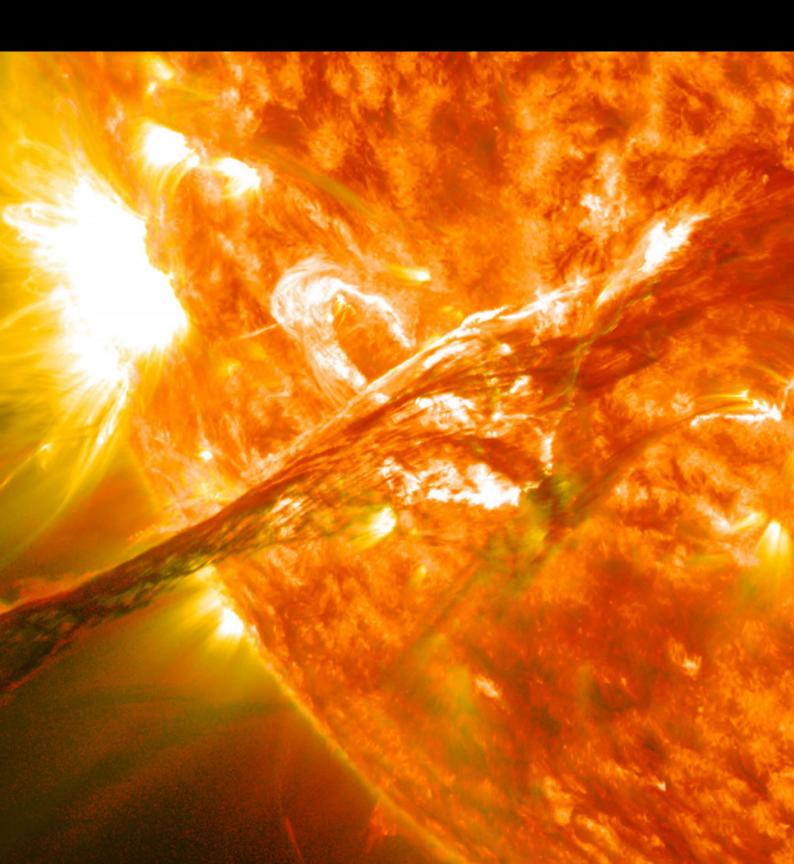
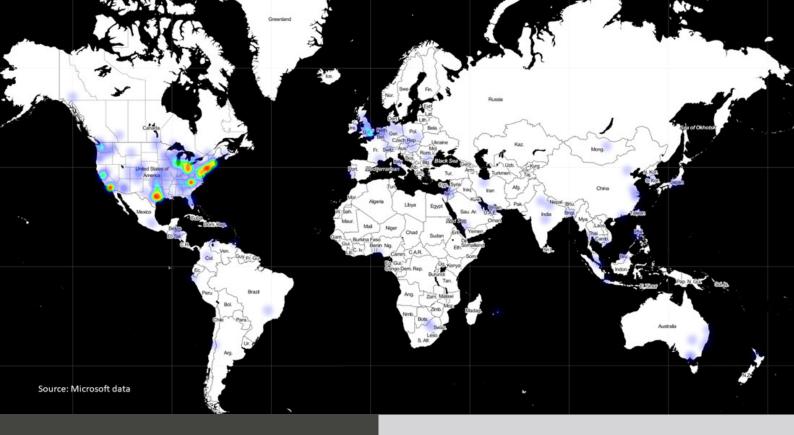
# OPERATION SUNBURST

