

## Exercises for seminar

- 1) For each of the following languages, construct a DFA that accepts the language:
  - (a) The set of binary strings beginning with 010.
  - (b) The set of binary strings ending with 101.
  - (c) The set of binary strings beginning with 10 and ending with 01.
  - (d) The set of binary strings having a substring 010 or 101.
  - (e) The set of binary strings in which the last five symbols contain at most three 0's.
  - (f) The set of binary strings  $w$  in which  $\#_1(w) + 2\#_0(w)$  is divisible by 5, where  $\#_a(w)$  is the number of occurrences of the symbol  $a$  in string  $w$ .
  - (g) The set of strings over the alphabet  $\{1,2,3\}$  in which the sum of all symbols is divisible by 5.
  - (h) The set of strings over the alphabet  $\{0,1,2\}$  which are the ternary expansions (base-3 representations) of positive integers which are congruent to 2 modulo 7.
  - (i) The set of binary strings in which every block of four symbols contains at least two 0's.
  - (j) The set of binary strings in which every substrings 010 is followed immediately by substring 111.
- 2) For each of the following languages, use the product automaton method to construct a DFA that accepts the languages:
  - (a) The set of binary strings beginning with 010 or ending with 101.
  - (b) The set of binary strings having a substring 010 but not having a substring 101.
  - (c) The set of binary strings beginning with 010, ending with 101 and having a substring 0000.
- 3) For each of the following languages, use the checker method to construct a DFA that accepts the languages:
  - (a) The set of all binary strings having a substring 00 or ending with 01.
  - (b) The set of all binary strings having a substring 00 but not ending with 01.
  - (c) The set of binary strings beginning with 010 or ending with 101.
  - (d) The set of binary strings beginning with 010, ending with 101 and having a substring 0000.