$$2x^{3x+4}$$

subscripts

$$x_{1_{2}}$$

$$a_0, a_1, \cdots a_n$$

$$a_0, a_1, \dots a_n$$

Greek letters

 π

 α

Trig functions

$$y = \sin x$$

$$y = \arccos x$$

Log functions

$$y = \log x$$

$$y = \log_5 x$$

$$y = \ln x$$

Roots

$$\sqrt{100}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{100}$$

$$\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}$$

Fractions

$$\frac{3}{7}$$

About $\frac{3}{7}$ is for tax. About $\frac{3}{7}$ is for tax.

About $\frac{3}{7}$ is for tax.(Vertial space)

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{x+3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{x}}$$

Brackets

The set A is defined as $\{1,2,3\}$

To make brackets automatically fit the size of the elements inside, use $\$ left and $\$ right

$$4\left(\frac{1}{x+\frac{2}{3}}\right)$$
$$4\left(\frac{1}{x+\frac{2}{3}}\right)$$
$$4\left(\frac{1}{x+\frac{2}{3}}\right)$$

But \left and \right must be in pairs, to hide one of them, use \((left/right)\).

$$\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=1}$$

Equations

$$4x - 12 = x + 3 \tag{1}$$

$$3x = 15 \tag{2}$$

$$x = 5 \tag{3}$$

$$=2+3\tag{4}$$

no line number

$$4x - 12 = x + 3$$
$$3x = 15$$
$$x = 5$$
$$= 2 + 3$$