

CSGE602055 Operating Systems

CSF2600505 Sistem Operasi

Week 06: Concurrency: Processes & Threads

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<http://os.vlsm.org/>

Always check for the latest revision!

REV158 29-Aug-2018

Operating Systems 2018-2 (Room 3114)

R/M (Tu/Th 13-15) | I (Tu/Th 15-17) | E (Th 19-22)

| Week | Schedule | Topic | OSC10 |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Week 00 | 04 Sep - 12 Sep 2018 | Overview 1 | Ch. 1, 18 |
| Week 01 | 13 Sep - 19 Sep 2018 | Overview 2 & Scripting | Ch. 1, 2 |
| Week 02 | 20 Sep - 26 Sep 2018 | Security, Protection, Privacy, & C-language | Ch. 16, 17 |
| Week 03 | 27 Sep - 03 Oct 2018 | File System & FUSE | Ch. 13, 14, 15 |
| Week 04 | 04 Oct - 10 Oct 2018 | Addressing, Shared Lib, & Pointer | Ch. 9 |
| Week 05 | 11 Oct - 17 Oct 2018 | Virtual Memory | Ch. 10 |
| Reserved | 18 Oct - 19 Oct 2018 | | |
| Mid-Term | 20 Oct - 27 Oct 2018 | MidTerm (UTS): TBA | |
| Week 06 | 30 Oct - 05 Nov 2018 | Concurrency: Processes & Threads | Ch. 3, 4 |
| Week 07 | 06 Nov - 12 Nov 2018 | Synchronization & Deadlock | Ch. 6, 7, 8 |
| Week 08 | 13 Nov - 21 Nov 2018 | Scheduling | Ch. 5 |
| Week 09 | 22 Nov - 28 Nov 2018 | Disks, BIOS, Loader, & Systemd | Ch. 11 |
| Week 10 | 29 Nov - 05 Dec 2018 | I/O & Programming | Ch. 12 |
| Reserved | 06 Dec - 14 Dec 2018 | | |
| Final Extra | 15 Dec - 22 Dec 2018 12 Jan 2019 | Final (UAS): TBA Extra assignment | This schedule is subject to change. |

The Weekly Check List

- ☐ **Resources:** <https://os.vlsm.org/>
 - ☐ **(THIS) Slides** — <https://github.com/UI-FASILKOM-OS/SistemOperasi/tree/master/pdf/>
 - ☐ **Demos** — <https://github.com/UI-FASILKOM-OS/SistemOperasi/tree/master/demos/>
 - ☐ **Extra** — BADAK.cs.ui.ac.id:///extra/
 - ☐ **Problems** — rms46.vlsm.org/2/195.pdf, [196.pdf](http://rms46.vlsm.org/2/196.pdf), ..., [205.pdf](http://rms46.vlsm.org/2/205.pdf)
- ☐ **Text Book:** any recent/decent OS book. Eg. **(OSC10)** Silberschatz et. al.: **Operating System Concepts**, 10th Edition, 2018.
- ☐ Encode your **QRC** with image size of approximately 250x250 pixels:
"OS182 CLASS ID SSO-ACCOUNT Your-Full-Name"
Special for **Week 00**, mail your **embedded** QRC to:
operatingsystems@vlsm.org
With Subject: OS182 CLASS ID SSO-ACCOUNT Your-Full-Name
- ☐ Write your Memo (with QRC) **every week**.
- ☐ Login to badak.cs.ui.ac.id via kawung.cs.ui.ac.id for at least **10 minutes** every week. Copy the weekly demo files to your own home directory.
Eg. (Week00): `cp -r /extra/Week00/W00-demos/ W00-demos/`

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Agenda II

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- 19 09-fork
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- 21 11-fork
- 22 12-fork
- 23 14-fork
- 24 15-fork
- 25 The End

