# CSGE602055 Operating Systems CSF2600505 Sistem Operasi Week 02: Security, Protection, Privacy, & C-language

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REV206 29-Aug-2019

#### Operating Systems 2019-2

A (Rm  $311\overline{3}$ ?) [Tu/Th 08-10] — I (Rm A714) [Tu 13-15/Th 14-16]

Week	Schedule	Topic	OSC10
Week 00	03 Sep - 09 Sep 2019	Overview 1, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
Week 01	10 Sep - 16 Sep 2019	Overview 2, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
Week 02	17 Sep - 23 Sep 2019	Security, Protection, Privacy,	Ch. 16, 17
		& C-language	
Week 03	24 Sep - 30 Sep 2019	File System & FUSE	Ch. 13, 14, 15
Week 04	01 Oct - 07 Oct 2019	Addressing, Shared Lib, & Pointer	Ch. 9
Week 05	08 Oct - 14 Oct 2019	Virtual Memory	Ch. 10
Reserved	15 Oct - 18 Oct 2019	Q & E	
MidTerm	19 Oct - 25 Oct 2019	TBA — MidTerm (UTS)	
Week 06	29 Oct - 04 Nov 2019	Concurency: Processes & Threads	Ch. 3, 4
Week 07	05 Nov - 11 Nov 2019	Synchronization & Deadlock	Ch. 6, 7, 8
Week 08	12 Nov - 18 Nov 2019	Scheduling + W06/W07	Ch. 5
Week 09	19 Nov - 25 Nov 2019	Storage, Firmware, Bootldr, & Systemd	Ch. 11
Week 10	26 Nov - 02 Dec 2019	I/O & Programming	Ch. 12
Reserved	03 Dec - 13 Dec 2019	Q & E	
Final	14 Dec - 21 Dec 2019	TBA — Final (UAS)	This schedule is
Extra	09 Jan 2020	Extra assignment confirmation	subject to change.

#### **STARTING POINT** — https://os.vlsm.org/

☐ **Text Book** — Any recent/decent OS book. Eg. (**OSC10**) Silberschatz et. al.: **Operating System Concepts**, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018. See also http://codex.cs.yale.edu/avi/os-book/OS10/. Weekly Encode your **QRC** with size about 5cm  $\times$  5cm (ca. 400 $\times$ 400 pixels): "OS191 CLASS ID SSO-ACCOUNT Your-Full-Name" Write your Memo (with QRC) every week. See also Assignment#0: Generate your QR Code. Login to badak.cs.ui.ac.id via kawung.cs.ui.ac.id for at least 10 minutes every week. Copy all weekly demo folders into your own badak home directory. Eg.: cp -r /extra/Demos/\* ~/mydemos/ Resources All In One — BADAK.cs.ui.ac.id:///extra/(FASILKOM only!). Download Slides and Demos from GitHub.com https://github.com/UI-FASILKOM-OS/SistemOperasi/ Problems — https://rms46.vlsm.org/2/: 195.pdf (W00), 196.pdf (W01), 197.pdf (W02), 198.pdf (W03), 199.pdf (W04), 200.pdf (W05), 201.pdf (W06), 202.pdf (W07), 203.pdf (W08), 204.pdf (W09), 205.pdf (W10).

#### Agenda

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# Week 02 Security & Protection: Topics<sup>1</sup>

- Overview of system security
- Policy/mechanism separation
- Security methods and devices
- Protection, access control, and authentication
- Backups

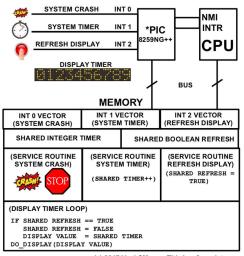
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

# Week 02 Security & Protection: Learning Outcomes<sup>1</sup>

- Articulate the need for protection and security in an OS (cross-reference IAS/Security Architecture and Systems Administration/Investigating Operating Systems Security for various systems). [Assessment]
- Summarize the features and limitations of an operating system used to provide protection and security [Familiarity]
- Explain the mechanisms available in an OS to control access to resources [Familiarity]
- Carry out simple system administration tasks according to a security policy, for example creating accounts, setting permissions, applying patches, and arranging for regular backups [Usage]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

### Week 02: Protection, Security, Privacy, & C-language



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Figure: How to protect and secure this design?

