cnn-rnn-image-caption

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- 0.1 CNN-RNN Based Image Caption Generator
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```
[]: # Checking if device has cuda
import torch
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
print(device)
```

```
[]: import torch
    from tqdm import tqdm
    import os # when loading file paths
    import pandas as pd # for lookup in annotation file
    import spacy # for tokenizer
    import torch
    import torch.optim as optim
    from torch.nn.utils.rnn import pad_sequence # pad batch
    from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, Dataset
    from PIL import Image # Load image
    import torchvision.transforms as transforms
    import torch.nn as nn
    import torchvision.models as models
    from PIL import Image
    from torchtext.data.metrics import bleu_score # for bleu score
    from torch.utils.tensorboard import SummaryWriter # For validation and training
      ⇔error plots
```

```
[]: """

Here are some classes to load data,

make vocabolary and for dataloader

"""
```

```
class WordMap:
    def __init__(self, thresh):
        self.spacy = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm") # Loading library for_
        self.itos = {0: "<PAD>", 1: "<SOS>", 2: "<EOS>", 3: "<UNK>"} # index to___
 \Rightarrowsentence
        self.stoi = {"<PAD>": 0, "<SOS>": 1, "<EOS>": 2, "<UNK>": 3} # sentence_
 \rightarrowto index
        self.thresh = thresh # frequency threshold for vocabulary
    def tokens(self, text): # It converts the text to lowercase and returns au
 \hookrightarrow list of tokens.
        return [tok.text.lower() for tok in self.spacy.tokenizer(text)]
    def build_wordmap(self, captions_list): # It builds the Vocab, based on the_
 → frequency selected
        idx = 4 # starting index for start adding tokens in itos
        frequencies = {}
        for caption in captions_list:
            for token in self.tokens(caption):
                if token not in frequencies: # If token not in in wordmap add it
                    frequencies[token] = 1
                else: # if token already in wordmap then increase its frequency
                    frequencies[token] += 1
                if frequencies[token] == self.thresh: # if token passes a_
 ⇒threshold then add it to the dict's
                    self.stoi[token] = idx
                    self.itos[idx] = token
                    idx += 1
    def __len__(self):
        return len(self.itos)
    def text2idx(self, text): # Convert text into indices
        out = \Pi
        tokenized_text = self.tokens(text)
        for token in tokenized_text:
            if token in self.stoi:
                  out.append(self.stoi[token])
            else: # if token not in stoi then add this
                out.append(self.stoi["<UNK>"])
        return out
```

```
class CustomDataSet(Dataset):
         def __init__(self, root_dir, captions file, transform=None, thresh=5):
             self.root_dir = root_dir
             self.df = pd.read_csv(captions_file) # Reading the txt file as csv
             self.transform = transform
             self.imgs = self.df["image"]
                                                     # Taking out images names
            self.captions = self.df["caption"] # Taking out captions
             self.vocab = WordMap(thresh) # Building Vocab
             self.vocab.build_wordmap(self.captions.tolist())
        def __len__(self):
            return len(self.df)
        def __getitem__(self, index):
             caption = self.captions[index]
             img_id = self.imgs[index]
             img = Image.open(os.path.join(self.root_dir, img_id)).convert("RGB")
             if self.transform is not None:
                 img = self.transform(img)
                                                      # At the start add <SOS>
            caption vec = [self.vocab.stoi["<SOS>"]]
             caption_vec += self.vocab.text2idx(caption) # Add the stoi
             caption_vec.append(self.vocab.stoi["<EOS>"]) # At the end add <EOS>
            return img, torch.tensor(caption_vec)
     def call_dataloader( root_folder, annotation_file, transform, batch_size, ∪
      →num_workers=0, shuffle=True, pin_memory=True):
        dataset = CustomDataSet(root_folder, annotation_file, transform=transform)
        loader = DataLoader( dataset=dataset, batch_size=batch_size,__
      anum_workers=num_workers, shuffle=shuffle, pin_memory=pin_memory)
        return loader, dataset
[]: """
        Here are some classes for CNN and RNN
        initialization and their conjunction
     11 11 11
     class RNN(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self, embed_size, hidden_size, vocab_size, num_layers=1):
             super(RNN, self).__init__() # to assign module before module call
             self.embed = nn.Embedding(vocab_size, embed_size) # Initializing an_
```

⇔embedded layer

self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.5)