AN INDEPTH LOOK INTO SOLAR WINDS SUPPLY CHAIN HACK

REPORT BY ARGONYTE





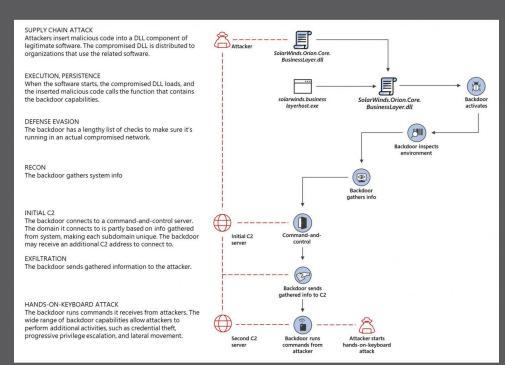
# AN OVERVIEW

On December 8th, 2020, FireEye had announced that they had been breached by a nation-state adversary with top-tier offensive capabilities. This adversary, according to them, was highly trained in OPSEC. The Development teams deployed antianalysis countermeasures and the Operational Teams have used specific infrastructure for each victim, in turn reducing the usefulness of Network-based IOCs.

Further investigations revealed that UNC2452 (FireEye)/DarkHalo (Volexity)/ SolarStorm(Palo Alto) is behind the attack. Though FireEye explicitly states that UNC2452 does not share code with any other know samples, few other external sources state that APT29 is behind this.

Following FireEye's Investigation, on 13th December 2020, it was revealed that Solar Winds Orion NMS products have had Trojanized Updates and have been active since March 2020. The malicious updates had been pushed out to nearly 18k customers out of the 300k customers.

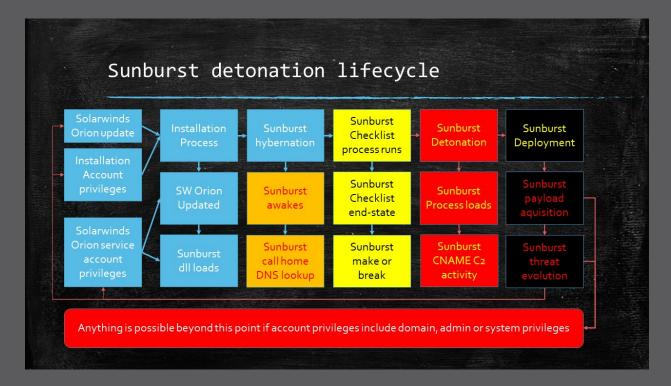
The campaign, now known as SUNBURST, used signed, backdoored infected DLL's to gain access to organizations. The backdoor in question was being exploited in SolarWinds Orion Network Management V2019.4 to 2020.2.1. This attack not only targeted Companies but several large U.S. Federal Agencies, including the Department of Treasury, Department of Energy, and Department of Homeland Security. The prevailing theory is that attackers used exposed FTP server credentials found on GitHub in 2018 to gain access to Company's software update infrastructure.



Microsoft's Solorigate malware infection chain

This is the High Level Overview of the Sunburst Campaign:

- Post Infiltration a file named SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll was inserted into the distribution system and installed as an update from the vendor.
- It then proceeds to lie dormant for for 12+ days before taking action.
- Once active, the backdoor takes steps to ensure its running in environments targeted by the attacker. This was done with the sole objective to stay under the radar while carrying out missions.



Sunburst's Detonation Cycle

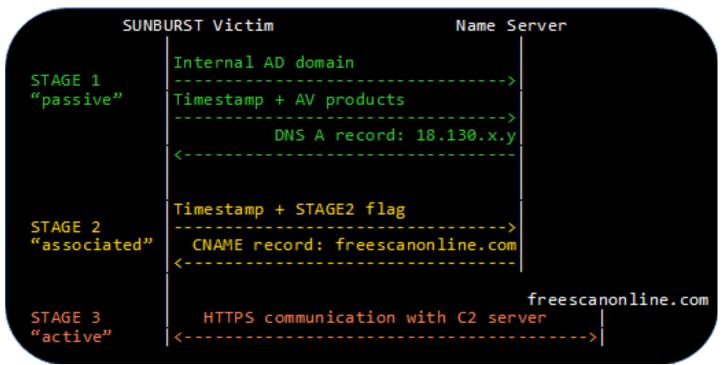
# THE LIST OF ORION PRODUCTS AFFECTED IS QUITE COMPREHENSIVE

The list of products that were affected:

- Application Centric Monitor (ACM)
- Database Performance Analyzer Integration Module (DPAIM)
- Enterprise Operations Console (EOC)
- High Availability (HA)
- IP Address Manager (IPAM)
- Log Analyzer (LA)
- NetFlow Traffic Analyzer (NTA)
- Network Automation Manager (NAM)
- Network Configuration Manager (NCM)
- Network Operations Manager (NOM)
- Network Performance Monitor (NPM)
- Server & Application Monitor (SAM)
- Server Configuration Monitor (SCM)
- Storage Resource Monitor (SCM)
- User Device Tracker (UDT)
- Virtualization Manager (VMAN)
- VoIP & Network Quality Manager (VNQM)
- Web Performance Monitor (WPM)

# **ANALYSIS**

- The files in question will be downloaded through trojanized patches dating back to March 2020. Once downloaded, the specific component is a DLL named SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll. The files use the signed using the Certificate:
  - Of:e9:73:75:20:22:a6:06:ad:f2:a3:6e:34:5d:c0:ed. This DLL was created by modifying the code of a legitimate component of Solar Winds Orion.
- Injecting the code into InventoryManager.cs initiates the Sunburst Backdoor. It actively checks file system timestamps to ensure the product has been deployed for two weeks before it releases its first beacon. Once it becomes active, it will attempt to resolve avsvmcloud[.]com. Once resolved it'll return a CNAME record in order to perform C2 communications.
- It uses a Domain Generation Algorithm to generate specific subdomains for a initial set C2 domain. It will try to communicate with the domain over a random interval, either from 1-3 minutes, 30-120 min and up to 420-540 minutes. The C2 traffic to the malicious domains is designed to mimic normal SolarWinds API communications: Orion Improvement Program (OIP) protocol. The backdoor retrieves and executes commands, that include the ability to transfer files, execute files, profile the system, reboot the machine, and disable system services. FireEye noted that if the malware resolves a domain to a private IP address, it will not execute. Its also noted that the malware will not execute if the machine is not joined to a specific domain or environment.

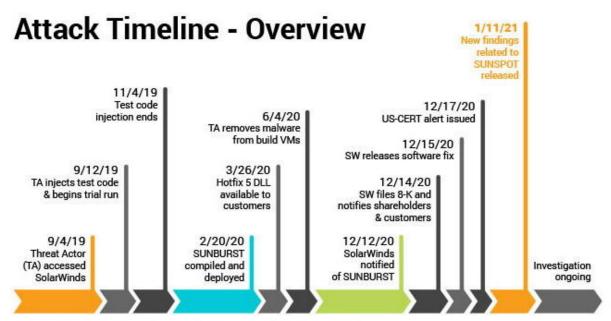




Having infected a victim host the threat actor will attempt to deliver additional malware threats:

- Teardrop: never-seen-before memory-only dropper which was used to deploy a Cobalt strike beacon. Its file path name was C:\windows\syswow64\netsetupsvc.dll; It spawns a thread and reads from the file "gracious\_truth.jpg" ("upbeat\_anxiety.jpg" and "festive\_computer.jpg" in case of Symantec), which likely has a fake JPG header and relies on Steganography for payload download and execution. Next, it checks that HKU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\CTF exists, decodes an embedded payload using a custom rolling XOR algorithm, and manually loads into memory an embedded payload using a custom PE-like file format.
- <u>Supernova</u>: a .NET C# Web Shell which was specifically written for usage on Solar Winds Orion Servers. Supernova leverages what was a zero-day vulnerability to install a trojanized DLL being app\_web\_logoimagehandler.ashx.b6031896.dll module. Its original purpose was to return the logo image configured by the user to various web pages of the Solar Winds Orion Web Application. The malicious additions were an extra try/catch block at the beginning of ProcessRequest() method and an extra method called DynamicRun().
- <u>Cosmicgale</u>: a malicious PowerShell script that was used for credential theft and reconnaissance. It used the Get-PassHashes routine to collect credentials. It also clears log files, writes data to a hard-coded path, and encrypts the file with a password.

