



Complex Engineering Activity:



ROLL NUMBER

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Classical Synchronization Problems
THE BARBERSHOP PROBLEM



CODE SNIPPETS

We are implementing this
problem in PYTHON

CODE

```
1  from threading import Thread
2  import threading
3  import time
4  import random
5
6  barber_wakeup = 1 #1 means customer can wakeup barber , 0 means customers cannot wakeup barber
7
8  customers_sem = threading.Semaphore(0)
9  barber_sem = threading.Semaphore(0)
10 mutex = threading.Semaphore(1) #for Mutual Exclusion
11
12 class BarberShop:
13     waiting_customers = []
14
15     def __init__(self, barber, total_chairs):
16         self.barber = barber
17         self.total_chairs = total_chairs
18         print("Total seats: ", total_chairs)
19
20     def startBarberThread(self):
21         t_barber = Thread(target = self.barber_working_in_barber_room)
22         t_barber.start()
23
24     def barber_shop_entry(self, customer):
25         print("\nCustomer {} is entering in the shop and looking for empty seats".format(customer))
26         mutex.acquire() #Try to get access to the waiting room chairs or Enter in CS
27
28         #if waiting room is not full then customer can sit on chair
29         if len(self.waiting_customers) < self.total_chairs:
30             print("\nCustomer {} founds an empty chair".format(customer))
31             self.waiting_customers.append(customer)
```



```
33     global barber_wakeup
34     while barber_wakeup:
35         #barber gets a wakeup call by customer
36         customers_sem.release()
37         print("\nCustomer {} wakesup the barber".format(customer))
38         barber_wakeup = 0 #now no customer can wakeup the barber before barber goes to sleep
39
40         print("Customer {} sits on waiting chair".format(customer))
41         mutex.release() #customer after sitting on waiting seat is releasing the lock
42
43         print("\nCustomer {} is waiting to be called by barber".format(customer))
44         barber_sem.acquire()
45         Customer.get_hair_cut(self, customer) #customer is having haircut
46
47
48     else: #if waiting room is full
49         #As no seat is empty so leaving the CS
50         mutex.release()
51         Customer.balk(self, customer)
52
53
54     def barber_working_in_barber_room(self):
55         while True:
56             #if there are no customer to be served in waiting room
57             if len(self.waiting_customers) == 0:
58                 global barber_wakeup
59                 print("Barber is sleeping and waiting for customer to wake up")
60                 barber_wakeup = 1 #now customer can wakeup barber
61                 customers_sem.acquire() #barber sleep if there is no customer
62
63
```

```
62 |         #if customers are waiting in the room
63 |         if len(self.waiting_customers) > 0:
64 |             mutex.acquire() #Barber saw the customer so he locked the barber's chair (CS)
65 |             #Barber calls the customer
66 |             cust = self.waiting_customers[0]
67 |             print("\nBarber calls {} for haircut".format(cust))
68 |             del self.waiting_customers[0]
69 |             barber_sem.release() #barber is now ready to work
70 |             mutex.release() #Barber unlock the barber's chair so customer can sit on the chair
71 |             self.barber.cut_hair(cust) #(Cut hair here.)
72 |
73 |
74 | class Barber:
75 |     def cut_hair(self, customer):
76 |         for i in range(0,3):
77 |             print("\nBarber is cutting hair of {}".format(customer))
78 |             time.sleep(2)
79 |             print("\n{} is done so leaving barber shop".format(customer))
80 |
81 | class Customer:
82 |     def __init__(self, name):
83 |         self.name = name
84 |
85 |     def get_hair_cut(self, customer):
86 |         for i in range(0,3):
87 |             print("\nCustomer {} is having haircut".format(customer))
88 |             time.sleep(2)
89 |
90 |     def balk(self, customer):
91 |         print("\nWaiting Room is full. Customer {} leaves shop without hair cutting".format(customer))
92 |
```



```
95 ▼ if __name__ == '__main__':
96     global customers_list
97     customers_list = []
98
99     barber = Barber()
100
101     barberShop = BarberShop(barber, 5) # 5 Seat
102     barberShop.startBarberThread()
103     # 3 customers are entering
104     customers_list.append(Customer('Areeba Seher'))
105     customers_list.append(Customer('Kinza Hameed'))
106     customers_list.append(Customer('Mehar Fatima'))
107
108 ▼ while len(customers_list) > 0:
109     c = customers_list.pop()
110     #running customer threads here
111     t = threading.Thread(target = barberShop.barber_shop_entry, args = (c.name,))
112     time.sleep(random.randint(1,5)) #customers are entering in shop after random seconds from 1 to 5
113     t.start()
114
```

