-12] — E (Rm 2306) [Tu/Th 13-15]

	Week Schedule		Topic	OSC10
Ì	Week 00 07 Feb - 13 Feb 2019		Overview 1, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
	Week 01	14 Feb - 20 Feb 2019	Overview 2, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
	Week 02	21 Feb - 27 Feb 2019	Security, Protection, Privacy,	Ch. 16, 17
			& C-language	
	Week 03	28 Feb - 06 Mar 2019	File System & FUSE	Ch. 13, 14, 15
	Week 04	12 Mar - 18 Mar 2019	Addressing, Shared Lib, & Pointer	Ch. 9
	Week 05	19 Mar - 25 Mar 2019	Virtual Memory	Ch. 10
Ì	Mid-Term	Tue, 26 Mar 2019	13:00 - 15:30 — MidTerm (UTS)	
Ì	Week 06	02 Apr - 08 Apr 2019	Concurency: Processes & Threads	Ch. 3, 4
	Week 07	09 Apr - 15 Apr 2019	Synchronization & Deadlock	Ch. 6, 7, 8
	Week 08	16 Apr - 22 Apr 2019	Scheduling + W06/W07	Ch. 5
	Week 09	23 Apr - 29 Apr 2019	Storage, Firmware, Bootloader, & Systemd	Ch. 11
	Week 10	30 Apr - 06 May 2019	I/O & Programming	Ch. 12
	Reserved	07 May - 17 May 2019		
ĺ	Final	Tue, 21 May 2019	13:00 - 15:00 — Final (UAS)	This schedule is
	Extra	27 Jun 2019	Extra assignment confirmation	subject to chang

STARTING POINT — https://os.vlsm.org/

☐ **Text Book** — Any recent/decent OS book. Eg. (**OSC10**) Silberschatz et. al.: **Operating System Concepts**, 10th Edition, 2018. See also http://codex.cs.yale.edu/avi/os-book/OS10/. Weekly \square Encode your **QRC** with size about 5cm x 5cm (ca. 400x400 pixels): "OS191 CLASS ID SSO-ACCOUNT Your-Full-Name" Write your Memo (with QRC) every week. See also Assignment#0: Generate your QR Code. Login to badak.cs.ui.ac.id via kawung.cs.ui.ac.id for at least 10 minutes every week. Copy all weekly demo folders into your own badak home directory. Eg.: cp -r /extra/Demos/* ~/mydemos/ Resources All In One — BADAK.cs.ui.ac.id:///extra/(FASILKOM only!). Download Slides and Demos from GitHub.com https://github.com/UI-FASILKOM-OS/SistemOperasi/ Problems — https://rms46.vlsm.org/2/: 195.pdf (W00), 196.pdf (W01), 197.pdf (W02), 198.pdf (W03), 199.pdf (W04), 200.pdf (W05), 201.pdf (W06), 202.pdf (W07), 203.pdf (W08), 204.pdf (W09), 205.pdf (W10).

Agenda

- Start
- 2 Jadwal
- Schedule
- 4 Agenda
- Week 02
- Week 02: Protection, Security, Privacy, & C-language
- The Security Problem
- 8 Protection
- Privacy
- C Language
- Week 02: Summary
- Week 02: Check List
 - The End

Week 02 Security & Protection: Topics¹

- Overview of system security
- Policy/mechanism separation
- Security methods and devices
- Protection, access control, and authentication
- Backups

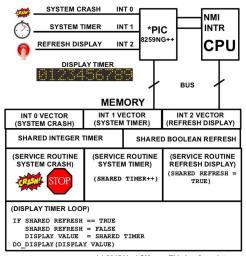
¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 02 Security & Protection: Learning Outcomes¹

- Articulate the need for protection and security in an OS (cross-reference IAS/Security Architecture and Systems Administration/Investigating Operating Systems Security for various systems). [Assessment]
- Summarize the features and limitations of an operating system used to provide protection and security [Familiarity]
- Explain the mechanisms available in an OS to control access to resources [Familiarity]
- Carry out simple system administration tasks according to a security policy, for example creating accounts, setting permissions, applying patches, and arranging for regular backups [Usage]

¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 02: Protection, Security, Privacy, & C-language



(c) 2017 VauLSMorg - This is a free picture

Figure: How to protect and secure this design?