### The Security Problem

#### OSC10:

- Security is a measure of confidence that the integrity of a system and its data will be preserved.
- **Protection** is the set of mechanisms that control the access of processes and users to the resources defined by a computer system.
- Secure System, Intruders, Threat, Attack.
- Security Violation Categories: Breach of (confidentiality, integrity, availability), theft of service, DOS.
- Security Violation Methods: Masquerading, Replay attack,
   Human-in-the-middle attack, Session hijacking, Privilege escalation.
- Security Measure Levels: Physical, Network, Operating System, Application.
- Program, System, and Network Threats
  - Social Engineering: Phishing.
  - Security Hole: Code Review.
  - Principle of least privilege.

## The Security Problem (cont)

- Threats: Malware, Trojan Horse, Spyware, Ransomware, Trap (back)
   Door, Logic Bomb, Code-injection Attack, Overflow, Script Kiddie.
- Viruses: Virus Dropper, Virus Signature, Keystroke Logger.
- Worm, Sniffing, Spoofing, Port Scanning, DOS (Denial of Service).
- Cryptography: (Symmetric and Asymmetric) Encryption,
   Public/Private Key Pairs, Key Distribution, Digital Certificate.
- User Authentication:
  - Password: One Time Password, Two-Factor Authentication,
  - Biometrics.
- Implementing Security Defenses: Policy, Assessment, Prevention, Detection, Protection, Auditing.
- Linux Security
- gnupg & sha1sum

#### Protection

- Principle of Least Privilege
- Domain Structure and Access Matrix
- ACL: Access Control List
  - Domain = set of Access-rights (eg. **user-id**).
  - Access-right = <object-name, rights-set> (eg. object: file).

	File1	File2	File3	Printer
User1	Read		Read	
User2				Print
User3		Read	Execute	Print
User4	R/W		R/W	Print

Access-right Plus Domain (Users) as Objects

	F1	F2	F3	Printer	U1	U2	U3	U4
U1	R		R			SW		
U2				Print			SW	SW
U3		R	EXEC	Print				
U4	R/W		R/W	Print	SW			

## Copy Rights

• Start

	File1	File2	File3
User1	Exec		Write*
User2	Exec	Read*	Exec
User3	Exec		

• User3: Read access to File2 (by User2)

	File1	File2	File3
User1	Exec		Write*
User2	Exec	Read*	Exec
User3	Exec	Read	

Owner Rights

	File1	File2	File3
User1	0 & E		W
User2		O & R* & W*	O & R* & W
User3		W	W

# Privacy (Wikipedia)

- Privacy can mean different things in different contexts; different people, cultures, and nations have different expectations about how much privacy a person is entitled to or what constitutes an invasion of privacy.
- Considering all discussions as one of these concepts
  - Right to be let alone (such as one's own home).
  - Limited access (no information collection).
  - Control over information (in the era of big data).
  - States of privacy: solitude, intimacy, anonymity, and reserve.
  - Secrecy: does not apply for any already publicly disclosed.
  - Personhood and autonomy.
  - Self-identity and personal growth.

## Beginner's Guide to Internet Safety & Privacy

- URL: https://choosetoencrypt.com/privacy/ complete-beginners-guide-to-internet-safety-privacy/
- Who Are You Protecting Yourself From?
  - Governments
  - ISPs
  - (H)Crackers
  - Trackers
  - Advertisers/Malwertisers
- Which Information Should You Keep Private?
  - Metadata
  - Personal Information
  - Passwords
  - Financial Data
  - Medical Records
  - History
  - Communication

#### C Language

• Reference: (Any C Language Tutorial)

#### Week 02: Summary

- Reference: (OSC10-ch16 OSC10-ch17 demo-w02)
- Goals of Protection
- Domain and Access Matrix
- ACL: Access Control List
- The Security Problem
- Threats: Trojan Horse, Trap Door, Overflow, Viruses, Worms, Port Scanning, DOS (Denial of Service).
- Cryptography: (Symmetric and Asymmetric) Encryption,
- User Authentication: Password, Biometrics.
- Implementing Security Defenses: Policy, Assessment, Prevention, Detection, Protection, Auditing.
- Privacy.

#### Week 02: Check List

☐ How to improve this document?

#### The End

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