Here Last customer (Mehar Fatima) will enter 1st in the shop because I am using pop() function after appending all customers in customers_list So Mehar Fatima thread will run first then Kinza then Areeba

TEST CASE #1 (INPUTS)

If there are no customers to be served, the barber goes to sleep AND If the barber is asleep, the customer wakes up the barber.

In this case Total seats are 2 and only 1 customer is entering in the barber shop and waiting customer list is empty.

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    global customers_list
    customers_list = []

    barber = Barber()

    barberShop = BarberShop(barber, 2) # 2 Seat
    barberShop.startBarberThread()
    # 1 customers are entering
    customers_list.append(Customer('Areeba Seher'))

    while len(customers_list) > 0:
        c = customers_list.pop()
        #running customer threads here
        t = threading.Thread(target = barberShop.barber_shop_entry, args = (c.name,))
        time.sleep(random.randint(1,5)) #customers are entering in shop after random seconds from 1 to 5
        t.start()
```

TEST CASE #1 OUTPUT

```
Command Prompt - CEP.py
Total seats: 2
Waiting Customers: []
Barber is sleeping and waiting to be wake up by customer
Customer Areeba Seher is entering in the shop and looking for
Customer Areeba Seher finds an empty chair
Customer Areeba Seher wakesup the barber
Customer Areeba Seher sits on waiting chair
Customer Areeba Seher is waiting to be called by barber
Barber calls Areeba Seher for haircut
Barber is cutting hair of Areeba Seher.
Customer Areeba Seher is having haircut
Barber is cutting hair of Areeba Seher.
Customer Areeba Seher is having haircut
Barber is cutting hair of Areeba Seher.
Customer Areeba Seher is having haircut
Areeba Seher is done so leaving barber shop
Barber is sleeping and waiting to be wake up by customer
```

Barber is sleeping
as there are no
customer to be
served in waiting
room

1st customer after
entering in the barber
shop, wake up the
barber

When Customer
Areeba leaves the
shop then there are
no waiting customer
to be served so
barber goes to sleep

TEST CASE # 2 (INPUTS)

If a customer enters the barbershop and all chairs are occupied, then the customer leaves the shop.

Here Total seats are one and 3 customers are entering in shop

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    global customers_list  
    customers_list = []  
  
    barber = Barber()  
  
    barberShop = BarberShop(barber, 1)  
    barberShop.startBarberThread()  
  
    customers_list.append(Customer('Areeba Seher'))  
    customers_list.append(Customer('Kinza Hameed'))  
    customers_list.append(Customer('Meher Fatimah'))  
    #customers_list.append(Customer('Miss Urooj'))  
  
    while len(customers_list) > 0:  
        c = customers_list.pop()  
        t = threading.Thread(target = barber.barber_shop_entry, args = (c.name,))  
        time.sleep(random.randint(1,2))  
        t.start()
```