The Security Problem

OSC10:

- Security is a measure of confidence that the integrity of a system and its data will be preserved.
- **Protection** is the set of mechanisms that control the access of processes and users to the resources defined by a computer system.
- Secure System, Intruders, Threat, Attack.
- Security Violation Categories: Breach of (confidentiality, integrity, availability), theft of service, DOS.
- Security Violation Methods: Masquerading, Replay attack,
 Human-in-the-middle attack, Session hijacking, Privilege escalation.
- Security Measure Levels: Physical, Network, Operating System, Application.
- Program, System, and Network Threats
 - Social Engineering: Phishing.
 - Security Hole: Code Review.
 - Principle of least privilege.

The Security Problem (cont)

- Threats: Malware, Trojan Horse, Spyware, Ransomware, Trap (back)
 Door, Logic Bomb, Code-injection Attack, Overflow, Script Kiddie.
- Viruses: Virus Dropper, Virus Signature, Keystroke Logger.
- Worm, Sniffing, Spoofing, Port Scanning, DOS (Denial of Service).
- Cryptography: (Symmetric and Asymmetric) Encryption,
 Public/Private Key Pairs, Key Distribution, Digital Certificate.
- User Authentication:
 - Password: One Time Password, Two-Factor Authentication,
 - Biometrics.
- Implementing Security Defenses: Policy, Assessment, Prevention, Detection, Protection, Auditing.
- Linux Security
- gnupg & sha1sum

Protection

- Principle of Least Privilege
- Domain Structure and Access Matrix
- ACL: Access Control List
 - Domain = set of Access-rights (eg. **user-id**).
 - Access-right = <object-name, rights-set> (eg. object: file).

	File1	File2	File3	Printer
User1	Read		Read	
User2				Print
User3		Read	Execute	Print
User4	R/W		R/W	Print

Access-right Plus Domain (Users) as Objects

	F1	F2	F3	Printer	U1	U2	U3	U4
U1	R		R			SW		
U2				Print			SW	SW
U3		R	EXEC	Print				
U4	R/W		R/W	Print	SW			

Copy Rights

• Start

	File1	File2	File3
User1	Exec		Write*
User2	Exec	Read*	Exec
User3	Exec		

• User3: Read access to File2 (by User2)

	File1	File2	File3
User1	Exec		Write*
User2	Exec	Read*	Exec
User3	Exec	Read	

Owner Rights

	File1	File2	File3
User1	0 & E		W
User2		O & R* & W*	O & R* & W
User3		W	W

Privacy (Wikipedia)

- Privacy can mean different things in different contexts; different people, cultures, and nations have different expectations about how much privacy a person is entitled to or what constitutes an invasion of privacy.
- Considering all discussions as one of these concepts
 - Right to be let alone (such as one's own home).
 - Limited access (no information collection).
 - Control over information (in the era of big data).
 - States of privacy: solitude, intimacy, anonymity, and reserve.
 - Secrecy: does not apply for any already publicly disclosed.
 - Personhood and autonomy.
 - Self-identity and personal growth.

Beginner's Guide to Internet Safety & Privacy

- URL: https://choosetoencrypt.com/privacy/ complete-beginners-guide-to-internet-safety-privacy/
- Who Are You Protecting Yourself From?
 - Governments
 - ISPs
 - (H)Crackers
 - Trackers
 - Advertisers/Malwertisers
- Which Information Should You Keep Private?
 - Metadata
 - Personal Information
 - Passwords
 - Financial Data
 - Medical Records
 - History
 - Communication

C Language

• Reference: (Any C Language Tutorial)

Week 02: Summary

- Reference: (OSC10-ch16 OSC10-ch17 demo-w02)
- Goals of Protection
- Domain and Access Matrix
- ACL: Access Control List
- The Security Problem
- Threats: Trojan Horse, Trap Door, Overflow, Viruses, Worms, Port Scanning, DOS (Denial of Service).
- Cryptography: (Symmetric and Asymmetric) Encryption,
- User Authentication: Password, Biometrics.
- Implementing Security Defenses: Policy, Assessment, Prevention, Detection, Protection, Auditing.
- Privacy.

Week 02: Check List

☐ How to improve this document?

The End

- ☐ This is the end of the presentation.
- extstyle ext
- This is the end of the presentation.