```
self.lstm = nn.LSTM(embed_size, hidden_size, num_layers) # Adding LSTM
        self.linear = nn.Linear(hidden_size, vocab_size) # Adding a linear_
 ⇒layer at output
   def forward(self, features, captions):
        embeddings = self.dropout(self.embed(captions))
        embeddings = torch.cat((features.unsqueeze(0), embeddings), dim=0)
        hiddens, _ = self.lstm(embeddings) # taking out hidden states
        outputs = self.linear(hiddens) # output through the linear layer
        return outputs
class CNN(nn.Module):
   def init (self, embed size):
        super(CNN, self).__init__() # to assign module before module call
       resnet = models.resnet50(pretrained=True) # Using a pre-trained_
 ⇔resnet-50 model
        for param in resnet.parameters():
            param.requires_grad_(False)
       modules = list(resnet.children())[:-1] # removing all of the FC layers
        self.resnet = nn.Sequential(*modules) # creating a new network
        self.batch= nn.BatchNorm1d(embed size,momentum = 0.01) # Added an extra_
 →batch normalization layer on top of conventional linear layer
        self.embed = nn.Linear(resnet.fc.in features, embed size)
   def forward(self, images):
        features = self.resnet(images)
        features = features.view(features.size(0), -1)
        features = self.batch(self.embed(features)) # Applying the batch_
 \hookrightarrow normalization
       return features
class CNNtoRNN(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, embed_size, hidden_size, vocab_size, num_layers):
       super(CNNtoRNN, self).__init__()
        self.cnn = CNN(embed_size)
        self.rnn = RNN(embed_size, hidden_size, vocab_size, num_layers)
   def forward(self, images, captions):
       features = self.cnn(images)
        outputs = self.rnn(features, captions)
       return outputs
   def caption_image(self, image, vocabulary, max_length=50):
       result_caption = []
```

```
with torch.no_grad():
    x = self.cnn(image).unsqueeze(0)
    states = None

for _ in range(max_length):
    hiddens, states = self.rnn.lstm(x, states)
    output = self.rnn.linear(hiddens.squeeze(0))
    predicted = output.argmax(1)
    result_caption.append(predicted.item())
    x = self.rnn.embed(predicted).unsqueeze(0)

if vocabulary.itos[predicted.item()] == "<EOS>":
    break

return [vocabulary.itos[idx] for idx in result_caption]
```

```
[]: # Function to check the model's improvement during training
     def print_examples(model, device, dataset):
         transform = transforms.Compose(
             Γ
                 transforms.Resize((256, 256)),
                 transforms.RandomCrop(224),
                 transforms.ToTensor(),
                 transforms.Normalize((0.485, 0.456, 0.406), (0.229, 0.224, 0.225))
             ]
         )
         predicted_captions = []
         model.eval()
         test_img1 = transform(Image.open("test_examples/dog.jpg").convert("RGB")).
      unsqueeze(0)
         out = model.caption_image(test_img1.to(device), dataset.vocab)
         predicted_captions.append((out)[1:-1])
         print("Example 1 CORRECT: Dog on a beach by the ocean")
         print( "Example 1 OUTPUT: " + " ".join(out))
         test_img2 = transform(Image.open("test_examples/child.jpg").convert("RGB")).
      unsqueeze(0)
         out = model.caption_image(test_img2.to(device), dataset.vocab)
         predicted_captions.append((out)[1:-1])
         print("Example 2 CORRECT: Child holding red frisbee outdoors")
         print("Example 2 OUTPUT: " + " ".join(out))
```

```
out = model.caption_image(test_img3.to(device), dataset.vocab)
         predicted captions.append((out)[1:-1])
         print("Example 3 CORRECT: Bus driving by parked cars")
         print("Example 3 OUTPUT: " + " ".join(out))
         test_img4 = transform(Image.open("test_examples/boat.png").convert("RGB")).

