## NBA Data Description

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#### Data Set Description:

- Obtained from the Kaggle Dataset NBA Boxscore Season 2023 / 2024 by Alberto Filosa<sup>1</sup>
- There are 30 columns and 32,385 rows. 7 columns are identifiers, 1 column is a row index, 2 are characteristic and comment columns, and then we have 20 numerical statistic columns.
- Each row significes a unique tuple of (game, player), that is to say there is a row for stats of each player in every game.
- There are 1230 unique games, 30 unique teams, and 586 unique players.
- There are 5984 rows where all the columns are NA due to the player being out for some reason listed in the comments. No missing values in identifiers.
- Presumably, missing values in the starting position column refer to a non-starter player.

Variable	Description
GAME_ID	Unique Identifier of the Game.
${f TEAM\_ID}$	Unique Identifier of the Team. For Each
	GAME_ID there are only two TEAM_ID.
PLAYER_ID	Unique Identifier of the Player.
FGA	Number of Field Goals (both 2 and 3 Points)
	Attempted by the player in the game.
$FG\_PCT$	Percentage of Field Goals (both 2 and 3
	Points) by the player in the game.
FG3A	Number of 3 Points Attempted by the player
	in the game.
FG3_PCT	Percentage of 3 Points by the player in the
	game.
REB	Number of Total Rebounds (Defensive and
	Offensive Rebounds) reached by the player in
	the single game.
AST	Number of Assists done by the player in the
	single game.
PTS	Number of Points done by the player in the
	single game.

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{NBA}$ Box<br/>score - Season 2023 / 2024 by Alberto Filosa, https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/albi<br/>9702/nba-boxscore-season-2023-2024?<br/>resource=download

### Prior Analysis on this dataset

- There appears to be one analysis submitted for this Kaggle dataset, Done by Adam Briggs, they seem to have done mostly visuals and descriptive statistics, looking at best player on the team, and top performing player in various metrics.
- Basketball analytics is a very common field though, and there are entire websites dedictated to it such as one by Evan Miyakawa who launched their website as part of a PhD program with Baylor. Usually, analytics attempt to gain an edge in the industry by identifying undervalued players or by predicting the outcomes of games.

#### Important notes

- Missing data sampling can be done on games where the player did not play, using priors to consider the effect of previous games and the team.
- Data Analysis is on the raw data. We will be focusing on starting players.

CRAIGS NOTE: Subset data on starters only.

Variable	Missing	Mean	SD
FGM	5984	3.9293587	3.3439750
FGA	5984	8.2838150	6.1805425
$FG\_PCT$	5984	0.4357238	0.2575751
FG3M	5984	1.1961289	1.4920045
FG3A	5984	3.2708988	3.0544958
FG3_PCT	5984	0.2652122	0.2935922
FTM	5984	1.5871747	2.2993709
FTA	5984	2.0237870	2.7521415
$FT\_PCT$	5984	0.4147268	0.4360879
OREB	5984	0.9834097	1.3558059
DREB	5984	3.0737093	2.7192395
REB	5984	4.0571190	3.4697167
AST	5984	2.4852089	2.6629506
STL	5984	0.6964509	0.9364132
BLK	5984	0.4790728	0.8562756
TO	5984	1.2020378	1.3692280
PF	5984	1.7451612	1.4508807
PTS	5984	10.6420211	8.9838865
PLUS_MINUS	5984	0.0000000	11.5901277

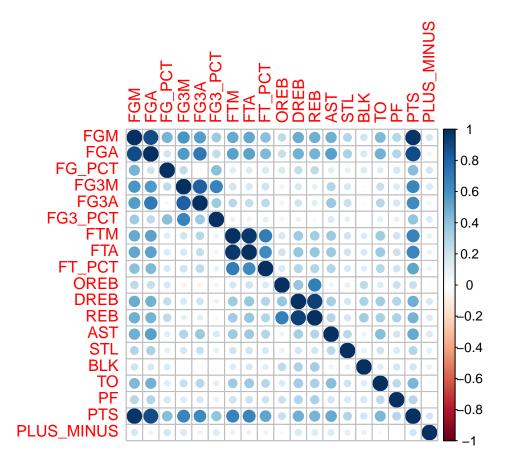
#### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