Week 06 Concurrency: Topics¹

- States and state diagrams
- Structures (ready list, process control blocks, and so forth)
- Dispatching and context switching
- The role of interrupts
- Managing atomic access to OS objects
- Implementing synchronization primitives
- Multiprocessor issues (spin-locks, reentrancy)

¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 06 Concurrency: Learning Outcomes (1)¹

- Describe the need for concurrency within the framework of an operating system. [Familiarity]
- Demonstrate the potential run-time problems arising from the concurrent operation of many separate tasks. [Usage]
- Summarize the range of mechanisms that can be employed at the operating system level to realize concurrent systems and describe the benefits of each. [Familiarity]
- Explain the different states that a task may pass through and the data structures needed to support the management of many tasks. [Familiarity]

¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 06 Concurrency: Learning Outcomes (2)¹

- Summarize techniques for achieving synchronization in an operating system (e.g., describe how to implement a semaphore using OS primitives). [Familiarity]
- Describe reasons for using interrupts, dispatching, and context switching to support concurrency in an operating system. [Familiarity]
- Create state and transition diagrams for simple problem domains. [Usage]

¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 06: Concurrency: Processes & Threads

- Reference: (OSC10-ch03 OSC10-ch04 demo-w06)
- Process Concept
 - Program (passive) \leftrightarrow Process (active)
 - Process in Memory: | *Stack* \cdots *Heap* | *Data* | *Text* |
 - Process State: | *running* | *waiting* | *ready* |
 - Process Control Block (PCB)
 - /proc/, Process State, Program Counter, Registers, Management Information.
- Process Creation
 - PID: Process Identifier (uniq)
 - The Parent Process forms a tree of Children Processes
 - `fork()`, new process system call (clone)
 - `exec1p()`, replaces the clone with a new program.
- Process Termination
 - `wait()`, until the child process is terminated.
- PCB (Context) Switch

A PROCESS IN MEMORY



(c) 2017 VauLSMorg

Figure: A Process in (**logical**) Memory

Process State

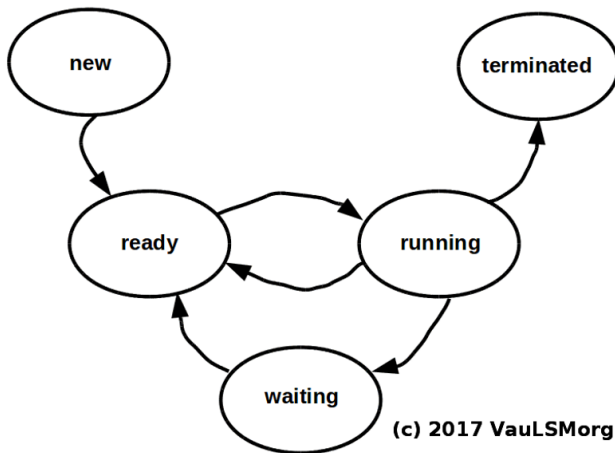


Figure: A Process State

Process Scheduling

- Scheduling Queue
- Schedulers
 - Long Term (non VM) vs Short Term (CPU)
 - (I/O vs CPU) Bound Processes
- Context Switch
- I/O Queue Scheduling
- Android Systems
 - Dalvik VM Performance Problem: Replaced with ART (Android Runtime).
 - Foreground Processes: with an User Interface (UI) for Videos, Images, Sounds, Texts, etc.
 - Background Processes: with a service with no UI and small memory footprint.

