## Day 6: Deployment Preparation and Staging Environment Setup

#### **Objective:**

Day 6 focused on preparing the marketplace application for deployment by setting up a staging environment, configuring the hosting platform, and ensuring the application is ready for a customer-facing release. This step builds upon the testing and optimization efforts from Day 5, ensuring the marketplace runs smoothly in an environment that closely mirrors production.

# **Deployment Strategy Planning**

#### 1. Choosing a Hosting Platform: Vercel (Recommended)

Vercel was selected as the hosting platform due to its seamless integration with Next.js and its automated deployment capabilities.

#### **Key benefits:**

Easy Integration: Native support for Next.js.

**Automatic Deployment:** Projects deploy directly from GitHub with minimal setup.

Scalability: Efficiently handles traffic fluctuations.

Serverless Functions: Enables backend logic execution without server

management.

## 2. Finalizing Application's Interaction with Backend Services

Before deployment, it was crucial to verify seamless integration with backend services like Sanity CMS and third-party APIs.

**Sanity CMS:** Ensured correct content fetching by configuring the Sanity client and API keys properly.

**Third-Party APIs:** Verified API calls work securely, ensuring that sensitive data (e.g., API keys) is managed through environment variables.

# **Professional Environment Types:**

## 1. TRN (Training)

**Purpose:** Used for onboarding new team members and practice.

Key Feature: Helps users get familiar with the system without impacting

active environments.

#### 2. DEV (Development)

**Purpose:** Dedicated environment for developers to write and test code locally.

**Key Feature:** Supports iterative coding and debugging without affecting production systems.

#### 3. SIT (System Integration Testing)

**Purpose:** Validates the integration between different systems and components.

**Key Feature:** Ensures seamless communication and compatibility between subsystems,

## 4. UAT (User Acceptance Testing)

**Purpose:** Allows stakeholders to test application functionality and validate that it meets business requirements.

**Key Feature:** Ensures the system is ready for production deployment by aligning with user expectations.

## 5. PROD (Production)

**Purpose:** The live, customer-facing environment where the application operates for end-users.

**Key Feature:** Ensures high availability, performance, and security for real-world usage.

#### 6. DR (Disaster Recovery)

**Purpose:** Acts as a backup environment for critical situations such as system failures or disasters.

**Key Feature:** Enables quick recovery and minimizes downtime in emergencies.

# **Key Areas of Focus:**

#### 1. Deployment Strategy Planning

Deployed the application on Vercel for staging and production. Integrated with Sanity CMS for dynamic content using tokens and dataset IDs2.

## 2. Environment Variable Configuration.

Stored sensitive data (API keys, tokens) in .env.local file. Configured environment variables securely in Vercel Dashboard for deployment.

## 3. Staging Environment Setup

Deployed the application to Vercel and verified successful deployment. Checked content fetching from Sanity CMS.

Staging Environment Testing

## 4. Staging Environment Testing

Conducted Cypress functional tests, Postman API validation, and Lighthouse performance tests.

Ensured security with HTTPS, proper data handling, and verified responsiveness across devices.

#### 5. Documentation Updates

Created a README.md file with all deployment instructions, configurations, and test results.

Included all reports in the GitHub repository.

# **Steps for Implementation**

## **Step 1: Hosting Platform Setup**

#### **Chosen Platform:**

Vercel was selected for quick and easy deployment.

## **Connect Repository:**

Successfully connected the GitHub repository to Vercel for automatic deployments.

Configured build settings and added the necessary scripts for deployment in the Vercel dashboard.

## **Step 2: Configure Environment Variables**

#### Create.env.local File:

Created the env.local file to store sensitive data like API keys and tokens.

## **Example:**.

```
NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_PROJECT_ID

NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_DATASET

SANITY_API_TOKEN

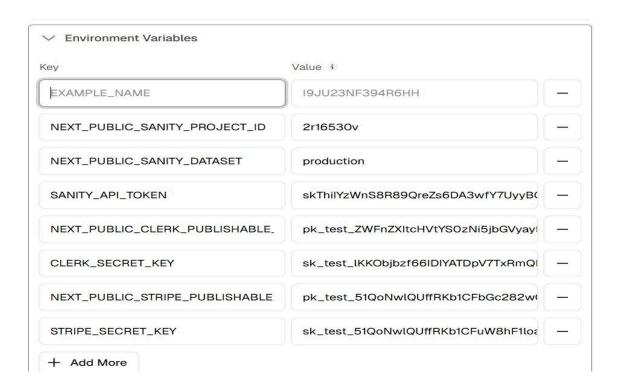
NEXT_PUBLIC_CLERK_PUBLISHABLE_KEY

CLERK_SECRET_KEY

NEXT_PUBLIC_STRIPE_PUBLISHABLE_KEY

STRIPE_SECRET_KEY
```

. Configure Environment Variables in the Hosting Platform for Secure Deployment: After setting up.env files in the development environment, configure these variables in Vervel to ensure secure deployment. This step is crucial for maintaining data security in production.



## **Upload Variables to Vercel**:

Uploaded the environment variables to Vercel using the platform's dashboard for secure handling.

#### **Step 3: Deploy to Staging**

#### **Deploy Application:**

Deployed the application to Vercel's staging environment for testing.

#### Validate Deployment:

- . Ensured the deployment build completed without errors.
- .Verified that the application was loading correctly, and all content was fetched properly from Sanity CMS.

