# Development of a Closed Loop FMCW Radar Device to Extract Biometric Data for Security and Irregularity Detection

Dr. Qiuye He / Areesh Sobhani 6/22/25

## Targeted Problem Statement / Hypothesis

#### **Problem:**

Decreasing processing time in biometric extraction from raw radar data while keeping signal integrity and security over wireless transmission

#### **Hypothesis:**

Implementing alternative transform methods can help to decrease processing times and ease data transmission and compression

Q1 - How can alternative transform methods be tested against each other and implemented to increase computation speed and accuracy?

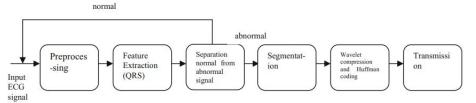
<u>Time Frequency Analysis of Wavelet and Fourier Transform - Jarlton Wirsing</u>
(2020)

- Fourier Transform and its derivations are limited by lack of account for local features and frequency variation
- Wavelet Transform scales in time and frequency inversely
  - Many biometric signals (Heart Rate, Respiratory Function, etc.) are inconsistent in pulse rate and frequency
  - Available MATLAB implementation allows for easy testing

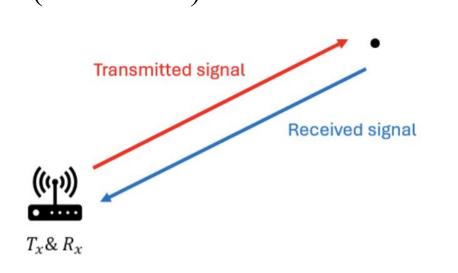
## Q2 - How can radar-extracted biometric data be compressed and encrypted for secure transfer and storage?

Compression and Encryption of ECG Signal Using Wavelt and Chaotically Huffman Code in Telemedicine Application

- Huffman encoding is a data compression technique done by creating binary trees based on symbol frequency
  - Higher frequency -> shorter code
- Considers huffman data compression of wavelet transformed-ECG data
  - Useful reference considering the use of wavelet transform and data transmission on health-rate data specifically



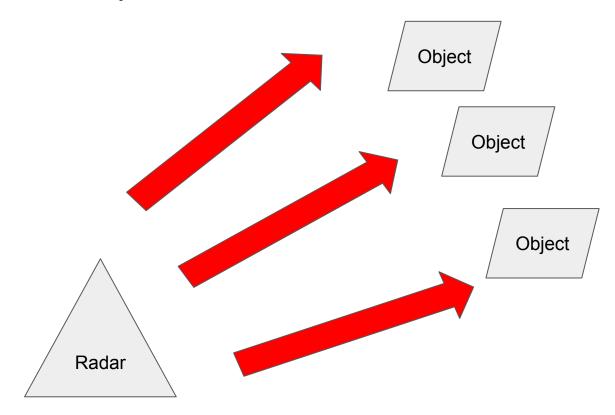
## High-Level Proposed Approach / Experimental Design (Simulation)



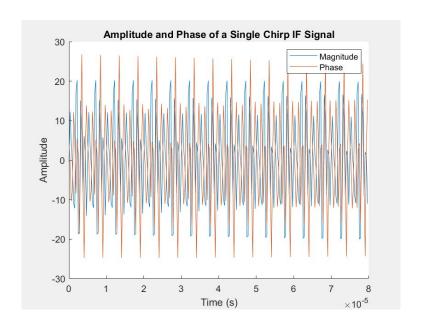
TX Chirp
$$S_{tx}(t) = \exp\left[j2\pi\left(f_c t + \frac{1}{2}\mu t^2\right)\right]$$

RX Chirp
$$S_{rx}(t) = \alpha \cdot \exp \left[ j2\pi \left( (f_c - f_d)(t - \tau) + \frac{1}{2}\mu(t - \tau)^2 \right) + \frac{\omega_x}{2} \right]$$

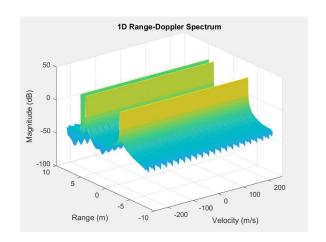
## Simulation setup

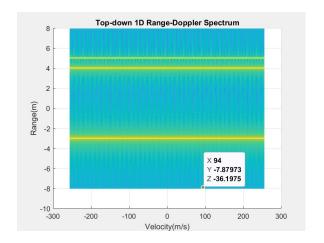


# Simulation Processing and Intermediary Results

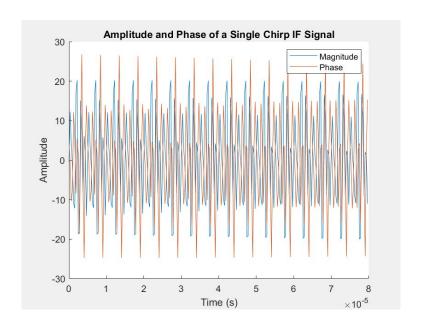




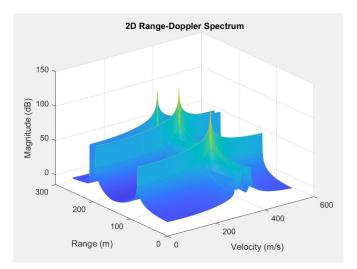


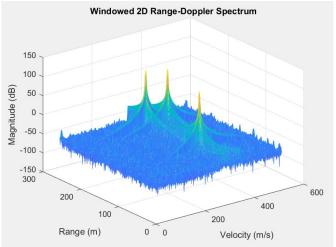


# Simulation Processing and Intermediary Results









### Future Experimental Design

- Finish base signal decomposition algorithm
- Optimization of computation speed and accuracy
  - Test Fourier vs. Wavelet Transform
  - Potential use of Quantum Fast Fourier Transform (QFFT)?
- Testing on best encryption/transmission/storage methods to ensure security and persistence of necessary features
- Neural network for irregularity detection?

#### References

Rao, S. (n.d.). *Introduction to mmwave Sensing: FMCW Radars*. Texas Instruments. https://www.ti.com/content/dam/videos/external-videos/en-us/2/3816841626001/5415 203482001.mp4/subassets/mmwaveSensing-FMCW-offlineviewing\_0.pdf

Raeiatibanadkooki, M., Quchani, S. R., KhalilZade, M., & Bahaadinbeigy, K. (2016, January 16). Compression and encryption of ECG signal using wavelet and chaotically Huffman code in Telemedicine Application - Journal of Medical Systems. SpringerLink. https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10916-016-0433-5

Wirsing, K. (2020, November 18). *Time frequency analysis of wavelet and Fourier transform*. IntechOpen. https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/74096