SMS Spam Classification using Markov Chains and Bayes Theorem

Task Overview

Implement a spam classifier that combines Markov chains with Bayes' theorem to identify spam SMS messages using spam.csv dataset.

Dataset

- File name: spam.csv
- Contains two columns:
 - o 'label': marks if message is 'spam' or 'ham'
 - o 'message': contains the SMS text

Bayes' Theorem Application

For a message M, we calculate P(spam|M) using Bayes' theorem:

$$P(spam|M) = P(M|spam)P(spam) / P(M)$$

Breaking this down:

1. Prior Probability (in log space):

2. Likelihood P(M|spam) for message M = [word₁, word₂, ..., word□]:

$$log P(M|spam) = log P(word\cdot|spam) + # Initial probability$$

log P(word2|word1) + # First transition

log P(word3|word2) + # Second transition

... # Remaining transitions

$$\log p(s_{1...T}) = \log \pi_{s_1} + \sum_{t=2}^{T} \log A_{s_{t-1}, s_t}$$

- 3. Final Classification:
 - Calculate log P(spam|M) = log P(M|spam) + log P(spam)
 - Calculate log P(ham|M) = log P(M|ham) + log P(ham)
 - Compare: if log P(spam|M) > log P(ham|M), classify as spam

Required Formulas

1. Initial State Probabilities:

$$\hat{\pi}_i = \frac{count(s_1 = i) + \varepsilon}{N + \varepsilon M}$$

2. Transition Probabilities:

$$\hat{A}_{ij} = \frac{count(i \to j) + \varepsilon}{count(i) + \varepsilon M}$$

Implementation Steps

- 1. Data Processing:
 - Load spam.csv
 - Split into train (80%) and test (20%)
 - Preprocess messages (lowercase, basic cleaning)
- 2. Training:
 - Calculate log prior probabilities P(spam) and P(ham)
 - o Build vocabulary for spam and ham
 - o Compute initial state probabilities
 - Compute transition probabilities
- 3. Prediction: For each message:
 - Calculate log P(M|spam):
 - Add log of initial probability for first word
 - Add log of transition probabilities for each word pair
 - Add log prior P(spam)
 - Calculate log P(M|ham) similarly
 - Compare and classify
- 4. Evaluation:
 - Calculate accuracy on test set