Name: Xinrun Zhang

ML Homework 8 Report

Instructor: Prof. Kaliappan Gopalan

Time: 04/15/2019

a) Using K = 5, apply K-means algorithm and develop MATLAB code to arrive at the five cluster centroids with initial centroids

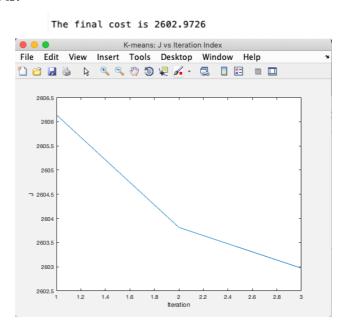
After few attempts, the D is determined as 2603.5.

Also, because of the fact that the initial centroids are close to the final centroids, the loop converged after only 3 iterations.

The label of each input data is stored at y and the label indicates which cluster is the input data belong to.

b) Plot the cost function D after each epoch as a function of epoch. Note that cluster assignment and centroid modification for all K clusters together constitute one epoch. If the error does not converge after 500 epochs, try raising D to 0.5 or so. What are the final centroids?

The final cost is:



The final centroids are:

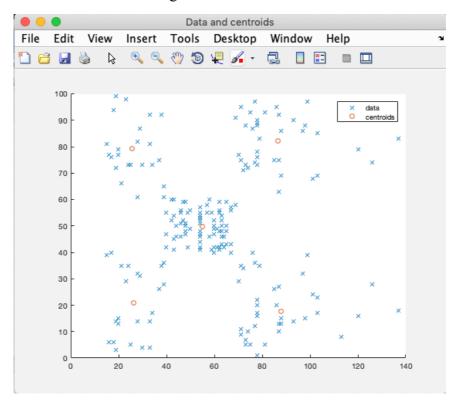
```
Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...

After 3 iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:

26.3043 25.7273 55.0875 87.7500 86.5385

20.9130 79.3636 49.7125 17.5833 82.1282
```

c) Plot the final centroid locations along with the data points. How many iterations does it take to converge?



The number of iterations is 3.

- d) Instead of initializing centroids with fixed values, randomize the input data (note that the income column is in an increasing order) using the function randperm and pick the first five observations as initial centroids. Print the initial and final centroids and show the plot with centroids for each run.
 - i. Run the code first time

Initial centroids:

Final centroids:

```
Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...

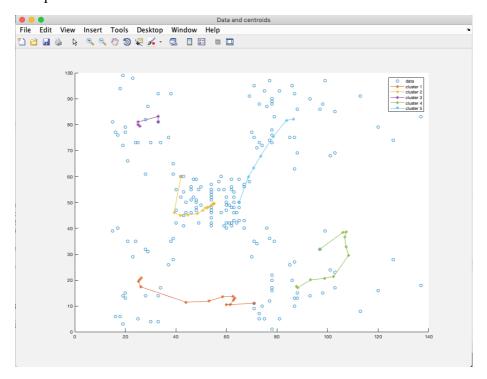
After 13 iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:

26.3043 55.0875 25.7273 87.7500 86.5385

20.9130 49.7125 79.3636 17.5833 82.1282

The final cost is 2602.9726
```

The plot with centroids with each iteration:



ii. Run the code second time

Initial centroids:

```
Initializing...
The random centroids are:
58 62 21 64 54
60 48 35 46 51
```

Final centroids:

```
Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...

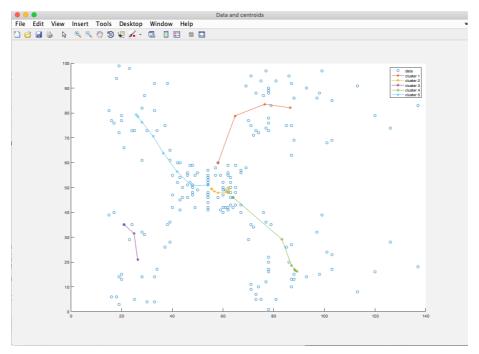
After 8 iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:

86.5385 55.2963 26.3043 88.2000 25.7273

82.1282 49.5185 20.9130 17.1143 79.3636

The final cost is 2604.0253
```