- On January 11th, 2021, it was disclosed by CrowdStrike that another malware strain was found, named SUNSPOT.
- Sunspot was installed on SolarWinds' Build Server and has been active since September 2019. It had only a single purpose- to watch the Build servers for commands that assembled Orion. Once the build command was detected, the malware would silently replace source code files inside the app with files that loaded Sunburst malware.
- When executing, it will create a mutex and an encrypted log file.
   Throughout the execution, Sunspot will actively log errors as well as other deployment information. It also grants itself debugging privileges by modifying its security token.
- After execution, Sunspot monitors running processes for instances of MsBuild.exe. If it determines that the Orion app was being built, it will hijack the build operation to inject Sunburst.
- Meanwhile, the malware will actively check for the presence of a second mutex. If it found the backdoor will signal to quit, finishing off its currently running backdoor injection threads.



All events, dates & times approximate and subject to change pending completed investigation

The entire timeline of the Attack



# TACTICS, TECHNIQUES AND PROCEDURES

Through MITRE's Blog, we can understand that the threat actor used numerous behaviours that was not currently described in ATT&CK Enterprise or Cloud Techniques.

Very commonly used techniques that were mapped to this Operation are:

- T1012 Query Registry
- T1027 Obfuscated Files
- T1057 Process Discovery
- T1059 Command and Script Interpreter
- T1105 Ingress Tool Transfer
- T1218 Signed Binary Proxy Execution
- T1195 Supply Chain Compromise

Other behaviours that are not currently captured in existing techniques are:

- T1070 Indicator Removal on Host
- T1098.002 Account Manipulation
- T1098.001 Forge Web Credentials
- T1552.004 Unsecured Credentials

# INDICATORS OF COMPROMISE

#### **SUNBURST DOMAINS**

- .appsync-api.eu-west-1[.]avsvmcloud[.]comdatabasegalore[.]com
- .appsync-api.us-east-1[.]avsvmcloud[.]com
- .appsync-api.us-east-2[.]avsvmcloud[.]com
- .appsync-api.us-west-2[.]avsvmcloud[.]com
- deftsecurity[.]com
- digitalcollege[.]com
- digitalcollege[.]org
- freescanonline[.]com
- globalnetworkissues[.]com
- seobundlekit[.]com
- solartrackingsystem[.]net
- thedoccloud[.]com
- virtualwebdata[.]com
- websitetheme[.]com

# **BEACON DOMAINS**

- highdatabase[.]com
- panhardware[.]com
- zupertech[.]com
- lcomputers[.]com
- webcodez[.]com
- kubecloud[.]com
- incomeupdate[.]com

# **SHA256**

#### SUNBURST

- 019085a76ba7126fff22770d71bd901c325fc68ac55aa743327984e89f4b0134 (Mal/Sunburst-A(SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll))
- 292327e5c94afa352cc5a02ca273df543f2020d0e76368ff96c84f4e90778712 (Mal/Generic-S(OrionImprovementBusinessLayer.2.cs))
- 32519b85c0b422e4656de6e6c41878e95fd95026267daab4215ee59c107d6c77 (Mal/Sunburst-A(SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll))
- 53f8dfc65169ccda021b72a62e0c22a4db7c4077f002fa742717d41b3c40f2c7 (Mal/Generic-S(Solarwinds Worldwide LLC))
- ce77d116a074dab7a22a0fd4f2c1ab475f16eec42e1ded3c0b0aa8211fe858d6 (Mal/Sunburst-A(SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll))
- d0d626deb3f9484e649294a8dfa814c5568f846d5aa02d4cdad5d041a29d5600 (Troj/SunBurst-A(Installer|CORE-2019.4.5220.20574-SolarWinds-Core-v2019.4.5220-Hotfix5.msp))
- a25cadd48d70f6ea0c4a241d99c5241269e6faccb4054e62d16784640f8e53bc (SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll)
- d3c6785e18fba3749fb785bc313cf8346182f532c59172b69adfb31b96a5d0af (SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll)
- ac1b2b89e60707a20e9eb1ca480bc3410ead40643b386d624c5d21b47c02917c
- c09040d35630d75dfef0f804f320f8b3d16a481071076918e9b236a321c1ea77
- dab758bf98d9b36fa057a66cd0284737abf89857b73ca89280267ee7caf62f3b
- eb6fab5a2964c5817fb239a7a5079cabca0a00464fb3e07155f28b0a57a2c0ed