Inter-Process Communication (IPC)

- Independent vs Cooperating Processes.
 - Cooperation: Information Sharing, Computational Speedup, Modularity, Convenience.
- Shared Memory vs Message Passing.
 - Message Passing: Direct vs Indirect Communication
- Client-Server Systems
 - Sockets
 - RPC: Remote Procedure Calls
 - Pipes

- Single vs Multithreaded Process
 - MultiT Benefits: Responsiveness, Resource Sharing, Economy, Scalability
- Multicore Programming
 - Concurrency vs. Parallelism
- Multithreading Models (Kernel vs User Thread)
 - Many to One
 - One to One
 - Many to Many
 - Multilevel Models
- Threading Issues
 - Parallelism on a multi-core system.
- Pthreads

Makefile

```
CC=gcc
P00=00-fork
P01=01-fork
...
P14=14-fork
P15=15-fork

EXECS= \
    $(P00) \
    $(P01) \
    ...
    $(P14) \
    $(P15) \

all: $(EXECS)

$(P00): $(P00).c
    $(CC) $(P00).c -o $(P00)

$(P01): $(P01).c
    $(CC) $(P01).c -o $(P01)

...

$(P14): $(P14).c
    $(CC) $(P14).c -o $(P14)

$(P15): $(P15).c
    $(CC) $(P15).c -o $(P15)

clean:
    rm -f $(EXECS)
```

```
/*
 * (c) 2016-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 * REV04 Mon Oct 30 10:28:12 WIB 2017
 * START Mon Oct 24 09:42:05 WIB 2016
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>

void main(void) {
    printf("  [[[ This is 00-fork: PID[%d] PPID[%d] ]]]\n",
           getpid(), getppid());
}

>>>> $ 00-fork

[[[ This is 00-fork: PID[5777] PPID[1350] ]]]
```


01-fork

```
>>>> $ cat 01-fork.c ; echo "=====" ; ./01-fork
/* (c) 2016-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(void) {
    char *iAM="PARENT";

    printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (START:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    if (fork() > 0) {
        sleep(1);          /* LOOK THIS ***** */
        printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (IFFO:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    } else {
        iAM="CHILD";
        printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (ELSE:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    }
    printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (STOP:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
}

=====
PID[5784] PPID[1350] (START:PARENT)
PID[5785] PPID[5784] (ELSE:CHILD)
PID[5785] PPID[5784] (STOP:CHILD)
PID[5784] PPID[1350] (IFFO:PARENT)
PID[5784] PPID[1350] (STOP:PARENT)
>>>> $
```

02-fork

```
>>>>> $ cat 02-fork.c ; echo "=====" ; ./02-fork
/* (c) 2016-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(void) {
    char *iAM="PARENT";

    printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (START:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    if (fork() > 0) {
        printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (IFFO:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    } else {
        iAM="CHILD";
        printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (ELSE:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
        sleep(1);      /* LOOK THIS ***** */
    }
    printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (STOP:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
}

=====
PID[5792] PPID[1350] (START:PARENT)
PID[5792] PPID[1350] (IFFO:PARENT)
PID[5792] PPID[1350] (STOP:PARENT)
PID[5793] PPID[5792] (ELSE:CHILD)
>>>>> $ PID[5793] PPID[1] (STOP:CHILD)
>>>>> $
```

03-fork

```
>>>>> $ cat 03-fork.c ; echo "=====" ; ./03-fork
/* (c) 2016-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(void) {
    char *iAM="PARENT";

    printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (START:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    if (fork() > 0) {
        wait(NULL);          /* LOOK THIS ***** */
        printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (IFF0:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    } else {
        iAM="CHILD";
        printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (ELSE:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
    }
    printf("PID[%d] PPID[%d] (STOP:%s)\n", getpid(), getppid(), iAM);
}

=====
PID[5799] PPID[1350] (START:PARENT)
PID[5800] PPID[5799] (ELSE:CHILD)
PID[5800] PPID[5799] (STOP:CHILD)
PID[5799] PPID[1350] (IFF0:PARENT)
PID[5799] PPID[1350] (STOP:PARENT)
>>>>> $
```

