CSGE602055 Operating Systems CSF2600505 Sistem Operasi

Week 02: Security, Protection, Privacy, & C-language

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Always check for the latest revision!

REV222 26-Feb-2020

Operating Systems 2020-1

 $\hbox{A [08-10, Rm 3114, Mo/We]} - \hbox{B/M [10:10-12, Rm 3114, Mo/We]} - \hbox{C [13-15, Rm 3114, Mo/We]} \\$

D [10-12, Rm 2307(Mo), Rm 3113(We)] — E [08-10, Rm 2307(Mo), Rm 3113(We)]

Week	Schedule	Topic	OSC10
Week 00	27 Jan - 02 Feb 2020	Overview 1, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
Week 01	03 Feb - 09 Feb 2020	Overview 2, Virtualization & Scripting	Ch. 1, 2, 18.
Week 02	10 Feb - 16 Feb 2020	Security, Protection, Privacy,	Ch. 16, 17
		& C-language	
Week 03	17 Feb - 23 Feb 2020	File System & FUSE	Ch. 13, 14, 15
Week 04	24 Feb - 01 Mar 2020	Addressing, Shared Lib, & Pointer	Ch. 9
Week 05	02 Mar - 08 Mar 2020	Virtual Memory	Ch. 10
Reserved	09 Mar - 13 Mar 2020	Q & E	
MidTerm	14 Mar 2020 (13:00-15:30)	MidTerm (UTS)	Subject to change.
Week 06	23 Mar - 31 Mar 2020	Concurrency: Processes & Threads	Ch. 3, 4
Week 07	01 Apr - 07 Apr 2020	Synchronization & Deadlock	Ch. 6, 7, 8
Week 08	08 Apr - 14 Apr 2020	Scheduling + W06/W07	Ch. 5
Week 09a	15 Apr - 19 Apr 2020	Storage, Firmware, Bootldr, & Systemd	Ch. 11
OCL	20 Apr - 26 Apr 2020	OnLine & CoLearnIng	
Week 09b	27 Apr - 28 Apr 2020	Storage, Firmware, Bootldr, & Systemd	Ch. 11
Week 10	29 Apr - 05 May 2020	I/O & Programming	Ch. 12
Reserved	06 May - 10 May 2020	Q & A	
Final	11-18 May 2020 (TBA)	Final (UAS)	This schedule is
Extra	25 Jun 2020	Extra assignment confirmation	subject to change.

STARTING POINT — https://os.vlsm.org/

☐ **Text Book** — Any recent/decent OS book. Eg. (**OSC10**) Silberschatz et. al.: **Operating System Concepts**, 10th Edition, 2018. See also http://codex.cs.yale.edu/avi/os-book/OS10/. Resources All In One — BADAK.cs.ui.ac.id:///extra/(FASILKOM only!). Download Slides and Demos from GitHub.com https://github.com/UI-FASILKOM-OS/SistemOperasi/ ☐ **Problems** — https://rms46.vlsm.org/2/: 195.pdf (W00), 196.pdf (W01), 197.pdf (W02), 198.pdf (W03), 199.pdf (W04), 200.pdf (W05), 201.pdf (W06), 202.pdf (W07), 203.pdf (W08), 204.pdf (W09), 205.pdf (W10). Try Demos Your own Ubuntu system. ☐ Ubuntu on VirtualBox, or VMWare, or . . . ☐ Windows Subsystem for Linux (Windows 10 only!). ☐ SSH to BADAK.cs.ui.ac.id (FASILKOM only!).

Agenda

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Week 02 Security & Protection: Topics¹

- Overview of system security
- Policy/mechanism separation
- Security methods and devices
- Protection, access control, and authentication
- Backups

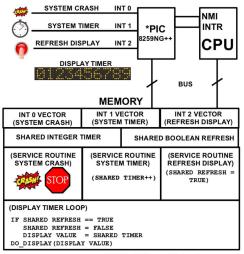
¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 02 Security & Protection: Learning Outcomes¹

- Articulate the need for protection and security in an OS (cross-reference IAS/Security Architecture and Systems Administration/Investigating Operating Systems Security for various systems). [Assessment]
- Summarize the features and limitations of an operating system used to provide protection and security [Familiarity]
- Explain the mechanisms available in an OS to control access to resources [Familiarity]
- Carry out simple system administration tasks according to a security policy, for example creating accounts, setting permissions, applying patches, and arranging for regular backups [Usage]

¹Source: ACM IEEE CS Curricula 2013

Week 02: Protection, Security, Privacy, & C-language



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Figure: How to protect and secure this design?

