Table 1: SPIM system calls

Call	Service	Arguments	Returns	Notes
code				
(\$v0)				
1	Print integer	\$a0 = value to	-	value is signed
		print		
4	Print string	a0 = address	-	string must
		of string to		be terminated
		print		with $'\0'$
5	Input integer	-	v0 = entered	value is signed
			integer	
8	Input string	a0 = address	_	returns if
		to store string		\$a1-1 charac-
		at		ters or Enter
		\$a1 = max-		typed, the
		imum number		string is ter-
		of chars		minated with
				,/0,
9	Allocate	\$a0 = number	v0 = address	-
	memory	of bytes	of first byte	
10	Exit	-	-	ends simula-
				tion

Table 2: General-purpose registers

Number	Name	Purpose
R00	\$zero	provides constant zero
R01	\$at	reserved for assembler
R02, R03	\$v0, \$v1	system call code, return value
R04-R07	\$a0\$a3	system call and function arguments
R08-R15	\$t0\$t7	temporary storage (caller-saved)
R16-R23	\$s0\$s7	temporary storage (callee-saved)
R24, R25	\$t8, \$t9	temporary storage (caller-saved)
R26, R27	\$k0, \$k1	reserved for kernel code
R28	\$gp	pointer to global area
R29	\$sp	stack pointer
R30	\$fp	frame pointer
R31	\$ra	return address

Table 3: Assembler directives

.data	assemble into data segment
.text	assemble into text (code) segment
.byte b1[, b2,]	allocate byte(s), with initial value(s)
.half h1[, h2,]	allocate halfword(s), with initial value(s)
.word w1[, w2,]	allocate word(s) with initial value(s)
.space n	allocate n bytes of uninitialized, unaligned space
.align n	align the next item to a 2 <sup>n</sup> -byte boundary
.ascii "string"	allocate ASCII string, do not terminate
.asciiz "string"	allocate ASCII string, terminate with '\0'

Table 4: Function calling convention

On function call:

Caller:	Callee:
saves temporary registers on stack	saves \$ra and \$fp on stack
passes arguments on stack	copies \$sp to \$fp
calls function using jal fn_label	allocates local variables on stack

On function return:

Callee:	Caller:
sets \$v0 to return value	clears arguments off stack
clears local variables off stack	restores temporary registers off stack
restores saved \$fp and \$ra off stack	uses return value in \$v0
returns to caller with jr \$ra	

Table 5: Instruction Set

A partial instruction set is on the next page. The following conventions apply.

## Instruction Format

Src2; source operand - may be an immediate value or a register value

Rdest: destination, must be a register

 $\mathbf{Imm} :$  Immediate value, may be 32 or 16 bits

Imm16: Immediate 16-bit value

**Addr:** Address in the form: offset(Rsrc) ie. absolute address = Rsrc + offset

label: label of an instruction

 $\star :$  pseudoinstruction

<u>Immediate Form</u> -: no immediate form, or this is the immediate form

 $\star$ : immediate form synthesized as pseduoinstruction

Unsigned form (append 'u' to instruction name):