# INDICATORS OF COMPROMISE

### **SHA256**

#### **TEARDROP**

- b820e8a2057112d0ed73bd7995201dbed79a79e13c79d4bdad81a22f12387e07
- 1817a5bf9c01035bcf8a975c9f1d94b0ce7f6a200339485d8f93859f8f6d730c
- 118189f90da3788362fe85eafa555298423e21ec37f147f3bf88c61d4cd46c51
- 6e4050c6a2d2e5e49606d96dd2922da480f2e0c70082cc7e54449a7dc0d20f8d

#### **SUPERNOVA**

 c15abaf51e78ca56c0376522d699c978217bf041a3bd3c71d09193efa5717c71 (Mal/Sunburst-B(app\_web\_logoimagehandler.ashx.b6031896.dll).SuperNova webshell backdoor)

#### **SUNSPOT**

0819db19be479122c1d48743e644070a8dc9a1c852df9a8c0dc2343e904da389

# **DLL FILE PATHS**

- C:\Program Files (x86)\N-able Technologies\Windows Software Probe\bin\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files (x86)\Solarwinds\Network Topology Mapper\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files (x86)\Solarwinds\Network Topology Mapper\Service\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\DPI\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\NCM\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\Interfaces.Discovery\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\DPA\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\HardwareHealth\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\Interfaces\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\NetFlowTrafficAnalysis\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.
   dll
- C:\Program Files
   (x86)\SolarWinds\Orion\NPM\SolarWinds.Orion.Core.BusinessLayer.dll

# INDICATORS OF COMPROMISE

#### **POWERSHELL COMMANDS USED**

- Get-AcceptedDomain
- Get-CASMailbox
- Get-Mailbox
- Get-ManagementRoleAssignment
- Get-OrganizationConfig
- Get-OwaVirtualDirectory
- Get-Process
- Get-WebServicesVirtualDirectory
- New-MailboxExportRequest
- Remove-MailboxExportRequest
- Set-CASMailbox

## **MUTEX ARTIFACTS**

- {12d61a41-4b74-7610-a4d8-3028d2f56395} : Single Implant Instance
- $\{56331e4d-76a3-0390-a7ee-567adf5836b7\}$  : Signaling the malware to exit safely

# REFERENCES

- https://github.com/fireeye/sunburst\_countermeasures
- https://github.com/sophos-cybersecurity/solarwindsthreathunt/blob/master/iocs.csv
- https://medium.com/mitre-attack/identifying-unc2452-related-techniques-9f7b6c7f371
- https://news.sophos.com/en-us/2020/12/21/how-sunburst-malware-doesdefense-evasion/
- https://www.microsoft.com/security/blog/2020/12/18/analyzing-solorigatethe-compromised-dll-file-that-started-a-sophisticated-cyberattack-andhow-microsoft-defender-helps-protect/
- https://www.varonis.com/blog/solarwinds-sunburst-backdoor-inside-thestealthy-apt-campaign/
- https://www.splunk.com/en\_us/blog/security/detecting-supernova-malware-solarwinds-continued.html
- https://blog.cyberint.com/solarwinds-supply-chain-attack
- https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2020/12/evasive-attacker-leverages-solarwinds-supply-chain-compromises-with-sunburst-backdoor.html
- https://pastebin.com/6EDqCKxd