01-fork vs 02-fork vs 03-fork

```
>>>>> $ ./01-fork
PID[5803] PPID[1350] (START:PARENT)
PID[5804] PPID[5803] (ELSE:CHILD)
PID[5804] PPID[5803] (STOP:CHILD)
PID[5803] PPID[1350] (IFF0:PARENT)
PID[5803] PPID[1350] (STOP:PARENT)
>>>>> $ ./02-fork
PID[5805] PPID[1350] (START:PARENT)
PID[5805] PPID[1350] (IFF0:PARENT)
PID[5805] PPID[1350] (STOP:PARENT)
PID[5806] PPID[5805] (ELSE:CHILD)
>>>>> $ PID[5806] PPID[1] (STOP:CHILD)

>>>>> $ ./03-fork
PID[5807] PPID[1350] (START:PARENT)
PID[5808] PPID[5807] (ELSE:CHILD)
PID[5808] PPID[5807] (STOP:CHILD)
PID[5807] PPID[1350] (IFF0:PARENT)
PID[5807] PPID[1350] (STOP:PARENT)
>>>>> $
```

04-sleeping

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void main(void) {
    int ii;
    printf("Sleeping 3s with fflush(): ");
    fflush(NULL);
    for (ii=0; ii < 3; ii++) {
        sleep(1);
        printf("x ");
        fflush(NULL);
    }
    printf("\nSleeping with no fflush(): ");
    for (ii=0; ii < 3; ii++) {
        sleep(1);
        printf("x ");
    }
    printf("\n");
}
Sleeping 3s with fflush(): x x x
Sleeping with no fflush(): x x x
```

05-fork

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void main(void) {
    printf("Start:          PID[%d] PPID[%d]\n", getpid(), getppid());
    fflush(NULL);
    if (fork() == 0) {
        /* START BLOCK
           END   BLOCK */
        execlp("./00-fork", "00-fork", NULL);
        printf("Child:          ");
    } else {
        wait(NULL);
        printf("Parent:          ");
    }
    printf("          PID[%d] PPID[%d] <<< <<< <<<\n", getpid(), getppid());
}
```

```
execlp =====
Start:          PID[6007] PPID[1350]
[[[ This is 00-fork: PID[6008] PPID[6007] ]]]
Parent:          PID[6007] PPID[1350] <<< <<< <<<
```

```
no execlp =====
Start:          PID[6040] PPID[1350]
Child:          PID[6041] PPID[6040] <<< <<< <<<
Parent:          PID[6040] PPID[1350] <<< <<< <<<
```

06-fork

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>

/***** main ***/
void main(void) {
    pid_t val1, val2, val3;
    val3 = val2 = val1 = 1000;
    printf("PID==%4d ==== \n", getpid());
    fflush(NULL);
    val1 = fork();
    wait(NULL);
    val2 = fork();
    wait(NULL);
    val3 = fork();
    wait(NULL);

    /* ***** START BLOCK *
       ***** END** BLOCK */
    printf("VAL1=%4d VAL2=%4d VAL3=%4d\n", val1, val2, val3);
}

=====
PID==6072 ==== \n
VAL1=  0 VAL2=  0 VAL3=  0
VAL1=  0 VAL2=  0 VAL3=6075
VAL1=  0 VAL2=6074 VAL3=  0
VAL1=  0 VAL2=6074 VAL3=6076
VAL1=6073 VAL2=  0 VAL3=  0
VAL1=6073 VAL2=  0 VAL3=6078
VAL1=6073 VAL2=6077 VAL3=  0
VAL1=6073 VAL2=6077 VAL3=6079
```

07-fork

```
>>>> $ cat 07-fork.c
/*
 * (c) 2005-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 * REV05 Mon Oct 30 10:57:02 WIB 2017
 * REV02 Mon Oct 24 10:43:00 WIB 2016
 * REV01 Sun Feb 27 08:31:46 WIB 2011
 * START 2005
 */

