

# Assignment 03 SGD

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CSE IIIA

Simple linear regression model  
using Stochastic Gradient Descent Optimizer ①

Sample(i)	$X_i^a$	$Y_i^a$
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8
3	0.6	4.2
4	0.8	4.6

} 2 samples

Manual calculations for 2 iterations with 1st  
two samples

Step 1:  $m=1$ ,  $c=-1$ ,  $\eta=0.01$ , epochs=2 iter=0  
 $ns=42$

Step 2: iter = iter + 1 = 1

Step 3: sample = 1

Step 4:  $E = \frac{1}{2(1)} (y_i - mx_i - c)^2$

Gradient w.r.to model parameters

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - mx_i - c)$$

$$= -(3.4 - (1)(0.2) - (-1))$$

$$= -(3.4 - 0.2 + 1) = -4.2$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_i - mx_i - c)x_i$$

$$= -(4.2)(0.2) = -0.84$$

$$\text{step 5: } \Delta m = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial m}$$

$$= -(0.01) \times (-0.84)$$

$$\Delta m = 0.0084$$

$$\Delta c = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial c}$$

$$\Delta c = -(0.01)(-4.2) = 0.042$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{step 6: } m &= m + \Delta m \\ &= 1 + 0.084 \\ &= 1.084 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c &= c + \Delta c \\ &= -1 + 0.042 \\ &= -0.958 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{step 7: } \text{sample} &= \text{sample} + 1 \\ \text{sample} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{step 8 } \text{if}(\text{sample} > \text{ns}) \\ 2 > 2 \times \\ \text{goto step 4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{step 4 } \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_i - mx_i - c)x_i$$

$$= -(3.8 - (0.4) + 1)(0.4)$$

$$= -(4.4)(0.4) = \underline{-1.76}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - mx_i - c)$$

$$= -(3.8 - (0.4) + 1)$$

$$= \underline{-4.4}$$

} sample 2  
y2 & x2

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Step 5:  $\Delta m = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial m}$   
 $= -0.01(-1.76)$   
 $= \underline{0.0176}$

$\Delta C = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial C}$   
 $= -(0.01)(-4.4)$   
 $= \underline{0.044}$

Step 6:  $m = m + \Delta m$   
 $= 1.084 + 0.0176$   
 $m = \underline{1.10176}$

$C = C + \Delta C$   
 $= -0.951 + 0.044$   
 $C = \underline{-0.907}$

Step 7:  $sample = sample + 1$   
 $= 3$

Step 8: if ( $sample > ns$ )  
 $3 > 2 \checkmark$   
 go to step 9

Step 9:  $iter = iter + 1 = 2$

Step 10: if ( $iter > epoch$ )  
 $2 > 2 \times$   
 go to step 2

Step 2:  $iter = iter + 1 = 3$

Step 3:  $sample = 1$

Step 4:  $\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_1 - mx_1 - c)x_1$   
 $= -(3.4 - (1.10176)(0.2) + 0.914)(0.2)$   
 $= \underline{-0.8187}$



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_i - mx_i - c)$$

$$= -4.0936$$

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step 5:  $\Delta m = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial m}$

$$= -0.01(-0.8187)$$

$$\Delta m = 0.008187$$

$$\Delta c = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial c}$$

$$= -0.01(-4.0936)$$

$$\Delta c = 0.0409$$

step 6:  $m = m + \Delta m$

$$= 1.1016 + 0.00818$$

$$m = 1.10978$$

$$c = c + \Delta c$$

$$= -0.914 + 0.0409$$

$$c = -0.8730$$

step 7: sample = sample + 1

$$= 2$$

step 8: if (sample > ns)

$$2 > 2 \times$$

go to step 3

step 3: sample = 2

step 4  $\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(y_2 - mx_2 - c)x_2$

$$= -(0.8 - (1.1097)(0.4) + 0.8730)(0.4)$$

$$= -1.6916$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(y_2 - mx_2 - c)$$

$$= -4.229$$



steps:  $\Delta m = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial m}$   
 $= -(0.01)(-1.6916)$   
 $= 0.0169$

steps  $m = m + \Delta m$   
 $= 1.10978 + 0.0169$   
 $m = 1.1266$

step 7  $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 = 3$

step 8 if ( $\text{sample} > \text{ns}$ )  
 $3 > 2 \checkmark$   
 goto next step

step 9  $\text{iter} = 2 + 1 = 3$

step 10 if ( $\text{iter} > \text{epoch}$ )  
 $3 > 2 \checkmark$   
 break (next step)

step 11: Optimal values  
 $m, c$

$m = 1.1266$   
 $c = -0.8308$

$\Delta c = -\eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial c}$   
 $= -(0.01)(-4.229)$   
 $= 0.0422$

$c = c + \Delta c$   
 $= -0.8730 + 0.0422$   
 $c = -0.8308$