unsqueeze(0)

         out = model.caption_image(test_img4.to(device), dataset.vocab)
         predicted_captions.append((out)[1:-1])
         print("Example 4 CORRECT: A small boat in the ocean")
         print("Example 4 OUTPUT: "+ " ".join(out))
         test_img5 = transform(Image.open("test_examples/horse.png").convert("RGB")).
      unsqueeze(0)
         out = model.caption_image(test_img5.to(device), dataset.vocab)
         predicted_captions.append((out)[1:-1])
         print("Example 5 CORRECT: A cowboy riding a horse in the desert")
         print("Example 5 OUTPUT: "+ " ".join(out))
         #model.train()
     def save checkpoint(state, filename="model/checkpoint.pth.tar"):
         print("=> Saving checkpoint")
         torch.save(state, filename)
     def load_checkpoint(checkpoint, model, optimizer):
         print("=> Loading checkpoint")
         model.load_state_dict(checkpoint["state_dict"])
         optimizer.load_state_dict(checkpoint["optimizer"])
         step = checkpoint["step"]
         return step
[]: """
         Training function. It loads data for training, validation and
         testing. Calculates the error and validates it using the validation set.
         Also calculates the bleu score
     11 11 11
     def train():
         transform = transforms.Compose(
             Γ
                 transforms.Resize((256, 256)),
                 transforms.RandomCrop(224),
                 transforms.ToTensor(),
                 transforms.Normalize((0.485, 0.456, 0.406), (0.229, 0.224, 0.225))
```

test_img3 = transform(Image.open("test_examples/bus.png").convert("RGB")).

unsqueeze(0)

```
train_loader, dataset = call_dataloader(
    root_folder="flickr8k/Training/images",
    annotation_file="flickr8k/Training/captions.txt",
    transform=transform,
    batch_size=32,
    num_workers=0,
)
validation_loader, validation_dataset = call_dataloader(
    root_folder="flickr8k/Validation/images",
    annotation_file="flickr8k/Validation/captions.txt",
    transform=transform,
    batch_size=32,
    num_workers=0,
)
_, test_dataset = call_dataloader(
        root_folder="flickr8k/Training/images",
        annotation_file="flickr8k/Training/captions.txt",
        transform=transform,
        num_workers=0,
        batch_size=1,
        shuffle=False
    )
df = pd.read_csv("flickr8k/Validation/captions.txt")
test_img = sorted(set(df['image']))
test_caption = df['caption']
best_bleu = 0
torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark = True
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
load_model = False
save_model = True
train_CNN = False
# Hyperparameters
embed size = 512
hidden_size = 512
vocab_size = len(dataset.vocab)
num_layers = 1
learning_rate = 4e-4
num_epochs = 50
```

```
# for tensorboard
  writer = SummaryWriter("runs/flickr")
  step = 0
  # initialize model, loss etc
  model = CNNtoRNN(embed_size, hidden_size, vocab_size, num_layers).to(device)
  loss_fn = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index=dataset.vocab.stoi["<PAD>"])
  optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
  # Only finetune the CNN
  for name, param in model.cnn.resnet.named parameters():
      if "fc.weight" in name or "fc.bias" in name:
          param.requires_grad = True
      else:
          param.requires_grad = train_CNN
  if load_model:
      step = load_checkpoint(torch.load("checkpoint.pth.tar"), model,__
→optimizer)
  model.train()
  bleu_val = 0
  for epoch in range(num_epochs):
      print(epoch)
      print_examples(model, device, dataset)
      print("Bleu Score: ", bleu_val)
      model.train()
      if(bleu_val > best_bleu):
          best bleu = bleu val
          checkpoint = {"state_dict": model.state_dict(), "optimizer":_
→optimizer.state_dict(), "step": step,}
          save_checkpoint(checkpoint, filename="best_model/")
if (save model):
          checkpoint = {"state_dict": model.state_dict(), "optimizer":
⇔optimizer.state_dict(), "step": step,}
          save_checkpoint(checkpoint)
      total_train_loss = 0
      for imgs, captions in tqdm(train_loader, total=len(train_loader), __
→leave=False):
          imgs = imgs.to(device)
          captions = captions.to(device)
```

```
outputs = model(imgs, captions[:-1])
           loss = loss_fn(outputs.reshape(-1, outputs.shape[2]), captions.
\hookrightarrowreshape(-1))
           writer.add scalar("Training and Validation loss (Batch)", loss.
→item(), global_step=step)
           writer.add_scalar("Training loss (Batch)", loss.item(), ___