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define DISPLAY1 "START * PARENT *** ** PID (%4d) ** *****\n"
#define DISPLAY2 "RANDOM: val1(%4d) -- val2(%4d) -- val3(%4d)\n"
/***** main ** */
void main(void) {
    pid_t val1, val2, val3;
    printf(DISPLAY1, getpid());
    val1 = fork();
    val2 = fork();
    val3 = fork();
    printf(DISPLAY2, val1, val2, val3);
    wait(NULL);
    wait(NULL);
    wait(NULL);
    /* ***** START BLOCK ***
     ***** END * BLOCK *** */
}
```


07-fork (2)

```
>>>> $ 07-fork
START * PARENT *** ** PID (6160) ** *****
RANDOM: val1(6161) -- val2(6162) -- val3(6163)
RANDOM: val1(6161) -- val2(6162) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(6161) -- val2(  0) -- val3(6165)
RANDOM: val1(6161) -- val2(  0) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(6164) -- val3(6166)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(6164) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(  0) -- val3(6167)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(  0) -- val3(  0)
>>>> $ 07-fork
START * PARENT *** ** PID (6168) ** *****
RANDOM: val1(6169) -- val2(6170) -- val3(6172)
RANDOM: val1(6169) -- val2(  0) -- val3(6173)
RANDOM: val1(6169) -- val2(6170) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(6171) -- val3(6174)
RANDOM: val1(6169) -- val2(  0) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(  0) -- val3(6175)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(  0) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(6171) -- val3(  0)
>>>> $ 07-fork
START * PARENT *** ** PID (6176) ** *****
RANDOM: val1(6177) -- val2(6178) -- val3(6181)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(6179) -- val3(6180)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(6179) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(  0) -- val3(6182)
RANDOM: val1(6177) -- val2(  0) -- val3(6183)
RANDOM: val1(6177) -- val2(  0) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(6177) -- val2(6178) -- val3(  0)
RANDOM: val1(  0) -- val2(  0) -- val3(  0)
>>>> $
```

08-fork

```
/* (c) 2005-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 * REV02 Thu Oct 26 12:27:30 WIB 2017
 * START 2005
 */
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void main(void) {
    int ii=0;
    if (fork() == 0) ii++;
    wait(NULL);
    if (fork() == 0) ii++;
    wait(NULL);
    if (fork() == 0) ii++;
    wait(NULL);
    printf ("Result = %d \n",ii);
    exit(0);
}
=====
Result = 3
Result = 2
Result = 2
Result = 1
Result = 2
Result = 1
Result = 1
Result = 0
>>>>> $
```

```
/*
 * (c) 2015-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * REV03 Mon Oct 30 11:04:10 WIB 2017
 * REV00 Mon Oct 24 10:43:00 WIB 2016
 * START 2015
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>

void main(void) {
    int value;

    value=fork();
    wait(NULL);
    printf("I am PID[%4d] -- The fork() return value is: %4d\n", getpid(), value);

    value=fork();
    wait(NULL);
    printf("I am PID[%4d] -- The fork() return value is: %4d\n", getpid(), value);
}

=====
I am PID[6225] -- The fork() return value is:    0)
I am PID[6226] -- The fork() return value is:    0)
I am PID[6225] -- The fork() return value is: 6226)
I am PID[6224] -- The fork() return value is: 6225)
I am PID[6227] -- The fork() return value is:    0)
I am PID[6224] -- The fork() return value is: 6227)
>>>>> $
```

10-fork

```
/* (c) 2016-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 * REV02 Mon Oct 30 20:25:44 WIB 2017
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>

void procStatus(int level) {
    printf("L%d: PID[%d] (PPID[%d])\n", level, getpid(), getppid());
    fflush(NULL);
}

int addLevelAndFork(int level) {
    if (fork() == 0) level++;
    wait(NULL);
    return level;
}

void main(void) {
    int level = 0;
    procStatus(level);
    level = addLevelAndFork(level);
    procStatus(level);
}