The plot with centroids with each iteration:



iii. Run the code third time

Initial centroids:

```
Initializing...
The random centroids are:
    43    67    61    28    93
    41    56    42    32    90
```

Final centroids:

```
Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...

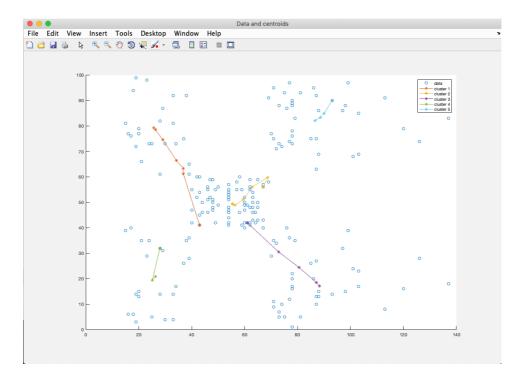
After 7 iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:

25.7273 55.2963 88.2000 26.3043 86.5385

79.3636 49.5185 17.1143 20.9130 82.1282

The final cost is 2604.0253
```

The plot with centroids with each iteration:



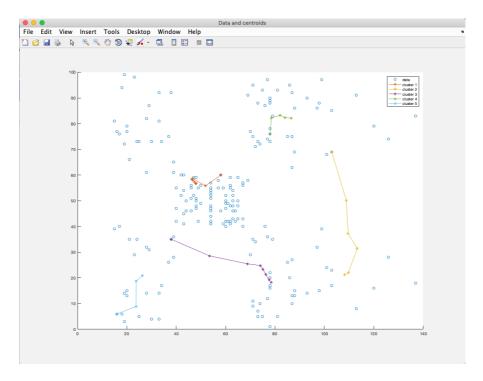
iv. Some special cases

Sometimes I get a case that cost is around 3136.

```
Initializing...
The random centroids are:
    58    103    38    78    16
    60    69    35    76    6

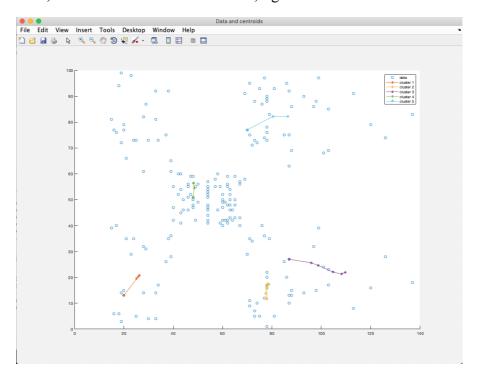
Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...
After 8 iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:
    48.0707    109.7000    78.4828    86.5385    26.3043
    56.6465    22.0000    18.2069    82.1282    20.9130

The final cost is 3144.7704
```



From the plot, the reason is that the centroids may converge into a very close place.

Also, sometimes when I run the code, I get:



That means if the initial centroids are too close to each other, they may converge into a close cluster. However, sometimes even with close centroids, they eventually converge into different clusters.

```
e) Code
    1) main part 1.m
    %% Machine Learning Homework 8 part 1
    % K-means algorithm with initial centroids
    % Author: Xinrun Zhang
    % Time: 04/14/2019 20:22
    %% Initializing
clear ; close all; clc
fprintf('Initializing...\n');
    % Import the data
x = importdata('HW8.mat');
[m, \sim] = size(x);
    % Initial k and centroid u matrix
k = 5;
u = [20, 20, 60, 85, 80; 15, 80, 50, 20, 90];
    % Initial D
D = 2603.5;
    % Initial matrix y to store labels
   % Initial cost J
y = zeros(200,1);
J = 1;
```

```
% -----
%% K-means algorithm with initial centroids u
% start the algorithm

fprintf('Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...\n');
```

```
itr = 0;
J_history = zeros(3,1);
while(1)
   [y, count] = calculateLabels(u, x, y, k, m);
   u = updateU(u, x, y, count, k, m);
        % compute the cost J
   itr = itr + 1;
   J_history(itr) = computeCost(u, x, y, k, m);
   if(J_history(itr) < D)</pre>
      break;
   end
end
fprintf('After %d iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:\n', itr);
disp(u);
fprintf('The final cost is %.4f\n', J history(itr));
     8 -----
     %% Plot
figure('Name','Data and centroids','NumberTitle','off');
scatter(x(:,1), x(:,2), 'x');
hold on;
scatter(u(1,:), u(2,:), 'o');
legend('data', 'centroids')
figure('Name','K-means: J vs Iteration Index','NumberTitle','off');
     plot(J_history); % plot J vs iteration index
ylabel('J');
xlabel('Iteration');
     2) main_part_2.m
     %% Machine Learning Homework 8 part 2
     % K-means algorithm with random centroids
     % Author: Xinrun Zhang
```

```
% Time: 04/15/2019 16:00
     %% Initializing
clear ; close all; clc
fprintf('Initializing...\n');
    % Import the data
x = importdata('HW8.mat');
x = x(randperm(200),:);
[m, \sim] = size(x);
    % Initial k
    % Initial random centroids
k = 5;
u = [x(1:5,1)';x(1:5,2)'];
fprintf('The random centroids are:\n');
disp(u);
    % Initial matrix y to store labels
    % Initial cost J
y = zeros(200,1);
J = 1;
    %% K-means algorithm with random centroids \boldsymbol{u}
    % start the algorithm
fprintf('Start the K-means algorithm with initial centroids u...\n');
itr = 0;
     % initial a cell to store centroids
u store = cell(20,1);
while(1)
   itr = itr + 1;
        % store the centroids
```

```
u_store{itr} = u';
   u_old = u;
   [y, count] = calculateLabels(u, x, y, k, m);
   u = updateU(u, x, y, count, k, m);
         % compute the cost J
   J = computeCost(u, x, y, k, m);
   if(norm(u_old - u) \le 0.0001)
       break;
   end
end
fprintf('After %d iterations, the u found by K-means algorithm:\n', itr);
disp(u);
fprintf('The final cost is %.4f\n', J);
     %% plot
c1_history = zeros(itr, 2);
c2_history = zeros(itr, 2);
c3_history = zeros(itr, 2);
c4_history = zeros(itr, 2);
c5_history = zeros(itr, 2);
figure('Name','Data and centroids','NumberTitle','off');
scatter(x(:,1), x(:,2),'o');
hold on;
for i = 1:20
   if(~isempty(u_store{i}))
       c1_history(i,:) = u_store{i}(1,:);
       c2_history(i,:) = u_store{i}(2,:);
       c3_history(i,:) = u_store{i}(3,:);
       c4_history(i,:) = u_store{i}(4,:);
       c5_history(i,:) = u_store{i}(5,:);
```

```
plot(c1_history(:,1),c1_history(:,2),'-*');
hold on;
plot(c2_history(:,1),c2_history(:,2),'-*');
hold on;
plot(c3_history(:,1),c3_history(:,2),'-*');
hold on;
plot(c4_history(:,1),c4_history(:,2),'-*');
hold on;
plot(c5_history(:,1),c5_history(:,2),'-*');
hold on;
legend('data', 'cluster 1', 'cluster 2', 'cluster 3', 'cluster 4', 'cluster 5')
hold off;
     3) calculateLabels.m
function [y, count] = calculateLabels(u, x, y, k, m)
d = zeros(1,5);
count = zeros(5,1); % Initial matrix count to store the number of each labels
for i = 1:m % for each data point
   v = u - x(i,:)'; % calculate the distance from data point to each centroid
   for j = 1:k
       d(j) = sqrt(v(:,j)'*v(:,j));
   end
   index = find(d == min(d)); % find the min distance
   y(i) = index; % add the label
   count(index) = count(index) + 1; % count the number of this label
end
end
     4) updateU.m
function u = updateU(u, x, y, count, k, m)
for j = 1:k % for each category/label
```

```
sum_c = zeros(1,2); % calculate the new centroids
   for i = 1:m
      if(y(i) == j)
         sum_c = sum_c + x(i,:);
      end
   end
   u(:,j) = (sum_c') / count(j);
end
end
    5) computeCost.m
function J = computeCost(u, x, y, k, m)
J = 0;
for j = 1:k
   for i = 1:m
      if(y(i) == j)
         J = J + norm(u(:,j) - x(i,:)');
      end
   end
end
end
```