The Security Problem

OSC10:

- Security is a measure of confidence that the integrity of a system and its data will be preserved.
- **Protection** is the set of mechanisms that control the access of processes and users to the resources defined by a computer system.
- Secure System, Intruders, Threat, Attack.
- Security Violation Categories: Breach of (confidentiality, integrity, availability), theft of service, DOS.
- Security Violation Methods: Masquerading, Replay attack,
 Human-in-the-middle attack, Session hijacking, Privilege escalation.
- Security Measure Levels: Physical, Network, Operating System, Application.
- Program, System, and Network Threats
 - Social Engineering: Phishing.
 - Security Hole: Code Review.
 - Principle of least privilege.

The Security Problem (cont)

- Threats: Malware, Trojan Horse, Spyware, Ransomware, Trap (back)
 Door, Logic Bomb, Code-injection Attack, Overflow, Script Kiddie.
- Viruses: Virus Dropper, Virus Signature, Keystroke Logger.
- Worm, Sniffing, Spoofing, Port Scanning, DOS (Denial of Service).
- Cryptography: (Symmetric and Asymmetric) Encryption,
 Public/Private Key Pairs, Key Distribution, Digital Certificate.
- User Authentication:
 - Password: One Time Password, Two-Factor Authentication,
 - Biometrics.
- Implementing Security Defenses: Policy, Assessment, Prevention, Detection, Protection, Auditing.
- Linux Security
- gnupg & sha1sum

Protection

- Principle of Least Privilege
- Domain Structure and Access Matrix
- ACL: Access Control List
 - Domain = set of Access-rights (eg. user-id).
 - Access-right = <object-name, rights-set> (eg. object: file).

	File1	File2	File3	Printer
	Luei	riiez	riies	Frinter
User1	Read		Read	
User2				Print
User3		Read	Execute	Print
User4	R/W		R/W	Print

Access-right Plus Domain (Users) as Objects

	F1	F2	F3	Printer	U1	U2	U3	U4
U1	R		R			SW		
U2				Print			SW	SW
U3		R	EXEC	Print				
U4	R/W		R/W	Print	SW			

Copy Rights

• Start

	File1	File2	File3
User1	Exec		Write*
User2	Exec	Read*	Exec
User3	Exec		

• User3: Read access to File2 (by User2)

	File1	File2	File3
User1	Exec		Write*
User2	Exec	Read*	Exec
User3	Exec	Read	

Owner Rights

	File1	File2	File3
User1	0 & E		W
User2		O & R* & W*	O & R* & W
User3		W	W

Privacy (Wikipedia)

- Privacy can mean different things in different contexts; different people, cultures, and nations have different expectations about how much privacy a person is entitled to or what constitutes an invasion of privacy.
- Considering all discussions as one of these concepts
 - Right to be let alone (such as one's own home).
 - Limited access (no information collection).
 - Control over information (in the era of big data).
 - States of privacy: solitude, intimacy, anonymity, and reserve.
 - Secrecy: does not apply for any already publicly disclosed.
 - Personhood and autonomy.
 - Self-identity and personal growth.

Beginner's Guide to Internet Safety & Privacy

- URL: https://choosetoencrypt.com/privacy/ complete-beginners-guide-to-internet-safety-privacy/
- Who Are You Protecting Yourself From?
 - Governments
 - ISPs
 - (H)Crackers
 - Trackers
 - Advertisers/Malwertisers
- Which Information Should You Keep Private?
 - Metadata
 - Personal Information
 - Passwords
 - Financial Data
 - Medical Records
 - History
 - Communication

C Language

• Reference: (Any C Language Tutorial)

Week 02: Summary

- Reference: (OSC10-ch16 OSC10-ch17 demo-w02)
- Goals of Protection
- Domain and Access Matrix
- ACL: Access Control List
- The Security Problem
- Threats: Trojan Horse, Trap Door, Overflow, Viruses, Worms, Port Scanning, DOS (Denial of Service).
- Cryptography: (Symmetric and Asymmetric) Encryption,
- User Authentication: Password, Biometrics.
- Implementing Security Defenses: Policy, Assessment, Prevention, Detection, Protection, Auditing.
- Privacy.

Week 02: Check List

☐ How to improve this document?

The End

- \square This is the end of the presentation.
- extstyle ext
- This is the end of the presentation.