- Most of the numeric fields are right skewed
- FGA follows a binomial but with a heavier right tail

#### library(corrplot)

## corrplot 0.95 loaded

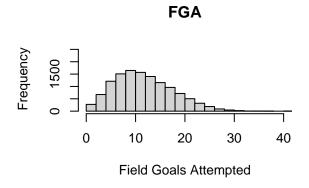
```
# Comes out as all NAs for some reason
no_na_numerics_tbl = na.omit(original_tbl[,12:30])
correlation = cor(no_na_numerics_tbl, method = "pearson")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
corrplot(correlation) # colorful number
```

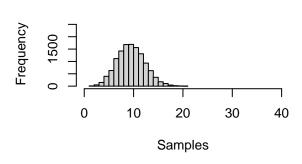


#### Sampling models

• Two variables of interest to predict are Field Goal Attempts and Field Goal Percent. Given below, we will attempt to model these with the beta and binomial respectively.

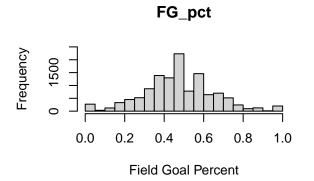
```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
y1 = 2600
hist(original_tbl$FGA[original_tbl$START_POSITION != ""], breaks = 20, xlim=c(0,40), ylim = c(0, y1), m
hist(rbinom(12300, 50, 0.2), xlim=c(0,40), ylim = c(0, y1), main="Binom(50, 0.2) Approx", xlab= "Sampl
y2 = 2500
hist(original_tbl$FG_PCT[original_tbl$START_POSITION != ""], breaks = 20, ylim=c(0, y2), main="FG_pct",
hist(rbeta(12300, 7, 7), xlim=c(0,1), ylim=c(0, y2), main="Beta(7,7) Approx", xlab= "Samples")
```

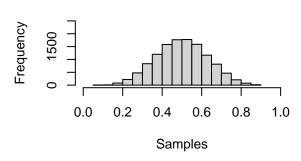




Binom(50, 0.2) Approx

Beta(7,7) Approx





# Appendix

Variable	Description
GAME_ID TEAM_ID	Unique Identifier of the Game. Unique Identifier of the Team. For Each GAME ID there are only two TEAM ID.
TEAM_ABBREVIATION	Abbreviation of the Team (e.g. GWS - Golden State Warriors).
TEAM_CITY	NA
PLAYER_ID PLAYER_NAME	Unique Identifier of the Player. Complete Name (Name and Surname) of the
I LATEIL_NAME	Player who played the game.
NICKNAME	Nickname of the Player who played the game.
START_POSITION	Position in which the player started the game
COMMENIE	(If populated, the player started the game).
COMMENT MIN	NA Number of minutes in which the player
IVIII	played the game.
FGM	Number of Field Goals (both 2 and 3 Points)
FGA	Made by the player in the game. Number of Field Goals (both 2 and 3 Points)
FG_PCT	Attempted by the player in the game. Percentage of Field Goals (both 2 and 3
FG3M	Points) by the player in the game.  Number of 3 Points Made by the player in
FG3A	the game.  Number of 3 Points Attempted by the player in the game.
FG3_PCT	Percentage of 3 Points by the player in the
FTM	game. Number of Free Throws Made by the player
FTA	in the game.  Number of Free Throws Attempted Made by
FIA	the player in the game.
$FT\_PCT$	Percentage of Free Throws by the player in
	the game.
OREB	Number of Offensive Rebounds reached by
DREB	the player in the single game.  Number of Defensive Rebounds reached by
	the player in the single game.
REB	Number of Total Rebounds (Defensive and
	Offensive Rebounds) reached by the player in
AST	the single game.  Number of Assists done by the player in the
ADI	single game.
STL	Number of Steals done by the player in the
	single game.
BLK	Number of Blocks done by the player in the
то	single game.  Number of Turnovers done by the player in
	the single game.

Variable	Description
PF	Number of Personal Fouls done by the player in the single game.
PTS	Number of Points done by the player in the single game.
PLUS_MINUS	Number of Plus Minus done by the player in the single game.