I am changing time entry of customers into 1 to 2 seconds so we can easily see the customer leaving otherwise if customer will come after a long time so all customers that have come before will have done by freeing the seat so it should be difficult for waiting seats be completely full or our output result should be very large to prove this test case True

customers are entering in shop after random seconds from 1 to 2

TEST CASE # 2 (OUTPUT)

```
Total seats: 1
Barber is sleeping and waiting for customer to wake up
Customer Mehar Fatimah is entering in the shop and looking for empty seats
Customer Mehar Fatimah founds an empty chair
Customer Mehar Fatimah wakesup the barber
Customer Mehar Fatimah sits on waiting chair
Customer Mehar Fatimah is waiting to be called by barber
Barber calls Mehar Fatimah for haircut
Barber is cutting hair of Mehar Fatimah.
Cutomer Mehar Fatimah is having haircut
Customer Kinza Hameed is entering in the shop and looking for empty seats
Customer Kinza Hameed founds an empty chair
Barber is cutting hair of Mehar Fatimah.
Cutomer Mehar Fatimah is having haircut
Customer Kinza Hameed sits on waiting chair
Customer Kinza Hameed is waiting to be called by barber
Customer Areeba Seher is entering in the shop and looking for empty seats
Waiting Room is full. Customer Areeba Seher leaves shop without hair cutting
```

Waiting seats = 0

- Meher comes , sit on w_seat, w_seats = 1
- Meher is in barber room (w_seat = 0)
- Kinza comes, sit on w_seat w_seats = 1
- Areeba Seher comes , w_seat is already 1 so leaving the shop by invoking balk function

TEST CASE # 3

When the barber invokes cutHair, there should be exactly one thread invoking getHairCut concurrently. AND If the barber is busy, but chairs are available, then the customer sits in one of the free chairs.

```
barberShop = BarberShop(barber, 1) # 1 Seat
barberShop.startBarberThread()
# 2 customers are entering
customers_list.append(Customer('Areeba Seher'))
customers_list.append(Customer('Kinza Hameed'))
```

```
class Barber:
    def cut_hair(self, customer):
        for i in range(0,3):
            print("\nBarber is cutting hair of {}".format(customer))
            time.sleep(2)
            print("\n{} is done so leaving barber shop".format(customer))
```

```
class Customer:
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name

    def get_hair_cut(self, customer):
        for i in range(0,3):
            print("\nCustomer {} is having haircut".format(customer))
            time.sleep(2)
```

I am implementing loop in cutHair and getHairCut to check only that whenever barber is invoking cutHair then getHairCut is running concurrently or not

TEST CASE # 3 (OUTPUT)

```
Total seats: 1
Barber is sleeping and waiting for customer to wake up

Customer Kinza Hameed is entering in the shop and looking for empty seat
Customer Kinza Hameed finds an empty chair
Customer Kinza Hameed wakes up the barber
Customer Kinza Hameed sits on waiting chair

Customer Kinza Hameed is waiting to be called by barber
Barber calls Kinza Hameed for haircut

Barber is cutting hair of Kinza Hameed.
Customer Kinza Hameed is having haircut

Customer Areeba Seher is entering in the shop and looking for empty seats
Customer Areeba Seher finds an empty chair
Customer Areeba Seher sits on waiting chair

Customer Areeba Seher is waiting to be called by barber

Barber is cutting hair of Kinza Hameed.
Customer Kinza Hameed is having haircut
Barber is cutting hair of Kinza Hameed.
Customer Kinza Hameed is having haircut
Kinza Hameed is done so leaving barber shop ✓
Barber calls Areeba Seher for haircut
```

Barber is busy with Kinza Hameed
and in between Areeba Seher comes
and found an empty chair in waiting
room so she sits on the chair
AND
cutHair and getHairCut are running
concurrently.

```
Barber calls Areeba Seher for haircut
```

```
Barber is cutting hair of Areeba Seher.
Customer Areeba Seher is having haircut
```

```
Barber is cutting hair of Areeba Seher.
```

```
Customer Areeba Seher is having haircut
```

```
Barber is cutting hair of Areeba Seher.
```

```
Customer Areeba Seher is having haircut
```

```
Areeba Seher is done so leaving barber shop ✓
Barber is sleeping and waiting for customer to wake up
```



THANK YOU