## **Step 4: Staging Environment Testing**

## 1. Testing Types

## Functional Testing:

Verified the following features:

- .Product Listing: Ensured all products were listed correctly,
- **.Test API Error Handling:**Verify the system's response to invalid API requests and ensure proper error messages are displayed.
- **.Check Cart Functionality:**Ensure items can be added, removed, and updated in the cart, and verify price calculations.
- **.Test Form Validation:**Check input fields for correct validation, error messages, and required field restrictions.

**Verify Order Placement:** Ensure the order process works smoothly by testing payment, order confirmation, and notifications.

**Verify HTTPS Connection:**Ensure all pages load securely over HTTPS, checking for valid SSL certificates and mixed content issues.

#### **Performance Testing:**

- .Used Lighthouse and GTmetrix to analyze the performance, speed, and responsiveness of the application.
- .Ensured the application was optimized for various devices, screen sizes, and network conditions to deliver a smooth user experience.

## **Security Testing:**

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- .Validated input fields to ensure they were protected from vulnerabilities such as SQL injection and other malicious attacks.
- .Ensured HTTPS was enabled for secure communication between the client and server.
- .Verified that sensitive data, including API keys and user credentials, was transmitted securely and stored safely to avoid any data breaches.

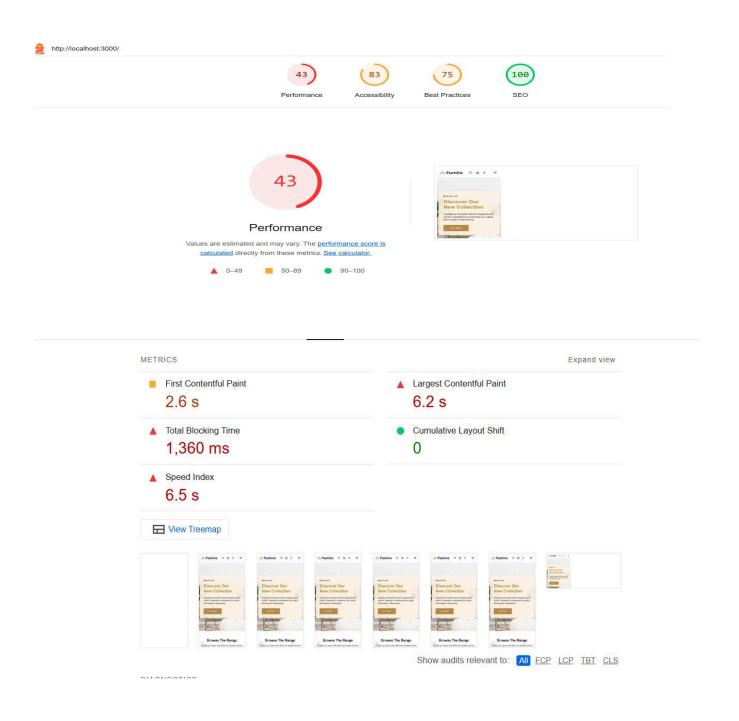
# 2. Test Case Reporting.

#### - : × ✓ fx Н 1 Test Case ID Description **Expected Result Actual Result** Status Remarks 3 TC001 Validate product listing Open shop page > Verify products Products displayed Products displayed Passed No issues found 4 TC002 Test API error handling Disconnect API > Refresh page Show fall back message Test API error handling Handled gracefully 5 TC003 Check cart functionality Check cart functionality Add item to cart > Verify cart Cart Update correctly Passed Works as expected Test form validation Submit form with empty fields 6 TC004 Test form validation Display error message Failed Missing validation check Verify HTTPS connection Verify HTTPS connection Open site > Check HTTPS status HTTPS enabled Passed Secure connection 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

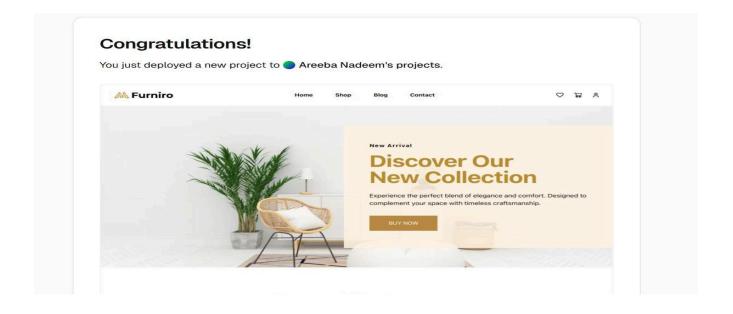
## **CSV Table**

# 3. Performance Testing

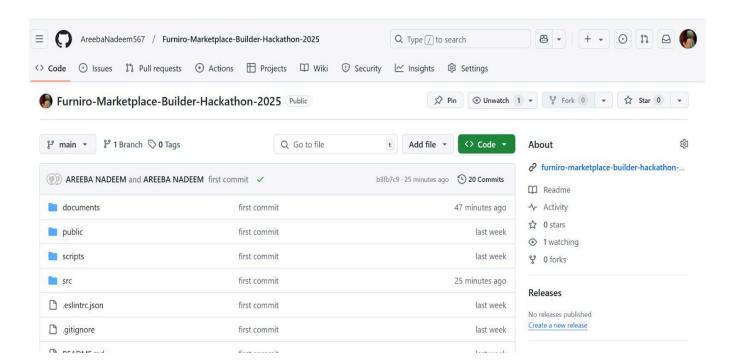
Here is performance report generate by lighthouse tools;



## **Vercel**



## **Github**



## **Conclusion for Deployment Preparatio and Staging Step:**

Day 6 focused on setting up a staging environment for deployment, including configuring environment variables, testing functionality, and updating documentation. This ensures a smooth and secure transition to the live platform, minimizing risks and enhancing readiness for production.

