Working with Crazyflies on Ubuntu

Running Crazyflie program: \$ python3 -m cfclient.gui

Crazyflie tutorial:

Communication radio://0/80/2M/E7E7E7E7E7.

Crazyradio PA

- Crazyradio Real-Time Protocol (CRTP) Unique URI
 - Medium: Which radio you are using
 - Channel: 10-120
 - Communication Speed: bits per second
 - Address: of the individual Crazyflie drone

Broadcast to multiple Crazyflies

- Sure, as long as you are on the same channel.

Internal Measurement Unit (IMU):
Accelerometers: Acceleration in x,y,z

Gyroscope: Angular movement

Pressure Sensor: Used for height estimation

(barometer is off by default)

Crazyflie can carry 15 grams maximum.
Flow deck can fly up to 4 meters or 13 feet.
Flow deck has a 30x30 pixel camera to detect pixel flow
4.2 degree field of view
Crazyflie's initial coordinates are wherever the Crazyflie starts.

Swarm control:
Broadcasting

- Messages with no return expected Multiple Crazyflies per Crazyradio Use same channel Can not send specific trajectories at each time step Crazyflies need to do more themselves

Flashing multiple Crazyflies

- Bit off-topic but this will need to be done in advance.
- Go to examples/demos/swarm demo
- Don't forget to put in geometry!
 - o Maybe this shifted during setting up
- Use the .sh script for flashing all of them
 - o ./cload all.sh

Crazyflie Movement:

With SyncCrazyflie(URI) as scf:
 With MotionCommander(scf) as mc:

When using the flow deck for localization:

The drone will maintain height relative to what is underneath the flow deck. The flow deck has trouble maintaining stability when moving fast especially in circles.

https://www.bitcraze.io/documentation/repository/crazyflie-libpython/master/api/cflib/positioning/motion commander/

MotionCommander(crazyflie, default height=0.3)

Immediately take off at default_height (meters) and enable movement commands.

Parameters:

- crazyflie: a Crazyflie or SyncCrazyflie instance
- default height: The default height to fly at

Class variables

- RATE
- VELOCITY

Basic movement:

def move_disntance(self, distance_x_m, distance_y_m, distance_z_m,
velocity=0.2)

Move in a straight line. (+) X is forward (+) Y is left (+) Z is up.

- distance x m: The distance to travel along the X-axis (meters)
- distance y m: The distance to travel along the Y-axis (meters)
- distance z m: The distance to travel along the Z-axis (meters)
- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

def start_linear_motion(self, velocity_x_m, velocity_y_m,
velocity z m, rate yaw=0.0)

Start a linear motion with an optional yaw rate input. This function returns immediately.

- velocity x m: The velocity along the X-axis (meters/second)
- velocity y m: The velocity along the Y-axis (meters/second)
- velocity z m: The velocity along the Z-axis (meters/second)
- rate yaw: The angular rate (degrees/second)

Start/stop:

def take off(self, height=None, velocity=0.2)

Tekes off, that is starts the motors, goes straight up and hovers. Do not call this function if you use the keyword. Take off is done automatically when the context is created.

- height: The height (meters) to hover at. None uses the default height set when constructed.
- velocity: The velocity (meters/second) when taking off

def stop(self)

Stop any motion and hover.

def land(self, velocity=0.2)

Go straight down and turn off the motors.

Do not call this function if you use the with keyword. Landing is done automatically when the context goes out of scope.

- velocity: The velocity (meters/second) when going down

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Move up/down:
def up(self, distance m, velocity=0.2)
Go up
   - distance m: The distance to travel (meters)
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
def start up(self, velocity=0.2)
Start moving up. This function returns immediately.
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
def down(self, distance m, velocity=0.2)
Go down
  - distance m: The distance to travel (meters)
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
def start down(self, velocity=0.2)
Start moving down. This function returns immediately.
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
Move forward/back:
def forward(self, distance m, velocity=0.2)
Go forward
   - distance m: The distance to travel (meters)
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
def start forward(self, velocity=0.2)
Start moving forward. This function return immediately.
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
def back(self, distance m, velocity=0.2)
Go backwards
   - distance m: The distance to travel (meters)
   - velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)
def start back(self, velocity=0.2)
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Start moving backwards. This function returns immediately.
- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

Left movements: def left(self, distance m, velocity=0.2) Go left

- distance m: The distance to travel (meters)

- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

def start left(self, velocity=0.2)

Start moving left. This function return immediately.

- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

def turn left(self, angle degrees, rate=72.0) Turn to the left, staying on the spot.

- angle degrees: How far to turn (degrees)

- rate: The turning speed (degrees/second)

def start turn left(self, rate=72.0)

Sart turning left. This function returns immediately.

- rate: The angular rate (degrees/second)

def circle left(self, radius m, velocity=0.2, angle degrees=360.0) Go in circle, counter clockwise

- radius m: The radius of the circle (meters)

- velocity: The velocity along the circle (meters/second)

- angle degrees: How far to go in the circle (degrees)

def start circle left(self, radius m, velocity=0.2)

Start a circular motion to the left. This function returns immediately

- radius m: The radius of the circle (meters)
- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

Right movements:

def right(self, distance_m, velocity=0.2)
Go right

- distance m: The distance to travel (meters)
- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

def start right(self, velocity=0.2)

Start moving right. This function returns immediately.

- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)

def turn_right(self, angle_degrees, rate=72.0)

Turn to the right, Staying on the spot

- angle degrees: How far to turn (degrees)
- rate: The turning speed (degrees/second)

def start turn right(self, rate=72.0)

Start turning right. This function returns immediately.

- rate: The angular rate (degrees/second)

def circle_right(self, radius_m, velocity=0.2, angle_degrees=360.0)
Go in circle, clockwise

- radius m: The radius of the circle (meters)
- velocity: The velocity along the circle (meters/second)
- angle degrees: How far to go in the circle (degrees)

def start_circle_right(self, radius_m, velocity=0.2)
Start a circular motion to the right. This function returns
immediately

- radius m: The radius of the circle (meters)
- velocity: The velocity of the motion (meters/second)