¬global_step=step)
           step += 1
           optimizer.zero_grad()
           loss.backward(loss)
           optimizer.step()
           total_train_loss += loss.item()
       avg_train_loss = total_train_loss / len(train_loader)
      writer.add_scalar("Training and Validation loss (Epoch)", ___
→avg_train_loss, global_step=epoch)
       writer.add_scalar("Training loss (Epoch)", avg_train_loss, u
⇒global_step=epoch)
       # Validation loop
      model.eval()
      total_val_loss = 0
      with torch.no_grad():
           for imgs, captions in tqdm(validation_loader,_
⇔total=len(validation_loader), leave=False):
               imgs = imgs.to(device)
               captions = captions.to(device)
               outputs = model(imgs, captions[:-1])
               val_loss = loss_fn(outputs.reshape(-1, outputs.shape[2]),__
\hookrightarrow captions.reshape(-1))
               total_val_loss += val_loss.item()
      avg_val_loss = total_val_loss / len(validation_loader)
      writer.add_scalar("Validation loss (Epoch)", avg_val_loss,__
⇒global_step=epoch)
       writer.add_scalar("Training and Validation loss (Epoch)", avg val_loss, u
→global_step=epoch)
      writer.add_scalar("Training and Validation loss (Batch)", avg_val_loss, u
⇒global_step=step)
      writer.add_scalar("Validation loss (Batch)", avg_val_loss,__
⇒global_step=step)
```

```
# calculating bleu score
      pred_cptns = []
      ref_cptns = []
      start_idx = 0
      end_idx = 5
      for img in test_img:
           out = transform(Image.open("flickr8k/Validation/images/"+img).
⇔convert("RGB")).unsqueeze(0)
           cptn = model.caption_image(out.to(device), dataset.vocab)
           pred_cptns.append(cptn[1:-1])
           out = list(test_caption[start_idx:end_idx])
           temp = []
          for i in out:
              temp.append(i.split())
          ref_cptns.append(temp)
          temp = []
           start_idx += 5
           end idx += 5
      bleu_val = bleu_score(pred_cptns, ref_cptns, weights=[0.5, 0.3, 0.1, 0.
41])
```

```
[]: # Calling the training function train()
```

```
[]: # Testing the model with Random Images
     import random
     from PIL import Image
     transform = transforms.Compose(
             transforms.Resize((256, 256)),
                 transforms.RandomCrop(224),
                 transforms.ToTensor(),
                 transforms.Normalize((0.485, 0.456, 0.406), (0.229, 0.224, 0.225))
             ]
         )
     _, dataset = call_dataloader(
             root_folder="flickr8k/Training/images",
             annotation_file="flickr8k/Training/captions.txt",
             transform=transform,
             num_workers=0,
             batch_size=1
         )
```

```
df = pd.read_csv("flickr8k/Testing/captions.txt")
imgs = list(sorted(set(df["image"])))
captions = df["caption"]
rand_idx = random.randint(0, len(imgs)-1)
img_name = imgs[rand_idx]
caption = list(captions[0+5*rand_idx : 5+5*rand_idx])
print("Correct Captions: ", caption)
vocab size = len(dataset.vocab)
device = torch.device("cuda")
embed size = 512
hidden_size = 512
num_layers = 1
learning_rate = 4e-4
device = torch.device("cuda")
model = CNNtoRNN(embed size, hidden_size, vocab_size, num_layers).to(device)
optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
step = load_checkpoint(torch.load("best_model/with_bn/50checkpoint.pth.tar",__
 map_location=device), model, optimizer)
model.eval()
test_img1 = transform(Image.open("flickr8k/Testing/images/"+str(img_name)).

→convert("RGB")).unsqueeze(0)
out = model.caption_image(test_img1.to(device), dataset.vocab)
print("Image Name:", img name)
print( "Model's Output: " + " ".join(out))
image = Image.open("flickr8k/Testing/images/"+str(img_name))
image.show()
```

```
[]: # Run this command in the terminal to get the training and validation error

→plots

# tensorboard --logdir=\Users\Arhum\Desktop\Project\Demo\runs
```