- : no unsigned form, or this is the unsigned form

Table 6: MIPS instruction set

T	7.5		T 1.	TT 1 1 C ( )
Instruction format	Meaning	Operation	Immediate	Unsigned form(u)
			form	
add Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Add	Rdest = Rsrc1 + Rsrc2	addi	no overflow trap
sub Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Subtract	Rdest = Rsrc1 - Rsrc2	*	no overflow trap
mul Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 *	Multiply	Rdest = Rsrc1 * Rsrc2	*	unsigned operands
mulo Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 *	Multiply	Rdest = Rsrc1 * Rsrc2	*	unsigned operands
maio reacest, resion, resion	(with 32-bit overflow)	100000 100101 100102	^	aneigned operands
mult Danel Danel	,	III.I a Dana1 * Dana9		unaimod an ananda
mult Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Multiply	Hi:Lo = Rsrc1 * Rsrc2	-	unsigned operands
	(machine instruction)			
div Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 $\star$	Divide	Rdest=Rsrc1/Rsrc2	*	unsigned operands
div Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Divide	Lo = Rsrc1/Rsrc2;	-	unsigned operands
	(machine instruction)	Hi = Rsrc1 % Rsrc2		
rem Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2 *	Remainder	Rdest = Rsrc1 % Rsrc2	*	unsigned operands
neg Rdest, Rsrc ⋆	Negate	Rdest = -Rsrc1	_	no overflow trap
and Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Bitwise AND	Rdest = Rsrc1 & Rsrc2	andi	-
or Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Bitwise OR	$Rdest = Rsrc1 \mid Rsrc2$	ori .	-
xor Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Bitwise XOR	$Rdest = Rsrc1 \wedge Rsrc2$	xori	-
nor Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Bitwise NOR	$Rdest = \sim (Rsrc1 \mid Rsrc2)$	*	-
not Rdest, Rsrc $\star$	Bitwise NOT	$Rdest = \sim (Rsrc)$	_	-
sll Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Shift Left Logical	Rdest = Rsrc1 << Rsrc2	-	-
srl Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Shift Right Logical	Rdest = Rsrc1 >> Rsrc2	_	_
	Dogram	(MSB=0)		
and Delegt Danel Danel	Chift Dight Agithmetic	Rdest = Rsrc1 >> Rsrc2		
sra Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Shift Right Arithmetic		-	-
		(MSB preserved)		
move Rdest, Rsrc $\star$	Move	Rdest=Rsrc	-	-
mfhi Rdest	Move from Hi	Rdest = Hi	-	-
mflo Rdest	Move from Lo	Rdest = Lo	_	-
li Rdest, Imm *	Load immediate	Rdest=Imm	_	-
lui Rdest, Imm16	Load upper immediate	Rdest=Imm16 << Imm	_	_
la Rdest, Addr(or label) *	Load Address	Rdest=Addr	_	_
la Ruest, Addi (or label) *	Load Address		_	-
	T 11	(or Rdest=label)		. 1 1 .
lb Rdest, Addr (or label $\star$ )	Load byte	Rdest = mem8[Addr]	-	zero-extends data
$ $ lh Rdest, Addr (or label $\star$ )	Load halfword	Rdest = mem16[Addr]	-	zero-extends data
$ $ lw Rdest, Addr (or label $\star$ )	Load word	Rdest = mem32[Addr]	-	-
sb Rsrc2, Addr (or label $\star$ )	Store byte	mem8[Addr] = Rsrc2	-	-
sh Rsrc2, Addr (or label *)	Store halfword	mem16[Addr] = Rsrc2	_	_
sw Rsrc2, Addr (or label *)	Store word	mem32[Addr] = Rsrc2	_	_
beq Rsrc1, Rsrc2, label	Branch if equal	if (Rsrc1 == Rsrc2)		
bed fisici, fisicz, label	Dranch ii equal	PC = label	*	-
,				
bne Rsrc1, Rsrc2, label	Branch if not equal	if $(Rsrc1 != Rsrc2)$	*	-
		PC = label		
blt Rsrc1, Rsrc2, label $\star$	Branch if less than	if $(Rsrc1 < Rsrc2)$	*	unsigned operands
		PC = label		_
ble Rsrc1, Rsrc2, label ⋆	Branch if less than or equal	if $(Rsrc1 \le Rsrc2)$	*	unsigned operands
	l loss than or equal	PC = label		
hat Rerel Parel label	Branch if greater than			unsigned operands
bgt Rsrc1, Rsrc2, label $\star$	Dianch ii greater than	$\inf \left( \text{Rsrc1} > \text{Rsrc2} \right)$	*	unsigned operands
	D 1 10	PC = label		
bge Rsrc1, Rsrc2, label $\star$	Branch if greater than or	if $(Rsrc1 >= Rsrc2)$	*	unsigned operands
	equal	PC = label		
slt Rdest, Rsrc1, Rsrc2	Set if less than	if $(Rsrc1 < Rsrc2)$	slti	unsigned operands
		Rdest=1		_
		else Rdest=0		
j label	Jump	PC = label	_	-
~	-		_	
jal label	Jump and link	\$ra = PC + 4;	-	-
		PC = label		
jr Rsrc	Jump register	PC = Rsrc	-	-
jalr Rsrc	Jump and link register	ra = PC + 4;	-	-
		i e		
		PC = Rsrc		
syscall	System call	PC = Rsrc depends on call code in \$v0	-	-