=====
L0: PID[7540] (PPID[1350])
L1: PID[7541] (PPID[7540])
L0: PID[7540] (PPID[1350])
```

11-fork

```
/* (c) 2016-2017 Rahmat M. Samik-Ibrahim
 * http://rahmatm.samik-ibrahim.vlsm.org/
 * This is free software.
 * REV02 Mon Oct 30 20:27:24 WIB 2017
 * START Mon Oct 24 09:42:05 WIB 2016
 */

#define LOOP 3
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>

void procStatus(int level) {
    printf("L%d: PID[%d] (PPID[%d])\n", level, getpid(), getppid());
    fflush(NULL);
}

int addLevelAndFork(int level) {
    if (fork() == 0) level++;
    wait(NULL);
    return level;
}

void main(void) {
    int ii, level = 0;
    procStatus(level);
    for (ii=0;ii<LOOP;ii++) {
        level = addLevelAndFork(level);
        procStatus(level);
    }
}
```

11-fork (2)

```
L0: PID[7548] (PPID[1350])
L1: PID[7549] (PPID[7548])
L2: PID[7550] (PPID[7549])
L3: PID[7551] (PPID[7550])
L2: PID[7550] (PPID[7549])
L1: PID[7549] (PPID[7548])
L2: PID[7552] (PPID[7549])
L1: PID[7549] (PPID[7548])
L0: PID[7548] (PPID[1350])
L1: PID[7553] (PPID[7548])
L2: PID[7554] (PPID[7553])
L1: PID[7553] (PPID[7548])
L0: PID[7548] (PPID[1350])
L1: PID[7555] (PPID[7548])
L0: PID[7548] (PPID[1350])
```

12-fork

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

void waitAndPrintPID(void) {
    wait(NULL);
    printf("PID: %d\n", getpid());
    fflush(NULL);
}

void main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int rc, status;

    waitAndPrintPID();
    rc = fork();
    waitAndPrintPID();
    if (rc == 0) {
        fork();
        waitAndPrintPID();
        execlp("./00-fork", "00-fork", NULL);
    }
    waitAndPrintPID();
}

=====
PID: 7614
PID: 7615
PID: 7616
[[[ This is 00-fork: PID[7616] PPID[7615] ]]]
PID: 7615
[[[ This is 00-fork: PID[7615] PPID[7614] ]]]
PID: 7614
PID: 7614
>>>>> $
```

14-fork

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void main(void) {
    int firstPID = (int) getpid();
    int RelPID;

    fork();
    wait(NULL);
    fork();
    wait(NULL);
    fork();
    wait(NULL);

    RelPID=(int)getpid()-firstPID+1000;
    printf("RelPID: %d\n", RelPID);
    fflush(NULL);
}

=====
RelPID: 1003
RelPID: 1002
RelPID: 1004
RelPID: 1001
RelPID: 1006
RelPID: 1005
RelPID: 1007
RelPID: 1000
>>>>> $
```


15-fork

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#define NN 2

void main (void) {
    int ii, id1000=getpid()-1000;
    for (ii=1; ii<=NN; ii++) {
        fork();
        wait(NULL);
        int rPID = getpid()-id1000; // "relative"
        int rPPID=getppid()-id1000; // "relative"
        if (rPPID < 1 || rPID < rPPID) rPPID=999;
        printf("Loop [%d] - rPID[%d] - rPPID[%4d]\n", ii, rPID, rPPID);
        fflush(NULL);
    }
}

=====
Loop [1] - rPID[1001] - rPPID[1000]
Loop [2] - rPID[1002] - rPPID[1001]
Loop [2] - rPID[1001] - rPPID[1000]
Loop [1] - rPID[1000] - rPPID[ 999]
Loop [2] - rPID[1003] - rPPID[1000]
Loop [2] - rPID[1000] - rPPID[ 999]
>>>> $
```

The End

- ☐ This is the end of the presentation.
- ☒ This is the end of the presentation.
 - This is the end of the presentation.